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*The 120th Year of*  
**Thorburn's**  
**Seeds**

ESTABLISHED 1802

✓ 1921 ✓



**J.M. Thorburn & Co.**  
 53 BARCLAY STREET  
 THROUGH TO 54 PARK PLACE  
**New York City**

# CHOICE COLLECTIONS OF FLOWER SEEDS

WE PAY POSTAGE

## Collection of 12 Varieties of Dwarf Annuals 93000

1 packet each, as follows, for 50 cents

Asters, Mixed	Larkspur, Dwarf Rocket, Mixed	Phlox Drummondii, Mixed
Candytuft, Mixed	Marigold, Dwarf French, Mixed	Portulaca, Single, Mixed
Convolvulus, Dwarf, Mixed	Mignonette	Sweet Alyssum
Eschscholtzia, Mixed	Nasturtium, Dwarf, Mixed	Zinnia, Dwarf, Mixed

## Collection of 12 Varieties of Tall Annuals 93020

1 packet each, as follows, for 50 cents

Centaurea Cyanus, Mixed	Larkspur, Tall Rocket, Mixed	Poppy, Mixed
Clarkia, Mixed	Lupinus, Mixed	Scabiosa, Tall, Mixed
Collinsia, Mixed	Marigold, African, Mixed	Sunflower
Cosmos, Mixed	Malope, Mixed	Zinnia, Tall, Mixed

## Collection of 12 Varieties of Dwarf Perennials 93080

1 packet each, as follows, for \$1

Alyssum saxatile compactum	Centaurea candidissima	Pinks, Mixed
Arabis alpina	Daisy, Double, Mixed	Polyanthus, Mixed
Campanula carpatica, Blue	Gypsophila	Primrose, Yellow
Candytuft sempervirens	Lychnis Haageana Hybrids	Snapdragon, Dwarf, Mixed

## Collection of 12 Varieties of Tall Perennials 93120

1 packet each, as follows, for 85 cents

Aquilegia, Mixed	Gaillardia	Poppy, Oriental
Coreopsis	Galega	Scabiosa caucasica
Delphinium, Mixed	Hollyhock	Sweet William
Foxglove	Lupinus polyphyllus	Valeriana

## Collection of 12 Varieties of Greenhouse Seeds 93180

1 packet each, as follows, for \$2

Asparagus plumosus nanus	Coleus, Fine Hybrids	Primula obconica grandiflora
Begonias, Single, Tuberos-rooted	Cyclamen persicum giganteum, Mixed	hybrida, Mixed
Cineraria hybrida, Mixed	Heliotrope	Primula obconica malacoides
Calceolaria hybrida, Large-flowered, self-colored	Musk Plant	Smilax
		Stevia serrata

## New Hybrid Perennial Delphinium

### REA'S SELECTED STRAIN

A new strain of unusual beauty and color. The height of the stalks measures up to eight (8) feet and over in some cases.

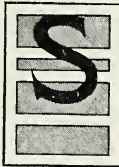
The flower spikes are extremely large, the flowers of good size, averaging about an inch and three quarters across.

This mixture contains the ivory white and ranges through all combinations of blues and lavenders. A double appears now and then with petals of indigo blue and center of royal purple. Pkt. 25 cts.



1802—1921

# 120TH ANNUAL SEED CATALOGUE OF J. M. THORBURN & COMPANY



NINETY SCORE YEARS AGO was issued the first Annual Seed Catalogue of the Thorburn concern. Beginning with ideals of quality and service that have not only been steadfastly held, but extended to meet larger needs and larger opportunities, we are well along in the second century of continuous business. Time proves all things, it is said, and certainly time has proved the aims and the methods of our firm as they relate to the reliability and purity of the seeds we offer, and to the quality of service our customers in the fourth generation have come to associate with us.

In this one hundred and twentieth year of our continuous existence as seedsmen, we are able to bring to the use of our customers the world-wide resources, the cumulative knowledge, the advanced standards that mean so much in actual practice. "All seeds look alike," if of the same class; but all seeds do not do alike! What we offer to our customers are proved in germination, in uniformity, in varietal selection, to standards not excelled anywhere in the world, and not often equalled.

It has always been our effort to make this catalogue truly representative and helpful. The descriptions are carefully revised and kept completely accurate, and the concise cultural directions are intended to guide the planter to success. Additional information, impracticable to present here without unduly increasing the bulk of the catalogue, is available from our long and extensive experience and will be cheerfully supplied upon request. We have had prepared

## Convenient Leaflets Upon the Culture

of each vegetable, which will be furnished to our customers for the asking, at any time.

In these times of disturbed and congested transportation, and in connection with the shortage of many seed crops in America and abroad, it is an advantage, both to the seedsmen and the planter to have early orders. If, therefore, our friends will make known their wants promptly upon receipt of this catalogue, we can with more certainty make shipment at the proper time. Planting at the most favorable season for successful results may thus be assured. Always, however, we meet the wishes of our customers to the best of our ability, whatever be the time of ordering. Likewise, we keep our prices at the lowest point consistent with the exceptional quality we maintain and the necessary cost of handling.

In addition to asking our friends to read carefully the next page preparatory to making up their orders, we call attention to the fact that our seed supplies come from many parts of the world and that sometimes it seems best to send out such portions of orders as may be at the moment available, forwarding the remainder later upon receipt. Please, therefore, await our advice or the invoice before writing us about items not received.

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**Orders.** Orders should be written on our order sheet or on a blank sheet separate from letter, *preferably in ink*, and, to receive prompt attention, should be directed to the firm and not to individuals. Orders from new customers should be accompanied by a remittance in the form of a Post-Office or Express Money Order, Bank Check or Bank Bills.

**Prices.** The prices quoted are net, and do not include free transit, except for seeds in packets, ounces, or quarter-pounds, on which we pay postage or expressage anywhere in the United States.

**Seeds by Mail or Express.** If wanted by mail in the United States, add postage according to zone rate, as per table below, except for seeds ordered by the packet, ounce, or quarter-pound, which we will mail free. In view of the greater safety, it will be found best to send parcels of 15 pounds or over by express, as packages are apt to get crushed in the mail. Seeds may be sent C. O. D. when 25 per cent of the amount is remitted with order. Potatoes, onion sets, or other perishable articles, fertilizers or insecticides cannot be sent C. O. D.

Zone	Within	Parcel-Post Zone Rates		WITHIN THE UNITED STATES		Additional lb. or fraction
		1st lb.	or fraction	1st lb.	or fraction	
1st	50 miles of New York City	\$0	05	\$0	01	
2d	50 to 150 miles of New York City		05		01	
3d	150 to 300 miles of New York City		06		02	
4th	300 to 600 miles of New York City		07		04	
5th	600 to 1,000 miles of New York City		08		06	
6th	1,000 to 1,400 miles of New York City		09		08	
7th	1,400 to 1,800 miles of New York City		11		10	
8th	1,800 and over miles of New York City		12		12	

Maximum weight, 70 pounds to 1st, 2d and 3d Zones, and 50 pounds from the 4th Zone upward. Postage to Canada 12 cents per pound, or fraction thereof, maximum weight, 4 pounds 6 ounces.

**Name, Address, Etc.** We beg our correspondents to give us on each order the correct name and address; also to indicate very precisely the means of carriage which they prefer, mail, express or freight, and the office or railroad station which best serves their locality. In case these directions are not followed out, or if they are not sufficient, we ourselves shall of course choose the most advantageous and convenient means.

**Cultural Directions.** These apply to the climate of New York and vicinity. For more northern and southern localities the necessary changes in time of sowing, etc., will readily suggest themselves to gardeners

## Warranties

Seeds of best quality will sometimes fail through improper treatment. Thus, a small seed may be sown so deeply that the young plant cannot reach the surface. *More failures result from disregard of the conditions necessary to germination than from inferiority of the seeds used.*

These conditions are: A proper temperature, sufficient moisture and free access of air. Besides these, the soil must be in proper condition and present no physical obstacle to the growth of the young plant. If heavy rains have compacted the surface of the soil, and the sun has baked it to a hard crust, it will be impossible, even if all other conditions are favorable, for the seedling plants to force their way through it, and many perish from this cause alone.

Seeds differ greatly as to the temperature required for germination. Beets, Cress, Peas, etc., germinate rapidly at a temperature of 45 degrees, but if Melons and other seeds of that family, Bush or Pole Beans, and other plants of subtropical origin are sown under the same conditions, they will be apt to decay, as for their prompt germination they require a heat of at least 60 degrees. For this reason many seeds fail yearly from too early sowing.

The second condition, proper moisture, is likely to be violated by an excess rather than by too small a portion. The proper amount is that which a well-drained soil will naturally hold. Free access of air is all-important, and this is interfered with by an excess of water in the soil.

J. M. Thorburn & Co. give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs, or plants they send out, and they will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned.

In germination, complex chemical changes take place in the seeds, in which the air performs an important part. A portion of the seed is consumed, carbonic acid gas being given off in changing the starch and other constituents of the seed into nutriment to forward the growth of the germ or embryo plant, which depends upon the contents of the seed until it forms roots below ground and leaves above, and is able to sustain itself.

Besides these conditions affecting the germination of the seed, the young plants, after they have made their way to the surface, are liable to various accidents; a sudden current of very cold air, or a continuous drying wind may check their growth or destroy them altogether.

In addition, there are numerous insects, both below and above ground, that may attack the plants, some of them being so small that they often destroy a crop before they are discovered.

*We may also mention the well-known tendency of many vegetables to revert to their original types, notwithstanding the care of the seed-grower; the Yellow-Podded Wax Beans becoming green, the Yellow and White Celery becoming more or less green, dwarf Peas becoming running sorts, etc.*

## J. M. THORBURN & CO.

53 Barclay Street, through to 54 Park Place, New York

All communications should be addressed to the company  
Telephone Nos. 6445 and 6446 Barclay. Private Exchange connecting all departments



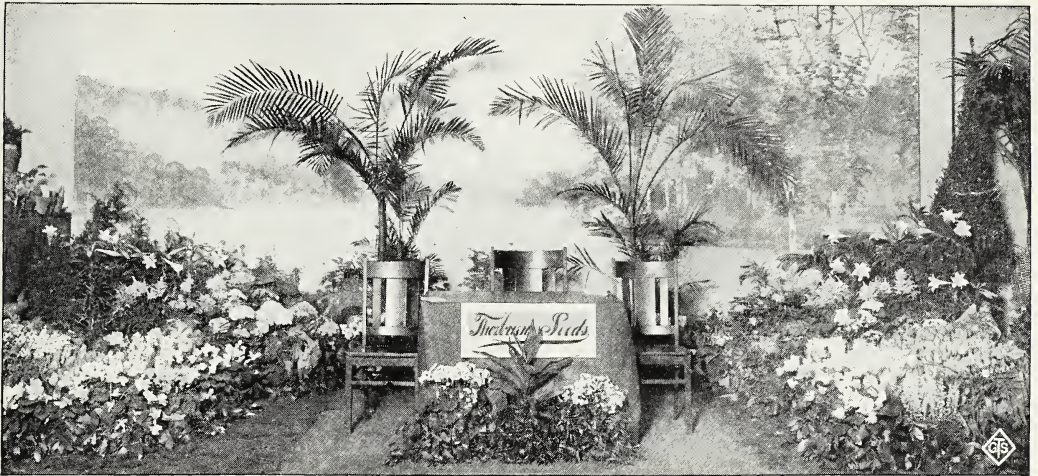


Photo of our stand at an annual Exhibition in Grand Central Palace, New York

## DIRECTIONS FOR THE CULTIVATION OF VEGETABLES

**T**O SECURE a good crop of vegetables, three things are necessary, viz., a suitable soil, pure seed and clean culture. The exposure for a vegetable-garden should be south or southeast, or nearly so. The soil should be naturally rich and friable, a sandy loam being about the best. If the soil be stiff, it should be gradually mellowed by the free use of barnyard manure, or, if convenient, by the addition of sand. If wet, or inclined to hold an excess of moisture, it should be underdrained, preferably by tile, but if possible, a location should be selected naturally dry and free from surface water.

A dark-colored soil, or one supplied with a goodly portion of decayed vegetable matter, will produce the earliest crops. If the soil be shallow, it should be deepened gradually by plowing or spading an inch or two deeper each year, and not all at once by trenching or subsoiling, unless manure and money both be abundant. A sandy soil may be greatly improved by adding vegetable mold from the woods. To produce the best results, the vegetable garden should have at least 1 foot of good, rich soil. The roots of large trees should not be allowed to encroach on any part of the garden, though large trees, sufficiently far off, afford a valuable protection on the north and west.

If for any reason you think your soil is not right, consult your experiment station if necessary.

Mark the garden off into squares or beds of convenient size, to facilitate the practice of a rotation of crops, which is an important matter. As a rule, never let the same crop or kind of vegetable occupy the same bed or spot two years in succession. Potatoes, Onions and a few other things may form exceptions to this rule. Every year the beds must be warmed up by a liberal coat of manure, which should be thoroughly mixed with the soil. From seeds sown in drills, larger crops from a given surface are grown, and cultivation is simple and comparatively easy. The space between the drills, and other special information, is given in the body of this catalogue; the least distance is named, in order to economize space; it might be increased in some cases to advantage. The ground should be frequently hoed, to

kill the weeds and to keep the soil mellow; and the proper time to hoe is just when the weeds appear above the ground.

**Much time may be gained** by starting certain kinds of plants in a hotbed, or even in a coldframe, the latter being a convenient thing, even on a small place. The hotbed is chiefly intended for raising early Tomatoes, Eggplants, Peppers, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Lettuce, etc., but as all these plants can now be bought cheaply of this company at the proper time, the expense and labor of a hotbed may be dispensed with, especially on small places.

**To prepare a coldframe.** The coldframe is simply a frame set on the ground, no bottom heat being applied. It is banked up on the outside during the winter with salt hay, straw, or coarse litter. The soil is prepared by forking in and thoroughly mixing to the depth of 10 to 12 inches a liberal quantity of old, well-rotted manure. The manure of an old hotbed is good for the purpose. The frame is prepared in the fall, and young Cabbage, Cauliflower and Lettuce plants are set out in it in time to get well established before very cold weather. Cauliflower and Cabbage should be set down to the first leaf, and the soil made firm around the plants. The seed is usually sown, in the vicinity of New York, from the 15th to the 20th of September, but the very early kinds some 8 to 10 days later. The young plants will be ready to transplant in about 25 to 30 days. During the cold nights and stormy days, the beds should be closely covered with the sashes, and these further protected by straw mats or shutters. Cauliflower needs more and closer protection than Cabbage, as it is rather more tender. During mild days admit air freely, the object being to keep the plants in a dormant state, without actual freezing, so that when spring comes they are in a forward state for setting out early crops. Seeds of Cabbage, Cauliflower, Lettuce, and Radish may be sown in a coldframe in the spring from the last week in February to the first week in March. The frame should stand in a warm and sheltered spot, and be kept from freezing by mats or a thick covering of straw during cold nights.

Our CULTURAL LEAFLETS—one for each vegetable—36 in all—will help you make your garden a success. Every detail of planting and cultivation is fully described. They are free for the asking.

## DIRECTIONS FOR MAKING A HOTBED

IN the vicinity of New York, from the first to the latter part of March is quite early enough to make a hotbed. The time must vary according to the latitude. Use fresh horse manure, and add to this, if possible, one-third to one-half of its bulk of leaves. Mix them thoroughly, tramping down the mass in successive layers, and form into a large pile, so that fermentation will proceed.

In two or three days fermentation will be apparent by the escape of steam from the heap. Now turn again, and allow the heap to remain until the second fermentation commences. Make a pit 2½ feet deep, and of a size suited to the number of plants required. The pit will be better if built up of brick. It should be located in a dry, sheltered spot, facing the south or east, if possible. Hotbed sashes are usually 3 x 6 feet, and one or two sashes will give early plants enough for a small family. The frame of the bed should be 18 inches high at the back and 12 inches in front, which will give the proper slope to catch the sunlight. Crosspieces should be placed for the sashes to slide on, to facilitate opening and shutting the frames.

When everything is ready, the manure is placed

in the pit and trodden down firmly in layers to the required depth, 2 to 2½ feet. Then put on the sashes and keep the pit closed until the heat arises. At first it will probably be 100 degrees or more, which is too hot to sow the seed in; but in two or three days it will subside to 90 degrees or a little less, when the soil may be put on to the depth of 6 to 8 inches. Try the heat by plunging a thermometer into the manure.

The soil should be of well-rotted sod (or common garden soil will do), mixed with about a third of fine old manure; and in this the seeds may be sown thinly in drills 2 to 3 inches apart, and afterward (as soon as out of the seed-leaf) either thinned out or else transplanted to another frame. Air must be given every mild day by raising the sashes at the back.

Water with tepid water whenever necessary, and during cold nights and snowstorms keep covered with mats or board shutters. Tomatoes, Peppers and Eggplants should be sown in a separate frame from Cabbage, Cauliflower and Lettuce, as they require more heat. Hotbeds may be made on the surface of the ground, if the manure extends a foot wider on all sides than the frame.

## Collections of Vegetable Seeds

Only the choicest varieties are put into the assortments, and they are picked out so as to give a continuous supply of vegetables from your garden all season.

We cannot permit any alterations in the varieties, and the collections must be taken in full and without change.

### City Garden Collection, \$1

Including free delivery  
in the United States

1 pkt. **Green Beans.**  
1 pkt. **Wax Beans.**  
1 pkt. **Beets.**  
1 pkt. **Cabbage.**  
1 pkt. **Carrot.**

1 pkt. **Cucumber.**  
1 pkt. **Lettuce.**  
1 pkt. **Onion.**  
1 pkt. **Parsley.**  
1 pkt. **Peas.**

1 pkt. **Radish.**  
1 pkt. **Spinach.**  
1 pkt. **Turnip.**  
1 pkt. **Swiss Chard.**  
1 pkt. **Golden Bantam Corn.**

### Suburban Garden Collection, \$1.50

Including free delivery  
in the United States

½ lb. **Beans**, Refugee Green-Pod.  
1 pkt. " Golden Wax.  
1 pkt. **Beet**, Egyptian.  
1 pkt. " Swiss Chard.  
1 pkt. **Cabbage**, Early Wakefield.  
1 pkt. **Carrot**, Half-Long.  
½ lb. **Corn**, Early Golden Bantam.

1 pkt. **Cucumber**, Improved White Spine.  
1 pkt. **Kohlrabi.**  
1 pkt. **Leek**, Best Flag.  
1 pkt. **Lettuce**, Big Boston.  
1 pkt. **Onion**, White Globe.  
1 pkt. **Parsley**, Extra Curled.

½ lb. **Peas**, Thorburn's Extra-Early Market.  
1 oz. **Radish**, Scarlet Turnip.  
1 pkt. **Spinach**, Viroflay.  
1 pkt. **Turnip**, Snowball.

### Collection No. 1, \$4

Including free delivery  
in the United States

Gotten up for a family of two or three persons. It is a rather complete list of varieties.

1 lb. **Beans**, Early Valentine.  
1 " " Golden Wax.  
1 oz. **Beet**, Egyptian.  
1 " " Globe.  
1 pkt. **Cabbage**, Early Wakefield.  
1 " " Red.  
1 " **Carrot**, Half-Long.  
1 " **Cauliflower**, Thorburn's Gilt-Edge.  
1 " **Celery**, White Plume.  
1 " **Corn**, Early Golden Bantam.  
½ lb. " Cory.

½ lb. **Corn**, Stowell's Evergreen.  
1 pkt. **Cucumber**, Improved White Spine.  
1 " **Eggplant**, Improved New York Purple.  
1 " **Kohlrabi**, Early White.  
1 " **Leek**, Best Flag.  
1 " **Lettuce**, Big Boston.  
1 " " Cos or Romaine.  
1 " **Melon**, Musk, Large Hackensack.

1 pkt. **Melon**, Water, Black Spanish  
1 " **Onion**, White Globe.  
1 " " Large Red Globe.  
1 " **Parsley**, Extra Curled.  
1 lb. **Peas**, Thorburn's Extra-Early Market.  
1 " " Wrinkled, our selection.  
1 oz. **Radish**, Scarlet Turnip.  
½ lb. **Spinach**, Viroflay.  
1 pkt. **Tomato**, Stone.  
1 oz. **Turnip**, Snowball.

### Collection No. 2, \$10

Including free delivery  
in the United States

This assortment is suitable for a family of approximately five persons.

1 lb. **Beans**, Bountiful Green-Pod.  
1 " " Early Valentine.  
1 " " Stringless Green-Pod.  
1 " " Challenger Pole Lima.  
1 " " Thorburn's Dwarf Lima.  
2 ozs. **Beet**, Eclipse.  
2 " " Egyptian.  
2 " " Globe.  
1 pkt. **Brussels Sprouts**, Dalkeith.  
1 pkt. **Cabbage**, Early Wakefield.

1 pkt. **Cabbage**, Ballhead.  
1 " " Thorburn's Private Stock Flat Dutch.  
1 oz. **Carrot**, Half-Long.  
1 " " St. Valery.  
1 pkt. **Cauliflower**, Thorburn's Gilt-Edge.  
1 " **Celery**, Giant Pascal.  
1 " " White Plume.  
1 pkt. **Celery**, Schumacher.

½ lb. **Corn**, Early Golden Bantam.  
1 " " Country Gentleman.  
1 " " Metropolitan.  
1 " " Stowell's Evergreen.  
1 oz. **Cucumber**, Improved White Spine.  
1 pkt. **Eggplant**, New York Purple.  
1 pkt. **Kale**, Curled.  
1 " **Kohlrabi**, Early White.  
1 " **Leek**, Best Flag.



**Vegetable Seed Collection No. 2, \$10, continued**

I Fkt. <b>Lettuce</b> , Big Boston.	1/2 oz. <b>Onion</b> , Large Red Globe.	I oz. <b>Salsify</b> , Mammoth Sandwich Island.
I " " May King.	I pkt. <b>Parsley</b> , Extra Curled.	1/2 lb. <b>Spinach</b> , Viroflay.
I " " Cos or Romaine.	I oz. <b>Parsnip</b> , Hollow Crown.	2 ozs. " New Zealand.
I " " Giant Crystal Head.	I lb. <b>Peas</b> , Thorburn's Extra-Early Market.	I pkt. <b>Squash</b> , Early Bush Crook-
I " <b>Melon, Musk</b> , Netted Gem.	I " each <b>Peas</b> , two best Wrinkled, our selection.	I " <b>Hubbard</b> . [neck.
I " " Large Hackensack.	I pkt. <b>Pepper</b> , Chinese Giant.	I " <b>Tomato</b> , Beauty.
I " " <b>Water</b> , Black Spanish.	I oz. <b>Radish</b> , White-tipped.	I " " Stone.
I oz. <b>Okra</b> , Perkins' Mammoth.	I " " Scarlet Turnip.	I oz. <b>Turnip</b> , Snowball.
I pkt. <b>Onion</b> , White Globe.	I " " Scarlet Globe.	I " " Red-Top Strap-Leaf.
		I " " Thorburn Rutabaga.

**Collection No. 3, \$18**

Including free delivery by express in the United States

Will make an excellent garden for a farm or country estate desiring to put about one acre under cultivation for vegetables.

I lb. <b>Beans</b> , Bountiful Green-Pod.	2 lbs. <b>Corn</b> , Stowell's Evergreen.	2 ozs. <b>Parsnip</b> , Hollow Crown.
I " " Early Valentine.	I oz. <b>Corn Salad</b> .	2 lbs. <b>Peas</b> , Thorburn's Extra-Early Market.
I " " Golden Wax.	2 " <b>Cress or Pepper Grass</b> .	2 " each <b>Peas</b> , three best wrinkled, our selection.
I " " Stringless Green-Pod.	I " <b>Cucumber</b> , Improved White Spine.	I pkt. <b>Pepper</b> , Chinese Giant.
I " " Challenger Pole Lima.	I " " Noroton Selected.	I oz. <b>Pumpkin</b> , Large Cheese.
I " " Thorburn's Dwarf Lima.	I pkt. <b>Eggplant</b> , Improved New York Purple.	I " <b>Radish</b> , White-tipped.
2 ozs. <b>Beet</b> , Egyptian.	I oz. <b>Endive</b> , Green-Curled.	I " " Scarlet Turnip.
2 " " Globe.	I " " Broad-leaved.	I " " Scarlet Globe.
2 " " Blood Turnip.	1/2 " <b>Kohlrabi</b> , Early White.	I " " Chinese Winter.
I oz. <b>Brussels Sprouts</b> , Dalkeith.	I oz. <b>Leek</b> , Best Flag.	I " <b>Salsify</b> , Mammoth Sandwich Island.
1/2 oz. <b>Cabbage</b> , Early Wakefield.	1/2 " <b>Lettuce</b> , Big Boston.	I lb. <b>Spinach</b> , Viroflay.
1/2 " " Thorburn's Private Stock Flat Dutch	1/2 " " May King.	1 " " New Zealand.
I " <b>Carrot</b> , Parisian Forcing.	1/2 " " Cos or Romaine.	I oz. <b>Squash</b> , Early Bush Crook-
2 " " Chantenay.	1/2 " " Giant Crystal Head.	I pkt. " Early White Scallop Bush.
I pkt. <b>Cauliflower</b> , Thorburn's Gilt-Edge.	I pkt. <b>Melon, Musk</b> , Large Hackensack.	I oz. " Boston Marrow.
I " " Thorburn's Snowball.	I " " Netted Gem.	I pkt. <b>Tomato</b> , Beauty.
1/2 oz. <b>Celery</b> , Schumacher.	I " " <b>Water</b> , Black Spanish.	I " " Stone.
1/2 " " White Plume.	2 ozs. <b>Okra</b> , Perkins' Mammoth.	I oz. <b>Turnip</b> , Thorburn's Rutabaga.
I pkt. " Golden Self-blanching.	I " <b>Onion</b> , Yellow Danvers.	I " " Snowball.
I lb. <b>Corn</b> , Early Golden Bantam.	I " " Large Red Globe.	I " " Red-Top Strap-Leaf.
I " " Cory.	I " " White Globe.	I pkt. each <b>Herbs</b> , five varieties.
I " " Country Gentleman.	I " <b>Parsley</b> , Extra Curled.	

**Collection No. 4, \$35**

Including free delivery by express in the United States

If you require quite a quantity of fresh vegetables, and you have about three acres that you wish to make into a garden, you could not do better than to buy this collection. There are quite a number of private estates and farms that are now doing away with the trouble of going through lengthy lists of vegetables suitable to their needs, and are leaving the matter to our judgment. This collection represents our recommendation as to just what should be used, for planting approximately three acres.

2 lbs. <b>Beans</b> , Green-Pod Bountiful.	4 lbs. <b>Corn</b> , Metropolitan.	12 lbs. <b>Peas</b> , three best Wrinkled, our selection.
2 " " Early Valentine.	4 " Stowell's Evergreen.	1/2 oz. <b>Pepper</b> , Chinese Giant.
I " " Stringless Green-Pod.	I oz. <b>Cucumber</b> , Improved Long Green.	1/4 lb. <b>Pumpkin</b> .
2 " " Golden Wax.	2 " " Improved White Spine.	4 ozs. <b>Radish</b> , White-tipped.
I " " Challenger Pole Lima.	1/2 " <b>Eggplant</b> , Improved New York Purple.	2 " " Icicle, Long White.
I " " Thorburn's Dwarf Lima.	I " <b>Endive</b> , Green Curled.	4 " " Scarlet Turnip.
4 ozs. <b>Beet</b> , Eclipse.	I " " Broad-leaved.	2 " " Chinese Rose, Winter.
4 " " Egyptian.	I " <b>Kale</b> , Green Curled.	4 " " Scarlet Globe.
4 " " Globe.	I " <b>Kohlrabi</b> , Early White.	2 " <b>Salsify</b> , Mammoth Sandwich Island.
4 " " Blood Turnip.	I " <b>Leek</b> , Best Flag.	1/2 lb. <b>Spinach</b> , New Zealand Summer.
4 " " Swiss Chard.	I " <b>Lettuce</b> , Big Boston.	1/2 " " Viroflay.
I " <b>Brussels Sprouts</b> , Dalkeith.	I " " Cos or Romaine.	I oz. <b>Squash</b> , Early Bush Crook-
I " <b>Cabbage</b> , Early Wakefield.	I " " Early Curled Simpson.	I " " neck.
1/2 " " Savoy, Early.	I " " Giant Crystal Head.	I " " Early White Scallop Bush.
1/2 " " Thorburn's Private Stock Flat Dutch.	2 " <b>Melon, Musk</b> , Netted Gem.	I " " Boston Marrow.
4 " <b>Carrot</b> , Parisian Forcing.	2 " " Large Hackensack.	I " " <b>Tomato</b> , Beauty.
4 " " Half-Long.	2 " " <b>Water</b> , Black Spanish.	1/2 " " Stone.
4 " " Long Orange.	4 ozs. <b>Okra</b> , Perkins' Mammoth.	I pkt. " Bonny Best.
I pkt. <b>Cauliflower</b> , Thorburn's Gilt-Edge.	2 " <b>Onion</b> , Yellow Danvers.	2 ozs. <b>Turnip</b> , Snowball.
I " " Thorburn's Snowball.	2 " " White Globe.	2 " " Red-Top Strap-Leaf.
I oz. <b>Celery</b> , Schumacher.	2 " " Large Red Globe.	2 " " Thorburn's Rutabaga.
I " " White Plume.	4 " <b>Parsley</b> , Extra Curled.	I pkt. each <b>Herbs</b> , five varieties.
1/2 " " Golden Self-blanching.	4 " <b>Parsnip</b> , Hollow Crown.	
2 lbs. <b>Corn</b> , Early Golden Bantam.	2 lbs. <b>Peas</b> , Thorburn's Extra-Early Market.	
2 " " Cory.		
4 " " Country Gentleman.		



# Desirable Vegetable Seed Specialties

## Bean, Marvel of Paris

Slender, flat, green pods, 5 inches long. Early, productive, very tender, brittle, fine grained, of excellent quality. Lb. 75 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.45.

## Bean, Green-seeded Flageolet

To be used as a Shell Bean only. Tender and of fine flavor; seeds keep their green color when fully dry, and even when cooked. Lb. 75 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.45.

## Bean, Dwarf Green-podded Masterpiece (Sutton's)

The plant is a robust grower, very prolific, and the pods are straight, handsome, very tender, and stringless. Early and well adapted for forcing; an exceptionally fine green, round-podded variety. Pkt. 15 cts., lb. 90 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.75.

## Beans, New Early Giant Bush Lima

A new variety that is said to be a great improvement on other Bush or Pole Limas in being earlier, more buttery and tender, very prolific and long bearing. Pkt. 15 cts., lb. 55 cts., 2 lbs. \$1.

## Brussels Sprouts, Thorburn's Improved Dwarf

We grow this specially for the private and market garden, and consider it the best strain produced anywhere. Pkt. 25 cts.

## Cauliflower, Thorburn's Gilt-edge

Best and surest of all. Produces large, heavy, solid, white heads of finest quality. Undoubtedly the best variety. Pkt. 25 cts., oz. \$5.

## Cabbage, Early Jersey Wakefield THORBURN'S SELECTED STOCK

Undoubtedly the finest strain of this most popular, well-known early Cabbage in cultivation. The heads are extremely solid, pyramidal in shape, with very little outside foliage. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 45 cts.,  $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50, lb. \$4.50.

## Carrot, Half-long, Stump-rooted TRUE NANTES STRAIN

This is an almost cylindrical variety, with smooth, red flesh of excellent flavor, very sweet and tender. A very choice Carrot for the kitchen garden. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts.,  $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

## Corn, Thorburn's Early White Perfection

A valuable second-early sort, producing good-sized ears. The cob is small and the grain is almost white. It is a heavy yielder, very sweet, and an almost perfect type, without flint or glaze. One grower says of this Corn that it is one of the best varieties of Sweet Corn ever seen in the field.  $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30 cts., lb. 50 cts., 5 lbs. \$2.25.

## Sweet Corn, DeLue's Golden Giant

A very early variety with ears 8 to 9 inches long, small cob, long thick orange-colored kernels, very sweet. Stalks are short but stout, usually bearing two or more ears, having purple tinged husks and foliage. Pkt. 15 cts.,  $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25 cts., lb. 45 cts., 5 lbs. \$2.

## Cucumber, Thorburn's Noroton Selected White Spine

A selection of the Improved White Spine, but earlier, more perfect in shape and more prolific. The best slicing variety we have seen, being solid in flesh, fine-grained, tender and of delicious flavor. Vigorous, healthy grower. A splendid sort for the home garden, and absolutely without an equal for market. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts.,  $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.

## Celery, Thorburn's Gilt-edge Golden Self-blanching

Golden Self-blanching is the variety of Celery par excellence, and we can recommend our strain with every confidence. The chief characteristics of this sort are its self-blanching qualities and the beautiful waxy yellow appearance of the stalks. It is of compact, heavy growth and produces stalks that are brittle and crisp in the extreme and hearts that are large and solid. Pkt. 20 cts., oz. \$1,  $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3, lb. \$10

## Lettuce, Thorburn's Big Boston Improved

Our strain of this well-known and most popular sort is without doubt the finest in existence. It is too well known to require any lengthy description. It is sufficient to say that it is equally valuable for growing in greenhouses for winter use, in frames for spring, or for sowing the seed in the open ground for use in summer and fall. It is unequaled by any other variety for crispness and tenderness; produces large, solid heads with few outside leaves, and stands long before running to seed. Pkt. 5 cts.,  $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.25.

## Onion, Ailsa Craig

A splendid Yellow Globe variety, grown largely for exhibition purposes; very large. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 40 cts.,  $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50.

## Onion, Denia

Imported from Spain. Very large, globe-shaped, pale yellow. This is the Onion shipped to this market from Spain. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 75 cts.,  $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.

## Pepper, Hercules, Large Yellow Upright

A prolific, vigorous-growing variety, producing erect, thick bell-shaped fruit of a mild flavor and golden yellow color. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. \$1.

## Rutabaga, Thorburn's Family

An extra fine, purple-topped tender strain for family use. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 20 cts.,  $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts., lb. \$2.

# Flower Seed Novelties and Specialties of Merit

## Adonis Aleppica, The Syrian Flos Adonis

This most beautiful annual grows to a height of 16 to 20 inches and produces 16 to 20 chief stems. From these there are many lateral branches, each ending in a round flower, about four times as large as those of the common Flos Adonis. Color is a brilliant dark red; free blooming; very floriferous; handsome feathered foliage; excellent for cutting and as a pot plant. May be started in a coldframe or sown in the open ground early in spring. It takes, under normal conditions, four to six weeks for it to germinate, but occasionally six months to one year. Autumn sowing does not succeed. Pkt. 50 cts.

## Antirrhinum nanum grandiflorum, Peace

Of compact growth, not exceeding 15 inches in height, and with distinct narrow foliage. This beautiful new variety bears shapely flowers of a lovely rose-pink, with slight salmon shading. Pkt. 50 cts.

## Antirrhinum, majus grandiflorum, Rose King

A tall, large-flowered Snapdragon, bearing immense flowers of a brilliant carmine-rose, deepening toward the center. Pkt. 25 cts.

## Antirrhinum, majus grandiflorum, Torchlight

A new variety with long spikes showing brilliant flowers of a vivid orange with yellow center, slightly tinted with carmine above, giving a glowing effect. Pkt. 25 cts.

## Canterbury Bells (Double) Violet King

A new variety improving not only the color but the form of this old garden favorite. Its color is a distinct shade of deep violet, and the growth habit is very compact, being 2 to 2½ feet high. Pkt. 20 cts.

## Cosmos, Double Crested White Queen

These double-crested varieties are not fully double, but are double-crested, having double centers and a row of petals around the base of the flower, making them very effective. Pkt. 15 cts.

## Dahlia, Peter Pan

This new dwarf Dahlia is quite unique, both in habit and in form of flower. The wonderfully compact little bushes begin to bloom when barely a foot in height, and do not exceed 18 inches to 2 feet. The flowers may be described as anemone-shaped, with tubular center and outspread ray florets, in many combinations of bright colors. Pkt. 50 cts.

## Delphinium, Blue Gem

ANNUAL

A plant of compact and bushy growth, giving an abundance of bloom. Height 9 to 12 inches. The flower is large and of a beautiful deep blue. Of good, compact habit; an excellent pot plant. Pkt. 50 cts.

## Delphinium, New Hybrid Perennial

REA'S SELECTED STRAIN

This is a *new strain of unusual beauty and variety*. The flower-spikes are very large and the flowers average about 1¾ inches across. This mixture contains colors ranging from ivory-white through all combinations of blues and lavenders. Sometimes doubles appear with petals of indigo-blue and center of royal purple. The stalks measure often as high as 8 feet or over. Pkt. 25 cts.

## Eschscholtzia, Vesuvius

Wallflower-red, same color inside petals as outside. Pkt. 10 cts.

## Petunia

	Pkt.
Single Fringed Large-flowering Crim-son.....	\$0 50
Single Fringed Large-flowering White, Snowstorm.....	50
Double Large-flowering Fringed, Snowball.....	75



New Hybrid Perennial Delphinium



## FLOWER SEED NOVELTIES AND SPECIALTIES OF MERIT, continued

**Poppies, Double Queen**

A lovely strain of hardy annual Poppies. Abundant flowers of the Shirley type, but double, of the most delicate and brilliant colors, ranging from palest pink to rosy scarlet; many charming selfs, others beautifully picoteed various red shades. Fine cut-flowers. Pkt. 25 cts.

**Poppy, Lilliput (Papaver Rhoëas pumilum)**

This new introduction represents a very dwarf class of the single-blooming Shirley Poppy. Height 12 to 14 inches. Each tuft develops straight peduncles, standing about 2 inches above the leaves and ending in a mass of from 60 to 120 flowers, 1½ to 2 inches in diameter. Color mostly light or dark rose, with golden yellow anthers; blooms all summer. Sow in the open ground either in spring or autumn. Pkt. 30 cts.

**New Early-Flowering Sweet Peas (Spencer)**

**Early Amethyst.** This flower is the rich purple Pkt. so much needed among the early varieties. \$0 25

**Early Aviator.** This is said to be the finest crimson-scarlet in early Spencers yet introduced. It is sunproof and very free-blooming. 25

**Early Othello.** A beautiful deep maroon of the same color as the late-flowering Othello. 25

**STANDARD SPENCER (Not Early Flowering)**

**The Cardinal.** Brilliant, intense, poppy-scarlet; bears four large, waved flowers to a stem. The best sunproof scarlet. 15

**Stock, Nice, Early Giant-flowering Winter, Aurora**

In habit and large size of flower, Aurora compares with the grand Giant Nice varieties. Produces huge spikes thickly studded with large blooms, of a lively golden buff, suffused with rose—a splendid color. Pkt. 50 cts.

**Stock, Mammoth Ten-Weeks, Snowdrift**

A new variety that is really novel because it is so floriferous. It produces many side stems thickly set with snowy white blossoms. It is well adapted for bedding or cut-flowers, appealing especially to private and market gardeners and florists. Pkt. 25 cts.

**Statice sinuata rosea superba**

At last a variety of *Statice sinuata* has come which has a consistent, satisfying bright rose tint. Pkt. 15 cts.

**Schizanthus grandiflora hybrida**

**Mayblossom.** Pale rose-pink and white, free from any markings or darker tints; dwarf, compact, pyramidal habit. Pkt. 25 cts.

**Schizanthus**

**Wisetonensis, Snowflake.** Snowflake should Pkt. soon be a very popular variety, not only because of the quantity of pure white, beautifully fringed flowers it bears, but also because of its ease of culture in pots and long-continued blooming. \$0 20

**Wisetonensis, Pink Pearl.** This variety retains the wealth of bloom of its parent, Snowflake, but the flowers differ from it by having a broad, rosy pink margin on the wing and lip petals, adding much to the appearance of the white corolla. 25

**Grandiflorus, Garaway's Hybrids.** Extra-select, large blooms with an endless variety of color. 25

**Verbena hybrida, Lucifer**

Intense brilliant scarlet, with no eye. A great improvement on Defiance. Pkt. 30 cts.

**Verbena hybrida grandiflora (Mammoth), Rose Queen**

Originating from the well-known variety, "Helen Willmott," this superb new sort bears flowers of a lovely delicate rose. Blooms are unusually large, 20 to 30 of them often being grouped on a single umbel, producing a magnificent effect. Blooms very early. Pkt. 50 cts.

**Verbena hybrida grandiflora (Mammoth), Scarlet Queen**

Flowers of the most vivid scarlet, with a large and distinct white eye. The blooms are very large, with a long season of blooming. Pkt. 50 cts.

**Verbena hybrida gigantea, Mixed**

Giant florets the size of a fifty-cent piece. Pkt. 25 cts.

**Wallflower, New Double Semi-dwarf**

The plants grow 18 inches high, colors ranging from golden yellow to brown and purple. Seeds saved from extra-selected plants. Pkt. 25 cts.

**Zinnia elegans robusta grandiflora, Achievement**

Distinct from all other Zinnias. Rich variety of colors; free and strong grower, producing an abundance of double flowers; blooms attain a diameter of 5 to 6 inches. Excellent as a cut-flower. Pkt. 30 cts.

**Zinnia elegans robusta grandiflora plenissima, Rose King**

This grand new giant Zinnia bears flowers of a beautiful carmine-rose tint, of immense size, probably surpassing those of any other Zinnia. Pkt. 50 cts.

# VEGETABLE SEEDS

Please notice that we pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds ordered by the packet, ounce and quarter-pound. If larger quantities are ordered to be sent by mail, add postage at zone rates.

See pages 4 and 5 of this Catalogue for COMPLETE COLLECTIONS OF VEGETABLE SEEDS of approved and choice sorts from \$1 to \$35, and second cover for CHOICE COLLECTIONS OF FLOWER SEEDS.

Some varieties of seeds may again be late in reaching us this season. Under the circumstances it will be well, therefore, to state when ordering, whether we are at liberty to substitute or not. Customers can depend upon our using our best judgment in substituting other equally good sorts for those ordered which we may not be able to supply.

ARTICHAUT **ARTICHOKE** *Alcachofa*

**CULTURE.**—Hardy perennial requiring protection in our climate. Deep, rich, sandy loam with plenty of well-rotted manure. Sow seeds ½ inch apart in April or May, and when plants are large enough, transplant into rows 3 to 4 feet apart and 2 feet in the rows. They reach maturity the second year. When cold weather sets in, bank the earth to the top, first cutting off and tying up the leaves to protect the heart of the plant from soil, so that they will occupy less space, and in the spring uncover each plant and fork in a dressing of manure. Artichoke may also be treated as an annual by sowing the seed in hotbeds during February, potting the plants to avoid setting back and transplanting in May when frosts are past. Seedlings should give edible heads the same summer. The heads should be cut off and used as they get ready. If left to ripen on the plant, they will exhaust it, and no more will be produced that season. Heads are unfit for culinary purposes after the flowers expand.

**French Green Globe.** (Seed.) The standard sort.....110 Pkt. Oz. ¼lb. \$0 25 \$1 00 \$2 50

**French Purple Globe.**.....120 25 1 00 2 50

**Jerusalem Artichoke Roots.** Will grow in any soil that is not wet, but prefers a sandy, well-drained soil. Plant whole tubers; if large, cut to two eyes. Plant as early as the ground can be worked. For best results take off all flowers; dig when tops die down. Requires a season of five months. Qt. 30 cts., pk. \$2.

ASPERGES **ASPARAGUS** *Esparrago*

**CULTURE.**—Sow the seed thinly in rows 1 foot apart in April or May (4 or 5 pounds to the acre; 1 ounce will sow a 50-foot row), and keep down all weeds. To secure strong, healthy plants, thin the seedlings to 3 or 4 inches in the rows, saving only the strongest. The one-year-old plants should be set out in spring in rich, sandy loam, dug 18 inches deep, into which has been worked plenty of well-rotted manure or leaf-mold. If a stiff clay soil is all that can be had, add plenty of sand and sifted coal ashes to loosen it up, and also see that it is well under-drained. In planting for private use, set out in beds 6 feet wide, three rows in a bed, the outer being each 1 foot from the edge, and allow 2 feet between the rows; set the plants from 6 to 8 inches below the surface, 2 feet apart. If set out in autumn, top-dress with 6 inches of manure. For market, on a large scale, set out 4 by 1½ feet. Every fall apply a good dressing of coarse manure, after the tops have been cut, and in spring fork in. Never cut too closely. The roots need the benefit of some foliage during the year, else they will weaken and die. Slugs are easily destroyed by applying air-slaked lime or paris green. In small gardens it is preferable to plant two-year-old roots instead of sowing seed. *Asparagus from seed does not always come true to name.*

All 5 cents per packet

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
<b>Colossal.</b> The approved standard sort.....170	\$0 15	\$0 35	\$1 25
<b>Palmetto.</b> Of southern origin; a very desirable bright green Asparagus.180	15	35	1 25
<b>Bonvalette's Giant.</b> An improved Palmetto, said to produce larger stalks.....190	15	35	1 25
<b>Columbian Mammoth.</b> Very large white shoots.....200	15	35	1 25
<b>Giant Argenteuil.</b> Popular variety in France, similar to Colossal, but larger stalks.....210	15	35	1 25



Giant Argenteuil Asparagus

We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound



### ASPARAGUS ROOTS

*Plant either in the spring or fall*

		50	100	1,000
<b>Colossal.</b>	2-year-old roots.....	\$0 90	\$1 50	\$14 00
"	3-year-old roots.....	1 50	2 25	20 00
"	4-year-old roots. For forcing.....	2 00	3 50	30 00
<b>Giant Argenteuil.</b>	2-year-old roots.....	1 00	1 75	15 00
"	3-year-old roots.....	1 50	2 25	21 00
<b>Palmetto.</b>	2-year-old roots.....	1 00	1 75	15 00

In France a business is now made of growing small, green, delicate shoots of Asparagus during the winter. Strong roots may be forced in hotbeds out-of-doors. They should be packed closely into the frames, and by making a new bed every five or six weeks these tiny shoots may be had all winter and are valuable served with omelets, green peas, etc.

## BEANS

As a farinaceous food for man, the Bean is considered far superior to any other legume, and next in importance to wheat. The modern varieties leave little to be desired; the great care given to their improvement has resulted in superior sorts, greatly extending the season of use, as well as varying the flavor. All varieties are easy to grow, and if sown in succession and kept picked, yield continually and abundantly. It is well to risk one early planting—the gain is considerable and the loss is slight if taken by late frosts. Like other leguminous plants, Beans increase the fertility of the soil, through nodules on their roots by adding nitrogen from the air. To increase their capacity to do this, and to insure a better yield, the seed should be treated with a special Bacteria Culture—see page 58 for particulars.

**CULTURE.**—About the first of May, if the ground is perfectly warm, select a warm, dry sheltered spot, any good soil, preferably a moist, deep loam, not over-rich in nitrogen, dig and manure very slightly; make drills 2 inches deep and 18 inches to 2 feet apart; drop the Beans 3 inches apart in the drills and cover not more than 2 inches deep. Hoe well in dry weather to keep down the weeds. Sow every two weeks up to about August 1, for a succession. Two pounds (1 quart) to 100 feet of drill; 1 to 1½ bushels (60 to 90 pounds) to the acre, in drills. For quick results, soak the seeds before planting. To avoid disease and pests, all rubbish and old plants should be burned, and the seed sown on clean ground.

### DWARF GREEN-PODDED SNAP BEANS

HARICOTS NAINS *Frijoles*

*We supply packets of all Green-podded Snap Beans at 10 cts. each, postpaid, except where quoted otherwise; ½ lb. pkts. at 25 cts. each, except where quoted otherwise, and other quantities not prepaid; add postage at zone rates*

**Thorburn's Earliest of All.** Long, round, green pod; stringless; prolific and of finest quality; also a good forcer, and as the name indicates, this is the earliest of all Dwarf Beans. We are advised that crop has again failed, so we do not expect to have any of this variety.....300



Stringless Green Pod

	1 lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.
<b>Bountiful.</b> One of the best green-pod sorts; extra early, very prolific and long-bearing; long, broad, flat green pods, tender and stringless.....	300		
<b>Dwarf Horticultural.</b> Late and productive; broad, flat stringless pods. It is also used as a <i>Shell Bean</i> .....	320		
<b>Full Measure.</b> Large, round pods; firm, tender, sweet and entirely stringless.....	340		
<b>Green-seeded Flageolet.</b> Only used as a <i>Shell Bean</i> when green. Beans tender and of fine flavor...pkt. 15 cts., ½lb. 40 cts....	370	\$0 40	\$0 75 \$1 75
<b>Longfellow.</b> Long, straight, round, solid, green pods; very early; of good quality; stringless when young.....	390		
<b>Marvel of Paris.</b> Long, slender, flat pods; early; very productive; very tender, brittle, fine-grained, of excellent quality.....	410		
pkt. 15 cts., ½lb. 40 cts....	420	45	85 2 00
<b>Mohawk.</b> Long, flat, straight pods; early; very productive and very hardy.....	420	45	85 2 00
<b>Refugee Late, or 1,000-to-1.</b> Medium to late; very productive and tender; long green, round pods of exquisite flavor... 440	440	40	75 1 75
<b>Refugee, Thorburn Extra-Early.</b> Has all the superior qualities of the famous Refugee, and is fully two weeks earlier in podding. Pods round, light green, extra fine and borne profusely.....	450	40	75 1 75
<b>Refugee, Stringless.</b> Stringless at all stages of development.....	470	45	85 2 00

*We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound*





**DWARF LIMA AND DWARF WHITE BEANS**

**CULTURE.**—Plant as soon as warm weather has fairly set in, or start a few under glass four weeks before setting out. Soil should be light and rich. Sow in drills 2 feet apart, the Beans about 6 inches apart, and covering about 2 inches. Two pounds to 100 feet of drill. Mulching keeps the pods from the ground. *We supply packets of these Beans at 15 cts. each, postpaid; other quantities not prepaid; add postage at zone rates*

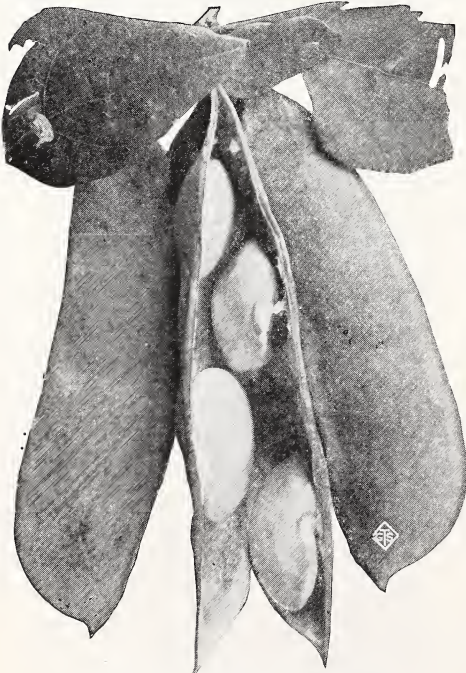
<b>Thorburn's Dwarf Lima.</b> (The True Kumerle Strain.) Dwarf form of Challenger Lima—the finest of all Limas—with the same flavor. The Beans are extra large, and are a pure creamy white; very tender.....	1000	\$0 60	\$1 10	\$2 50
<b>Burpee's Bush Lima.</b> A bush form of the large, flat, Pole Lima, growing only 18 to 20 inches high. The Beans are borne very profusely.....	1010	55	1 00	2 30
<b>Burpee's Improved Bush Lima.</b> Much larger and thicker pods and Beans.....	1020	60	1 10	2 50
<b>Early Giant.</b> New. Very prolific; continuous bearer; large pods; tender, buttery Beans.....	1025	55	1 00	2 30
<b>Fordhook's Bush Lima.</b> Immense pods and plump Beans; a strong grower and very prolific, erect stems, upright and branching.....	1030	60	1 10	2 50
<b>Henderson's Bush Lima, or Dwarf Sieva.</b> Productive; Beans somewhat smaller than the others but of fine quality; adaptable to North or South.....	1040	40	75	1 75
<b>New Wonder Bush Lima.</b> Early and productive, similar to Burpee's Bush Lima.....	1050	55	1 00	2 30
<b>Wood's Prolific Bush Lima.</b> The Early Sieva or Butter Bean of the South. Very productive.....	1060	45	85	2 00
<b>White Kidney.</b> Excellent either green or ripe, as a Shell Bean.....	1070	45	85	2 00
" <b>Marrow.</b> Good either as a String or Shell Bean.....	1080	40	75	1 75
<b>Red Kidney.</b> Long, flat pods; good both green and dry; fine variety for baking.....	1090	45	85	2 00
<b>White Navy.</b> Well-known small white Bean used for "Boston Baked Beans".....	1095	40	75	1 75

**HARICOTS A RAMES POLE, or RUNNING BEANS** *Frijoles de Bejuco*

**CULTURE.**—Sow as the soil becomes warm and dry, from the first to the latter part of May for all except Limas, in hills 4 feet apart each way. Limas should not be planted until warm weather has fairly set in. Two pounds (1 quart) of Limas will plant about 100 hills, allowing four or five Beans to a hill, and of the smaller sorts, about 200 hills. Plant Pole Limas eye down, 2 inches deep. Poles 8 to 10 feet long should be firmly set in the hills before planting seed.

*We supply packets of Pole Beans at 15 cts. each, postpaid; other quantities not prepaid; add postage at zone rates*

		1 lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.
<b>LIMA, THORBURN'S CHALLENGER.</b> Thick and productive; best of all.....	1200	\$0 55	\$1 00	\$2 30
<b>Lima, Carpinteria Pole.</b> Large; thicker than ordinary Pole Limas; vigorous grower. Very large flat Beans.....	1204	50	90	2 10
<b>Lima, Early Jersey.</b> Very early; Beans large, tender, three to pod.....	1214	50	90	2 10
<b>Lima, King of the Garden.</b> Large, long pod Bean; late.....	1230	50	90	2 10
<b>Lima, Large White.</b> An old standard sort, highly esteemed.....	1232	50	90	2 10
<b>Lima, Leviathan.</b> Earliest variety; prolific and of excellent quality.....	1235	50	90	2 10
<b>Lima, Small Sieva or Carolina.</b> Early.....	1250	45	85	2 00
<b>Dutch Case-Knife.</b> Pods long, green, flat; good as a Snap or Shell Bean.....	1270	45	85	2 00
<b>Horticultural Pole.</b> Good as a Snap or a Shell Bean. One of the old standards and still very popular.....	1280	45	85	2 00
<b>Golden Cluster Improved Wax.</b> Long, golden pods in clusters.....	1300	60	1 10	2 50
<b>Kentucky Wonder or Old Homestead.</b> Pods green, stringless when young; very long and flat; exceedingly prolific.....	1310	40	75	1 75
<b>Kentucky Wonder.</b> White seed.....	1314	40	75	1 75
<b>Kentucky Wonder.</b> Golden Wax Pod.....	1320	45	85	2 00
<b>Scarlet Runner.</b> The popular English Pole Bean, good for String Beans and ornamental.....	1340	60	1 10	2 50
<b>Southern Creaseback.</b> Long, round, stringless pods; fleshy, tender, and of good flavor.....	1350	40	75	1 75
<b>Yard-Long French, or Asparagus.</b> Pods sometimes 1½ to 2 feet long; very slender; curious; grow on pea brush.....	1390	1 00	1 85	4 50
<b>Yard-Long, California-grown.</b> Not the true French Asparagus Bean. Pods about 1 foot in length.....	1395	60	1 10	2 50



Thorburn's Challenger Lima Beans

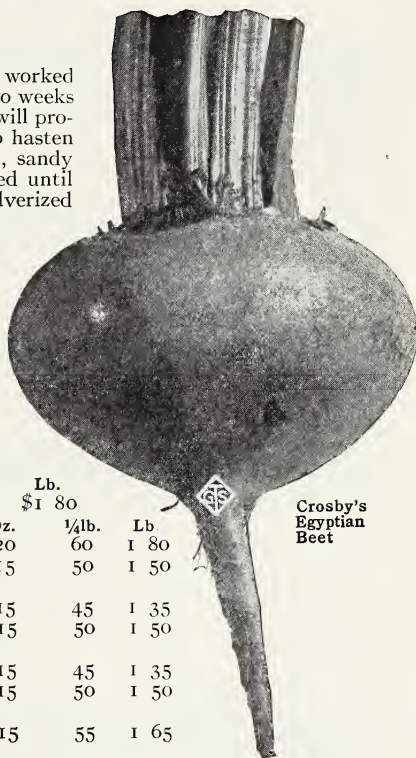


BETTERAVE **B E E T** *Remolacha*

CULTURE.—Sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked (1 ounce to 50 feet of drill; 5 or 6 pounds to the acre), and every two weeks after for a succession up to the first week of July. Later plantings will produce greens. For general crop, sow about the middle of May. To hasten germination, soak the seed over night. The soil should be light, sandy loam, well enriched with stable manure and plowed and harrowed until very fine. For long Beets the soil should be rich and deep, well pulverized and not recently manured. The Turnip Beet matures in 60 to 75 days; the long varieties require the whole season for their growth. Sow in drills 1 foot to 15 inches apart, and when well up, thin to from 4 to 6 inches. The young Beets, with their tops, pulled out of the row, are excellent used as a spinach. For this purpose, sow frequently and use when of the size of a hickory nut.

All 5 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise

<b>Bassano.</b> Early; light color; good sort; very sweet; broad, flat	Oz.	1/4lb.	Lb.				
.....1500	\$0 15	\$0 50	\$1 50				
<b>Crimson Globe.</b> Globular shape; root clean and smooth; few leaves; flesh rich, deep crimson; tender and sweet	1520	20	60	1 80			
<b>Sutton's Globe.</b> Early, especially on light soils; of high quality and handsome shape	1530	\$0 20	\$0 60	\$1 80			
<b>Detroit Dark Red Turnip.</b> Round; skin dark blood-red; flesh bright red, tender	1540	20	60	1 80			
<b>Dewing's Early.</b> Of fine form and flavor; good for market	1550	15	50	1 50			
<b>Early Blood Turnip.</b> Dark red; fine flavor; good for winter. Round, half flattened, smooth clean root	1560	15	45	1 35			
<b>Eclipse.</b> Early; round; bright red. Heavy yielder	1570	15	50	1 50			
<b>Edmand's Blood Turnip.</b> A market-gardener's strain; regular in shape and of best quality	1580	15	45	1 35			
<b>Egyptian.</b> Extra early; flat; flesh dark blood color	1590	15	50	1 50			
<b>Egyptian, Crosby's.</b> Extra early; round; dark blood color; root larger and thicker than above	1600	15	55	1 65			
<b>Long Smooth Blood.</b> (Out of ground.) A good late variety for winter	1620	15	45	1 35			
<b>Trivise or Columbia.</b> Red; early; flat; tender. Fine sort for table	1644	\$0 20	\$0 60	\$2 00			
<b>Witham Fireball.</b> Brilliant red flesh; solid, sweet and crisp; globe-shaped; very early	1650	15	55	1 65			
<b>Swiss Chard or Silver Beet.</b> To be used same as spinach (see page 38)	1690	15	50	1 50			
<b>Swiss Chard or Silver Beet, Lucullus.</b> Large leaves; tender and of fine flavor; dark green; pure white ribs (see page 38)	1700	15	55	1 65			



Crosby's Egyptian Beet

**MANGEL-WURZEL AND SUGAR BEET**

CULTURE.—As all Mangels require a deep rich soil in order to grow well, plow and subsoil at least 1 foot to 18 inches and apply plenty of rich stable or our Complete Manure. Sow in May or June, in rows 18 inches to 2 feet apart, and thin to 8 to 12 inches in the rows. Young plants may be transplanted to fill up vacancies. Sow in addition, when the plants are 3 to 4 inches high, at the rate of 200 pounds of Complete Manure, 200 pounds of bone meal and 400 pounds of salt to the acre. As soon as frost occurs, dig the crop. In order to be well preserved for gradual consumption during the winter, the roots should be heaped to a height of perhaps 6 feet, on a dry, sloping situation; cover at first with a piece of canvas and as the cold increases this should be replaced by about 6 inches of either salt hay, straw, seaweed or cornstalks, with a light layer of earth on top. As soon as this surface soil becomes frozen, about 6 to 8 inches more of earth should be placed over it. By following up this gradual process of covering, all danger of heating will be obviated, and the roots will keep in perfect order. *Sow from 5 to 8 pounds to the acre.*

**MANGEL-WURZEL**

<b>Giant Half-Sugar.</b> White, green top; long, ovoid; red skin, white flesh	1850	Oz. \$0 15	1/4lb. \$0 40	Lb. \$1 25
<b>Giant Half-Sugar.</b> White skin	1852	15	40	1 25
<b>Giant Yellow Intermediate.</b> Very large; skin smooth; flesh white	1860	15	40	1 25
<b>Golden Tankard.</b> Large; bright yellow skin; handsome, sweet and productive	1870	15	40	1 25
<b>Golden Yellow Globe.</b> Productive	1874	10	30	1 00
<b>Mammoth Long Red Mangel-Wurzel.</b> Very large; enormously productive under careful culture. Roots grow half or more above surface	1910	10	30	1 00
<b>Yellow Ovoid.</b> Of distinct shape; one of the most productive sorts; flesh white, tender and sweet	1950	15	45	1 35

**SUGAR BEET**

<b>Klein Wanzleben.</b> Rich in sugar content; also grown extensively for stock	2000	Oz. \$0 15	1/4lb. \$0 55	Lb. \$1 65
<b>Vilmorin Improved.</b> Large, smooth, white, very rich in sugar	2010	15	55	1 65

We recommend 5 to 10 pounds to the acre.

BOURRACHE **BORAGE** *Borraja*

The young leaves of this annual, which smell somewhat like a cucumber, are used as salad, or boiled like spinach. Should be sown to the depth of 1/2 to 1 inch, at intervals, as the leaves are palatable only when young. Sow in the spring, in light soil; transplant in shallow drills, 1 foot apart, when of six weeks' growth. 240. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., 1/4lb. 85 cts., lb. \$3.

BROCCOLI **BROCCOLI** *Broccoli*

CULTURE.—Sow early sorts as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring, in shallow drills, drawn 3 or 4 inches apart. Plant out 2 feet apart each way when the plants are about 4 inches high. Cultivate same as cabbage, in rich, moist, and moderately deep soil, and use the same remedies for insect attacks. The inner leaves should be tied over the head as soon as formed. The following are sorts best adapted to this climate; they are excellent and deserve much wider culture than is usual in this country. One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants.

All 10 cents per packet

	Oz.	1/4lb.		Oz.	1/4lb.
<b>Early White</b> .....	2100	\$0 50	<b>Sharpe's Monarch.</b> A fine white market variety.....	2123	\$0 50 \$1 50
<b>Mammoth White</b> .....	2110	50	<b>St. James'.</b> Late.....	2125	40 1 25
<b>Purple Sprouting</b> .....	2122	30 1 00	<b>Veitch's Self-Protecting</b> ....	2130	50 1 50

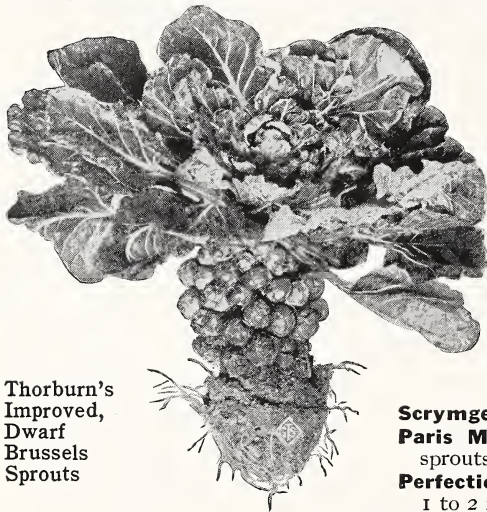
CHOU DE BRUXELLES **BRUSSELS SPROUTS** *Berza de Bruselas*

Brussels Sprouts is, without exception, the best winter vegetable that can be grown. It is as hardy as the common curled greens. The Sprouts, which are about the size of a marble and very firm, fairly melt in the mouth when just cooked through.

CULTURE.—For early crop, as soon as ground is fit, sow thinly 1/2 inch deep in seed bed with rows 1 foot apart. Thin to 2 inches or more apart; transplant in June so that plants stand at least 1 foot apart and rows 1 1/2 feet apart; for late crop proceed as above, except that seed is planted early in June, 1 inch deep, and is transplanted about August 1. Rich loam is best. If soil is sandy, dig in compost around each plant or mulch to conserve moisture. As the Sprouts begin to grow big, break off the leaves near them. When the Sprouts are full size, cut as wanted, but not too close—sometimes other Sprouts will start in their places.

With the late crop the plants may be lifted with a little earth and stored in a frame with some protection against severe weather.

All 10 cents per packet, unless otherwise quoted



Thorburn's Improved, Dwarf Brussels Sprouts

<b>Dalkeith.</b> Of dwarf growth, producing large, solid sprouts.....	2190	\$0 40	<b>Oz.</b>	<b>1/4lb.</b>
<b>Aigburth.</b> Compact heads; prolific....	2195	40	1 25	
<b>Cambridgeshire Champion.</b> Heavy cropper; fine quality; excellent sort for market.....	2200	40	1 25	
<b>Cambridgeshire Champion, Extra</b> .....	2205	60	2 00	
<b>Thorburn's Improved, Dwarf.</b> New strain. About 12 inches high; very productive; large, solid sprouts growing even from the top of the stem. Pkt. 25c....	2212			
<b>Sharpe's Standard.</b> Finest tall variety, with large solid sprouts.....	2220	50	1 50	
<b>Scrymgers.</b> Tall standard sort.....	2225	40	1 25	
<b>Paris Market.</b> Half-dwarf; prolific; round, firm sprouts.....	2227	40	1 25	
<b>Perfection.</b> Grows about 2 feet high. Sprouts 1 to 2 inches in diameter.....	2229	40	1 25	

CHOU-FLEUR **CAULIFLOWER** *Coliflor*

CULTURE.—The same as for cabbage except that extra manure and plenty of water will pay upon Cauliflower. If the soil be dry, water frequently, and, if the plants have a heavy mulch of hay or straw, it will keep the soil moist, and they will not suffer from drought. Cauliflower can be grown for an early crop by starting the seed under glass late in February or very early in March. Prick out the seedlings once. Keep them stocky but do not stunt. Harden off to set out when the soil is in best condition in April. The late kinds may be planted out the same time as cabbage. It is also possible to get a late crop by sowing the early varieties in seed-bed early in June, transplanting when about 5 inches high, giving the plants liquid manure or nitrate of soda.

When the heads form and begin to push aside the small leaves, tie the larger leaves together over the center, leaving some loose, to exclude rain and sun; see that the worms have been previously exterminated.

**Thorburn's Extra-Early Dwarf Erfurt.** The best and earliest for forcing; very dwarf and compact, with short stem and small leaves. The curd is very tender and exceedingly fine flavored. Should not be confounded with entirely different sorts advertised.....

Pkt.	1/4oz.	1/2oz.	Oz.
2250	\$0 50	\$2 75	\$4 50 \$8 00

We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound



**CAULIFLOWER, continued**

**THORBURN'S GILT-EDGE.**

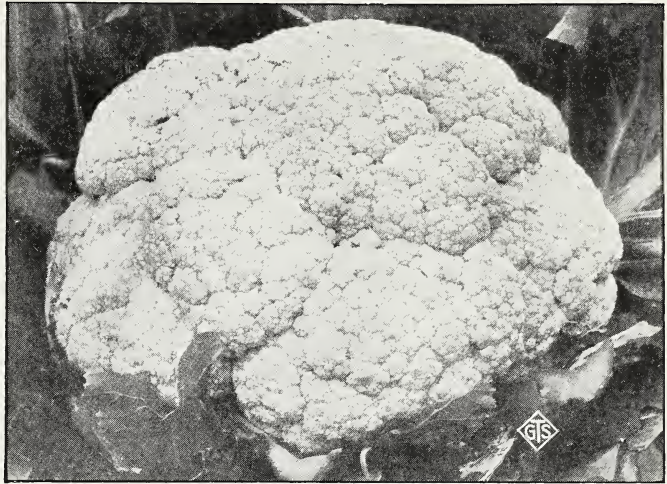
Large, heavy sort, maturing immediately after our Large Snowball. Best of all. See Novelties. 2270. Pkt. 25 cts.; ¼oz. \$1.75; ½oz. \$3; oz. \$5.

**Thorburn's Extra-Early Snowball.** Our strain of this popular variety is unequalled. It is one of the best for forcing under glass or for open ground. 2280. Pkt. 25c.; ¼oz. \$1.75; ½oz. \$3; oz. \$5.

**Thorburn's Large Early Snowball.** A large strain of the above. 2290. Pkt. 25 cts.; ¼oz. \$1.25; ½oz. \$2; oz. \$3.50.

**Danish Giant, or Dry Weather.** Later than Early Erfurt, pure white and of fine quality, said to be less affected by drought than any other variety. 2295. Pkt. 25 cts.; ¼oz. \$1.75; ½oz. \$3; oz. \$5.

**Extra-Early Paris.** Heads medium size; first-class. 2310. Pkt. 25c.; ¼oz. \$1.25; ½oz. \$1.75; oz. \$3.25.



Thorburn's Gilt-Edge Cauliflower

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼lb.
<b>Lenormand Short-Stem.</b> Has very large heads; white and firm. . . . .	2320	\$o 25	\$1 00 \$3 00
<b>Algiers, Large Early.</b> Large white heads. . . . .	2330	25	2 00 6 00
<b>Thorburn's Nonpareil.</b> A first-class standard sort. . . . .	2340	25	1 00 3 00
<b>Early London.</b> Large and hardy; hard firm head . . . . .	2350	25	1 00 3 00
<b>Early White Nocera.</b> Short stem. . . . .	2355	10	80 2 50
<b>Early Giant of Naples.</b> . . . . .	2356	10	80 2 50
<b>Late Giant of Naples.</b> . . . . .	2358	10	80 2 50
<b>Autumn Giant.</b> Vigorous in growth; very large; late. . . . .	2360	25	1 00 3 00

**CHOU CABBAGE** *Col repollo*

**CULTURE.**—Soil for Cabbage should be rich and heavy loam, with good drainage. On such a soil, with an abundance of stable or our Complete Manure, excellent crops are sure to be grown. For early spring, sow in fall, not too early, for the plants are liable to bolt in the spring instead of heading. In a month the plants will be fit to transplant to coldframes, where they are wintered, taking care in planting to set the young plants down to the first leaves. Transplant in spring as soon as the ground can be worked, setting the plants 2 feet apart one way and from 12 to 18 inches the other, according to the variety. If it is desirable to economize space, lettuce or radish may be sown between the rows, as they will be out of the way before the Cabbage needs the room. For late or winter crop, the seed is sown in May, and the plants set out in July. In this case, they are set in rows 2 by 3 feet, so as to work them with a horse and cultivator. One ounce of seed will produce 2,000 to 2,500 plants. The culture for Cabbage should be clean and regular. Do not allow the ground to dry out, for if the plants are checked in their growth, and then are saturated by a good rain, the heads are likely to split. By deep raking, therefore, maintain a good mulch over the Cabbage patch. To destroy the green worm, an experienced grower says: "Take one ounce of saltpeter and dissolve it in 12 quarts of water; then take a short-handled whisk-broom, dip it in the solution and sprinkle the plants well. One application is sufficient unless the stuff is washed off by heavy rains. The liquid being perfectly clear, never colors the cauliflower or Cabbage heads." To prevent the turnip flea attacking the young plants, sift fine air-slaked lime or tobacco dust over them as soon as they appear above ground. Against Cabbage pests generally, keep down all weeds and burn the rubbish of the patch.

All 10 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
<b>Autumn King.</b> Large flat heads, fine quality and good keeper for winter. . . . .	2380	\$o 25	\$o 75 \$2 25
<b>Copenhagen Market.</b> The finest large, round-headed, early Cabbage. Very solid; of fine quality; short-stemmed. . . . .	2390	45	1 50 4 50
<b>Allhead.</b> Very early; very solid; large, smooth, regular heads. . . . .	2394	40	1 25 3 75
<b>All Seasons.</b> Intermediate, heads hard, round, flattened on top. . . . .	2395	35	1 15 3 50
<b>Danish Roundhead.</b> Similar to Danish Ballhead Winter. See Nos. 2580 and 2584, but matures earlier; good keeper. . . . . pkt. 25 cts. . . . .	2400	60	2 00 6 00
<b>Early York.</b> The standard English sort. Splendid oval head. . . . .	2420	30	1 00 3 00
<b>Etampes, Extra-Early.</b> Conical head. . . . .	2450	30	1 00 3 00
<b>EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD, THORBURN'S SELECTED STOCK.</b> Undoubtedly the finest strain of this most popular, well-known early Cabbage in cultivation. The heads are extremely solid, pyramidal in shape, and of most excellent quality, with very little outside foliage. . . . .	2460	45	1 50 4 50

We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound





Thorburn's Selected Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage

**CABBAGE, continued***All 10 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise*

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.	
<b>Charleston Wakefield.</b> Large strain of the above; tender; pointed head. . . . .	2464	\$0 50	\$1 50	\$4 75
<b>Enkhuizen Glory.</b> Large, early, white, solid, ball-shaped heads; fine quality. . . . .	2470	45	1 50	4 50
<b>Early Flat Dutch, Stein's.</b> For forcing or for general crop. . . . .	2475	40	1 35	4 00
<b>Early Winnigstadt.</b> A standard second-early variety; very hard, pointed heads. A valuable market Cabbage, best for summer growing. . . . .	2484	40	1 25	3 75
<b>Early Summer.</b> Second-early; produces large, solid heads of finest quality and of fine flavor. . . . .	2490	35	1 15	3 50
<b>Fottler's Brunswick.</b> Of dwarf, compact growth; hard and solid slightly flattened heads. Good for both intermediate and winter use. . . . .	2500	40	1 25	3 75
<b>Green Glazed.</b> A distinct variety; leaves rounded, very firm and stiff; dark green and glazed all over; does not head very well. . . . .	2505	40	1 25	3 75
<b>Succession Improved.</b> Excellent second-early sort; large, solid heads; very popular second crop for market or home garden. . . . .	2520	40	1 35	4 00
<b>Large Late Drumhead.</b> Large-sized variety; many leaves; dark green, waving at the edges; compact; rounded; very late; good keeper. . . . .	2530	40	1 35	4 00
<b>Large Oxheart.</b> Medium early; head large; obtusely conical; somewhat gray-green; good market-garden variety; heads resist bursting. . . . .	2535	40	1 25	3 75
<b>Large Late Flat Dutch.</b> A valuable sort for market. One of the best-known winter Cabbages. . . . .	2540	40	1 35	4 00
<b>Premium Late Flat Dutch.</b> A standard variety of the popular late flat Dutch. . . . .	2545	40	1 35	4 00
<b>Thorburn's Market-Gardeners' Private Stock Flat Dutch.</b> Fine strain of the immense winter Cabbage grown on Long Island for market. Of the finest quality and flavor. . . . .	2560	45	1 50	4 50
<b>Surehead, Flat Dutch Type.</b> Heads large, round, flattened at the top; few outer leaves; very firm; excellent shipper and desirable keeping variety; late. . . . .	2564	35	1 15	3 50
<b>Danish Ballhead Winter, Short Stem.</b> Very round, solid winter sort, largely grown in Denmark for the London Market. A fine shipper. . . . .	2580	45	1 50	4 50
<b>Danish Ballhead Winter, Long Stem.</b> Similar to the preceding but grows more clear of the ground. . . . . Pkt. 25 cts.	2584	60	2 00	6 00

*We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound*

**CABBAGE, continued**

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
<b>Red Negro Head.</b> Fine deep dark red. . . . .	2611 \$0 45	\$1 50	\$4 50
<b>Mammoth Red Rock.</b> Very large, dark color. . . . .	2615	45	1 50 4 50
<b>Savoy, Early Ulm.</b> Medium size, round, deep green heads; very early. . . . .	2640	45	1 50 4 50
<b>Savoy, Late Drumhead.</b> Large, late, finely curled. . . . .	2650	45	1 50 4 50
<b>Stonemason.</b> Round, medium sized and extremely hard head. Reliable header. . . . .	2655	30	1 00 3 00
<b>Chinese (Pe-Tsai).</b> Commonly known in the markets as Celery Cabbage. Blanches white; used in salads or cooked. . . . .	2660	45	1 50 4 50
<b>Wong-Bok.</b> A Chinese Celery Cabbage with a delicate mild cabbage flavor. . . . .	2670	45	1 50 4 50

**CARDOON**

CARDOON *Cardo*

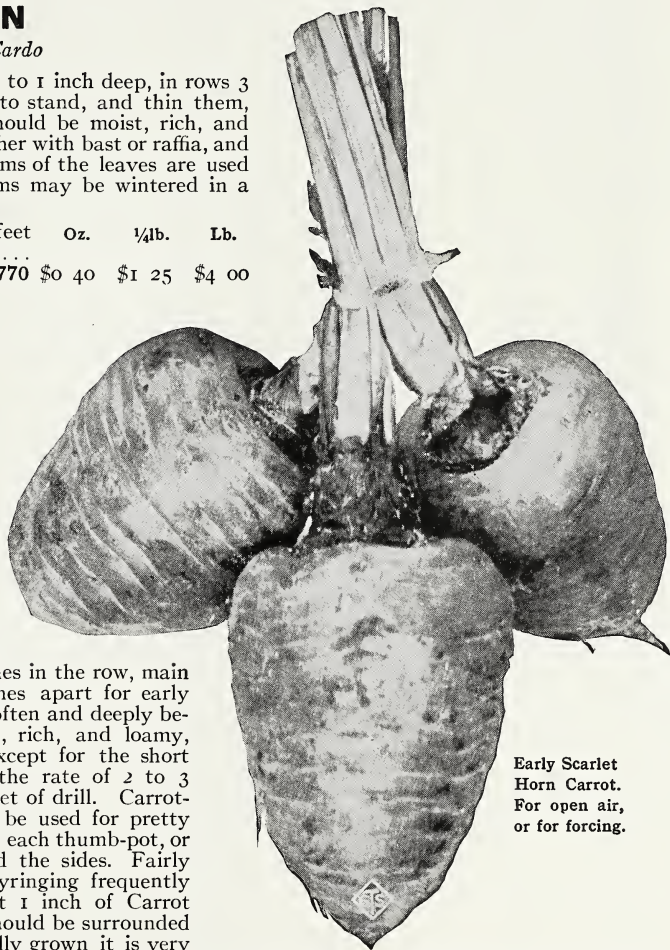
**CULTURE.**—Sow early in spring, ½ to 1 inch deep, in rows 3 to 4 feet apart, where the plants are to stand, and thin them, when well up, to 2 feet apart. Soil should be moist, rich, and deep. When full size, bind them together with bast or raffia, and earth up like celery to blanch. The stems of the leaves are used for salads, soups and stews. The stems may be wintered in a dark cellar away from frost.

<b>Large Solid.</b> Smooth; grows about 4 feet high; leaves nearly free from spines. . . . .	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
.....pkt. 10 cts. . . . .	2770 \$0 40	\$1 25	\$4 00

**CARROT**

CAROTTE *Zanahoria*

**CULTURE.**—Sow No. 2890 as early as the ground can be worked; or, for late crop, until the latter part of July, or early in August for a winter crop. This is the finest and most tender for table use. For main crop sow other sorts from middle of May to the first of July. The soil must not be allowed to bake over the seeds as they germinate slowly. The seedlings are delicate and require careful cultivation until the tops cover the ground. Thin out early crop to 5 inches in the row, main crop, 6 to 7 inches, the rows 10 inches apart for early crop, 14 inches for main crop. Hoe often and deeply between the rows. Soil should be light, rich, and loamy, richly manured (but not recently, except for the short varieties), and deeply dug. Sow at the rate of 2 to 3 pounds to the acre; 1 ounce to 100 feet of drill. Carrot-tops cut from fairly young plants may be used for pretty indoor greenery. Put one cutting into each thumb-pot, or three or four into a larger pot around the sides. Fairly good and sandy soil should be used, syringing frequently until growth is well forward. About 1 inch of Carrot should be left to put in soil, but this should be surrounded with soil or moss to hide it. When fully grown it is very pretty, the long fronds hanging over gracefully. Carrots are among the easiest of vegetables to dry or store for winter.



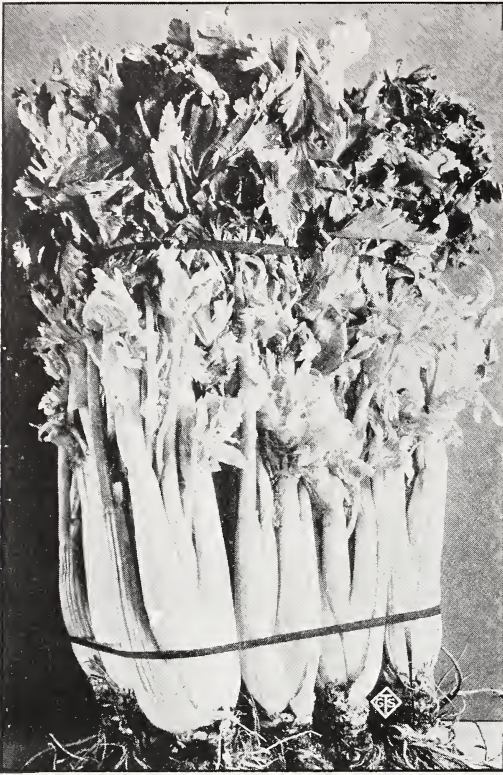
Early Scarlet Horn Carrot. For open air, or for forcing.

All 5 cents per packet

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
<b>Parisian Forcing.</b> Early; tender and sweet; fine for early and late crops, also for frames. Short, broad, smooth. . . . .	2890 \$0 20	\$0 60	\$2 00
<b>Oxheart Half-Short (Guerande.)</b> Very thick and short; large but tender. . . . .	2920	20	60 1 75
<b>Scarlet Horn, Early.</b> Very thick roots; fine for frames; popular kitchen variety. . . . .	2930	20	60 2 00
<b>Half-Long, Stump-rooted, True Nantes Strain.</b> One of the most popular sorts. . . . .	2970	20	60 2 00
<b>Chantenay, Half-Long, Stump-rooted.</b> Style of Nantes, broader shoulder. . . . .	2990	20	60 1 75
<b>Danvers Half-Long.</b> Large; of good quality; productive; orange color. . . . .	3020	20	60 1 75
<b>St. Valery.</b> A thick, intermediate long red; for kitchen or stock. . . . .	3030	20	60 1 75
<b>Long Orange.</b> Best for stock-feeding; green top; keeps well. . . . .	3040	15	50 1 50
<b>Long White Belgian.</b> Very large; one of the best varieties for stock. . . . .	3070	20	60 1 75

We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet. ounce or quarter-pound





Thorburn's Gilt-Edge Golden Self-Blanching Celery

CELERI **CELERY** *Apios*

**CULTURE.**—Sow the seed in a light, rich, dry border as early as the ground can be worked, in drills 8 to 10 inches apart, and cover the seeds about ¼ inch deep, rolling or treading them in if the ground be dry. One ounce will be sufficient for 2,500 to 3,000 plants. When fairly out of the seed-leaf, they may be transplanted to another bed, or they may be thinned out to 6 or 8 inches apart, and let grow until wanted to plant out in beds or trenches. The beds should be kept well weeded, and an occasional soaking with water in dry weather will do the plants good. Early in July in the North, a month or six weeks later in the southern states, is the proper time to set the plants out in beds or trenches. Cutting the tops keeps them back. Cut off tap-root when first transplanted, and press the soil firmly against the roots. In the garden the better way is to set the plants in shallow trenches. We say shallow, for it is obviously a bad plan to remove all the good soil (as must be done in a deep trench) and put the plants in that which is poor. The plants must be set in a single row in a narrow trench; or the trench may be made into a bed wide enough to hold two, three or four rows, 1 foot apart, and the plants about 8 inches apart in the rows, and in this case the plants are in compact form to be covered for the winter where they grow. This will save much labor where there is no root-cellar for storage, as often happens to be the case. The bed should be made very rich with thoroughly decomposed manure. The plants will need to be earthed up two or three times, the first time when the plants are 4 inches or more above the ground so that the stalks will protect the center from contact with the earth. Care should be taken not to let the earth get into the heart of the plant.

In field culture, the plants are set on the surface in rows 4 feet apart when the Celery is to be earthed up in the field for early use, and 2 feet apart when the plants are to be taken up and blanched in the cellar for winter use. The plants are set 6 inches apart in rows. If not grown in beds, the best way to store is to dig trenches in a well-drained spot in the open ground 1 foot wide, and at a depth of a few inches less than the height of the Celery. The plants are then lifted and set close together. When severe cold weather comes on, cover gradually with leaves, hay or straw, and place boards on top. The turnip-rooted Celery (Celeriac) needs no earthing up, and may be planted in rows 1 to 1½ feet apart, the plants 9 inches apart in the rows, cutting off the tap-root when transplanting. Keep the earth from the heart of the plant in cultivating. Fertilize with nitrate of soda or liquid manure, lightly, after transplanting. When the knob-roots are well formed keep the suckers and side roots trimmed off. Early spraying with bordeaux mixture is extremely efficacious in case of Celery blight or rust.

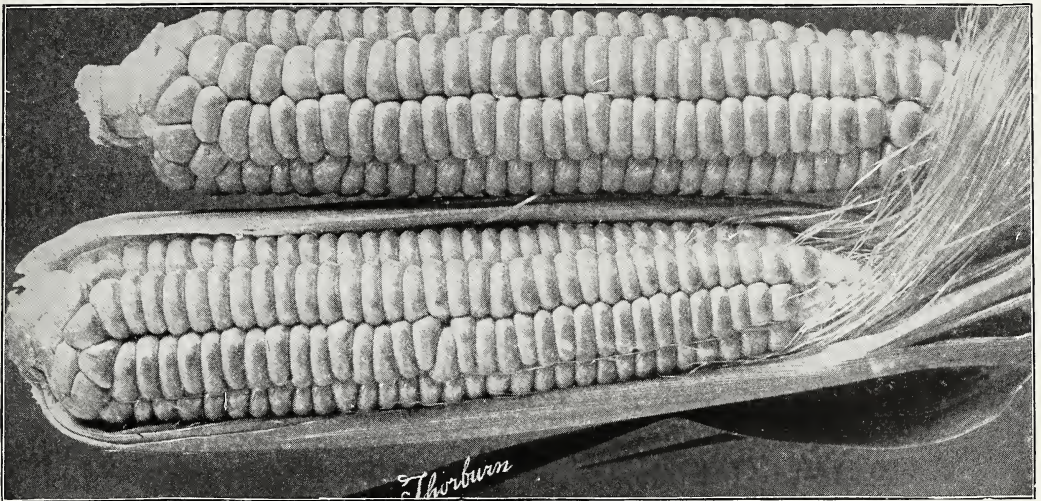
*All 10 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise*

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
<b>Improved White Plume.</b> Naturally white or light foliage requires but little banking up to blanch; very early and extensively grown for market.....	3210	\$0 45	\$1 50 \$4 50
<b>GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING, THORBURN'S GILT-EDGE.</b> Our finest strain.....	3230	1 00	3 00 10 00
<b>Easy Blanching.</b> Early; blanches quickly; vigorous grower; keeps a long time. Good for home or market.....	3233	60	2 00 6 00
<b>Boston Market.</b> The best for winter use; a good keeper; quality excellent...	3235	40	1 25 4 00
<b>Perfection Heartwell.</b> One of the finest and largest of winter varieties, either for family or market-garden. The heart is golden yellow.....	3260	40	1 25 4 00
<b>Schumacher.</b> Solid and crisp; firm, golden yellow heart.....	3270	40	1 25 4 00
<b>Giant Pascal.</b> An easily blanched and fine-keeping, large, late sort.....	3300	40	1 25 4 00
<b>Giant Golden Heart.</b> Very large; solid and fine-flavored; vigorous grower...	3344	40	1 25 4 00
<b>New Rose.</b> Fine flavor; handsome variety.....	3350	45	1 50 4 50
<b>Pink Plume.</b> Tinged with red; attractive, rich flavor; long keeper.....	3360	50	1 50 5 00
<b>Winter Queen.</b> Very large, solid, green winter sort; blanches well.....	3384	40	1 25 4 00
<b>Celeriac, Giant Prague.</b> Very large roots, for soups and stews; when cooked and sliced makes fine winter salad.....	3400	35	1 15 3 50
<b>Celeriac, Apple.</b> Has small foliage and small, smoothish roots; for soups....	3420	60	2 00 6 00
<b>Celeriac, Extra-Early Paris.</b> Smaller than the Large Smooth Paris; root clean skinned, regularly rounded in shape.....	3430	45	1 50 4 50

**CELERIAC MAY BE STORED LIKE BEETS, AND WILL KEEP ALL WINTER**

*We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound*





Golden Bantam Sweet Corn

## CORN, SWEET or SUGAR

Sweet Corn is one of the most nutritious, healthful, and delicious products of the garden. Nothing is much tastier than a steaming juicy ear of Sweet Corn smothered in butter and salt. To be enjoyed in its finest condition it must be fresh from the garden. It may be preserved by canning or cut from the cob and dried for winter use. A collection of early, medium, and late varieties afford a crop throughout the growing season. Because of its very simple culture, its few enemies, and wide adaptation to soil and climate, it should be included in every garden.

**CULTURE.**—As soon as danger from frost is past plant in hills 3 feet apart each way, and five or six kernels in a hill. The hills should be prepared before planting by digging in a shovelful of compost and a double handful of high-grade fertilizer. In spring plant 1 inch deep; later plantings 1½ to 2 inches deep. Thin out to three plants in the hill, or if in rows, to 12 inches apart. Two pounds will plant 150 to 200 hills. Hoe often and draw soil up to stem; break off side shoots. Corn requires a warm rich soil and a sunny exposure. Plant for succession every two weeks until middle of July. If sown thinly in drills, a greater yield from a given surface will be obtained.

*We supply packets of Corn at 15 cts. each, postpaid; for other quantities, not prepaid, add postage at the zone rates. Most varieties can be furnished on ears at 10 cts. each, transportation extra*

### EXTRA-EARLY

	½lb.	Lb.	5 lbs.	15 lbs.	
<b>THORBURN'S NORDHEIM EXTRA-EARLY.</b> Earliest and finest of all. The stalks grow 6 to 7 feet high, each bearing three or four nearly perfect ears of excellent quality. 7 inches long, 5 inches circumference; 8 to 10 rows; of large kernels. The grains are large, white and very sweet. . . . .	.3700	\$0 30	\$0 50	\$2 25	\$6 00
<b>Early Mayflower.</b> Extra early; large ears; sweet and tender. 6½ to 7 inches long; 5½ to 6 inches circumference; 8 to 12 rows of medium large kernels; white . . . . .	.3705	25	45	2 00	5 50
<b>Early Red-Cob Cory.</b> A very early variety with good-sized ears. Very sweet, tender and of fine flavor. . . . .	.3710	25	45	2 00	5 00
<b>White Cory.</b> Resembles the ordinary Cory, but with white cob. . . . .	.3720	25	45	2 00	5 00
<b>Golden Giant (De Lue).</b> Large ears, fine quality, small cob. . . . .	.3730	25	45	2 00	5 50
<b>Mammoth White Cory.</b> Ears double the size of the old Cory, and better in flavor; 12 rows of kernels. . . . .	.3740	25	45	2 00	5 50
<b>Metropolitan.</b> Large, handsome ears of fine quality; very early. A splendid market variety. 9 inches long; 6½ inches circumference; 12 to 14 rows of large kernels; stalks 5½ feet high. . . . .	.3750	25	45	2 00	5 00
<b>Golden Bantam.</b> Extra early; yellow; very sweet and tender. 6½ to 7 inches long; 4½ to 5 inches circumference; 8 to 10 rows of large kernels. . . . .	.3760	25	45	2 00	5 50
<b>Seymour's Sweet Orange.</b> A vigorous grower, attaining a height of 6 to 7 feet, and producing generally two good-sized ears to a stalk. It matures about a week later than Golden Bantam and is fully equal to it in the deliciousness of its flavor. . . . .	.3764	30	50	2 25	6 00
<b>Peep-o'-Day.</b> Very early, sweet and of delicate flavor; dwarf variety; plant closer than other varieties. . . . .	.3780	25	45	2 00	5 50
<b>Minnesota.</b> Nearly as early as Cory, but with larger ears; white. . . . .	.3790	25	40	1 75	4 50

*We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound*

CORN, SWEET or SUGAR, EXTRA-EARLY, continued		½lb.	Lb.	5 lbs.	15 lbs.
<b>Perry's Hybrid.</b> Very early for so large-eared a sort; fine quality . . .	3800	\$0 25	\$0 40	\$1 75	\$4 50
<b>Premo, Extra-Early.</b> Very sweet; ears large, considering its extreme earliness. . . . .	3810	25	45	2 00	5 50
<b>Kendel's Giant.</b> Very early for so large-eared a variety; sweet. . . . .	3840	25	45	2 00	5 00
<b>Extra-Early Adams.</b> Not a Sugar Corn, but grown for early use. Tender and sweet; fine for the table; very hardy. . . . .	3860	20	35	1 50	3 50
<b>Stabler's Early Pedigree.</b> A fine Corn. . . . .	3870	25	45	2 00	5 00

### SWEET CORN, SECOND-EARLY, or INTERMEDIATE

Thorburn's Early White Perfection. A valuable second-early sort, producing good-sized ears. The cob is small and the grain is almost white. It is a heavy yielder, very sweet and an almost perfect type, without flint or glaze. One grower says of this Corn that it is one of the best varieties of Sweet Corn ever seen in the field. . . . .		½lb.	Lb.	5 lbs.	15 lbs.
	3900	\$0 30	\$0 50	\$2 25	\$6 00
<b>Champion Early.</b> Very large ears, considering its earliness. . . . .	3910	25	45	2 00	5 00
<b>Early Mammoth.</b> Large ears; fine quality; not very late. . . . .	3930	25	45	2 00	5 00
<b>Crosby.</b> Matures after Minnesota; fair-sized ears of good quality. . . . .	3940	25	45	2 00	5 00
<b>Golden Cream.</b> Early; grain rich cream-color; attractive; fine quality; very sweet and tender. . . . .	3943	25	45	2 00	5 50
<b>Howling Mob.</b> An early Corn of large size; white and sweet. . . . .	3944	25	45	2 00	5 50
<b>Long Island Beauty.</b> Very early; large size; valuable market sort. 9½ inches long; 7 inches circumference; 16 rows of large kernels. . . . .	3945	25	45	2 00	5 50
<b>Potter Excelsior, or Squantum.</b> Good-sized ears of fine quality; white. . . . .	3950	25	45	2 00	5 00
<b>Early Evergreen.</b> A week earlier than Stowell Evergreen. . . . .	3970	25	45	2 00	5 00
<b>Early Adams.</b> Grown extensively for market. . . . .	3980	25	40	1 75	4 00

### SWEET CORN, GENERAL CROP

<b>Hickox Improved.</b> Handsome ears; very white and of rich flavor. 9½ inches long; 6½ inches circumference, 12 to 15 rows of large kernels. . . . .	4020	25	45	2 00	5 00
<b>Triumph.</b> Large ears; very white; productive. . . . .	4030	25	45	2 00	5 00
<b>Stowell Evergreen.</b> One of the most popular varieties. 8 inches long, 7½ inches circumference; 8 to 12 rows of medium large kernels. Hardy; keeps well; grains long and slender, free from glaze. . . . .	4040	25	45	2 00	5 00
<b>Golden Evergreen.</b> Late; very sweet, round grains; beautiful variety of most excellent quality. . . . .	4050	30	50	2 25	6 00
<b>White Evergreen.</b> Strain of Evergreen with pure white grains. . . . .	4060	25	45	2 00	5 00

### SWEET CORN, LATE

<b>Black Mexican.</b> Very sweet, of superior flavor; grains bluish black. . . . .	4100	25	45	2 00	5 00
<b>Late Mammoth.</b> Rank in growth; large ears, rich and sweet. . . . .	4120	25	45	2 00	5 00
<b>Country Gentleman.</b> A large selection of the Ne Plus Ultra, introduced by us in 1888. Ears 8 inches long; 6 inches circumference; grains irregular, not in rows. Small cob, and very long, white, slender deep grains. . . . .	4140	25	45	2 00	5 50
<b>SWEET FODDER CORN.</b> (Larger quantities than 15 pounds, 15 cts. per pound). . . . .	4180				3 00

For Field Corn and Pop Corn, see page 55

### CERFEUIL **CHERVIL** *Perifollo*

**CULTURE.**—Cultivate and use the curled variety of Chervil like parsley. Sow as soon as the ground can be worked, or at any time in the spring in shallow drills, 1 foot apart, in well prepared ground, preferably in a cool and moist situation; shady or northern aspect. Thin early to 8 or 10 inches in the row. Several cuttings can be made from the plant throughout the season.

All 10 cents per packet

<b>Curled.</b> Leaves used for flavoring soups and stews and for garnishing; early and ornamental. . . . .	4240	Oz.	\$0 50
<b>Plain.</b> Leaves much divided, but not curled; fine aromatic flavor. . . . .	4250		40

### CHICORY

All 10 cents per packet

<b>Common or Wild.</b> Used in <i>Barbe de Capucin</i> , a salad much made in France. Sown in June. The roots are transplanted in autumn into sand in a cellar. Always keep the roots well covered. The young shoots form the <i>Barbe de Capucin</i> . . . . .	4300	Oz.	\$0 35	½lb.	\$1 25
<b>Magdeburg, Large-rooted.</b> Roots are the Chicory of commerce. . . . .	4305		25		75
<b>Witloof.</b> Known in restaurants as French Endive. Sow about 1 inch deep in May and June, in drills 15 inches to 2 feet apart, in good garden soil; 1 ounce to 100 feet. Transplant or thin to 6 inches; treat as endive, except that in late summer or fall it should be gradually banked up like celery. The stalks, when blanched, make a delicious salad. It is also used by the French as a boiled vegetable. . . . .	4310		25		75

See also Endive, the Chicory of the French, pages 22, 23

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**COLLARDS**

CULTURE.—Sow seeds in a rich, moist soil, as for cabbage, in June, July and August for succession. One ounce will give 2,500 to 3,000 plants. Transplant when a month old in rows a foot apart each way and hoe often.

**Georgia.** Best for warm weather. . . . .pkt. 5 cts. .4380 Oz. 1/4lb. Lb. \$0 30 \$1 00 \$3 00

**CORN SALAD, or FETTICUS**

MACHE *Macha o Valerianilla*

CULTURE.—Sow during August or early in September, in drills 1/4 inch deep and 6 inches apart, for spring use. If the weather is dry when the seed is sown, tread it lightly to insure germination. Soil should be light and warm, with previous manuring. Keep weeds down with hoe. Just before the winter cover thinly with straw or leaves. The leaves should be picked when half as large as lettuce. A second crop may be picked from the same plant.

**Large-seeded, Broad-leaved.** . . . . .4430 Pkt. Oz. 1/4lb. Lb. \$0 05 \$0 30 \$0 85 \$3 00

**CRESS**

CRESSON *Bara o Mastuerzo*

CULTURE.—Sow No. 4520 thickly in shallow drills, 1/4 inch deep, and a foot apart early in spring, every two or three weeks until warm weather, in good garden soil; if moist, cool and rich, all the better. One ounce will sow 50 to 100 feet. Begin to sow again from the middle to the end of August every week or two for fall succession. It should be cut often and it will continue to grow. It is useful not only for salad, but for the breakfast table and for garnishing. No. 4570 should be sown in damp soil but not muddy; or, if a stream of water can be utilized, they will be much finer. They will also thrive well in damp hotbeds. Rightly managed, their culture is very profitable. To obtain early salad, it is a good plan to sow with Water Cress seed a strip 4 inches wide on the outer margin of a hotbed, inside the frame, where it is always cool. Do not pick until the plants are growing well, and do not pick more leaves than the plants can readily replace.

*All 5 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise*

**Curled, or Pepper Grass.** . . . . .4520 Oz. 1/4lb. Lb. \$0 15 \$0 50  
**Common, or Plain-leaved.** . . . . .4530 25 75  
**Upland or Winter Improved.** . . . . .4540 25 75  
**True Water Cress.** . . . . .pkt. 10 cts. .4570 1 00 3 50

**CUCUMBER**

CONCOMBRE *Pepino*

CULTURE.—For very early, sow in hotbeds upon pieces of sod, or in small pots. They can be readily transplanted with care, gaining about six weeks over those sown in the open ground. Plant out in rich soil when danger of frost is over, or protect by hand-glasses, or by paper held down at the corners with a handful of earth. For general crop, sow in the open ground as soon as the weather is settled and warm, and every two weeks for a succession. Sow the seed about 3/4 inch in depth. One ounce will do for 60 to 70 hills. Thin, leaving four or five of the strongest seedlings in a hill. For pickles, sow from middle of June to first week in July. Sod land, turned over in fall, is the best for them. Plant in hills 4 feet apart, putting a shovelful of well-rotted manure in each hill. Fresh manure will make the plants run to vine. If the vines grow too long before blossoming, pinch back the ends. Pick the Cucumbers before leaving them too long, as they are then tastier and the vines will continue to bear. For mildew and wilting spray with Bordeaux. For beetles and other insect pests, spray with tobacco water and whale-oil soap, reaching the underside of the foliage, or dust with tobacco dust.

*All 5 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise*

**Chicago Pickling.** Uniform; prolific; good color and fine pickling variety. . . .4730 Oz. 1/4lb. Lb. \$0 20 \$0 60 \$1 75  
**Cornichon de Paris.** Very productive, vigorous, mostly cultivated for its small fruits, which are fine for pickling. Fruit is oblong in shape and gathered soon after the plant flowers, when they are about as thick as the finger. pkt. 10 cts. .4740 30 85 3 00  
**Cumberland.** One of the best for pickling; handsome and productive; flesh firm, but very crisp and tender; thickly spined when young. . . . .4750 20 60 1 75  
**Davis Perfect.** Fine for forcing or for outdoors. The fruit is long and straight, and being a comparatively shy seeder, is very valuable for slicing. . . . .4770 20 75 2 00  
**Early Green Cluster.** Fruit small and in clusters; very prolific. . . . .4780 20 75 2 00  
**Giant Pera.** Very long; one of the best for table use; smooth, thin skin. . . . .4800 20 75 2 25  
**Thorburn's Everbearing.** Small-sized; very early and enormously productive; valuable as a green pickler. . . . .4820 20 75 2 00  
**Cool and Crisp.** Extra early and very prolific; long, straight, slender and very dark green; good either for pickling or slicing; long cropper. . . . .4830 20 60 1 75  
**Early Short Green.** Good for pickling; productive. . . . .4840 20 60 1 75  
**Fordhook Famous.** Long, straight and well formed; vigorous grower; very productive; does not turn yellow; flesh thick; skin thin. . . . .4850 20 60 1 75

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Thorburn's Noroton Selected White Spine Cucumber

**CUCUMBER, continued**

All 5 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
<b>Jersey Pickling.</b> Very productive; fruit long, tapering, and slender.....	4855 \$0 20	\$0 60	\$1 75
<b>White Spine, Extra-Early.</b> Vigorous grower, for pickles or cutting.....	4864 20	60	2 00
“ “ <b>Improved.</b> A very handsome and uniform early variety.....	4870 20	60	2 00
“ “ <b>Arlington.</b> Fine either for forcing or for outdoors.....	4880 20	60	1 75
“ “ <b>Klondyke.</b> A desirable early dark green variety; very prolific.....	4885 20	60	1 75
“ “ <b>THORBURN'S NOROTON SELECTED.</b> Our well-known selection of Improved White Spine. Earlier, more perfect in shape and more prolific; best slicing variety; splendid either for home garden or market.....	4890 pkt. 10 cts. 20	60	2 00
“ “ <b>Extra-Long, or Evergreen.</b> A beautiful, large and well-shaped Cucumber.....	4900 20	60	1 75
“ “ <b>Long Green.</b> .....	4910 15	50	1 50
<b>Long Green Improved.</b> Long and crisp; a popular variety for pickles.....	4920 20	75	2 25
<b>Green Grollic Pickling.</b> One of the best for pickling; dark green.....	4940 20	60	1 75
<b>Japan Climbing.</b> Good for frames or open ground; long, smooth Cucumbers, skin netted when ripe; fine flavor.....	4970 pkt. 10 cts. 30	85	3 00
<b>West Indian Gherkin.</b> Very small burr; used for pickles.....	4980 pkt. 10 cts. 35	1 00	3 50
<b>Lemon Cucumber, or Garden Lemon.</b> Almost round, yellow and green markings; tender and of sweet flavor. Like a lemon in appearance.....	4990 pkt. 10 cts. 35	1 00	3 50

**ENGLISH CUCUMBERS FOR FRAMES**

(Concombre especes Anglaises pour couches)

**CULTURE.**—Sow seeds in October, November, or December, according to the time they are wanted, in small pots, in fibrous loam, lightened and enriched with old manure; give plenty of air and water. Plunge the pots in a frame near the glass, where there is a little bottom heat, and keep them covered with brown paper until the seeds germinate. Afterward uncover and ventilate to insure sturdiness of habit. Only strong plants should be employed. It is necessary to fertilize the pistillate flowers with the staminate to render the vines productive as, owing to the absence of flies or bees, they will not produce a crop under glass as in open ground.

**Telegraph.** Free-bearing; handsome; very long; smooth.....
 5130 | Pkt. \$0 25 |

PISSENLIT **DANDELION** Amargon

**CULTURE.**—Dandelion is a hardy perennial, and one of the most desirable early spring salads. Sow in early spring in drills ½ inch deep and 18 inches apart; thin out the plants to 12 inches. Keep clear of weeds during the summer and the ensuing summer the leaves will be fit to cut. They are best, however, when blanched, which makes them tender and destroys to some extent their bitter taste without impairing the qualities which make them desirable as greens. The blanching may be done by placing a couple of boards over the rows thus A. This excludes the light and improves the greens, rendering them far superior to those found growing wild.

**Common Cultivated.**.....
 4620 | Pkt. \$0 15 | Oz. \$1 00 | ¼lb. \$3 00 | Lb. \$10 00 |

**ENDIVE, or CHICORY**

CHICOREE Escarola o Endivia

**CULTURE.**—Sow in June, July or August, in good, rich garden soil; cover lightly; when up, thin out to 8 or 10 inches apart and water well, if dry; or sow under glass in March or April, transplanting and hardening off. Then set out in the open as soon as ground is fit. The young plants will do well, if dressed at least once with nitrate of soda or liquid manure. When the leaves are 6 to 8 inches long, blanch by tying together near the top with yarn or raffia. (They must be quite dry, or they will rot.) At the approach of winter, take up carefully, with a ball of earth to each plant, and place close together in frame or cellar. They must

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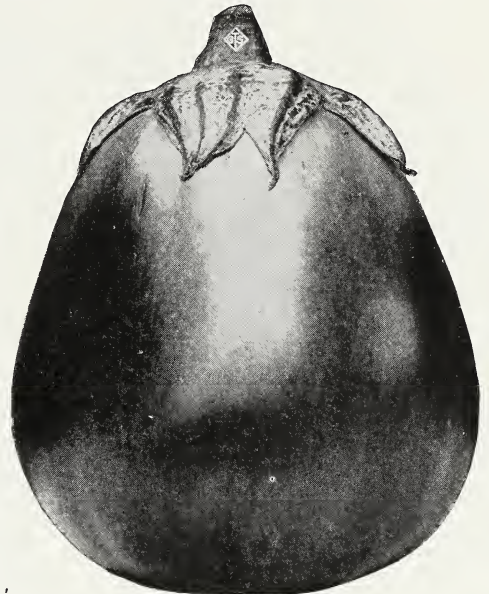
**ENDIVE or CHICORY, continued**

be kept dry and have plenty of air. To blanch, tie the tops of the heads together, to keep the light from the heart. One ounce of seed will plant a 100-foot row.

All 5 cents per packet

<b>Green Curled Winter.</b> Standard sort for fall and winter crop. 5210	Oz. \$0 20	¼lb. \$0 60	Lb. \$2 00
<b>Moss Curled.</b> Compact plants with finely divided leaves . . . . . 5215	20	65	2 25
<b>Large Green Curled (de Ruffec).</b> Broad ribs; fine for fall and winter. . . . . 5220	20	60	2 00
<b>Giant Fringed or Oyster.</b> New. Has a large white heart . . . 5227	20	65	2 25
<b>White Curled.</b> For early use. 5240	20	65	2 25
<b>Broad-leaved Batavian (Escarolle).</b> A sweet variety; fall and winter. Grows large hearts which blanch easily; fine for winter salads or cooking. . . . . 5250	20	60	2 00

See, also, Witloof (French Endive) under Chicory, page 20



New York Spineless Eggplant

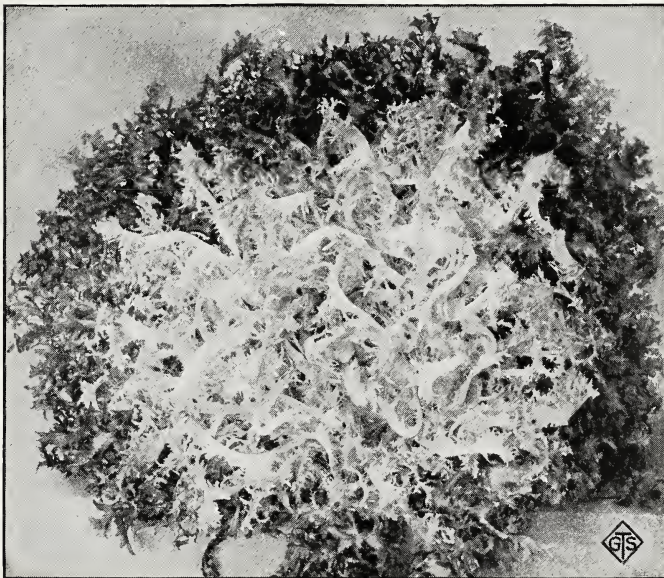
**EGGPLANT**

AUBERGINE *Berengena*

**CULTURE.**—Sow in hotbeds very early in spring and transplant when 2 inches high into a second bed or into small pots. If this is not done, thin to 4 inches apart. After transplanting, use paper collars, extending an inch above and below ground, to guard against cutworms. Do not plant out until weather is perfectly settled and warm. Cool nights or wet weather will check them. Soil should be a rich, sandy loam and exposed to the sun. One ounce will give 2,000 plants or more. Keep some back in frames for a second planting, in case of weather changing unexpectedly. Set out plants 3 by 2 feet. Dress the young plants once after thinning or setting out, with nitrate of soda, or liquid manure.

All 15 cents per packet

<b>Improved New York Spineless.</b> The standard; largest and best; oval; deep purple; early and productive. . . . . 5310	Oz. \$1 00	¼lb. \$3 25
<b>BLACK BEAUTY.</b> As large as the New York Improved but about ten days earlier; very rich purplish black; spineless. . . . . 5320	1 00	3 25
<b>Early Dwarf Purple.</b> Dwarf; very early; small, ovoid fruit; suitable for frame culture. . 5330	80	2 75
<b>Florida High Bush.</b> Purple, though not so deep as the New York Spineless, which it resembles in shape. Productive, vigorous and can stand more cold than that variety. 5340.	Oz. 75 cts.,	¼lb. \$2.50.
<b>Long Purple.</b> Quality best before full grown; most adapted to long, warm growing season; few seeds. 5350.	Oz. 75 cts.,	¼lb. \$2.50.
<b>Black Pekin.</b> Round, blackish purple fruit: flesh tender, of fine flavor; dark foliage. 5370.	Oz. 80 cts.,	¼lb. \$2.75.



Green Curled Winter Endive

**FENNEL, FLORENCE or NAPLES**

FENOUIL DE FLORENCE  
*Finocchio di Napoli*

**CULTURE.**—Sow in spring, 1 to 2 inches deep, in rows 16 to 20 inches apart. Thin out so as to have the seedlings 5 or 6 inches apart and water as plentifully as possible. The plant is usually eaten boiled. In flavor resembling celery, but has a sweet taste and a more delicate odor. 14180. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., ¼lb. 85 cts., lb. \$3.

See, also, Herbs





Early White Vienna Kohlrabi

March. Tenderest while young. Sow in succession. Keep the weeds down, and when the thickened stems above ground are 2 or 3 inches through they are fit to eat, and should be used at once, being tough when old. Cook same as turnips.

All 10 cents per packet

<b>Early White Vienna.</b> Handsome; very delicate in flavor.....	5800	Oz. \$0 35	¼lb. \$1 00	Lb. \$3 50
<b>Early White Vienna, for frames.</b> Fine every way. Good for market gardeners.....	5810	40	1 25	4 00
<b>Early Purple Vienna.</b> Purple ball ..	5820	35	1 00	3 50
<b>Extra-Large White Goliath.</b> Late; forms a large ball; productive....	5840	35	1 25	3 50

POIREAU **LEEK** *Puerro*

**CULTURE.**—Sow very early in spring, in drills 6 inches apart and 1 inch deep, one ounce to 100 feet of drill. Thin out to 1 inch. When about 7 inches high, transplant in rows 12 inches apart, as deep as possible, but do not cover the young center leaves. Water thoroughly if dry when planted out. Draw earth up to them as they grow; deep, rich soil is required. Dress twice, and freely, ten days apart, with nitrate of soda or liquid manure. If they need water, give it to the roots through a pipe thrust down among the stems,—taking care not to wet the leaves. Take up and store in earth in a cool cellar before winter weather. The seeds may also be sown in September and wintered under frames, and the young plants transplanted in spring to where they are to remain.

All 10 cents per packet

<b>THORBURN'S BEST LARGE FLAG.</b> Hardy and productive.....	5910	Oz. \$0 40	¼lb. \$1 25	Lb. \$4 00
<b>Large Rouen.</b> A standard sort; fine keeper; short, thick.....	5920	40	1 25	4 00
<b>Large Carentan.</b> Distinct, dark-colored leaves; stout in habit and hardy..	5940	40	1 25	4 00
<b>Musselburgh.</b> Similar to above....	5950	40	1 25	4 00
<b>Prizetaker</b> .....	5960	40	1 25	4 00

**KALE or BORECOLE**

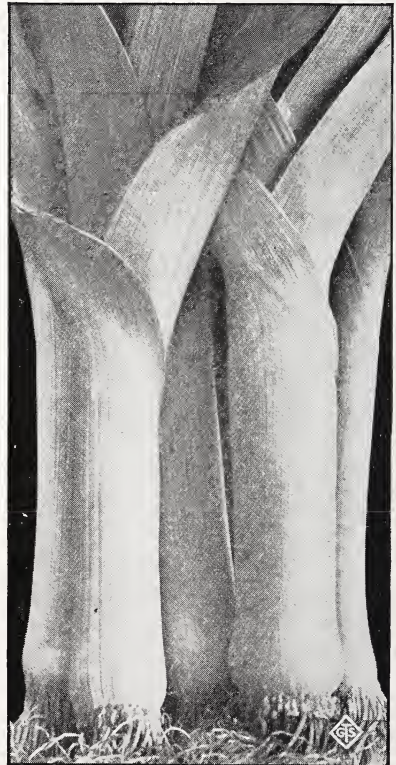
CHOU VERT FRISE *Col*

**CULTURE.**—Cultivated and grown exactly like cabbage. Sow No. 5600 in August and September for early greens, in rows 2 feet apart, and thin to 18 inches or 2 feet in the rows. Sow seed ½ to 1 inch deep. One ounce will do for a 100-foot row. In very cold situations a light mulch may be required in winter.

<b>Curled Dwarf Green.</b> Very dwarf and spreading; best strain; largely grown in the South, being sown in August and September.....	5600	Oz. \$0 30	¼lb. \$0 85	Lb. \$3 00
<b>Curled Tall Green Scotch.</b> A taller growth of No. 5600. pkt. 10c..	5610	30	85	3 00
<b>Curled Siberian, Thorburn's Improved.</b> Green curled; hardy.....	5630	20	60	1 75
<b>Thousand-headed.</b> For cattle.....	5640	30	85	3 00
<b>Sea Kale</b> ( <i>Crambe Maritima</i> ). The stalks are blanched and eaten when boiled. Resembles celery.....	5700	40	1 35	4 00

CHOU-RAVE **KOHLRABI** *Colinabo*

**CULTURE.**—Sow in spring, about 1 inch deep, in rows 18 inches apart, afterward thinning the plants to 8 to 10 inches. If the weather is suitable the thinnings may be planted, but it is considered difficult to transplant. Soil should be same as for cabbage; a rich loam. Do not let the earth get into the heart of the plants and do not cover the thick stem or knob. One ounce will give about 1,500 plants, enough for 300 feet of drill. For early plants, seeds may be sown under glass in



Thorburn's Best Large Flag Leek

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# LETTUCE

LAITUE *Lechuga*

**CULTURE.**—Sow 6030, 6120, 6230, 6340 and 6350 in hotbeds in March, and these as well as all the other varieties in the open ground as soon as it can be worked, and transplant in rows 8 inches apart and rows 1 foot apart. Sow in two weeks' time again for a succession; also Cos sorts. Latter part of August, sow any of the varieties. In October some of these may be planted in frames, to head in winter and early spring. One ounce is sufficient for 1,000 plants or 300 feet in rows. Sow 1/2 to 1 inch deep—if under glass, 1/4 inch. Always sow thinly and thin out well, or the plants will not be strong. The last spring sowing had better be grown where sown, being thinned out to 6 to 8 inches apart. Cos Lettuce may be sown in a hotbed early in the year and transplanted to a coldframe, so as to have good plants to set out at the opening of the ground. Lettuce requires good ground, enriched with thoroughly rotted manure, and well pulverized. The after-culture should be close and careful, to secure the best results. Lettuce seldom, if ever, heads well in hot weather. *All 5 cents per packet*



Thorburn's Big Boston Improved Lettuce

	Oz.	1/4lb.	Lb.
<b>American Gathering.</b> A decidedly crisp variety; strictly bunching. Leaves bright brown varying to bright green and very much blistered and crumpled. Large size; late-intermediate in development. . . . . 6020	\$0 15	\$0 45	\$1 25
<b>Australian Gathering.</b> A crisp bunching variety; large size; intermediate in development. Forms a well-blanched, dense cluster of leaves, more or less open; never cabbage-like. Leaves light green, crumpled and twisted. Very sweet. . . . . 6025	15	45	1 25
<b>Big Boston.</b> Strictly cabbage-heading; large; late-intermediate in development; fairly buttery flavor. Leaves broad, mostly smooth, very slightly blistered and crumpled. Light dull green, excepting extremely narrow light brown border. The heads are broad, slightly pointed and hard. Fine for forcing under glass. . . . . 6030	20	60	2 25
<b>Buttercup.</b> A cabbage-headed variety; small to medium in size; intermediate to late in development. The heads are globular in form. Leaves broad, slightly blistered and twisted. Color very light green. Fine for forcing under glass. . . . . 6040	15	50	1 50
<b>Brown Dutch.</b> A cabbage-heading variety; very buttery flavor; medium to large in size; late to intermediate in development. Head globular and firm. Leaves broad, fairly blistered and twisted. Color dull green, tinged with faint blotches. . . . . 6045	15	50	1 50
<b>California Cream Butter.</b> This is a strictly cabbage variety with a decidedly buttery flavor; large; late to intermediate in development. Head very firm, and globular in shape. Leaves slightly blistered and crumpled. Color dark, rich glossy green, distinctly spotted with deep brown. . . . . 6050	15	50	1 50
<b>Crisp as Ice.</b> Forms a slightly pointed head of small to medium size; decidedly buttery in flavor. Leaves broad, fairly blistered and twisted. Color a dark, almost solid brown in summer but bright green during spring. . . . . 6060	15	50	1 50
<b>Deacon.</b> Head large to medium in size; intermediate in development; globular or slightly flattened when fully developed. Flavor decidedly buttery; leaves broad, smooth, slightly blistered and crumpled. Color a peculiar light grayish green. . . . . 6070	15	50	1 50
<b>Denver Market.</b> A decidedly crisp variety; fairly cabbage-heading; large to medium in size; late to intermediate in development. Head oval, somewhat soft; leaves excessively blistered and crumpled and slightly twisted. Color very light green. Fine for forcing under glass. . . . . 6080	15	50	1 50
<b>Giant Crystal Head.</b> A crisp variety; large and late. Head globular, extremely hard. Leaves broad, fairly blistered, crumpled and twisted. Color light green, excepting faint brown on borders of leaves. . . . . 6100	15	50	1 50
<b>Golden Queen.</b> This is a strictly cabbage-heading variety with a buttery flavor; small to medium in size. Head somewhat pointed, well blanched. Leaves blistered, crumpled and twisted. Color beautiful rich, very light green, sometimes described as golden green. . . . . 6118	15	50	1 50
<b>Grand Rapids Forcing.</b> This is a bunching variety, decidedly crisp; early to intermediate in development. Forms a loose, rounded cluster of leaves close enough together for blanching to only a small extent. Leaves excessively blistered and crumpled and slightly twisted. Color very light green. Fine for forcing under glass. . . . . 6120	15	50	1 50

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**LETTUCE, continued**      *All 5 cents per packet*

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
<b>Hanson Improved.</b> This variety is strictly cabbage-heading and decidedly crisp; very large and very late. Head globular; extremely hard and well blanched. Leaves broad, fairly blistered, crumpled and twisted. Color very light green. . . . .	6140	\$0 15	\$0 50 \$1 50
<b>Hubbard Market.</b> This is a cabbage-heading Lettuce of decidedly buttery flavor, large to medium in size; early to intermediate in development. Head globular, very firm and well blanched. Leaves broad, slightly blistered, crumpled and twisted. Color medium green. Quality excellent. Fine for forcing under glass. . . . .	6160	20	60 2 00
<b>Iceberg.</b> It is a strictly cabbage variety; crisp rather than buttery; large and late. Head is globular, extremely hard and well blanched. Leaves are slightly blistered, crumpled and twisted. Color light green except faint brown borders. Very good quality. . . . .	6170	20	60 2 00
<b>Mammoth Black-seeded Butter.</b> This is a strictly cabbage-heading variety of a decidedly buttery flavor; large; intermediate in development. Head slightly oval, somewhat soft, well blanched. Leaves broad, much blistered and crumpled, and slightly twisted. Color light brown. Excellent quality. . . . .	6200	20	60 2 00
<b>Market-Gardeners' Private Stock, Thorburn.</b> A selected strain; solid, large heads, resisting the sun for a long time before shooting to seed. . . . .	6210	20	60 2 00
<b>Maximum.</b> A late-maturing sort with very large cabbage-head and a very buttery flavor. The head is globular or oval, firm and very well blanched. Leaves broad, fairly smooth, being only slightly blistered, crumpled and twisted. Color dull dark green freely spotted with dark brown. Quality to be recommended. . . . .	6220	20	60 2 00
<b>May King.</b> One of the best known and most popular varieties; fairly new; strictly cabbage-heading and a buttery flavor. The heads are small to medium in size. Leaves light green, slightly tinged with brown at edge. It is especially good for outdoor culture and fine for forcing under glass. . . . .	6230	15	50 1 50
<b>Mignonette.</b> A cabbage-heading variety; fairly crisp; size small to medium; early to intermediate in development. Head globular, extremely hard, very well blanched. Leaves broad, excessively blistered, crumpled and twisted. Color dull; very dark brown with dull dark green in less exposed parts. Quality is excellent, being exceedingly tender, crisp and sweet. . . . .	6240	20	60 2 00
<b>New York Cabbage.</b> This is a decidedly crisp variety, forming a very large cabbage-head of late maturity. Heads are globular or slightly oval, very hard and well blanched. Leaves broad, fairly blistered, crumpled and twisted. Color dark green. Quality very good, being sweet but never buttery in flavor. . . . .	6250	40	1 25 4 00
<b>Orchid.</b> This is a true buttery variety forming a small to medium size cabbage-head, and late to intermediate in development. Head globular, slightly firm but well blanched. Leaves broad, fairly blistered and crumpled, and slightly twisted. Color bright green thickly spotted with bright brown. Quality is good. Flavor buttery and very sweet. . . . .	6255	15	45 1 25
<b>Philadelphia Dutch Speckled Butter.</b> A variety of slight buttery flavor; fairly cabbage-heading; medium in size; early to intermediate in development. Plant is low growing; very flat at top, forming a solid, well-blanched head. Leaves are broad, crumpled, and twisted. Color medium green tinged with brown and spotted. . . . .	6275	15	45 1 25
<b>Prize Head.</b> A decidedly crisp variety, strictly bunching. Large; early to intermediate at time of attaining fullest development; not cabbage-like or solid, though, nevertheless, the inner part of the plant is well blanched. Leaves blistered and crumpled. Color light brown, varying to bright green toward center of the plant. Desirable for home garden. . . . .	6280	15	45 1 25
<b>Reichner's White Butter.</b> A decidedly butter variety; strictly cabbage-heading; medium size; matures early; plant very compact, forming a globular or slightly elongated, firm, well-balanced head. Leaves broad, fairly blistered and crumpled, color light green. Delicate and sweet. . . . .	6285	20	60 2 00
<b>Salamander Improved.</b> A most popular variety. It is strictly cabbage-heading, of a buttery flavor, and medium size. Color a medium green. Leaves slightly crumpled. Forms a good solid head. It does well under almost any weather and is a variety which we recommend for quality. . . . .	6300	15	50 1 50
<b>Shotwell Brownhead.</b> This forms a distinctly cabbage-head, medium in size and intermediate in development. Head is globular, firm, well blanched. Leaves fairly blistered, crumpled and twisted. Color a medium dull green, tinged throughout with faint dull brown. The quality is of the best; flavor decidedly buttery and sweet. . . . .	6310	15	50 1 50
<b>Early Curled Simpson.</b> This variety is decidedly crisp; strictly bunching; large to medium in size but intermediate in time of attaining fullest development. Plant is spreading, covering a rounded, well blanched, dense cluster of leaves. Never cabbage-like. Leaves broad, much blistered and crumpled and slightly twisted. Color very light green. Very sweet flavor. . . . .	6320	15	45 1 25
<b>Black-seeded Simpson.</b> A decidedly crisp variety; strictly bunching, sometimes tending to a cabbage-like growth; large; marketable early, but late attaining fullest development. It forms a firm, well-blanched, rounded cluster of leaves closely drawn together. Leaves broad, much blistered, crumpled and twisted. Color very light green. . . . .	6330	20	60 2 00

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**LETTUCE, continued** All 5 cents per packet

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
<b>Tennisball, White-seeded.</b> It is strictly cabbage-heading; small to medium in size; matures very early, and is of a decidedly buttery flavor. Head globular and well blanched. Leaves broad, blistered, crumpled and slightly twisted. Color dull medium green, sometimes brownish in distinct blotches. Quality excellent. Fine for forcing under glass. . . . .	6340 \$0 15	\$0 50	\$1 50
<b>Tennisball, Black-seeded.</b> A decidedly butter variety; cabbage-heading; large to medium in size; early to intermediate in development. Head globular, firm and well blanched. Leaves excessively blistered, crumpled and slightly twisted. Color light green. Quality excellent. Fine for forcing under glass. . . . .	6350 15	50	1 50
<b>Wayahead.</b> A cabbage-heading variety, buttery flavor; medium to small in size. Color dark green. Forms a very hard, compact head and does well under all conditions. This is a very popular variety. . . . .	6370 15	50	1 50
<b>White Summer Cabbage Lettuce.</b> A cabbage-heading variety. Heads large to medium in size; globular in form and very firm. It blanches very well and is of a decidedly buttery flavor. The leaves are slightly blistered, crumpled, and twisted. Color medium green. Quality excellent. . . . .	6390 15	50	1 50
<b>Wonderful.</b> A crisp, not a buttery variety; leaves fairly blistered, twisted and crumpled; color dark green. . . . .	6420 40	1 25	4 00

**ROMAINE, or COS LETTUCE**

All 5 cents per packet

<b>Bath Cos.</b> Pale green leaves, slightly tinged with brown. Outer leaves spreading, inner leaves well blanched, forming a soft globe-shaped head. Early and productive and of fine flavor; very hardy. . . . .	6440 15	50	1 75
<b>White Paris Cos.</b> Of upright growth; fine. Forms a well-blanched head decidedly loaf-shaped. Color pale green. . . . .	6450 15	50	1 75
<b>Trianon Cos.</b> Resists heat well. Very compact plant forming a loaf-shaped head round at the top; well blanched; firm. . . . .	6460 15	50	1 75
<b>Balloon Cos.</b> Fine sort. Closely resembles White Paris Cos, but larger. . . . .	6480 15	50	1 75

**MUSHROOM SPAWN**

BLANC DE CHAMPIGNON *Seta*

**CULTURE.**—Mushrooms may profitably be grown in cellars, under benches of green-houses, or in sheds, wherever the temperature of 50 degrees can be kept up through the winter. Because of the high quality of the Spawn now available, they may be grown at less risk and at more moderate cost than heretofore, taking this nutritious and delicate food out of the luxury class. The beds should be made from November to February, according to the time the Mushrooms are wanted, and it requires about two months for them to begin bearing. Secure fresh horse manure, and mix with an equal bulk of loam soil. Keep this under cover, taking care to turn it every day to prevent heating, watering enough to dampen but not drench. When the temperature has fallen to about 130 degrees it is ready to make into beds. Three to 4 feet wide,

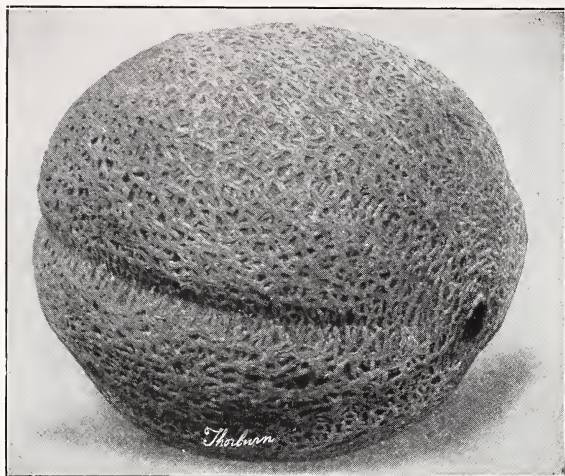


8 inches deep and any length desired are good proportions for a bed. Make the bed in layers, pounding down each with the back of the spade. Leave this to heat through for a few days, and as soon as the heat subsides to 75 degrees, make holes in the bed about a foot apart each way, and about 2 inches deep, into which put pieces of the spawn 2 or 3 inches in diameter; fill up the holes with the compost, and at the expiration of a week or ten days the spawn will have thoroughly diffused itself through the bed. A brick will plant about 10 square feet of bed space. Spread a layer of fresh soil over the heap to the depth of 2 inches and cover with 3 or 4 inches of hay, straw or litter, removing the litter when buds appear. If the beds get dry, moisten with water at about 100 degrees temperature. Every other day is a fair interval for picking, care being taken not to disturb any nearby.

From our experience with English, French, and American Spawn, we find there is an important difference between them. If the manure in the bed is in proper condition, the French Spawn will take hold and grow fully as well as the other two, but, if the bed is not in the right state, it will often rot. The American and English Spawns, on the contrary, after starting a little, will remain in a comparatively dormant state for a long time without losing their vitality. We do not expect any French Spawn this season.

If by mail, add postage

	Per Brick	25 Bricks	100 Bricks
<b>American Pure-Culture Spawn.</b> Direct bricks; latest strain. Weight about 1 pound each. . . . .	6630 \$0 35	\$8 00	\$30 00
<b>English Spawn.</b> In bricks. About 1½ pounds each. . . . .	6635 25	6 00	20 00



Eden Gem Muskmelon

## MUSKMELON (Cantaloup)

MELON MUSCADE *Melon Muscatel*

**CULTURE.**—Select a light, rich, sandy soil, and, after all danger of frosts is over and the ground has become warm and dry, plant in hills 4 to 6 feet apart each way, six to twelve seeds to a hill. When up and all danger of insects has passed, pull out all but three plants. Cultivate until the vines cover the ground, and pinch the ends of the growing shoots to induce early fruiting. Ashes, lime, or even dry road-dust, are excellent to sift over young plants when the dew is on, to prevent the attacks of insects. For sucking insects, use kerosene emulsion. A few hills for early use may be had by sowing in hotbeds, on pieces of sod or in pots. The seed may also be started out-of-doors under hand-frames or glasses. It is quite important that proper soil be selected for growing Muskmelons. The hills should have a mixture of well-rotted manure and a fertilizer

fairly strong in potash and phosphoric acid dug into them. Or the center of the hill may be removed and a bushel of compost spaded in, covering with a few inches of earth. The melon-patch should be cultivated regularly after each rain and all weeds removed.

All 5 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise

### SALMON- AND YELLOW-FLESHED VARIETIES

	Oz.	1/4lb.	Lb.
<b>Burrell's Gem, or Defender.</b> Reddish orange flesh; fine-grained and spicy; dark green skin, slightly ribbed; thin rind; good shipper.....	\$0 20	\$0 60	\$2 00
<b>Emerald Gem.</b> Small nearly round; slightly ribbed; extra early; dark green skin, thick, salmon-red flesh; very sweet.....	20	60	2 00
<b>Long Yellow Cantaloup.</b> Yellow flesh; late.....	20	60	2 00
<b>Osage.</b> Coconut-shaped; salmon flesh; dark green, netted skin.....	20	60	2 00
<b>Paul Rose.</b> Handsome oval variety; rich orange flesh; very sweet.....	20	60	2 00
<b>Surprise.</b> Oblong; rich orange flesh of fine quality; early.....	20	60	2 25
<b>Fordhook.</b> Firm, salmon-colored flesh; small seed cavity; vigorous grower....	20	60	2 00
<b>Nutmeg Tip-Top.</b> An improved strain; very sweet salmon flesh.....	20	60	2 00
<b>Rocky Ford. Pollock No. 25.</b> One of the best salmon-fleshed Melons; rust resistant; good keeper and shipper.....	25	75	2 50
<b>Thorburn's Orange Christiana.</b> Fine orange sort. Round, very sweet, and very early.....	20	60	2 00
<b>Yellow-meated Japan.</b> .....	20	60	2 25

### GREEN-FLESHED VARIETIES

<b>Baltimore Market.</b> Oval; green flesh of fine quality; intermediate.....	20	60	2 00
<b>Bay View Hybrid.</b> Prolific; very large; oblong; late; light-green flesh.....	20	60	2 00
<b>Hybrid Casaba.</b> A vigorous grower and an enormous yielder; produces melons of large size and unsurpassed flavor; skin is green until fruits begin to ripen, when it turns to a light yellow; white flesh, rich and luscious and from 2 to 3 inches thick. Splendid for warm climates.....	40	1 25	4 00
<b>Champion Market.</b> Large, slightly elongated; netted; flesh light green; early..	20	60	2 25
<b>Eden Gem.</b> The popular shipping melon at Rocky Ford. Flesh deep green, very solid and firm; skin heavily netted.....	20	60	1 75
<b>Egyptian Deity (Persian Delight).</b> Round; flesh whitish green and surpassingly luscious in flavor, very juicy; rind thin and smooth; excellent for warm climates.....	25	75	2 50
<b>Gold-lined Rocky Ford.</b> Delicious; flesh thick, fine grained and sweet; color green, with a gold margin next to the seed-cavity; slightly oval and heavily netted..	20	60	2 00
<b>Hackensack.</b> Large, round, and of good quality; a popular variety; early....	20	60	2 00
<b>Hackensack Extra-Early.</b> Ripens ten days earlier than the Hackensack; well adapted to short-season localities.....	20	60	2 00
<b>Honey Dew.</b> New. Large, round, light-colored melon; delicious, rich green flesh; sweet as honey; requires long growing season.....	25	75	2 50

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**MUSKMELON, continued**

*All 5 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise*

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.	
<b>Jenny Lind.</b> Old favorite. Small; green-fleshed; very early; good quality. . . . .	6940	\$0 20	\$0 60	\$2 25
<b>Long Island Beauty.</b> On style of Hackensack. The earliest and finest in quality, and the most beautiful of all Muskmelons . . . . .	6950	20	60	2 25
<b>Montreal Green.</b> Large, round; netted; flesh thick and light green; late. . . . .	6970	20	60	2 25
	pkt. 10 cts. . . . .			
<b>Netted Gem, Round.</b> Very early; small and of fine flavor; green flesh. . . . .	6980	20	60	2 00
<b>Netted Gem, Oblong.</b> Same as above, save in shape. . . . .	6990	20	60	2 00
<b>Netted Rock.</b> Produces melons of uniform standard size, covered with a beautiful grey lace-like netting; flesh green, with delicate pink around the small seed cavity; sweet and superb flavor. . . . .	6995	20	60	2 00
<b>Nutmeg.</b> Sweet, green flesh; very early; named from its shape. . . . .	7000	20	60	2 00
<b>Rocky Ford.</b> Improved Netted Gem; very sweet and fine flavored; oblong. . . . .	7010	20	60	2 00
<b>Skillman's Netted Gem.</b> Oval shape; large; early; sweet and highly perfumed. . . . .	7030	25	75	2 50
<b>Winter Pineapple.</b> An extraordinary melon; can be kept in splendid condition for months after being pulled. For the South only. . . . .	7140	20	60	2 00

**MISCELLANEOUS MUSKMELONS**

*All 5 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise*

<b>Banana Citron.</b> Cucumber-shaped; highly perfumed; late. . . . .	7110	20	60	2 00
<b>Mango Melon, (Vine Orange).</b> Size, shape, and color of an orange; fine for preserving or for pickling. . . . .	7120	30	85	3 00
	pkt. 10 cts. . . . .			
<b>Vine Peach.</b> Color of a peach; fine for preserving or for pickling. . . . .	7135	30	85	3 00

**WATERMELON**

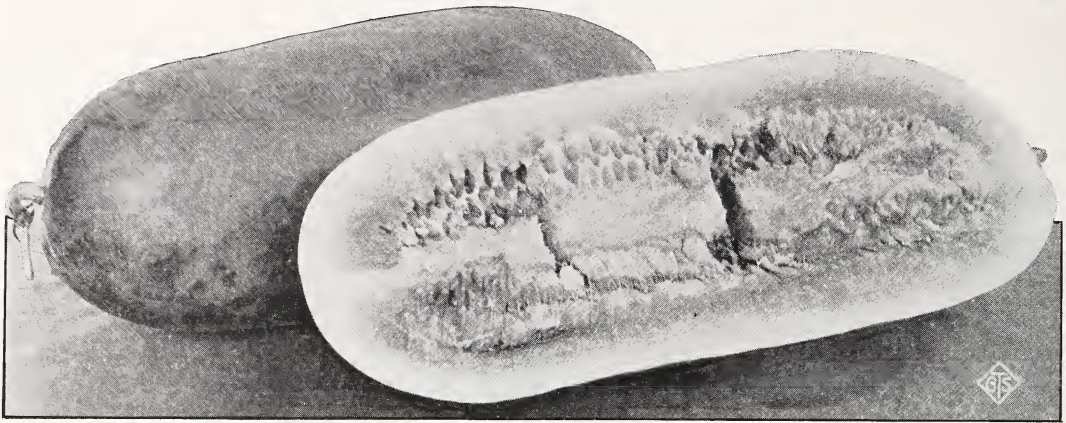
MELON D'EAU *Zandia*

**CULTURE.**—Treat the same as muskmelons, except that they should be planted 8 to 10 feet apart, according to variety. Light soil is best. Start under glass if possible. Do not allow more than three melons to set on each plant.

*All 5 cents per packet*

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.	
<b>Alabama Sweet.</b> Dark green; tender red flesh; long. Fine shipper. . . . .	7410	\$0 15	\$0 40	\$1 25
<b>Black Diamond.</b> Dark green, tough skin; large size. Round. Average weight 30 pounds. . . . .	7430	15	40	1 25
<b>Black Spanish.</b> Roundish; nearly black; dark red flesh; early; good shipper; hardy; productive. . . . .	7440	15	40	1 25
<b>Boss.</b> Oblong; dark green; flesh deep scarlet; rind thin; intermediate. . . . .	7450	15	40	1 25
<b>Iceberg, or Blue Gem.</b> Bright red flesh; oval; fine shipper . . . . .	7460	15	50	1 50
<b>Bradford.</b> Long and of dark color; red flesh, sweet and tender. . . . .	7480	15	40	1 25
<b>Cole's Early.</b> Medium size; red flesh; green skin; roundish, oval; best for northern home gardens. . . . .	7490	15	40	1 25
<b>Cuban Queen.</b> Solid and heavy; skin marked regularly; excellent; early; oval. . . . .	7500	15	40	1 25
<b>Dixie.</b> Excellent quality; very large and solid; red flesh; intermediate; long. . . . .	7510	15	40	1 25
<b>Early Fordhook.</b> Extra early; good size; green skin; red flesh; oval. . . . .	7530	15	40	1 25
<b>Florida Favorite.</b> A superior strain; oblong; red flesh; early. . . . .	7540	15	40	1 25
<b>Golden Honey.</b> Oblong; flesh golden shade; very tender and delicious; rind light green with mottled stripes. . . . .	7547	15	40	1 25
<b>Halbert's Honey.</b> Dark, glossy green skin; flesh crimson, luscious and sweet. Strong, vigorous grower and free fruiter; long. Fine for northern states. . . . .	7550	15	40	1 25
<b>Hungarian Honey.</b> A very early sort; fine for northern latitudes; perfectly round; brilliant red flesh. . . . .	7560	20	60	1 75
<b>Ice Cream, or Peerless.</b> Very early; red flesh; oval; seed white. . . . .	7570	15	40	1 25
<b>Icing, Dark.</b> Solid; dark green skin; red flesh of superior quality; white seed; early; nearly round. . . . .	7580	15	40	1 25
<b>Icing, Light.</b> Round; pink flesh of fine quality. . . . .	7590	15	40	1 25
<b>Irish Grey.</b> A distinct and valuable melon; wonderfully productive. Long, thick, and uniform; color of rind yellowish grey; flesh sparkling bright red, sweet and very firm and compact. One of the best shippers. . . . .	7595	15	40	1 25
<b>Jordan Gray Monarch.</b> Largest grown; crimson flesh; late; long. . . . .	7600	15	40	1 25
<b>Kleckley Sweets.</b> Exceedingly sweet and fine flavored; dark green skin; thin rind; flesh scarlet, solid, and firm; long. . . . .	7610	15	50	1 50
<b>Kolb Gem.</b> Large; good shipper; bright red flesh; intermediate; oval. . . . .	7620	15	40	1 25
<b>Mammoth Ironclad.</b> Long; very large; late; red flesh; good shipper. . . . .	7630	15	40	1 25
<b>Mclver's Wonderful Sugar.</b> Oblong; handsome and very sweet. . . . .	7645	15	40	1 25
<b>Mountain Sweet.</b> Red flesh; late; dark green; long, tapers to stem end. . . . .	7650	15	40	1 25

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Tom Watson Watermelon

**WATERMELON, continued**

All 5 cents per packet

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
<b>Phinney, Early.</b> Oblong; fine quality; large; solid; red flesh.....	7660 \$0 10	\$0 30	\$1 00
<b>Rattlesnake, Southern.</b> Oblong; dark and striped; bright red flesh; late....	7680 15	40	1 25
<b>Sugar Stick.</b> Light green; oblong; luscious rich red flesh; strong grower.....	7700 15	40	1 25
<b>Sweetheart.</b> Oval; very large; bright skin; fine quality.....	7720 15	40	1 25
<b>Tom Watson.</b> Produces melons 16 to 22 inches long and 8 to 10 inches in diameter. The dark green rind is thin but tough; stands shipping well. The flesh is deep red, crisp and melting and of finest flavor.....	7724 15	50	1 50
<b>Citron, Green Seed.</b> Used for preserves.....	7750 15	40	1 25
<b>Citron, Red Seed.</b> Round and handsome; for preserving.....	7760 15	40	1 25

**MUSTARD**

MOUTARDE *Mostaza*

CULTURE.—Sow thickly during early spring in shallow drills, and press the earth well down. For fall salad, sow in September, or in frames or boxes during winter. Needs to be gathered before it goes to seed.

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
<b>Black.</b> These seeds form the mustard of commerce.....	7800 \$0 10	\$0 30	\$1 00
<b>Chinese Broad-leaved.</b> Leaves of agreeable flavor when cooked like spinach.....	7803 10	25	75
<b>Fordhook Fancy.</b> Very ornamental; plants of vigorous growth; leaves dark green, curved outwardly. If used as a vegetable, cook like spinach.....	7810 10	30	1 00
<b>Giant Southern Curled.</b> Very large leaves. In the South it is sown in the fall and used for salad in the spring.....	7815 10	25	75
<b>Ostrich Plume.</b> Leaves curled and frilled like an ostrich plume.....	7820 10	25	75
<b>White London.</b> Leaves used for salads while young; grows very rapidly.....	7825 10	30	1 00

**NASTURTIUM**

CAPUCINE *Maraneula*

CULTURE.—Sow as soon as all danger of frost is past, in drills about an inch deep. The tall kinds require fences or poles on which to climb. The seeds are used in flavoring pickles, or as a substitute for capers.

All 5 cents per packet

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
<b>Tall Mixed</b> .....	7920 \$0 15	\$0 50	\$1 50
<b>Dwarf Mixed</b> .....	7930 20	60	2 00

**OKRA, or GUMBO**

GOMBAUD *Quimbombo*

CULTURE.—Sow late in the spring, after the ground has become warm, in drills 3 feet apart, where the plants are to remain. Thin out to from 9 to 12 inches. They should be well manured. They may also be raised in pots or a hotbed, and transplanted. Good for stews, salads, and soups. For keeping, they should be picked while small and tender. Should be picked usually in less than two days after the blossoms have fallen. Do not leave until the pods have become hard and stringy.

All 5 cents per packet

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
<b>Long Green.</b> Very productive; moderately long green pods.....	8020 \$0 10	\$0 30	\$1 00
<b>White Velvet.</b> Tender, long, white pods; smooth and velvety in appearance.....	8030 10	30	1 00
<b>Dwarf Green Prolific.</b> Short, thick pods; early.....	8040 10	30	1 00
<b>Perkins' Mammoth.</b> Fine strain; very long pods.....	8050 10	30	1 00



OIGNON

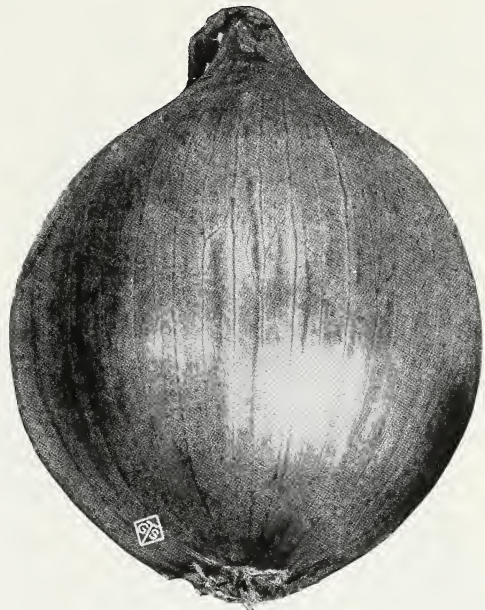
**ONION**

*Cebolla*

CULTURE.—Sow in rich, sandy soil, in drills 1 foot apart, as soon as the ground can be worked in spring, at the rate of 4 to 5 pounds to the acre, or 1 ounce to 100 feet of drill. Thin to 3 to 4 inches, using the rake and hoe frequently to keep down the weeds. The finest Onions are produced by the new method of sowing the seed in hotbed in February and March and transplanting the seedlings to the open ground. Against the coming of the Onion Maggot scatter tobacco dust about the bases of plants. For thrips use kerosene emulsion. As disease is hard to control, it is best to destroy all plants attacked.

All 10 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
<b>White Early Barletta.</b> A small white Italian sort; very early; root flat on top, conical on bottom. . . . . 8320	\$0 40	\$1 25	\$4 00
“ <b>Queen.</b> Pure white; small, flat; extra early; fine for pickling. . . . . 8330	40	1 25	4 00
“ <b>Very White Pearl.</b> Extra-early; round; very white; fine flavor. . . . . 8334	40	1 25	4 00
“ <b>Victoria.</b> White and globular. . . . . 8350	40	1 25	4 00
“ <b>Large Portugal.</b> The standard large flat sort of the New York markets. . . . . 8360	30	85	3 00
“ <b>Large Globe.</b> (Southport Strain.) Very large and handsome. . . . . 8370	35	1 00	3 50
“ <b>Mammoth Garganus (Silver King).</b> Large silvery white. Italian. . . . . 8380	40	1 25	4 00
“ <b>Maggiajola.</b> Early; white; flat; large. . . . . 8385	40	1 25	4 00
“ <b>Paris Silverskin.</b> Early; flat; good keeper . . . . . 8390	40	1 25	4 00
“ <b>Bermuda, White or Yellow</b> (Teneriffe-grown) . . . . . 8400	50	1 75	5 00
“ <b>Bermuda (True Crystal Wax).</b> (Teneriffe-grown.) pkt. 15 cts. . . . . 8410	50	1 75	5 50
“ <b>Tripoli (El Paso; Mexican).</b> Large white Italian variety. . . . . 8420	\$0 40	\$1 25	\$4 00
“ <b>Bunching (Italian Silverskin)</b> . . . . . 8430	40	1 25	4 00
“ <b>Marvel of Pompeii.</b> Small Italian sort; two weeks earlier than Barletta. . . . . 8440	40	1 25	4 00
“ <b>Welsh.</b> The leaves are used for salad early in spring. Sow in fall. Pkt. 15c. . . . . 8520	40	1 25	4 00
<b>Yellow Danvers.</b> A standard sort; early and a good keeper; slightly flattened. . . . . 8540	25	75	2 50
“ <b>Globe Danvers.</b> Of more globular shape; keeps well; small neck. . . . . 8550	30	85	3 00
“ <b>Globe, Large.</b> (Southport Strain.) The finest large yellow. . . . . 8560	30	85	3 00
“ <b>Globe, Michigan.</b> Fine keeper. . . . . 8564	30	85	3 00
“ <b>Globe, Australian.</b> . . . . 8565	30	85	3 00
“ <b>Prizetaker.</b> Immense size; globe-shaped; small neck; large yielder. . . . . 8570	35	1 00	3 50
“ <b>Denia.</b> Imported from Spain. It is conceded that this is the parent type of the well-known Prizetaker, of which, however, it is a far superior strain. . . . . 8574	75	2 00	7 50
“ <b>Rocca, Giant.</b> Pale yellow. . . . . 8576	40	1 25	4 00
“ <b>Strasburg, or Dutch.</b> Fine keeper; flat; yellow skin; white flesh . . . . . 8580	30	85	3 00
“ <b>Ailsa Craig.</b> A splendid Yellow Globe variety; grown largely for exhibition purposes. A great forcer. . . . . pkt. 15 cts. . . . . 8600	40	1 50	4 50
<b>Red Australian Brown.</b> Medium size; hard; solid; very early. . . . . 8700	30	85	3 00
“ <b>Bermuda.</b> (Teneriffe-grown.) . . . . . 8710	50	1 75	5 00
“ <b>Wethersfield, Large.</b> Half-early, and a good keeper; large size. . . . . 8720	30	85	3 00
“ <b>Globe, Large.</b> (Southport Strain.) The finest large red sort. . . . . 8730	40	1 25	4 00
“ <b>Flat, Early.</b> Bulbs quickly, but a poor keeper. . . . . 8750	30	85	3 00
“ <b>Globe, Early.</b> . . . . . 8760	40	1 25	4 00



Yellow Globe Danvers Onion

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
“ <b>Tripoli (El Paso; Mexican).</b> Large white Italian variety. . . . . 8420	\$0 40	\$1 25	\$4 00
“ <b>Bunching (Italian Silverskin)</b> . . . . . 8430	40	1 25	4 00
“ <b>Marvel of Pompeii.</b> Small Italian sort; two weeks earlier than Barletta. . . . . 8440	40	1 25	4 00
“ <b>Welsh.</b> The leaves are used for salad early in spring. Sow in fall. Pkt. 15c. . . . . 8520	40	1 25	4 00
<b>Yellow Danvers.</b> A standard sort; early and a good keeper; slightly flattened. . . . . 8540	25	75	2 50
“ <b>Globe Danvers.</b> Of more globular shape; keeps well; small neck. . . . . 8550	30	85	3 00
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“ <b>Denia.</b> Imported from Spain. It is conceded that this is the parent type of the well-known Prizetaker, of which, however, it is a far superior strain. . . . . 8574	75	2 00	7 50
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<b>Red Australian Brown.</b> Medium size; hard; solid; very early. . . . . 8700	30	85	3 00
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“ <b>Flat, Early.</b> Bulbs quickly, but a poor keeper. . . . . 8750	30	85	3 00
“ <b>Globe, Early.</b> . . . . . 8760	40	1 25	4 00

**ONION SETS**

Plant in drills about 12 inches apart and 4 inches in the row, with their tops just showing. Give high culture.

	Lb.
<b>Yellow Onion Sets</b> . . . . .	\$0 30
<b>White Onion Sets</b> . . . . .	35
<b>Red Onion Sets</b> . . . . .	30

ALLIUM SCHÖENOPRASUM

**CHIVES**

*Cebollino*

A perennial plant the leaves of which are used in soups and salads. It grows 6 to 8 inches high, making a dense mat, forming an attractive permanent edging. Sow early in the spring. . . . . Pkt. 25c., oz. \$1.

## PARSLEY

PERSIL *Perijil*

**CULTURE.**—Soak the seeds a few hours in lukewarm water, and sow early in spring and until the middle of July, in drills 1 foot apart. Have the soil thoroughly pulverized, and, after sowing the seed, pat it down lightly with the spade. Thin out the plants to 4 inches. To preserve in winter, transplant to a light cellar or coldframe. No. 8870 should be thinned out while young, and managed in after cultivation the same as carrots and parsnips. The roots are edible either raw or cooked.

All 5 cents per packet

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
<b>Thorburn's Extra Curled.</b> Superior.....	.8850 \$0 15	\$0 50	\$1 50
<b>Thorburn's Champion Moss Curled.</b> Pretty; nice for garnishing.....	.8855 15	50	1 50
<b>Plain.</b> The ordinary form.....	.8865 15	50	1 50
<b>Hamburg, Thick-rooted.</b> Roots resemble Celeriac in flavor.....	.8870 20	60	1 75

## PANAIS PARSNIP *Chirivia*

**CULTURE.**—Sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked, in rich soil, free from large stones and without lumps, in drills 18 inches apart. The ground should be well and deeply dug. Thin to 6 or 8 inches in the rows. Hoe and cultivate often to keep down weeds.

All 5 cents per packet

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
<b>Thorburn's Hollow-Crown.</b> A market-gardener's strain.....	.8890 \$0 15	\$0 50	\$1 50
<b>Improved Turnip-rooted or Early Round.</b> .....	.8895 15	50	1 50
<b>Guernsey.</b> Good quality.....	.8896 15	50	1 50
<b>Long Smooth White.</b> A standard variety.....	.8898 15	50	1 50

## POIS PEAS *Chicharos o Guisantes*

**CULTURE.**—A week may be gained in earliness by sowing a quantity in moist sand placed in a box in the cellar, and planting outside when well sprouted. Light, dry soil, not over-rich, suits the Pea. Sow as early as the ground can be worked, and again every 10 days for succession. To hasten germination, soak seeds over night. Peas are a leguminous plant which increase the nitrogen content of the soil. To insure a good "catch" we recommend the use of the bacteria cultures mentioned on page 58. Peas may be sown in this vicinity as late as August 20. Medium and Late Peas must be planted early; Extra-Earlies may be planted again in August. Sow in single or double rows, from 4 to 6 feet apart, according to the different heights, about an inch apart in the row (except such sorts as we note to sow thinly), and 3 inches deep, 2 pounds to 100 feet of drill. In this climate, the O'Rourke Pea, if planted from the 10th to the last of August, will produce a fair crop for fall picking, when Peas will be most acceptable. Hoe often and keep the ground clean and fine. As Peas suffer in drought, moisture should be conserved by good cultivation. They should also be planted deep, especially the later crops. For this purpose furrow out to 6 inches

in depth and cover the seed to only 2 or 3 inches. As the plants grow, fill up the furrow, gradually while cultivating. The tall sorts can be made to bear more freely by pinching in. The dwarf varieties may be grown in beds like bush beans, with rows about the same distance apart. The holes which are sometimes found in Peas are caused by the Pea weevil (*Bruchus pisi*). The beetles lay their eggs on the young pods, and the larvæ as soon as hatched make their way through the pods and into the nearest Peas. As a preventive pick the pods as soon as fully ripe and dry, and heat the shelled Peas for an hour to about 145 degrees. If the new aphid attacks the Peas, spray vines every day with clear water of the same temperature as the atmosphere.

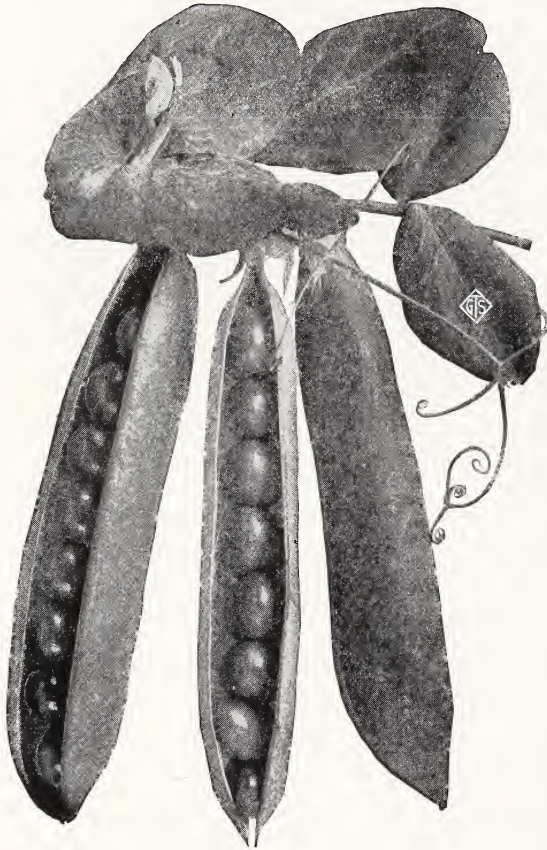
Those marked with a star (\*) are wrinkled marrows, and, unless otherwise stated, should be sown thicker than the round Peas and not until the ground has become warm, as they are more liable to rot. They are the finest flavored of all Peas. Those marked thus (†) are large-podded sorts.

We supply packets of Peas at 15 cts. each, postpaid; other quantities not prepaid. Add postage at the zone rates

## EXTRA-EARLY PEAS

	Height in feet	Lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.
<b>Thorburn Extra-Early Market.</b> Our standard market-garden extra-early Pea; productive and profitable to grow.....	.8900 2½	\$0 40	\$0 75	\$1 75
<b>Daniel O'Rourke, Improved.</b> Extra early; favorite sort.....	.8910 2½	40	75	1 75
<b>First-of-All.</b> First-class selected strain of extra-earlies.....	.8920 2½	40	75	1 75

We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound



Gradus Peas



**EXTRA-EARLY PEAS, continued**

	Height in feet	Lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.
<b>Pedigree.</b> Extra early; vigorous and prolific. . . . .	.8922	2½ \$0 40	\$0 75	\$1 75
<b>Alaska.</b> One of the very earliest blue Peas; quite productive. . . . .	.8930	2½	40	75 1 75
*† <b>Thomas Laxton.</b> A cross between Gradus and one of the extra-early sorts. Ripens within a day or two of the earliest round varieties; very productive. The pods are large and contain 7 to 8 large wrinkled Peas of the finest flavor. . . . .	.8940	3	60	I 10 2 50
*† <b>Gradus,</b> also called <b>Prosperity.</b> One of the finest extra-early Peas. Ready to pick about four days after 8900. Pods very large, filled with large wrinkled Peas of finest quality. . . . .	.8950	3	60	I 10 2 50
<b>Ameer</b> (Claudit). Finest quality; exceedingly productive. . . . .	.8970	2½	45	85 2 00
* <b>American Wonder.</b> Early and productive; fine quality. . . . .	.8980	I	45	85 2 00
* <b>Sutton's Excelsior.</b> As early as American Wonder, with much broader pods, filled with large Peas of finest flavor; very prolific; one of the finest dwarf Peas in cultivation. . . . .	.8990	I	60	I 10 2 50
* <b>Nott's Excelsior.</b> Splendid early wrinkled sort; very prolific. . . . .	.9000	I	55	I 00 2 20
<b>Premium Gem.</b> Early; straight pods; well filled. . . . .	.9010	I	45	85 2 00
* <b>Little Gem.</b> Early; straight pods. . . . .	.9020	1½	45	75 1 80
* <b>Little Marvel.</b> Early; prolific; large pods . . . . .	.9030	2	60	I 10 2 50
*† <b>Laxtonian.</b> Very large, dark green, curved pods and Peas of finest flavor; great yielder; very early. . . . .	.9040	2	60	I 10 2 50
* <b>World's Record.</b> Large-podded Pea of fine quality; very early. . . . .	.9050	4	60	I 10 2 50

**EARLY AND MEDIUM PEAS**

* <b>Advancer.</b> A fine standard sort of excellent quality. . . . .	.9130	2½	40	75 1 75
* <b>Abundance.</b> Long, round, well-filled pods. Sow thinly. . . . .	.9160	3	40	75 1 75
* <b>Horsford's Market-Garden.</b> On the style of Advancer; prolific. . . . .	.9170	2½	40	75 1 75
<b>Everbearing.</b> Long pods; large Peas; sow thinly. . . . .	.9180	2½	40	75 1 80
† <b>Pride of the Market.</b> Very large pods; green Peas. Sow thinly. . . . .	.9190	2	60	I 10 2 50
* <b>Champion of England.</b> A well-known standard sort. Sow thickly. . . . .	.9200	5	45	85 1 90
* <b>Dwarf Champion</b> (Juno). A dwarf form of the popular Champion of England, with large pods; very productive; finest quality. . . . .	.9210	2	40	75 1 80
*† <b>Duke of Albany</b> (American Champion). Immense pods on style of Telephone; very superior. . . . .	.9220	5	60	I 10 2 50

**MAIN- AND LATE-CROP PEAS**

*† <b>Admiral Dewey.</b> (Alderman.) Enormous pods; large wrinkled Peas of fine flavor; very productive. . . . .	.9400	4	60	I 10 2 50
*† <b>Stratagem.</b> Very large pods; Peas of finest quality. . . . .	.9420	2	60	I 10 2 50
*† <b>Potlatch.</b> A large-podded Pea; fine. . . . .	.9430	2	60	I 10 2 50
† <b>Telegraph.</b> Large pods and Peas. . . . .	.9440	4	45	85 2 00
*† <b>Telephone.</b> Enormous pods and Peas of best quality. . . . .	.9450	4	60	I 10 2 50
<b>Boston Unrivaled.</b> Large pod; prolific; suitable for light soil. . . . .	.9455	4½	60	I 10 2 50
<b>Late White Marrowfat.</b> Very hardy and prolific. . . . .	.9460	4	40	75 1 75
<b>Late Black-eyed Marrowfat.</b> Very hardy and prolific. . . . .	.9470	3	40	75 1 75

**SUGAR PEAS (Edible Pods)**

Sugar Peas have edible pods which are eaten when young.

<b>Mammoth-podded Sugar.</b> Immense pods. . . . .	.9540	5	60	I 10 2 50
<b>Mammoth Melting.</b> . . . . .	.9560	4	60	I 10 2 50

PIMENT **PEPPER** *Pimiento*

**CULTURE.**—Sow in hotbeds in March and, when the soil has become warm, set in rows 2 feet apart and 18 inches in the rows. Hoe frequently. The plants may also be forwarded in small pots. The soil should be light, warm, and rich, but not dry. One ounce will produce 1,500 to 2,000 plants. In case of frost give cover—or if the vines bend and the fruit is likely to be soiled, give support.

*All 15 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise*

<b>Bell, Large.</b> Bright red; largely used for pickling. It is of such mild flavor that it may be eaten as a vegetable. . . . .	.9650	Oz. \$0 75
<b>CHINESE GIANT.</b> Very large; flesh very mild and thick; bright scarlet color. . . . .	.9660	I 00
<b>Cayenne Long Red.</b> Slender pods; 3 inches; pungent. . . . .	.9670	pkt. 10 cts. 60
<b>Celestial.</b> At first fruit is yellow, but when matured is a deep scarlet. . . . .	.9680	I 00
<b>Golden Queen.</b> Large fruits; rich yellow color; sweet. . . . .	.9700	I 00
<b>Monstrous, Sweet.</b> Very large and of mild flavor; for use when green. . . . .	.9710	75
<b>Hercules.</b> Large; yellow; upright. . . . .	.9715	I 00

*We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound*



Chinese Giant Pepper (see page 33)

**PEPPER, continued**

All 15 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise

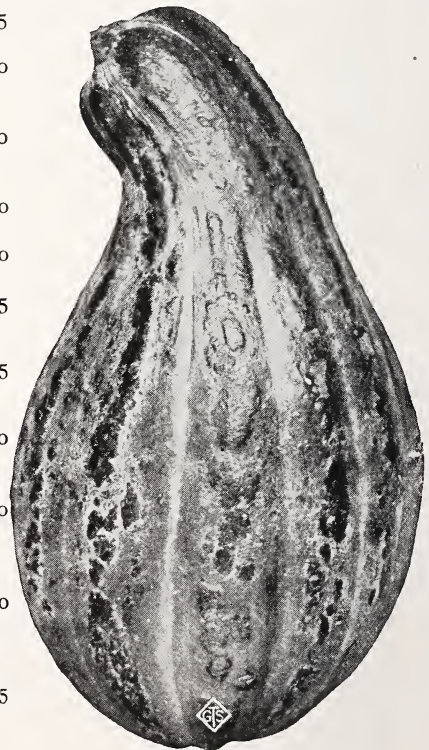
- Perfection Sweet.** A very sweet Pepper, piquant flavor, not fiery; medium size; thick-skinned and of brilliant scarlet; top-shaped. . . . . 9725 \$0 75
- Red Cherry.** Cherry-shaped; used for pickles; very hot. . . . . pkt. 10 cts. . . . . 9740 60
- Red Chili.** Productive; small; red and very pungent. . . . . 9750 75
- Royal King.** Similar but greatly superior to Ruby King. Flesh very thick, mild, and sweet; fine shipper. . . . . 9755 75
- Ruby Giant.** Large, desirable shape for stuffing; mild and delicate. . . . . 9764 1 00
- Ruby King.** Bright red; 4 to 6 inches long; mild; best for stuffing. . . . . 9770 1 00
- Squash, Large, or Tomato.** Productive; for pickles. . . . . pkt. 10 cts. . . . . 9780 60
- Sweet Spanish.** Large; mild; used for salad. . . . . pkt. 10 cts., ¼lb. \$1.75, lb. \$6. . . . . 9800 60
- Tabasco.** Bush 3 feet high; small, long, bright red fruit in clusters; very hot; best for pepper sauce and pickling. . . . . 9810 1 00

POTIRON **PUMPKIN** *Calabaza*

**CULTURE.**—Any average garden soil will do. May be planted middle of spring, among the Indian corn or in the field or garden, in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way, 4 seeds in a hill. Spade into the hills a bushel or more of compost, and a double handful of good commercial fertilizer. In other respects is cultivated in same manner as melons and cucumbers. Avoid planting near other vines. Sow seeds about 1 inch deep, 1 ounce for 30 hills. If the largest possible fruit is wanted, allow but one to set on a plant, pinching off all others.

All 5 cents per packet

- |  | Oz.    | ¼lb.   | Lb.    |
|--|--------|--------|--------|
| <b>Large Cheese.</b> Flat; one of the best varieties for family use. . . . . 10150   | \$0 15 |        | \$1 50 |
| <b>Early Sugar.</b> Fine-grained, sweet and prolific; small; yellow. Flattened or slightly ribbed; one of the best for Pies. . . . . 10170                       | 15     | 50     | 1 75   |
| <b>Golden Oblong.</b> Orange skin; light yellow flesh; fine quality; good keeper. . . . . 10200  | \$0 15 | \$0 50 | \$1 75 |
| <b>Cushaw Striped.</b> A splendid striped crook-neck variety. . . . . 10220  | 20     | 60     | 2 00   |
| <b>Cushaw White, or Jonathan.</b> A white crookneck variety of excellent quality; fine for pies. . . . . 10224   | 20     | 60     | 2 00   |
| <b>Cushaw Mammoth Golden.</b> A golden yellow variety of excellent quality; fine for pies. . . . . 10225   | 20     | 60     | 2 00   |
| <b>Tennessee Sweet Potato.</b> Very large; bell-shaped; thick white flesh; fine for pies. 10230  | 20     | 60     | 2 00   |
| <b>Calhoun.</b> Very superior quality; yellow flesh; medium size; fine for pies. . . . . 10240   | 15     | 50     | 1 75   |
| <b>Japanese Pie.</b> Early; dark green; flesh yellow. Similar in size and form to the well-known Cushaw. . . . . 10246   | 15     | 50     | 1 75   |
| <b>Mammoth King.</b> Salmon-orange skin; very thick bright yellow flesh; fine grained and tender. Grows to an enormous size. . 10260                             | 25     | 75     | 2 50   |
| <b>Mammoth Tours.</b> Very large, oval; deeply ribbed; skin greenish yellow; flesh thick and deep yellow. . . . . 10270  | 20     | 60     | 2 00   |
| <b>Quaker Pie.</b> Bell-shaped, slightly crooked; very large; yellow, mottled green; yellow flesh; very prolific and a good keeper; fine for pies. . . . . 10280 | 20     | 60     | 2 00   |
| <b>Winter Luxury.</b> Medium size, nearly round; russet yellow; very thick light yellow flesh. A fine keeper and one of the best for pies. . . . . 10290         | 15     | 50     | 1 75   |
| <b>Connecticut Field.</b> Very large, oval, flattened ends; red; deep yellow skin and flesh. Grown in cornfields for stock. . . . . 10300                        | 15     | 50     | 1 50   |



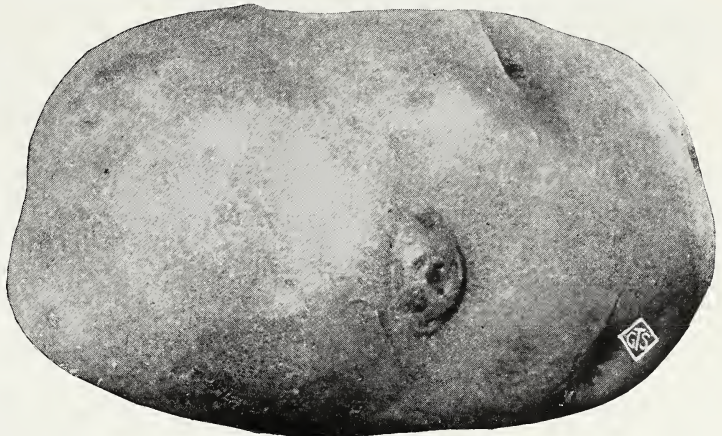
Quaker Pie Pumpkin



POMME DE TERRE **POTATOES** *Patatas*

Grown Expressly for Seed. In Barrels

**CULTURE.**—Three to 4 barrels to the acre, 1 peck for 100 feet of row. In order to have the best success in growing Potatoes, it is necessary to plant as early as the ground can be made ready. Select a rich soil, neither dry nor wet. It is wise to select a variety that has done well in the gardener's locality. The farther south the grower lives, the surer he should be that his seed is from the North, for southern-grown seed keeps poorly and sprouts badly. Be sure that all danger of frost is past before planting. Cut the potatoes into chunky pieces of one quarter or so, not thin slices, trying not to cut through eyes and having about three eyes on each piece. Plant in rows 3 feet apart, and the sets 1 foot in the rows and about 4 inches deep. If wood-ashes and plaster can be procured, sow a good dressing over the field after the Potatoes are up. If a very early crop is desired, place the cut seed-pieces in a warm, light room for two weeks before required for planting in the open ground. Don't let seed-pieces dry out. During this time shoots will start out strong and vigorous, so that, as soon as planted they will send out roots and grow much more rapidly than those treated in the ordinary way. Another method is to place the sets in a hotbed two weeks before they are wanted and then lift carefully, so as not to break the sprouts, and set out on fresh horse dung, so that the heat will cause them to start at once. Many growers hill the Potatoes but they should at least be kept well hoed to kill weeds and conserve moisture. For diseases and pests in general, beginning when the plants are up to 6 to 8 inches, spray with a mixture of bordeaux, paris green, and arsenate of lead, every two weeks or so. If the Colorado Potato beetle makes its appearance, the vines must be dusted with paris green mixed with about 80 parts of plaster, or, what is better, mix the paris green in water, one small tablespoonful to a pailful, and apply with a small brush or broom. Take care to stir the mixture often, or else the paris green will settle to the bottom. Two or three applications during the season will usually suffice to clean off all the beetles.



Carman No. 1 Potato

*These are prices ruling January 1; later on they may be higher and are subject to change without notice. We ship Potatoes entirely at customer's risk*

*One barrel weighs 165 pounds net; one bushel, 60 pounds net*

**EARLY POTATOES**

	½pk.	Pk.	½bus.	Bus.	Bbl.
<b>Noroton Beauty.</b> (Limited quantity only.) The finest and most productive extra-early Potato grown. Handsomer in appearance and more uniform in shape than any other sort. Its table quality is superb. 10400	\$1 00	\$1 85	\$3 25	\$5 50	
<b>Thorburn's Beauty of Hebron.</b> Slightly flesh-colored skin, with pure white flesh; early; very productive and of the finest quality. . . 10420	90	1 50	2 50	4 50	\$11 00
<b>Irish Cobbler.</b> Fine; white; vigorous grower; cubical shape. . . 10430	90	1 50	2 50	4 50	11 00
<b>Bovee.</b> Extra early; very productive; fine quality; flesh white. . . 10440	90	1 50	2 50	4 50	11 00
<b>Early Rose.</b> Popular market sort; very early; fine quality; very productive; elliptical flattened shape; pink skin. . . . . 10460	90	1 50	2 50	4 50	11 00

**INTERMEDIATE AND LATE POTATOES**

<b>Gold Coin.</b> A splendid main-crop variety of remarkable productiveness and finest table quality; slightly oblong form; light golden skin; flesh pure white, fine-grained; cooks very dry. . . . . 10520	90	1 50	2 50	4 50	11 00
<b>Carman No. 1.</b> This most valuable Potato was introduced by us in 1894, and it is a recognized high-class standard sort the world over. The finest second-early Potato ever offered. . . . . 10530	90	1 50	2 50	4 50	11 00
<b>Dibble's Russet.</b> Best main-crop Potato now in cultivation; round to oblong in shape, of good size; pure white flesh; russet skin; few and shallow eyes; excellent quality; very productive and a good market variety; vines rich dark green, very robust, and extremely disease resistant. . . . . 10535	90	1 50	2 50	4 50	11 00
<b>Sir Walter Raleigh.</b> Very productive; white flesh of best quality. 10560	90	1 50	2 50	4 50	11 00
<b>Rural New Yorker.</b> An old standard Potato. Very few and shallow eyes; fine, pure white skin and flesh; immense yielder; fine table quality, cooking very mealy. . . . . 10580	90	1 50	2 50	4 50	11 00
<b>Green Mountain.</b> Oval shape; white skin and flesh; excellent; heavy yielder. . . . . 10590	90	1 50	2 50	4 50	11 00

*We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound*

# RADISH

RADIS ET RAVE *Rabanos y Rabanitos*



Scarlet Globe-shaped Turnip Radish

**CULTURE.**—Sow as soon as the ground is dry in the spring, in rows 8 to 12 inches apart, and ½ inch deep, every week or 10 days for a succession up to the middle of June, after which they are but little used unless a cool northern spot can be had, where the ground is shaded during a part of the day. They should be sown in light, rich soil, as a crisp Radish cannot be produced in heavy soils. Sow also in early fall for late crops and winter use. Sow 8 to 10 pounds to the acre; 1 ounce for 100- to 125-foot row. Radishes should be eaten when quite small; it is a mistake to let them grow too long and too large. This applies particularly to the French Breakfast and small turnip-shaped sorts. Varieties marked with an asterisk (\*) are best suited for market-gardeners.

All 5 cents per packet

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
* <b>Turnip, Early Scarlet.</b> Very early. The French favorite.....10680	\$0 15	\$0 45	\$1 25
* <b>Turnip, Early Scarlet Forcing.</b> Crisp; very early.....10690	15	50	1 50
* <b>Turnip, Extra-Early Scarlet Forcing, "Ne Plus Ultra" . . . . .</b> 10700	15	45	1 25
* <b>Turnip, Early Scarlet White-tipped.</b> Very early; for frames or outdoors.10710	15	45	1 25
" " " " <b>Forcing, Rosy Gem.</b> . . . . .10720	15	50	1 50
* " " " <b>Cooper's Sparkler.</b> Carmine, with white tip. . . . .10730	15	50	1 50
" " " <b>Deep Scarlet.</b> Very early; crisp. . . . .10740	15	45	1 25
* " " " <b>SCARLET GLOBE-SHAPED.</b> Fine for forcing or open ground. The Radishes are almost round, of a beautiful rich scarlet, very tender and crisp. . . . .10810	15	50	1 50
" " " <b>CRIMSON GIANT FORCING.</b> Good also for outdoors. In spite of their large size these Radishes are crisp and solid. . . . .10820	15	50	1 50
" " " <b>White.</b> . . . . .10842	15	50	1 50
" " " <b>Round White Forcing, or Box.</b> . . . . .10850	15	50	1 60
" " <b>Large White Summer.</b> . . . . .10860	15	50	1 60
" " <b>Early Yellow.</b> Extra early summer. . . . .10890	15	50	1 60
* <b>French Breakfast.</b> Pink and white; early. . . . .11000	15	50	1 50
<b>Olive-shaped Scarlet.</b> . . . . .11094	15	50	1 50
<b>Half-long Deep Scarlet</b> (Paris Beauty). . . . .11140	15	50	1 75
* <b>Long Scarlet Short-Top.</b> Very long; crisp; for frames or outdoors. . . . .11180	15	50	1 50
<b>Long Brightest Scarlet White-tipped</b> (Cardinal). . . . .11190	15	50	1 60
* <b>Long White Vienna, or Lady Finger.</b> Crisp and tender in summer. . . . .11220	15	50	1 60
<b>Long Icicle.</b> Pure white; of fine flavor; suitable for forcing. . . . .11230	15	50	1 50
<b>Long Cincinnati Market.</b> An improved strain of Long Scarlet. . . . .11240	15	50	1 50
<b>Long Scarlet Chartier.</b> Tipped white; splendid summer variety. . . . .11245	15	50	1 60
* <b>Long Wood's Frame.</b> Long; red; crisp; good forcer. . . . .11250	15	50	1 60
* <b>White Strasburg Summer.</b> Very large; a popular favorite. . . . .11320	15	50	1 60
* <b>Winter Rose Chinese Half-long.</b> Very handsome and distinct and keeps well. . . . .11380	15	50	1 50
<b>Winter Long Black Spanish.</b> The popular winter sort. . . . .11390	15	50	1 60
<b>Winter Half-long Grey.</b> . . . . .11400	15	50	1 60
<b>Winter Round Black Spanish.</b> Fine for winter. . . . .11420	20	50	1 60
<b>Winter California Mammoth White.</b> Very large winter variety. . . . .11450	15	50	1 50
<b>Sakurajima</b> (Mammoth Japan). The largest sort in cultivation. Sow early in rich soil. In Japan it grows as much as 21 inches long and 43 inches in circumference. Thin well to allow of proper development. . . . .pkt. 15 cts. . . . .11480	50	1 75	5 00

RAIPONCE **RAMPION** *Reponche*

**CULTURE.**—Sow in the open ground early in May, broadcast or in drills 10 inches apart. As the seed is very fine, it merely requires to be pressed firmly into the soil. Thin out the seedlings if they come up too thickly, and water frequently during hot weather. The roots may be gathered for use from October on throughout the winter.

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
<b>Rampion.</b> The roots and leaves are excellent as salad. . . . . pkt. 10 cts. . . . .11550	\$0 40	\$1 25	\$4 00



### ROQUETTE

CULTURE.—Sow early in spring, and thin out to 8 to 10 inches. If kept well scuffled and watered the tart flavor of the leaves is greatly diminished. This flavor is not pronounced in the small leaves, which are used for salad. The flowers, appearing from May to June, have very much the odor of orange-blossoms. 11590. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., ¼lb. 85 cts., lb. \$3.

### RHUBARB

CULTURE.—Sow seed in a coldframe, in a fine, rich, sandy loam, about the first of March, in drills 4 inches apart. Keep the frames covered during the nights and cold days, so that the soil will not freeze, and in six to eight weeks the plants will be large enough to set in the open ground. Transplant to a rich and deep soil, and set in rows 12 inches apart and 12 inches in the row. The following spring transplant again to a permanent location, setting 4 to 5 feet apart each way. In good soil, Rhubarb is ready to use the second year from seed. When roots are set out, plant them 4 to 5 feet apart each way, and keep weeds down. If roots are used, a crop may be had after one season, which is much better than sowing seed where only a few plants for family use are needed. In the fall, the bed should have a thick dressing of coarse manure, to be spaded under in spring.

<b>Victoria</b> .....	11640	Pkt. \$0 05	Oz. \$0 20	¼lb. \$0 60	Lb. \$2 00
<b>Strong ROOTS of Victoria</b> .....	11700		Each \$0 55	10 \$5 00	

*Transportation charges extra*

### SCOLYMUS

The roots resemble a small parsnip, and will keep through the winter like a turnip. It is cultivated exactly like the carrot, except that it should be grown in rows 3 feet apart and 18 inches in the rows. It is eaten boiled like salsify. 11740. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., ¼lb. 85 cts., lb. \$3.

### CORZONERE SCORZONERA *Escorzonera*

CULTURE.—Cultivate the same as salsify. It is cooked in the same manner, but on account of being somewhat more difficult to raise, is seldom seen in cultivation. Considered by many superior to salsify. It is also called Black Salsify. 11780. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 40 cts., ¼lb. \$1.25, lb. \$4.

### SALSIFY, or VEGETABLE OYSTER

SALSIFIS *Ostion Vegetal*

CULTURE.—Salsify will grow in any good garden soil. Work in some good general chemical fertilizer and scatter some of it along the furrow, covering lightly before dropping in the seed. Sow as early as the ground can be worked in the spring, in drills 12 inches apart, 1 inch deep, and thin out to 6 inches in the row. Use 1 ounce to a 60-foot row; 8 to 10 pounds to the acre. Keep the plants free from weeds. A part of the crop may be left in the ground till spring, when it will be found fresh and plump. The roots are cut into pieces ½ inch long, boiled until tender, and then served with drawn butter, in which way it is a delicious vegetable. They are also mashed and baked like parsnips, and have a sweet and agreeable flavor. Mashed and fried, the flavor is much like that of the oyster.

<b>Long White French</b> .....	11840	Pkt. \$0 10	Oz. \$0 30	¼lb. \$0 85	Lb. \$3 00
<b>Mammoth Sandwich Island</b> .....	11850	Large. 10	30	85	3 00



### SORREL

OSEILLE *Acedera*

CULTURE.—Sow in spring in drills 18 inches apart, in a rich soil, and keep the flower-stems cut off as they appear. It remains in the ground year after year, and needs to be taken up and divided only once in four or five years. To be cut and cooked precisely like spinach, or it is excellent cooked with it, one-third sorrel to two-thirds spinach. It is also used for soups. Very nice to be eaten after it has become cool. Inasmuch as the hot sun tends to increase its acidity, a northern exposure is preferable.

<i>All 10 cents per packet</i>					
<b>Garden, Large French</b> .....	11930	Oz. \$0 30	¼lb. \$1 00		
“ <b>Mammoth Lyons, White</b> .....	11940	30	1 00		
“ <b>Golden-leaved Lyons</b> .....	11944	30	1 00		

Mammoth Sandwich Island Salsify

*We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound*



Giant Lucullus Swiss Chard

## SWISS CHARD, or SILVER BEET

**Silver-Leaf.** This is a Beet producing leaves only, of a quality superior to those of the ordinary Beet, and excellent as greens. Cultivate about the same as spinach, by sowing the seed in early spring in drills about a foot apart. As it grows, thin out for use, and keep clear of weeds if success is desired. When thinned out to 1 or 1½ feet apart in the rows, pull the leaves as required, leaving the interior head to grow again. Good cultivation will increase the delicacy and tenderness of the leaves. 1690. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., ¼lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.50.

**Giant Lucullus.** Large, crinkled leaves; tender and of fine flavor; dark green; pure white ribs. 1700. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 15 cts., ¼lb. 55 cts., lb. \$1.65.

## SPINACH

EPINARD *Espinaca*

**CULTURE.**—Sow in early spring, 1 inch deep, in drills a foot apart (10 to 12 pounds to the acre; 1 ounce to 100-foot drill), every two weeks for a succession, and, as it grows, thin out for use. Soil should be rich and light. Spade in plenty of compost or well-rotted manure, with a good high-grade fertilizer, putting also some of the latter under the row, covering lightly before sowing the seed. For fall use, sow in August, and for winter crop in September. Cover that which is left out over winter with straw or leaves after the weather

becomes quite cold. Keep clear of weeds. Sow the seeds of New Zealand late in spring in hills 3 feet apart each way, three or four seeds in a hill.

All 5 cents per packet

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
<b>Round Viroflay</b> (Thick-leaved). Has very large, thick, dark green leaves; the favorite market-gardeners' sort for fall or spring sowing.....	12000	\$0 10	\$0 25
<b>Long Season, Thorburn's.</b> Stands longer before running to seed than any other sort except New Zealand.....	12010	10	25
<b>Round-leaved Flanders.</b> A standard sort for spring or fall sowing.....	12020	10	25
<b>Curled-leaved Savoy, (Bloomsdale).</b> Large curled and wrinkled leaves; tender and of finest flavor.....	12050	10	25
<b>Long-standing</b> (Round Thick-leaved). Dark green; leaves large and thick; very long-standing. Best for spring growing.....	12060	10	25
<b>Victoria.</b> Extra-dark, black-green color. Two or three weeks later than the ordinary "Long-standing." A fine variety for spring sowing.....	12070	10	25
<b>Prickly, or Winter.</b> Vigorous and hardy; recommended for fall sowing.....	12080	15	25
<b>Triumph.</b> An improved long-standing sort.....	12100	10	25
<b>New Zealand Summer.</b> Not a Spinach, but used as such. Grows 1½ feet high and is very prolific. Pick the leaves and shoots as wanted. It does well in hot summer weather; valuable for hot climates. Soak the seed in hot water before sowing.....	12120	20	60
			1 75



Mammoth Whale Squash (see page 39)

We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound



COURGE **SQUASH** *Calabaza*

CULTURE.—Sow in hills in the same manner and at the same time as cucumbers and melons, the bush varieties 3 to 4 feet apart, the running kinds from 6 to 9 feet apart. Four ounces to 100 hills for bush varieties and eight ounces for running varieties.

All 5 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise

**BUSH VARIETIES**

	Oz.	¼lb.
<b>Early Golden Bush.</b> Fine for summer; not so early as the White Bush. . . . .	12200	
<b>Golden Custard.</b> Mammoth strain of the Golden Bush. A valuable variety; golden yellow flesh; fine quality. . . . .	12210	
<b>Early White Scallop Bush.</b> A good early shipping variety. . . . .	12220	
<b>Mammoth White Scallop Bush</b> (Silver Custard). Not so early as the former, but it produces larger fruits. . . . .	12224	
<b>Long Island White Bush.</b> An improved strain of Early White Scallop Bush; very prolific. . . . .	12230	
<b>Fordhook White Bush.</b> Oblong fruits; smooth, thin yellow skin. . . . .	12234	
<b>Summer Crookneck.</b> Yellow fruit; distinct; best for summer. . . . .	12270	
“ “ Giant; double the size of the above. . . . .	12280	
“ “ White fruited . . . . .	12285	
<b>Cocozelle Bush</b> (True Italian Vegetable Marrow). A fine variety; oblong shape; skin smooth, dark green, marbled yellow or pale green . . . . .	12300	

**RUNNING VARIETIES**

	Oz.	¼lb.
<b>Boston Marrow.</b> Oval; bright orange; flesh yellow and fine. . . . .	12410	
<b>Delicata.</b> Orange-yellow, striped green; small size, but very prolific; it is extra early, solid, and a good keeper; flesh dry and of fine quality. . . . .	12440	
<b>Delicious.</b> Green skin; orange flesh, fine-grained, sweet and dry. . . . .	12450	
<b>Essex Hybrid.</b> Good fall and winter sort; fine-grained, rich flavor, highly colored; orange skin; turban shape; very prolific. . . . .	12460	
<b>Fordhook Running.</b> One of the best winter sorts; fine quality. . . . .	12470	
<b>Hubbard.</b> Well known and liked for late use; fine for pies. . . . .	12500	
“ <b>Golden or Red.</b> Same as above, but with orange-red skin. . . . .	12510	
“ <b>Mammoth Warted.</b> Immense size, covered with warts. . . . .	12530	
<b>Mammoth Chili.</b> Rich orange flesh; grows to an enormous size. . . . .	12540	
<b>Mammoth Whale.</b> Enormous size; solid; orange flesh; fine quality. . . . .	12550	
<b>Marblehead.</b> Gray skin; very productive; fine keeper . . . . .	12560	
<b>Orange Marrow.</b> Quite distinct; very early, and of most delicate flavor; suitable for fall and winter. . . . .	12570	
<b>Perfect Gem.</b> Round; white; fine quality; for fall or winter. . . . .	12580	
<b>Turban.</b> Orange-yellow flesh; good flavor. . . . .	12590	
<b>Early Prolific Marrow.</b> Similar to Boston Marrow, but earlier; bright orange; delicate, rich flavor; vigorous and very productive. . . . .	12595	
<b>Lagenaria leucantha longissima.</b> Known to some gardeners as “Cutcutza.” Averages 2 feet long, 3 inches in diameter, tapering to 2 inches. Should be eaten when young. . . . .	12598	



Delicious Squash

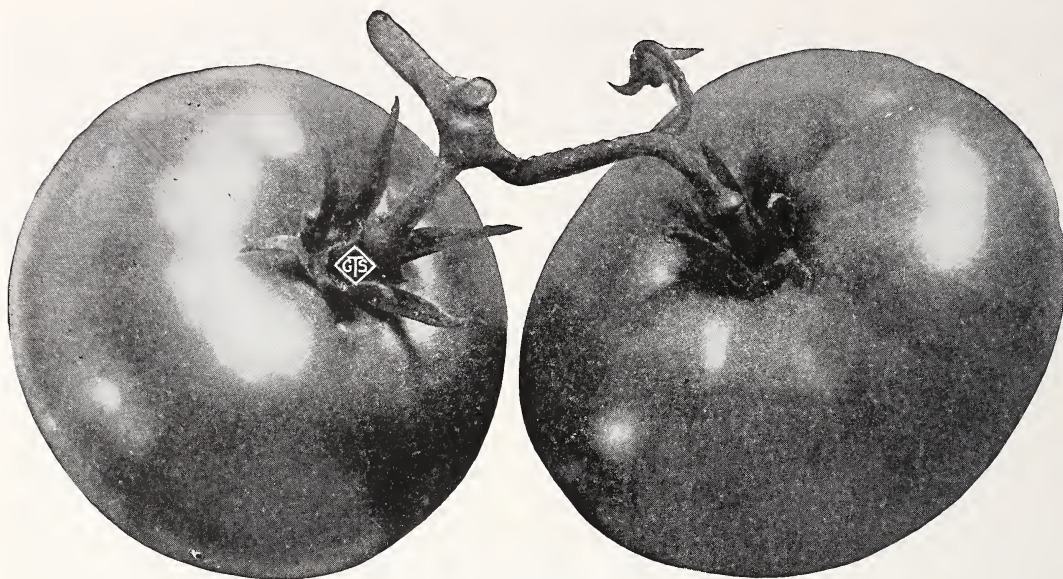
	Oz.	¼lb.
	\$0 25	\$0 75
	25	75
	25	75
	30	1 00
	25	75
	25	75
	30	1 00
	30	1 00
	\$0 25	\$0 75
	25	75
	30	1 00
	25	75
	30	1 00

**VEGETABLE MARROW**

Vegetable Marrows should be planted in very rich soil, so they will grow rapidly. Pick when very young, before fully developed. They are delicious when quickly boiled and served with melted butter.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼lb.
<b>English.</b> True strain; cream color; about 9 inches long. . . . .	12680		
“ <b>White Trailing.</b> . . . . .	12692		
“ <b>Green Trailing.</b> . . . . .	12694		
“ <b>White Bush.</b> . . . . .	12696		
<b>Italian</b> (Cocozelle di Napoli). Grows about 20 inches long, with a diameter of 3 to 4 inches. Skin smooth, dark green, marbled yellow or pale green. In Italy it is eaten when quite young. . . . .	12300		

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Thorburn's Stone

TOMATO **TOMATO** *Tomate*

**CULTURE.**—Sow in a hotbed in early spring, about  $\frac{1}{8}$  inch deep, or the seed may be sown in shallow boxes and placed in a window when one does not wish to have the trouble of making a hotbed. One ounce will produce 1,500 to 2,000 plants. Transplant to the open ground when all danger of frost is past, setting the plants 3 to 4 feet apart each way. Soil should not be wet, but should have a good supply of moisture. It should be deep, with plenty of well-rotted manure. Avoid any nitrogenous food, and dress the plants only once or twice lightly with manure water or Complete Manure. Fruit may be had several weeks earlier by sowing seed quite early and transplanting into small pots. When setting out plants, put them several inches lower in the ground than they stood in the pot, in order that they will not dry out. To obtain early Tomatoes, cut back two or three of the branches of the vines, or pinch off a few of the flowers. Later in the season stake and tie up the plants for support. The numerous varieties offer a chance to select a great variation in plants and product according to size, color, quality, and use. Tomatoes that have not ripened at the end of the season may be taken from the vines and placed in empty coldframes, or wrapped in tissue paper and carefully packed in flat boxes, where a large proportion of them will ripen from time to time, frequently until Christmas.

The varieties marked \* are best for forcing

All 10 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise

	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ lb.
<b>Acme.</b> Medium size; smooth and good; crimson.....	12740	\$0 50 \$1 50
* <b>Atlantic Prize.</b> Extra early; smooth; medium scarlet; good size.....	12750	50 1 50
<b>Beauty.</b> Large; smooth; dark crimson; thick flesh; regular form.....	12770	50 1 50
<b>Bonny Best.</b> Very early; scarlet; medium to full market size; even, smooth and regular; valuable for home garden or market.....	12775	50 1 50
<b>Buckeye State.</b> Very large and productive; crimson; smooth, uniform; good quality..	12780	50 1 75
* <b>Carter's Sunrise.</b> Early and productive; medium-sized, bright scarlet fruits; smooth and solid; for forcing or for outdoors.....	12794	60 2 00
<b>Chalk's Early Jewel.</b> Fine; large; solid; smooth; scarlet; similar to Stone; early...	12800	50 1 50
<b>Comet.</b> Fine, rich scarlet-red; of perfect form; finest quality. Strong-growing vine; heavy producer. Forcing or outdoors.....	12804	60 2 00
<b>Coreless, Livingston's.</b> Almost round; bright red; very productive. Ripens all over at once and being almost free from green core it is an exceptionally fine slicing sort..	12810	60 2 00
<b>Crimson Cushion.</b> Extra large; handsome; bright crimson.....	12830	60 2 00
<b>Dwarf Champion.</b> Quite distinct; early; fruit like the Acme; crimson; of medium size; good quality.....	12840	50 1 50
* <b>Earliana.</b> Extra early; cardinal-scarlet; smooth; plant is compact in growth.....	12850	50 1 50
<b>Globe, Livingston's.</b> Very early; crimson; smooth and of large size; very productive and a good keeper. A standard variety which retains its popularity.....	12940	50 1 50
<b>Golden Queen.</b> Smooth; golden yellow; about size and form of Beauty; of good flavor and solid; fine; very early.....	12950	50 1 50
<b>John Baer.</b> Early; red; large; prolific.....	12975	50 1 50
<b>June Pink.</b> Early; smooth; uniform; bright pink; medium size; good shipper.....	12980	50 1 50

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Small-Fruited Tomato—Red Cherry

**TOMATOES, continued**

*All 10 cents per packet, except where otherwise quoted*

	Oz.	¼lb.
<b>Lorillard.</b> Bright glossy red; smooth; of fine flavor and very early; very productive and satisfactory.....	13000	\$0 75 \$2 50
<b>Matchless.</b> Extra large; smooth and handsome; scarlet; very solid. Plant of vigorous growth and prolific.....	13030	50 1 50
<b>Mikado.</b> Crimson; large; smooth and solid.....	13040	60 2 00
<b>Optimus.</b> Medium size; cardinal-scarlet; smooth and solid; second early.....	13050	50 1 50
<b>Paragon.</b> Cardinal-scarlet; round; very productive.....	13060	50 1 50
<b>Perfection.</b> Early; regular and productive; scarlet.....	13070	50 1 50
<b>Ponderosa.</b> The largest variety in cultivation; crimson..... pkt. 15 cts..	13080	75 2 50
<b>Ponderosa, Yellow.</b> Very large; yellow flesh..... pkt. 25 cts..	13082	1 00 3 00
<b>RED ROCK.</b> An improvement on the well-known Stone. Exceedingly firm-fleshed; very large size, and ripens evenly without cracking. The vine is a strong, vigorous grower and produces its fruit in great profusion.....	13084	50 1 50
<b>Ruby Early.</b> Very early; large size; color bright scarlet.....	13110	50 1 50
* <b>Stirling Castle.</b> Small size; solid; finest flavor; scarlet; good for forcing under glass.....	13120	60 2 00
<b>Stone, Thorburn's.</b> Very large; perfectly smooth; fine dark scarlet.....	13130	50 1 50
<b>Success.</b> Large; bright scarlet; smooth and solid; productive. Plant strong and thrifty in growth.....	13150	50 1 50
<b>Trophy.</b> Very solid; standard late; fine canner; dark scarlet. A particularly vigorous and thrifty grower.....	13200	50 1 50
<b>Trucker's Favorite.</b> Crimson; large; smooth and very regular in form; solid.....	13210	50 1 50

**SMALL-FRUITED TOMATOES**

For pickling and preserving. Also invaluable for garnishing.

	Oz.
<b>Red Cherry.</b> Small fruits, used for pickles; very handsome.....	13300 \$0 75
“ <b>Currant.</b> Resembles the currant. Useful for preserves, pickles, and exhibition purposes.....	13310 75
“ <b>Peach.</b> Resembles a peach; for preserves, pickles, and exhibition.....	13320 75
“ <b>Pear.</b> Fruit handsome and solid; fine for preserves.....	13330 75
“ <b>Plum.</b> Bright red; round; regular; for pickles.....	13340 75
<b>Strawberry</b> (Winter Cherry or Husk Tomato). Yellow; makes fine sauce.....	13350 75
<b>Yellow Cherry.</b> For pickles and preserves.....	13360 75
“ <b>Peach.</b> Beautiful clear yellow; perfectly resembles a peach.....	13370 75
“ <b>Pear.</b> Handsome, yellow, pear-shaped fruits.....	13380 75
“ <b>Plum.</b> Round and regular; bright yellow; used for pickles.....	13390 75

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Early Snowball Turnips

NAVET **TURNIP** *Nabo*

**CULTURE.**—For early Turnips, sow as soon as the ground opens in spring. Nos. 13842 to 13930 should be sown from any time in July to first of August, but the other kinds, for winter use, may be sown from the middle of July to the end of August. Turnips are generally sown broadcast but much larger crops are obtained (particularly of the Rutabagas) by cultivating in drills 18 inches apart, and thinning to 6 inches in the drill. Sow in shallow drills, 1 pound to the acre; 1 ounce to 150 feet of drill; broadcast, 2 to 3 pounds to the acre.

All 5 cents per packet

**WHITE VARIETIES**

	Oz.	¼lb.	Lb.
	\$0 15	\$0 50	\$1 50
<b>Cow Horn.</b> Long; white; in shape resembling a cow's horn.....	13500		
<b>Des Vertus Marteau</b> (Half-long White Vertus). About 6 inches long; thickest at the bottom; flesh white, tender, sugary; grows quickly.....	13505	25	85 3 00
<b>Early Snowball.</b> Small; of rapid growth; pure white.....	13510	15	50 1 75
<b>Globe-shaped Red-Top.</b> A standard sort in the New York market.....	13530	15	50 1 50
<b>Globe Pomeranian White.</b> Good either for table or stock.....	13540	15	50 1 50
<b>Globe, Large White Strap-Leaf.</b> Suitable for field culture.....	13544	25	85 3 00
<b>Jersey Lily (White Model).</b> Snow-white; globular.....	13570	15	50 1 50
<b>Kashmyr Scarlet.</b> Bright, handsome color; small; flat; extra early; pure white flesh of finest quality.....	13580	15	50 1 50
<b>Milan, Early Purple-Crown.</b> Earliest of all; white, with purple top; flesh of fine quality and tender.....	13590	25	85 3 00
<b>Milan, Early Pure White.</b> Very handsome; pure white; crisp and tender; as early as above.....	13600	25	85 3 00
<b>Strap-Leaf, White.</b> A good early, white flat sort.....	13640	15	50 1 50
<b>Strap-Leaf, Red-Top.</b> The popular fall flat sort.....	13650	15	50 1 50
<b>White Egg.</b> Oval; handsome and sweet; one of the finest for the table.....	13680	15	50 1 50

**YELLOW VARIETIES**

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<b>Golden Ball.</b> Very handsome; keeps fairly well.....	13780	15	50 1 50

**RUTABAGA**

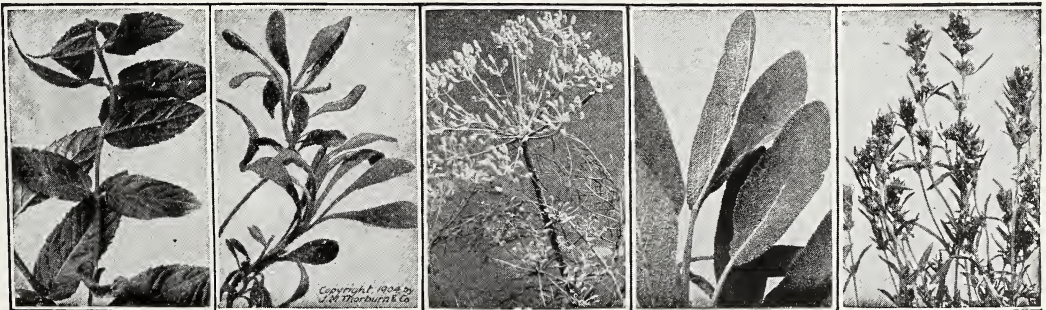
<b>American Purple-Top.</b> Yellow flesh; large, keeps well, for table or stock feeding.....	13842	15	50 1 50
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		Pkt.	Oz.	¼lb.
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<b>Balm.</b> For culinary purposes.....	<i>Melissa officinalis</i> .....	14040	10	50
<b>Basil, Sweet.</b> Culinary herb used for flavoring soups, etc.....	<i>Ocimum Basilicum</i> .....	14050	10	40
<b>Basil, Dwarf or Bush.</b> Culinary herb.....	<i>Ocimum minimum</i> .....	14060	10	40
<b>Belladonna.</b> Used for medicine.....	<i>Atropa Belladonna</i> .....	14070	25	1 00
<b>Bene.</b> The leaves are used for dysentery.....	<i>Sesamum orientale</i> . . . . .	14080	10	40
<b>Borage.</b> Leaves used as a salad.....	<i>Borago officinalis</i> .....	240	10	30 \$0 85
<b>Caraway.</b> For sowing. Used in flavoring liquors and bread.....	<i>Carum Carvi</i> .....	14100	10	50
<b>Coriander.</b> Seeds aromatic. For sowing.....	<i>Coriandrum sativum</i> . . . . .	Lb. \$1. 14130	05	10 30
<b>Cumin.</b> For flavoring pickles, soups, etc.....	<i>Cuminum Cyminum</i> .....	14140	15	
<b>Dill.</b> Ordinary variety.....		14150	10	20 50
<b>Dill, Mammoth.</b> Seeds used for flavoring vinegar. Larger than the ordinary variety.....		14154	10	20 50
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<b>Fennel, Sweet.</b> Seeds aromatic; for flavoring.....	<i>Anethum Feniculum</i> ....	14170	10	20
<b>" Florence.</b> In flavor resembling celery.....	<i>Anethum Feniculum</i> ....	14180	10	30 85
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<b>Marjoram, Sweet.</b> Is used in seasoning.....	<i>Origanum Majorana</i> ....	14290	25	1 50
<b>" Pot.</b> Used in seasoning.....	<i>Origanum Onites</i> .....	14294	25	4 00
<b>Mint.</b> Peppermint.....	<i>Mentha piperita</i> . . . . .	14310	25	
<b>" Curled</b> .....	<i>Mentha crispa</i> .....	14300	25	
<b>Pennyroyal.</b> Has medicinal qualities.....	<i>Hedeoma pulegioides</i> ... .	14320	25	2 00
<b>Rue.</b> Said to have medicinal qualities.....		14340	15	80
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Peppermint

Lavender

Sweet Fennel

Sage

Summer Savory

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	Oz.	1/4lb.
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<b>Oronoka White-Stem.</b> Plants are large, with long, medium-broad leaves of handsome shape, fine texture and good body.....	14662	1 00 3 00
<b>Sweet.</b> Plants of medium size; leaf is long and somewhat narrow, fine-grained and of sweet flavor.....	14668	1 00 3 00
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All 10 cents per packet. Not less than 10 cents' worth sold

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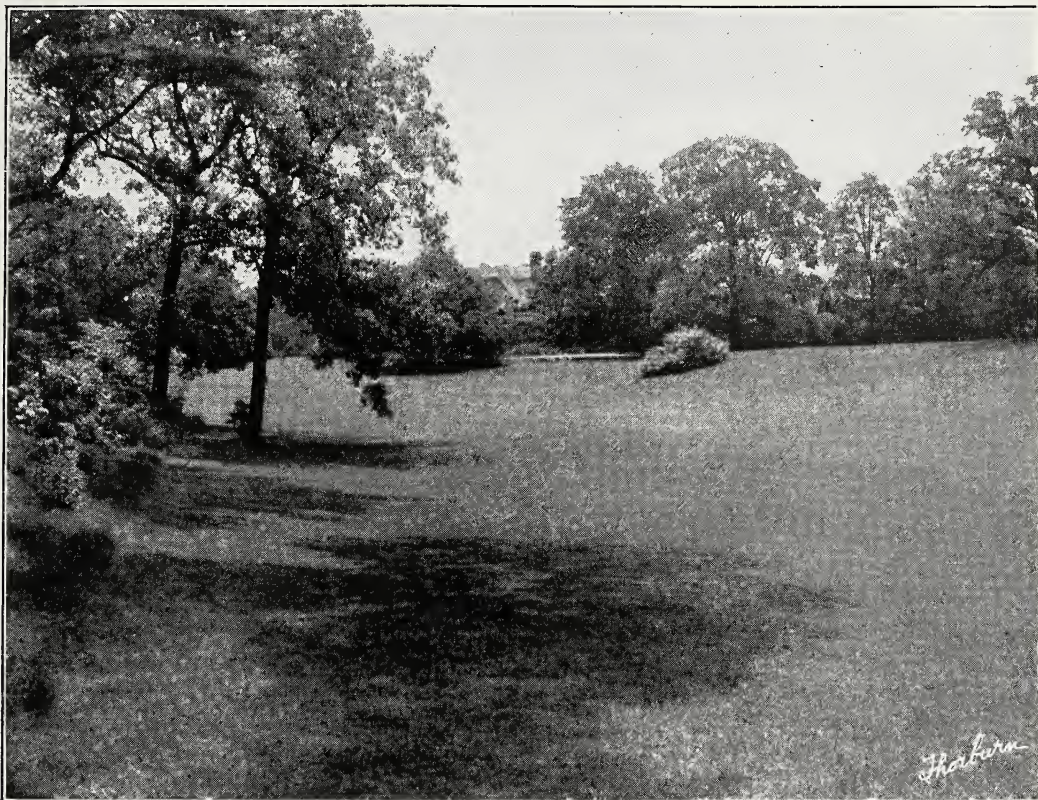
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Lawns like this can be produced by sowing Thorburn's Lawn Grass Seed

## ABOUT LAWNS AND LAWN GRASS SEED

### Formation of Lawns from Seed

There is nothing more attractive than a well-kept lawn.

Many things are to be considered in connection with the making and proper care of lawns. A good lawn cannot be made in one season, success coming only through intelligent care for a period of years.

The ground should be thoroughly drained and well prepared. The soil ought not to be too rich, as a rapid growth is not wanted in the grasses of a lawn; but the surface should be as much alike in quality as possible and thoroughly pulverized. *After sowing, the ground should be rolled and cross-rolled in order to press the seed firmly into the soil,* and ten days or so thereafter a light application of Thorburn's Lawn Fertilizer mixed with an equal quantity of good loam or sand, will serve to stimulate the growth of the young grasses. The proper time to sow grass seed depends, of course, upon the latitude. In the central and eastern states from March 15 to the middle of May is the best time; but in favorable seasons the sowing may be done up to July 1. Seed may also be sown in the fall, from the latter part of August to the end of September. The sowing should be done when the ground is moist, or before an expected rain, and a subsequent rolling is always advisable. As to weeds in newly-made lawns, it may not be generally known that many weed seeds actually lie dormant in the ground for six or seven years and will germinate and make their appearance when the soil is turned up. The annual wild grasses, such as crab grass or summer grass, must be pulled up by the roots before they ripen their seed in the fall.

**Rolling.** As soon as the frost is out of the ground in the spring, the land should be gone over with a heavy roller. Winter frosts loosen the soil, and rolling is necessary to compress it again. Roll frequently.

**Mowing.** All turf-forming grasses are improved, both in vigor of root-growth and in fineness of texture, by frequent mowings. It is impossible to say just how often the grass should be mown, as that depends upon the rate at which it grows. Too close cutting should be guarded against, however, especially during the hot summer months, when the roots require some top-growth to protect them from the burning sun. A good top-growth is also necessary to protect the roots from severe winter frosts.

**To Grass a Bank or a Terrace.** For each square rod, take a pound of Terrace Lawn Grass Seed and mix it thoroughly with 6 cubic feet of good, dry garden loam; place in a tub, and add liquid manure, diluted with about two-thirds of water, so as to bring the whole to the consistency of mortar. The slope must be made perfectly smooth, and then well watered, after which the paste should be applied, making it as even and thin as possible.

It is a good plan to sow on good land, in any out-of-the-way place, strips for sod to be used for patching poor parts of the lawn, or for grass borders, etc. The best mixture of seed for this purpose is *Cynosurus cristatus* (Crested Dog's-tail), Kentucky Blue Grass, Fancy Red-Top, and Creeping Bent.





This Lawn was sown with Thorburn's Lawn Grass Seed Mixture for Shady Spots

## LAWN GRASS SEED MIXTURES

Prices of all Lawn Grasses include free delivery in the United States by mail, express, or freight, at our option

### THE THORBURN LAWN GRASS SEED

Many of the finest lawns in America were produced from this mixture. It is composed exclusively of permanent grasses that will make a finer and thicker turf the older they become, and yet give a rich greensward in three or four weeks from the time of sowing. These are all extra re-cleaned seeds, without chaff. Sow at the rate of 80 to 100 pounds to the acre. One pound of our Lawn Grass Seed will sow a plot of 400 to 500 square feet.

½ lb.....\$0 25	2 lbs.....\$0 80	10 lbs.....\$3 60	100 lbs.....\$32 00
1 lb.....45	5 lbs.....1 90	25 lbs.....8 50	

#### Thorburn's Lawn Grass Seed for the South

A mixture of grasses that stand extremes of heat and drought well, will grow and thrive vigorously under these conditions and are therefore peculiarly adapted for southern lawns.

Lb.....\$0 65	10 lbs.....\$4 50
2 lbs.....1 20	25 lbs.....10 00
5 lbs.....2 50	100 lbs.....37 00

#### Thorburn's Lawn-Restoring Grass Seed

A mixture of grasses peculiarly suited to take firm hold and grow quickly on hard, worn-out, or burned spots. The best time to resow such places is very early in the spring, but seed may also be sown with good results in the fall, from the first of September to the first of October. Some **Lawn-restoring Grass Seed** should also be sown before every summer rain on thin places.

Lb.....\$0 65	10 lbs.....\$5 00
2 lbs.....1 20	25 lbs.....11 75
5 lbs.....2 75	100 lbs.....45 00

#### Thorburn's Grass Mixture for Under Trees and Shady Spots on Lawns

A mixture of grasses that thrive in shaded situations, under trees or close to walls.

Lb.....\$0 65	10 lbs.....\$4 50
2 lbs.....1 20	25 lbs.....10 50
5 lbs.....2 50	100 lbs.....40 00

#### Thorburn's Lawn Grass Mixture for the Seashore

A mixture of fine grasses peculiarly suited to seaside lawns.

Lb.....\$0 55	10 lbs.....\$4 00
2 lbs.....1 00	25 lbs.....9 50
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#### Terrace Lawn Grass Seed

A mixture of fine, stoloniferous grasses peculiarly adapted to terraces.

Lb.....\$0 65	10 lbs.....\$4 50
2 lbs.....1 20	25 lbs.....10 50
5 lbs.....2 50	100 lbs.....40 00





## PERMANENT GRASS SEED FOR GOLF-LINKS, TENNIS-COURTS, POLO-GROUNDS, ETC.

We have devoted much attention to the seeding and preservation of golf-links, tennis-courts and polo-grounds, and offer the following mixtures, *which have been used on many of the finest links, etc., in this country*, with very satisfactory results.

Bags at cost and transportation extra. Prices subject to market fluctuations during the season.

### Polo-Grounds Mixture

A mixture of fine-leaved and deep-rooting grasses forming a strong and lasting turf that will stand hard usage. No better mixture can be procured for this purpose.

25 lbs.....\$11 00 | 100 lbs.....\$40 00

### Tennis-Court Mixture

A mixture of extra-fine grasses peculiarly adapted to tennis-courts. This mixture will make a firm, green and lasting turf of the finest texture, that will improve with the trampling it receives. Has proved very lasting wherever used.

5 lbs.....\$2 75 | 25 lbs.....\$12 00  
10 lbs.....5 00 | 100 lbs.....45 00

### GOLF-LINKS

#### Fair-Green Mixture

For the grounds in general.

25 lbs.....\$8 00 | 100 lbs.....\$30 00

#### Putting-Green Mixture

Our own special formula as furnished all the leading golf clubs in America. A mixture of *highest-grade* grasses, that will make a close, firm, green and lasting turf which will improve with trampling.

5 lbs.....\$2 25 | 25 lbs.....\$9 50  
10 lbs.....4 00 | 100 lbs.....36 00

#### For Teeing Grounds

5 lbs.....\$1 90 | 25 lbs.....\$8 50  
10 lbs.....3 60 | 100 lbs.....32 00

### Grass Mixture for Railroad Banks, Etc.


A mixture of grasses with long, interlacing, matting roots that will bind steep embankments, gravelly or sandy slopes, etc., preventing washouts by rainstorms and covering with permanently green turf.

Lb.....\$0 65 | 10 lbs.....\$4 50  
2 lbs.....1 20 | 25 lbs.....10 50  
5 lbs.....2 50 | 100 lbs.....40 00

## GRASS SEED MIXTURES FOR MEADOWS AND PASTURES

It is a well-ascertained fact that thicker and more prolonged growth is produced by a mixture of many sorts of grasses than by only one or two. For every different kind and condition of soil there are grasses that are especially suitable. Some sorts do best on high ground and in dry weather; others prefer plenty of moisture. Some mature so early and others so late that from the beginning of spring until winter sets in there is no time when one species or another is not at its best. Grass Seed may be sown either early in spring or in fall, from the first of September to the middle of October; in this latitude the best time to sow meadow Grass Seed is during the late summer and early fall, that being the natural seeding time for grass. This will, of course, not give very much of a crop the following year; the grass will be fine and thick, but rather short, and not a heavy yield. The best meadows are seeded alone, without any "nurse" crop, while if seeded with rye, that crop being the stronger and quicker grower, will monopolize the ground so that it will be another year before much of a crop of grass can be had.

For over a hundred years our house has made a specialty of grasses. We were probably the first to introduce to this country, for commercial distribution, the many valuable natural and cultivated foreign species that now take such an important part in our agricultural economy. The formation of permanent pastures and meadows has, for many years, been a subject of careful study with us, and the following formulæ for seeding grass-lands have received universal recognition. *The quantities given are the minimum, and may often be increased to advantage.*

 Prices subject to market fluctuations during the season without notice

### MEADOW MIXTURES FOR ONE ACRE

No. 1. On Good Land, neither Too Dry nor Too Wet	No. 2. On High and Dry Land	No. 3. On Wet Late Land
8 lbs. Fancy Red-Top.	8 lbs. Fancy Red-Top.	12 lbs. Fancy Red-Top.
2 " Chewing's Fescue.	1 " Tall Meadow Oat Grass.	6 " Orchard Grass.
10 " Perennial Rye Grass.	6 " Crested Dog's-tail.	2 " Meadow Fescue.
½ " Tall Meadow Oat.	2 " Orchard Grass.	1 " Kentucky Blue Grass.
17 " Timothy.	2 " Chewing's Fescue.	12 " Perennial Rye Grass.
2 " Red Clover.	13 " Timothy.	5 " Timothy.
½ " Alsike Clover.	2 " Red Clover.	1 " Red Clover.
	4 " Kentucky Blue Grass.	1 " Alsike Clover.
	2 " Alsike Clover.	
40 lbs. \$10.	40 lbs. \$16.	40 lbs. \$12.
<i>Sow 40 pounds to the acre</i>	<i>Sow 40 pounds to the acre</i>	<i>Sow 40 pounds to the acre</i>

### PASTURE MIXTURES FOR ONE ACRE

No. 4. On Good Land, neither Too Dry nor Too Wet	No. 5. On Dry Land	No. 6. On Wet Land
7 lbs. Fancy Red-Top.	5 lbs. Fancy Red-Top.	10 lbs. Fancy Red-Top.
7 " Kentucky Blue Grass.	8 " Orchard Grass.	10 " Orchard Grass.
9 " Orchard Grass.	10 " Timothy.	1 " Red Clover.
12 " Perennial Rye Grass.	10 " Perennial Rye Grass.	12 " Perennial Rye Grass.
3 " Timothy.	2 " Red Clover.	2 " Timothy.
2 " Red Clover.	4 " Kentucky Blue Grass.	3 " Kentucky Blue Grass.
	1 " Chewing's Fescue.	2 " Alsike Clover.
40 lbs. \$12.	40 lbs. \$12.	40 lbs. \$12.
<i>Sow 40 pounds to the acre</i>	<i>Sow 40 pounds to the acre</i>	<i>Sow 40 pounds to the acre</i>

*The various grasses used in the above mixtures are fully described on the following pages.*


We are always glad to make up Special Mixtures, and are pleased to answer inquiries as to the best grasses for different purposes and for sowing on various soils under varying climatic conditions.



# GRASS SEEDS

We desire to call particular attention to the fact that Grass Seeds are sold in the trade by sample, and each sort is divided into three or four grades of quality, according to purity, germination and weight. The price of the best grade is often double that of the ordinary. The Grass Seeds here offered by us are in every case the VERY HIGHEST GRADE.

Not less than one pound of any one sort sold

 Prices subject to market fluctuations during the season without notice

The weight per bushel, where given, is average actual weight

**AGROSTIS TENUIS** (*Rhode Island Bent Grass*).

Resembles Red-Top (*A. palustris*, described below), but is of dwarfer habit, with shorter and narrower leaves. It makes a beautiful, close, fine turf, and is one of the very best grasses for lawns in mixture with other sorts. It adapts itself to almost any soil, rich and moist, or dry, sandy and sterile. For lawns 60 pounds of seed to the acre is recommended. (16 pounds to the bushel.) We find it is impossible to procure pure seed of the Rhode Island Bent this year. All samples show an admixture of other grasses.

**AGROSTIS MARITIMA or AGROSTIS STOLONIFERA, TRUE** (*Creeping Bent*, or *South German Fiorin*).

The only true *Creeping Bent Grass*. The distinctive feature of this species is, as the name implies, its compact, creeping, rooting stems. It is of rapid growth and spreading habit, and the stoloniferous roots which it sends down into the soil form a strong, enduring turf that is positively improved by constant trampling. The other varieties of *Agrostis* are distinguished from this sort by their flattened, parallel surface roots. Being of fine texture, it is most valuable for lawns and putting-greens. If sown alone, 60 pounds to the acre should be used. 75 cts. per lb.

**AGROSTIS PALUSTRIS or AGROSTIS ALBA**

(*Red-Top*; *Herd's Grass*). A very hardy, native perennial grass, succeeding best on moist land. It accommodates itself to a variety of soils, however, even to dry situations, and stands our hot climate admirably. It is, perhaps, the most permanent grass we have, and it enters largely into the composition of our best natural pastures. It remains green for the greater part of the year, and its long, trailing stems form a very close, matting turf that is not affected by trampling.

**Fancy Heavy, Recleaned.** Extra recleaned.

Absolutely clean and free from chaff. Sow about 50 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 25		25 lbs.....	\$5 25
10 lbs.....	2 20		100 lbs.....	20 00

**ALOPECURUS PRATENSIS** (*Meadow Foxtail*).

One of the best permanent pasture grasses for rich, moist soil. Its chief characteristics are its earliness and its faculty of standing high summer heats without burning. It prefers moist, low grounds, but it accepts drier situations, and makes an earlier spring verdure than any other variety. Sow in connection with other grasses, 3 to 4 pounds to the acre; if sown alone, 25 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 55		25 lbs.....	\$12 00
10 lbs.....	5 00		100 lbs.....	45 00

**ANTHOXANTHUM ODORATUM** (*True Perennial Sweet Vernal Grass*).

For a mixture with pasture grasses, it is valuable on account of its vernal growth, and also for continuing to throw up root foliage until late in the autumn. For meadows, its chief merit is the fragrant odor which the leaves emit when partially dried, thus sweetening hay.

**ANTHOXANTHUM ODORATUM**, continued

It is a vegetable condiment, rather than a grass of much nutritive value. From 2 to 3 pounds to the acre when mixed with other grasses. Lb. \$1.

**AVENA ELATIOR** (*Tall Meadow Oat Grass*).

Most valuable for pasture on account of its early and luxuriant growth; it produces an abundant supply of foliage, which is relished by cattle early and late. For hay it may be cut twice a year, and for green soiling it may be cut four or five times in favorable seasons. It is very hardy, and withstands extreme drought and heat and cold. It is very valuable for our southern states, where it is extensively cultivated for winter grazing and for hay. Sow 50 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 60		25 lbs.....	\$13 00
10 lbs.....	5 50		100 lbs.....	48 00

**BERMUDA GRASS** (*Cynodon Dactylon*).

A most valuable grass for our southern states, both for pasture and lawns. It is of dwarf habit, with long, creeping stems rooting at the joints and covering the ground with a matting of fine turf which no amount of trampling will impair. It is also useful for binding drifting sand and for steep embankments subject to wash. When established it is difficult to eradicate, and is therefore unsuitable for temporary pastures. It requires heat and moisture to start it. As it cannot endure frost, it is of no value north of Virginia. It thrives in the poorest and sandiest soil, and resists extreme drought and intense tropical heat. It should be sown at the rate of 15 pounds to the acre. Crop uncertain.

Lb.....	\$1 25		100 lbs.....	\$100 00
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**BLUE GRASS, Canada.** See *Poa compressa*.

“ “ **English.** See *Festuca pratensis*.

“ “ **Kentucky.** See *Poa pratensis*.

**BROMUS INERMIS** (*Awless or Smooth Brome Grass*).

An erect perennial, 3 to 5 feet high; native of Hungary. The nutritive quality of its hay, however, is generally inferior to that of our standard native sorts, so that we should recommend it only for dry, arid soils where the better and more delicate grasses will not grow. It is strongly stoloniferous, its creeping rootstocks spreading rapidly under ground and giving out new plants. It is on this account undesirable for temporary meadows, being difficult to eradicate when once established. Sow 35 to 40 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 65		25 lbs.....	\$14 00
10 lbs.....	6 00		100 lbs.....	50 00

**CYNOSURUS CRISTATUS** (*Crested Dog's-tail*).

A stoloniferous perennial, forming a smooth, compact and lasting turf. It thrives best on rich, moist land, but it can accommodate itself to almost any soil. Its roots penetrate deeply into the ground, which enables it to stand severe droughts. It makes a good bottom grass and is therefore valuable in mixtures for lawns and putting-greens. It thrives well in the shade. The color is the same as that of the Kentucky Blue Grass, and it is, therefore, excellent in mixture with that sort. If

## GRASS SEEDS, continued

**CYNOSURUS CRISTATUS**, continued

sown alone, 30 pounds to the acre is none too much, but it is recommended only in mixture with other sorts.

Lb.....	\$0 65		25 lbs.....	\$14 00
10 lbs.....	6 00		100 lbs.....	55 00

**DACTYLIS GLOMERATA** (*Orchard Grass; Cock-foot*).

Extra re-cleaned selected stock. One of the grasses most employed in permanent meadows, either for pasture or for mowing. It is very hardy and succeeds well anywhere in the United States. It is very productive and makes excellent hay. If cut before it flowers it is less hard and the pith of the stem is soft and sweet. It blossoms about the same time as Red Clover, and is, therefore, desirable in mixture with that plant. Stock of all kinds are very fond of it, either dry or green, and it endures constant cropping better than any other grass. After being mown, it grows up quickly and yields a heavier aftermath than any other variety. It can stand considerable shade and is recommended as a pasture grass for woodlands. Its tendency to grow in tussocks is diminished if it is sown with other grasses, and also by heavy rolling in the spring, but it is quite unsuitable for lawns. Sow about 75 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 28		25 lbs.....	\$5 50
10 lbs.....	2 50		100 lbs.....	20 00

**DOG'S-TAIL, CRESTED.** See *Cynosurus cristatus*.

**FESTUCA ELATIOR** (*Tall Fescue*). This grass succeeds best in moist, alluvial, and strong, clayey soils. It is very productive and of long duration, and is especially valuable for permanent pasture. Stock of all kinds eat it readily, and its nutritive value is very great. On rich, moist lands it yields a large amount of hay of excellent quality. It is not suitable for lawns. Sow 40 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 50		25 lbs.....	\$10 50
10 lbs.....	4 50		100 lbs.....	40 00

**FESTUCA OVINA** (*Sheep's Fescue*). A native both of America and Europe. In our northwestern states there are many varieties of it, some of which grows 2 to 3 feet high. It prefers dry uplands and thrives in poor, shallow, gravelly soils, where other grasses would fail. It is very hardy, resisting extreme heat and cold. Though of dwarf growth, it grows thickly, yielding a large amount of nutritious herbage. In grass mixtures, for pastures on high and dry lands, it is especially valuable. Though a "bunch grass," it may be included in lawn mixtures as well as in fair-green mixtures on account of its fine foliage and dwarf dense growth. Sow 35 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 50		25 lbs.....	\$10 50
10 lbs.....	4 50		100 lbs.....	40 00

**FESTUCA PRATENSIS** (*Meadow Fescue; English Blue Grass*). One of the grasses most used in permanent or temporary meadows for mowing or for pasture. It succeeds best in cold, moist, light soils, in well-drained meadows and in low valleys rich in organic matter. It should not be grown at all on warm, dry land. It does not reach its full development until the second or third years, when it far exceeds most other sorts in the quantity of its produce and nutritive matter. After being mown, it grows again very quickly. The forage, either green or dried, is very nourishing and much relished by cattle, especially when cut young. Sow 40 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 45		25 lbs.....	\$9 50
10 lbs.....	4 00		100 lbs.....	36 00

**FESTUCA RUBRA** (*Red or Creeping Fescue*). **True.**

A creeping-rooted species forming a close and lasting turf, and especially adapted for dry, sandy soils. It resists extreme drought and thrives on very inferior soils, gravelly banks, and exposed hillsides. It is also valuable for shady places in lawns, as well as for golf-courses and for binding shifting sands on the seashore. (24 pounds to the bushel.) 30 lbs. to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 60		25 lbs.....	\$13 00
10 lbs.....	5 50		100 lbs.....	50 00

**FESTUCA** (*Chewing's New Zealand Fescue*). A variety of Hard Fescue of dwarf habit, grown with great success on poor, light, as well as heavier soils, forming a good sward where no other grass would succeed; it stands drought well and is good in mixtures for permanent pasture, golf links, or lawns. Sow 15 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 65		25 lbs.....	\$14 00
10 lbs.....	6 00		100 lbs.....	55 00

**FESTUCA TENUIFOLIA** (*Slender Fescue*).

This is really a variety of *Festuca ovina*, with much finer leaves. It will grow on very dry and inferior soils, and its dwarf habit of growth and fineness of leaf render it not unsuitable for dry slopes on lawns and golf-links. It stands grazing well, is very hardy, and lasts long, and may therefore be recommended for permanent pasture on high and dry situations. Sow 30 pounds to the acre. Crop uncertain—will give price on application, if practicable.

**FOXTAIL.** See *Alopecurus pratensis*.

**HUNGARIAN GRASS.** See *Panicum germanicum*.

**JOHNSON GRASS.** See *Sorghum Halepense*, page 58.

**KENTUCKY BLUE.** See *Poa pratensis*.

**LOLIUM PERENNE** (*Perennial Rye Grass*). Fancy short-seeded. Although called a perennial, it seldom lasts more than three or four years. It is the most valuable grass in Great Britain, both for pasture and for meadows, occupying there the same relative position of importance that Timothy holds here. The cool, moist climate of England seems to suit it best, yet it succeeds very well in our middle and eastern states, and adapts itself to a great diversity of soils. The seed is large and heavy, and produces a strong, verdant growth in four or five weeks after sowing. It cures into hay having a sweet flavor, and is much relished by cattle and horses. Its nutritive value, especially in mixture with Red Clover, is very great. It is excellent in mixtures for quick effects in lawns or golf-links. Sow 60 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 25		25 lbs.....	\$4 25
10 lbs.....	2 00		100 lbs.....	15 00

**LOLIUM PERENNE** (*English Rye Grass*). A carefully selected, dwarf-growing strain, suitable for lawns. Makes a fine green turf in three weeks.

Lb.....	\$0 20		25 lbs.....	\$3 50
10 lbs.....	1 50		100 lbs.....	12 00

**LOLIUM ITALICUM** (*Italian Rye Grass*). Though lasting two or three years, under very favorable circumstances, it is practically an annual. Like the Perennial Rye Grass, it is a remarkably rapid grower, and has, in addition, the advantage of standing extremes in temperature, remaining green throughout the winter, and retaining its freshness in the hottest summer months and during pro-



**GRASS SEEDS, continued**

**LOLIUM ITALICUM, continued**

longed drought. When sown very thickly or in mixture with other sorts, it makes a good, dense turf, and it has been used with much satisfaction on lawns as far south as Jacksonville. On rich, moist soils, it is exceedingly productive and may be cut in four or five weeks after sowing, and every six weeks after that until frost. For temporary meadows, on good soils, it is a most valuable grass. Sow 50 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 20		25 lbs.....	\$4 00
10 lbs.....	1 75		100 lbs.....	14 00

**OAT GRASS.** See *Avena elatior*.

**ORCHARD GRASS.** See *Dactylis glomerata*.

**PANICUM GERMANICUM (Hungarian Grass).**

One of the most valuable annual soiling plants. It grows on any ordinary soil; withstands drought well. As it is of very rapid growth, being ready for cutting within sixty days, it may be sown in this latitude as late as the middle of July for hay, or in the middle of August for green fodder. It should be cut just before blooming, when it makes a tender and nutritious hay. Sow 75 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 15		25 lbs.....	\$2 50
10 lbs.....	1 25		100 lbs.....	8 00

**PASPALUM DILATATUM (Australian Water Grass).**

A somewhat leafy perennial, growing in clumps. Valuable as a pasture grass for the South; endures summer heat and drought very well and is especially desirable for furnishing late summer and autumn feed, during which period it makes its principal growth. Sow lightly on the surface in warm weather. The seed should barely be covered with soil. Sow from 8 to 10 pounds to the acre, with 5 pounds of Hungarian Grass as a temporary protection.

Lb.....	\$0 60		25 lbs.....	\$13 00
10 lbs.....	5 50		100 lbs.....	50 00

**PHLEUM PRATENSE (Timothy).**

A native of Europe, but long ago naturalized in America, where it ranks as by far the most important of hay grasses. On moist, loamy or clayey soil it produces a larger hay crop than any other grass. It is not as well suited for light, sandy soils, though preferring a moist, temperate climate, it withstands drought and extreme heat and cold. Its hay is very nourishing and can be preserved for a long time. It should be cut when flowering, as if left later the hay becomes hard and coarse. It is often sown with Red-Top Grass and Red Clover, and the nutritive value of the hay is greatly increased by this mixture. If sown alone, at least 25 pounds to the acre should be used; with Red-Top Grass and Red Clover, 15 pounds of Timothy, 12 pounds of Red-Top Grass (Fancy) and 3 pounds of Red Clover; or with Red Clover only, 20 pounds of Timothy and 5 pounds of Clover. The seed weighs 45 pounds to the bushel. Several grades are always on the market, differing in purity and vitality, but the seed we offer is of the very highest quality and extra clean. It is always most economical to buy the highest grade, known as "Fancy."

Lb.....	\$0 25		25 lbs.....	\$5 00
10 lbs.....	2 25		100 lbs.....	18 00

**POA COMPRESSA (Canada Blue Grass).**

Highest grade. A very hardy perennial grass, with creeping root-stocks. It grows on the poorest and driest soils, sandy, gravelly or clayey, standing extremes

**POA COMPRESSA, continued**

of wetness or drought, and keeping green until the severe frosts of winter. It is especially valuable for dairy pastures, cows feeding on it yielding the richest milk from which the finest butter is made. It is distinguished from the Kentucky Blue Grass by its flattened, wiry stems and by its decidedly bluer color. Sow 60 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 30		25 lbs.....	\$5 50
10 lbs.....	2 50		100 lbs.....	20 00

**POA PRATENSIS (Kentucky Blue Grass; June Grass).**

Highest grade. One of the most widely distributed and valuable native grasses. It combines more points of excellence than any other sort. It is a true perennial, lasting indefinitely and improving every year. Its densely creeping root stocks, spreading habit and smooth, even growth, fine texture, and rich green color render it one of the very best grasses for lawns. It forms a close turf, starts very early in the spring, and lasts till frost. It succeeds in almost any soil—dry, rocky, sandy or gravelly—and stands long-continued dry weather and hot suns. It takes, however, two or three years to become well established, and should, therefore, be sown only in connection with other grasses. If the soil is especially suitable, it will eventually crowd these out, and make the finest possible sward. It is one of our most valuable pasture grasses, very productive and nutritious. Sow 50 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 50		25 lbs.....	\$11 00
10 lbs.....	4 50		100 lbs.....	40 00

**POA TRIVIALIS (Rough-stalked Meadow Grass).**

A spreading, thickly matted, stoloniferous-rooted species, forming a fine turf, and adapted for shaded portions of lawns. It thrives on rich, moist soil and in sheltered situations, but not on dry land. Valuable for forming bottom grass in mixtures for permanent pastures. Sow 20 pounds to the acre. Crop uncertain.

**RHODES GRASS (Chloris gayana).**

A recent acquisition from Africa, grows 4 to 6 feet high. The Florida Experiment Station reports on it as follows: "Excellent for hay as well as for grazing purposes; keeps green until cut down by severe frost and then starts growing again as soon as warm weather returns. Yields enormously and can be cut three to five times." Sow 5 pounds to the acre. Present price:

Lb.....	\$1 00		100 lbs.....	\$90 00
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**SUDAN GRASS.**

This recently introduced grass belongs to the Sorghum family, and, according to the reports of the United States Department of Agriculture is a very valuable grass for hay, especially in sections subject to drought, making good yields nearly everywhere; it grows 4 to 9 feet high, according to cultivation, yielding 2 to 5 tons of excellent hay per acre, with as high as 9 tons under irrigation; should not be sown until the soil has become warm, about corn-planting time or a little earlier. Sow broadcast at the rate of 25 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 20		100 lbs.....	\$12 00
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**RED-TOP.** See *Agrostis alba*.

**RYE GRASS.** See *Lolium italicum* and *Lolium perenne*.

**RHODE ISLAND BENT GRASS.** See *Agrostis tenuis*.

**TIMOTHY.** See *Phleum pratense*.

**KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS.** See *Poa pratensis*.



Sudan Grass (see page 53)

## CLOVERS

We quote present prices on Clovers as near as it is possible to offer them at, as we go to press. We shall be very glad to quote prevailing prices on all of them from time to time, and we solicit inquiries. It is understood, of course, that all are subject to market fluctuations without notice. Clover may profitably be included in your crop rotation to increase the fertility of the soil. See page 58 for Bacteria Cultures.

**ALFALFA, or LUCERNE** (*Medicago sativa*). Requires deep, rich, well-drained soil, usually well limed. The tap-root descends often to a depth of 10 to 15 feet in loose soil. It is consequently, capable of resisting great droughts. It should be sown alone (about same time as oats are sown in this section) in thoroughly prepared deeply plowed soil, at the rate of 20 to 25 pounds to the acre. It may also be sown as late as August and up to the middle of September in more southerly localities. The crop should be cut when the plant is coming into bloom. In suitable soil it is perennial, and several crops may be cut every year. American seed.

Lb.....	\$0 40		25 lbs.....	\$8 00
10 lbs.....	3 50		100 lbs.....	30 00

**ALSIKE, or HYBRID CLOVER** (*Trifolium hybridum*). A perennial, 1 to 3 feet high, succeeding best in cold, stiff soils, and in marshy lands which are too wet for other species. It grows well in the far North and in high altitudes. A good honey plant for bees. Sow 15 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 50		25 lbs.....	\$10 50
10 lbs.....	4 50		100 lbs.....	40 00

**BOKHARA CLOVER** (*Melilotus alba*). Valuable sort for soiling and for ensilage and bees. Grows from 3 to 5 feet high; sown in rich soil it may be cut three times; lasts for years if cut before flowering. Sow 15 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 30		100 lbs.....	\$22 00
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**MAMMOTH RED or PEA-VINE** (*Trifolium pratense perenne*). Grows larger and lasts longer than the common Red Clover. Valuable for plowing under. Sow 10 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 45		25 lbs.....	\$9 50
10 lbs.....	4 00		100 lbs.....	35 00

**RED CLOVER, MEDIUM** (*Trifolium pratense*). One of the most valuable farm crops of the eastern states for pasture, hay, or for turning under for green manure. Sow 15 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 40		25 lbs.....	\$8 50
10 lbs.....	3 50		100 lbs.....	30 00

**JAPAN CLOVER** (*Lespedeza striata*). An annual valuable only in the South, where it thrives in any soil in the driest season. It makes fair hay; eaten readily by stock when green. Valuable for plowing under. Sow in spring broadcast, 30 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 50		25 lbs.....	\$10 00
10 lbs.....	4 50		100 lbs.....	37 00

**KIDNEY VETCH, or SAND CLOVER** (*Anthyllis vulneraria*). A deep-rooted, herbaceous hardy perennial, valuable for dry, sandy and inferior soils, upon which Red Clover will not thrive. Eaten with avidity by sheep, cattle and horses; useful in mixture for dry soils. Sow 20 pounds to the acre. Lb. \$1.50.

**CRIMSON, or SCARLET CLOVER** (*Trifolium incarnatum*). Erect annual, 1 to 2 feet high, with bright scarlet flowers. A native of southern Europe; largely grown in our southern states for improving the soil by turning under. Will not endure severe frost, and cannot be depended upon to stand the winter north of New Jersey. It is a valuable crop for pasturage or green manure. For hay, cut when in full bloom. Cattle are very fond of it. Sow 20 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....	\$0 20		25 lbs.....	\$3 50
10 lbs.....	1 50		100 lbs.....	12 00

**WHITE CLOVER** (*Trifolium repens*). White Clover is of dwarf habit, spreads rapidly and is very hardy. It is valuable in permanent pastures, being sweet and nutritious and forms a close herbage which stays green throughout the year. Sow in spring, 8 to 10 pounds to the acre. At the present time White Clover is extremely scarce and high.

Lb.....	\$0 80		25 lbs.....	\$18 00
10 lbs.....	7 50		100 lbs.....	70 00

N. B. All prices are subject to market fluctuations without notice



# CEREALS

Bags charged at cost

PRICES ALL SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. PRICES ARE F. O. B. NEW YORK

## FIELD CORN

(56 pounds to the bushel). All grown especially for seed

### FLINT VARIETIES

	Qt.	Pk.	Bus.
<b>Canada Early Yellow.</b> Very early; yellow flint; 8-rowed.....Ears \$10 per 100..	\$0 25	\$1 75	\$6 00
<b>King Philip.</b> Early; reddish yellow flint; 8-rowed.....	25	1 50	5 50
<b>Longfellow</b> (Yellow Flint). Small cob and large grain; popular 8-rowed variety.....			
	Ears \$10 per 100..	25	1 50
<b>Sanford Large</b> (White Flint).....	25	1 50	5 50

### DENT VARIETIES

<b>Champion White Pearl.</b> Large grain; 14 to 18 rows; ripens in about 95 days.....	25	1 50	5 00
<b>Iowa Gold Mine.</b> Dent; deep grain; ripens in about 90 days.....	25	1 50	5 00
<b>Iowa Silver Mine.</b> Large grain; dent; white cob, ripens in about 100 days.....	25	1 50	5 00
<b>Leaming Early.</b> Large; deep grains; dull yellow; early and productive.....	25	1 50	5 00

### FODDER AND ENSILAGE VARIETIES

<b>Cuban Giant Ensilage.</b> Very prolific.....	20	1 50	5 00
<b>Red-Cob Ensilage.</b> Abundant herbage; tall growth; fine.....	25	1 50	5 00
<b>Virginia Horse-Tooth.</b> For fodder and ensilage.....	25	1 25	4 50
<b>Eureka White Ensilage.</b> .....	25	1 50	5 00

### POP-CORN (Shelled)

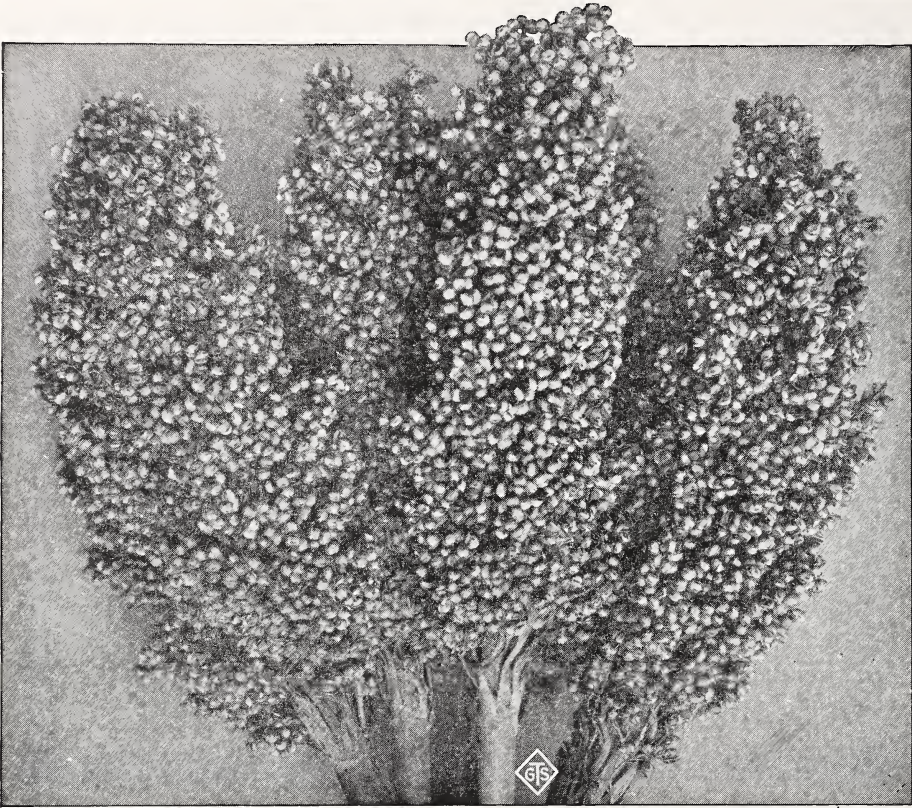
(56 pounds to the bushel)

	Per lb.	Per 100 lbs.
<b>Golden Queen.</b> .....	\$0 20	\$18 00
<b>Red Beauty.</b> .....	25	22 00
<b>Silver Lace.</b> .....	20	18 00
<b>White Pearl.</b> .....	20	18 00
<b>White Rice.</b> .....	20	18 00

## MISCELLANEOUS CEREALS

ALL SUBJECT TO CHANGE IN PRICE WITHOUT NOTICE

<b>BARLEY.</b> (48 lbs. to the bus.) Bearded. 2 bushels to the acre..	Bus.	
<b>Champion.</b> Beardless.....	\$3 50	4 50
<b>BUCKWHEAT.</b> (48 lbs. to the bus.) 2 bushels to the acre.		
<b>Japan.</b> Productive; large grains. Price uncertain.....	About	4 50
<b>MILLET.</b> (50 lbs. to the bus.)		
<b>Golden.</b> Extra-large seed-heads. Lb. 100 lbs. 1 ½ bus. to the acre.....	\$0 15	\$12 00
<b>Japanese Barnyard</b> ( <i>Panicum Crus-galli</i> ). 30 to 40 lbs. to the acre.....	20	15 00
<b>Pearl.</b> Southern fodder-plant.....	35	30 00
<b>Siberian.</b> .....	10	7 50
<b>White French.</b> White grain.....	35	30 00
<b>White Wonder.</b> Broad, heavy foliage; very large heads, producing immense amount of excellent fodder. Earlier than Golden Millet..	15	12 00
<b>OATS.</b> (32 lbs. to the bus.) 2 to 3 bus. to the acre.	Qt.	Bus.
<b>Canada Cluster.</b> .....	\$0 15	\$2 25
<b>Swedish Select.</b> .....	15	2 75
<b>Storm King.</b> .....	15	2 50
<b>RYE.</b> (56 lbs. to the bus.) 1 ½ to 2 bus. to the acre.		
<b>Mammoth Winter.</b> Very fine strain, grows 6 to 7 feet high, giving 25 per cent more straw than any other variety.....	20	3 50
<b>Rosen.</b> The new variety; very prolific.....	20	4 00
<b>WHEAT, WINTER.</b> (60 lbs. to the bus.) 1 ½ bus. to the acre.		
<b>Red Wave.</b> Bald; red grain.....		5 00
<b>Klondyke.</b> White grain; bald.....		5 00
<b>Durum or Macaroni.</b> .....		5 00



White Kaffir Corn (see page 58)

## Forage, Economical and Miscellaneous Seeds

Except where noted, these seeds are not sold in packets. From 15 cts. to 25 cts. worth is the smallest quantity put up

ALL SUBJECT TO CHANGE IN PRICE

**AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH** (*Atriplex semibaccata*). Thrives in soils on which nothing else will grow, and it is highly recommended for alkali soils and all regions subject to periodical drought. It is very nutritious, and good for all kinds of live-stock. Two or three pounds of seed are sufficient for an acre. The seed may be sown in beds, and the seedlings planted out when 2 inches high, 3 feet apart. Grows strong and vigorously in the driest seasons. Lb. 70 cts.

**BEANS** (60 lbs. to the bushel)—

**Velvet Bean** (*Dolichos multiflorus*). Used in the South as a forage plant, and as a fertilizer plant for turning under. Stock readily eat the vines and leaves, and the Beans, when ground, with or without the pod, are used in place of oats or corn, or mixed with them. Plant in rows 4 feet apart and 1 foot in the row, 2 or 3 Beans in a place, as soon as danger of frost is past. The vines are strong and vigorous in growth, rapidly covering the ground, and bearing immense quantities of Beans. Qt. 25 cts., bus. \$5.

**Soybean** (*Glycine hispida*). Thrives well in hot and dry weather. Plant at the rate of  $\frac{1}{2}$  to  $\frac{3}{4}$  bushel to the acre, in drills  $2\frac{1}{2}$  or 3 feet apart, and cultivate same as field corn. It does not make good hay, but is good as ensilage or green fodder.

**BEANS, Soybean, continued**

**Early Dwarf Green.** An early-maturing variety, best for the North, or sections where Hollybrook and Mammoth Yellow do not have time to mature. Pk. \$2.50, bus. \$8.

**Hollybrook Early.** A vigorous, quick-growing variety. Pk. \$2, bus. \$6.

**Mammoth Yellow.** The largest growing Soybean, valuable for green fodder and for improving the soil. Pk. \$1.50, bus. \$5.

**BEGGAR-WEED** (Florida or Giant Beggar-Weed;

*Desmodium tortuosum*). An erect, leguminous annual, growing from 3 to 8 feet high, with abundant foliage; valuable as forage or for soil renovation in subtropical regions; it also makes hay of a fine quality. It should be sown at the rate of 10 pounds to the acre, after the ground is warm and moist. The seed should be but very lightly covered. If for hay, it should be cut just as it begins to bloom. Lb. 60 cts., 100 lbs. \$50.

**BROOM CORN** (*Sorghum vulgare*). (12 lbs. to the acre.) Broom Corn succeeds in a good, deep soil, fresh but not damp, and it is very sensitive to cold.

**Improved Dwarf.** Lb. 10 cts., 100 lbs. \$8.

**Long-Brush Evergreen.** Lb. 10 cts., 100 lbs. \$8.

**CAPER TREE** (*Capparis inermis*). Pkt. 25 cts., oz. \$1.



## FORAGE, ECONOMICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS SEEDS, continued

**CASTOR BEAN** (*Ricinus*). The plant from which castor-oil is made. Lb. 30 cts., 100 lbs. \$25.

**COTTON** (*Gossypium*), **Sea Island**. Lb. 25 cts., 100 lbs. \$20.

**Upland Big Boll**. Lb. 25 cts., 100 lbs. \$18.

**COWPEAS** (*Vigna catjang*). Specially adapted to warm countries; extensively grown in our southern states, also valuable in this latitude as a fodder-plant. The chief value of Cowpeas, however, is as a green crop to plow under. The seed should not be sown till the ground has become well warmed. Sow 1 bushel to the acre, in drills; 2 or 2½ bushels to the acre is sown broadcast.

**Black**. Standard variety; early and very prolific. Price variable. Present quotation, pk. \$2, bus. \$7.

**Clay**. A little later than the Black; prolific in both Peas and growth of vine. Price variable. Present quotation, pk. \$2, bus. \$7.

**Whippoorwill**. A favorite sort; makes a good growth of vine and very good for improving the land. Price variable. Present quotation, pk. \$2, bus. \$7.

**EMMER**. (Sometimes advertised as "Speltz," though this name is incorrect, the true Speltz being a different article.) It is grown quite extensively in the Northwest, having been brought there from Russia, where it is considered a valuable cereal on account of its hardness and drought-resisting qualities. Lb. 20 cts., 100 lbs. \$10.

**ESPARSETTE**. See *Onobrychis sativa*.

**FETERITA**. A new forage plant, similar to Kaffir Corn, but much earlier, and is a great drought resister. Sow 8 to 10 pounds to the acre in drills. Produces large crops of both grain and forage. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$10.

**FURZE** (*Ulex europæus*). Also known as Whin and Gorse. A perennial leguminous shrub. The crushed sprigs of one year's growth of this shrub furnish an excellent green fodder in winter. It grows well on barren hillsides and in sandy soil. Sheep are fond of it. Sow 25 pounds to the acre. Oz. 20 cts., lb. \$2.

**JUTE** (*Corchorus*). Annual. Thrives in any good corn ground. Sow in drills, about 8 inches apart, 4 pounds to the acre. Requires no cultivation, as it will outstrip in growth all weeds. May also be sown broadcast, 6 or 7 pounds to the acre. Oz. 15 cts., lb. \$1.50.

**KAFFIR CORN**. See Sorghum, page 58.

**LENTILS**. Extra-large yellow. The variety commonly cultivated. Sow in spring as soon as ground can be worked, on light soil in drills. Lb. 30 cts., 100 lbs. \$25.

**LOTUS corniculatus** (Bird's-foot Trefoil). Perennial; used in pastures. Cattle and sheep eat it readily, and it is said to be quite nutritious. It grows on the lightest and most sterile soils, and can withstand severe droughts. Is excellent for sowing in mixture for dry pastures. Lb. \$2.

**villosus, or major** (Greater Bird's-foot Trefoil). Lb. \$2.

**LUPINE, White** (Large Flat Seed). One of the best plants known for green manure, as it gathers large quantities of nitrogen from the air. It

**LUPINE, White**, continued

may be sown from April to July and plowed under when in flower. The seed, when burned, is excellent manure for orange and olive trees. Sow 80 to 100 pounds to the acre. Lb. 30 cts., 100 lbs. \$25.

**Blue**. Lb. 35 cts., 100 lbs. \$30.

**Yellow**. Lb. 35 cts., 100 lbs. \$30.

**MILLETS**. See Miscellaneous Cereals, page 55.

**ONOBRYCHIS sativa** (French, *Sainfoin*; *Espars-ette*). A perennial leguminous plant, belonging to the same family as clover and lucerne. It is a valuable plant for growing on poor land and barren hillsides. When once well established, it lasts for many years. If to be used for hay, cut just before the flowering period. Sow in spring, covering the seeds quite deeply, at the rate of 80 to 100 pounds to the acre. Lb. 45 cts., 100 lbs. \$40.

**OSAGE ORANGE** (*Maclura aurantiaca*). Useful for hedges. Lb. \$1.50.

**PEANUTS, Spanish**. Used in the South as a hay and grain ration; the tops also make good forage, either green or cured. Nuts are smaller but better flavored than other sorts. Price variable. Present quotation, lb. 30 cts., 100 lbs. \$25.

**PEARL MILLET** (*Penicillaria spicata*). A valuable fodder-plant for the South; is enormously productive. Sow the seed in drills 18 inches apart and 8 to 10 pounds to the acre. Lb. 35 cts., 100 lbs. \$30.

**PEAS, Canada Field**. Valuable for northern climates, for cattle-feeding, especially for milch cows. This pea also makes fine ensilage and for plowing under as a green manure has no equal. It is sown broadcast in the spring and harrowed in 2½ to 3 bushels to the acre. If sown with oats, use about 1½ bushels to the acre. Price variable. Present quotation, qt. 25 cts., bus. \$6.

**PENICILLARIA spicata**. See Pearl Millet.

**POPPY, Opium** (*Papaver somniferum*). The seed furnishes an agreeable sweet oil, used for the table, also for painting and for illuminating. May be sown in spring, either broadcast or in drills, covering thinly. Also cultivated for opium. Oz. 15 cts., lb. 75 cts.

**RAPE, Dwarf Essex English** (*Brassica Napus*). Largely grown in the northern United States and in Canada. It is excellent for sheep-pasture and also for soiling. It may be sown in May, and will be ready for pasturing in July and August; or, it may be sown in June or July, and yet furnish a large amount of pasture or fodder. In drills, sow 5 pounds to the acre; sown broadcast, 10 pounds to the acre. Price variable. Present quotation, lb. 25 cts., 100 lbs. \$15.

**REANA luxurians** (Teosinte). Short crop. A valuable fodder-plant from Central America, in growth resembling Indian corn. Well adapted to our southern states. Sow about 3 to 5 pounds to the acre. Oz. 15 cts., lb. \$1.25.

**RICE SEED**. For sowing. Best Carolina. Lb. 25 cts., 100 lbs. \$20.

**SAINFOIN**. See *Onobrychis*, above.

**SALT BUSH**. See Australian Salt Bush, page 56.

**SORGHUM.** If sown in drills 25 pounds are required to the acre; for dry fodder, 100 lbs. to the acre broadcast.

**Early Amber Sugar-Cane.** Ripens wherever Indian corn matures. Grows 10 to 12 feet high. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$7.

**Brown Dhoura.** Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$8.

**Halepense** (Johnson Grass). One of the most valuable Southern fodder plants. On rich soils it may be cut three or four times in a single season, and it is claimed that hay made from it is equal in value to Timothy. Sow in August and September, 35 to 40 pounds to the acre. Lb. 35 cts., 100 lbs. \$30.

**Holcus saccharatus** (Sugar Millet). Rich in saccharine matter, and a large amount of nutritive fodder can be obtained from it. Lb. 25c., 100 lbs. \$20.

**Jerusalem Corn** (White Dhoura). Lb. 20 cts., 100 lbs. \$15.

**Red Kaffir Corn, or Sorghum.** Non-saccharine. The plant is low, stalky, perfectly erect. The whole stalk, as well as the blades, cures into excellent fodder, and in all stages it is available for green feed. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$10.

**White Kaffir Corn.** Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$10.

**Early Orange Sugar-Cane.** Ripens about 10 days after Early Amber, and is said to produce a larger crop. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$10.

**Shallu.** A non-saccharine Sorghum from India, also known as Egyptian wheat. Requires more room to develop than ordinary Sorghum, and consequently needs less seed to sow an acre. Lb. 25 cts., 100 lbs. \$20.

**White Milo Maize.** Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$10.

#### SORGHUM, continued

**White Dhoura.** See Jerusalem Corn.

**Yellow Branching** (Yellow Milo Maize). Non-saccharine; useful for the large amount of foliage, green feed, or cured fodder that it furnishes, and for its grain. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$10.

**SPURRY** (*Spergularia arvensis*). Annual. Grows well on poor, dry, sandy soil; may be sown every month from March to August. Excellent pasture for cattle and sheep; also of much value as a fertilizer for light soil. Sow 15 pounds to the acre. Lb. 25 cts., 100 lbs. \$20.

**Giant Spurry.** Lb. 25 cts., 100 lbs. \$20.

**SUNFLOWER, Large Russian.** Sunflower seed is one of the best foods for poultry. This variety is very large as well as ornamental. Lb. 25 cts., 10 lbs. \$2, 25 lbs. \$4.50, 100 lbs. \$15.

**TEOSINTE.** See *Reana luxurians*, page 57.

**TOBACCO SEED.** See page 44.

**ULEX europæus.** See Furze, page 57.

**VELVET BEAN.** See page 56.

**VETCHES, Spring Tares** (*Vicia sativa*). Sown broadcast at rate of 60 to 100 pounds to the acre, like wheat or barley, and sometimes mixed with oats for soiling. Used in France and Canada as a substitute for peas. Price variable. Present quotation, lb. 30 cts., 100 lbs. \$25.

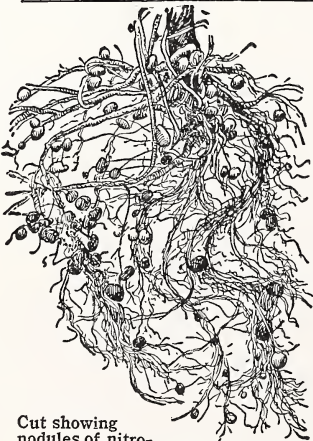
**Sand, Winter or Hairy Vetch** (*Vicia villosa*). Thrives on poor, arid, sandy soils. It may be sown either in fall or spring, mixed with rye for a support. Grows 3 to 4 feet high, and can be cut as soon as the bloom appears and again for seed. Perfectly hardy. Sow from 30 to 50 pounds to the acre. Lb. 35 cts., 100 lbs. \$30.

## Bacteria Preparations

Peas, beans, clovers, and vetches are leguminous plants which have the power of gathering and fixing nitrogen from the air, thereby increasing the yield of crops and the fertility of the soil. This is done by means of bacteria in small nodules on the roots of the plants. In certain soils it is hard to secure a good "catch" of these crops unless the seed and soil are previously inoculated with the particular bacteria belonging to that crop. This inoculation is easily accomplished by the cultures listed below. Full directions for application come with each package.

## Mulford Cultures and Farmogerm

PREPARED FOR THE FOLLOWING CROPS



Cut showing nodules of nitrogen-gathering bacteria on the roots of a Soy Bean plant

White Clover	Alfalfa Clover	Canada Field Peas
Red Clover	Garden Beans	Garden Peas
Crimson Clover	Cowpeas	Sweet Peas
Alsike Clover	Vetches	Soy Beans

**Mulford Cultures.** For inoculating all legume crops with nitrogen-fixing bacteria to increase the crop and improve the soil:

5-acre size \$5, 1-acre size \$1.50, 1/4-acre size 75 cts., small size 35 cts. The small size only [supplied in 4 varieties for Garden Peas, Garden Beans, Lima Beans, and Sweet Peas. Always specify on your order what crop you want to inoculate, a different variety being used for each legume.

**Farmogerm.** The Original and Genuine Seed Inoculant. A preparation of high-bred, nitrogen-gathering bacteria in sealed bottles, ready to use, with water added, according to directions.

Price per acre bottle, \$2; 5-acre bottle \$8. When ordering state for what crop Farmogerm is wanted.

Also, in garden size, enough for 1,000 square feet, or a 200 foot row, at 50 cts. per bottle for Peas, Beans, Sweet Peas, and White Clover, each crop requiring a different bottle. We secure cultures fresh from the laboratory, hence it takes two or three days to fill orders.



## TREE AND SHRUB SEEDS

To preserve seeds of Conifers and other Evergreen Trees, it is best to keep them in perfectly dry sand until the time of sowing. For this latitude the seeds should be sown thinly, as early in the spring as the ground can be worked, in beds of fine, sandy loam. Cover to the depth of about the thickness of the seed, and press the beds gently with the back of the spade to firm the earth around the seeds. Great care must be taken not to give too much water, as the young plants damp off very easily. Water with a very fine rose, but never so that the ground becomes soggy. Some shade must be used to protect the young plants from the hot sun and winds, and to keep the birds from destroying them. Seeds of the rarer sorts may be sown in coldframes or boxes; if in coldframes the sashes should be shaded and the frames raised at the corners 3 or 4 inches to allow the air to circulate freely. Keep the young plants well weeded, and allow them to remain one to two years before transplanting.

The propagation of Deciduous Trees from seed is less difficult than that of Evergreen species. Acorns, Hickorynuts, Chestnuts, and Walnuts should be planted in autumn, or kept during the winter in earth or moss. They shrivel up by too long exposure to the air, and many of them lose their vitality. Those seeds with hard shells, like the Locust, Gymnocladus, etc., should be planted in autumn or placed in boxes with sand, and exposed to frost before planting. They may not germinate till the second year after planting, and if they are received too late in the spring to expose them to the action of the frost, they may be put into a vessel of hot water for an hour or so before planting. American Elm, Silver Maple and a few other sorts ripen their seeds early in summer, and, if gathered and planted soon after they fall from the tree, will make fine plants the same season. The seeds of other Deciduous Trees and Shrubs should be planted from the middle of April to the middle of May, in drills about 2 feet apart, and covered about 1/2 inch deep, according to size.

*As the season advances, many sorts become worthless from various causes, or are sold out, and cannot be replaced until the new crop is ready next season. On account of labor trouble it has been almost impossible to collect Tree Seeds the past season. We are offering only the varieties we expect to receive.*

### EVERGREEN TREE AND SHRUB SEEDS

*We do not sell Tree or Shrub Seeds in quantities of less than one ounce of any one variety, except those quoted at 25 cents per packet*

	Oz.	Lb.
<b>Abies amabilis</b> (Silver Fir).....	\$0 80	\$8 00
balsamea (Balsam Fir). Fragrant		
branches; used for pillows.....	35	3 50
brachyphylla (Short-leaved Japan		
Fir).....	40	4 00
canadensis (Hemlock Spruce).....		
pkt. 25 cts... I	25	12 00
concolor (Calif. White Silver Fir)..	40	4 00
grandis (Great Silver Fir of Oregon).	50	5 00
magnifica (Superb Silver Fir).....	50	5 00
Mariesii (Japan Silver Fir).....	70	7 00
nobilis (Noble Fir).....	80	8 00
sacchalinesis (Saghalien Fir).....		
pkt. 25 cts... I	00	10 00
Veitchii. From Japan.....	60	6 00
<b>Andromeda japonica.</b> Evergreen		
shrub.....	80	8 00
<b>Arborvitæ.</b> See <i>Thuja</i> .		
<b>Arctostaphylos glauca</b> (Great-berried		
Manzanita).....	20	2 00
<b>Buxus sempervirens</b> (Evergreen Box).	25	2 50
<b>Cedrus Deodara</b> .....	30	3 00
Libani (Cedar of Lebanon).....	30	3 00
<b>Chamæcyparis obtusa.</b> From Japan.	35	3 50
pisifera (Sawara Cypress).....	35	3 50
<b>Cryptomeria japonica</b> (Japan Cedar).		
pkt. 25 cts... I	00	10 00
<b>Cupressus macrocarpa</b> (Monterey		
Cypress).....	50	5 00
<b>Daphniphyllum humile.</b> From Ja-		
pan.....	45	4 50
<b>Fir Tree.</b> See <i>Abies</i> and <i>Picea</i> .		



Abies concolor

## EVERGREEN TREE AND SHRUB SEEDS, continued

	Oz.	Lb.
<b>Juniperus communis</b> (Common Juniper).....	\$0 75	\$7 50
procumbens.....	75	7 50
virginiana (Red Cedar).....	15	1 00
<b>Libocedrus decurrens</b> (California White Cedar).....pkt. 25 cts...	I 00	10 00
<b>Picea Alcockiana</b> (Japan Fir).....	70	7 00
Douglasii (Douglas Spruce).....	60	6 00
Engelmannii.....	60	6 00
Menziesii (Sitchensis) (Menzie's Fir).....pkt. 25 cts...	I 25	12 00
ajanensis. From Japan. pkt. 25c...	I 00	10 00
polita (Tiger's Tail Fir).....	75	7 50
pungens (Colorado Blue Spruce)...	60	6 00
rubra.....	75	7 50
<b>Pinus australis</b> or <b>palustris</b> (Southern Pine).....	30	3 00
Banksiana (Jack Pine). pkt. 25c...	I 00	10 00
densiflora (Japan Pine).....	25	2 50
edulis (American Nut Pine).....	40	4 00
insignis (Oregon Pitch Pine).....	70	7 00
Jeffreyi (Jeffrey's Pine).....	50	5 00
koraensis. From Japan.....	25	2 50
Lambertiana (Sugar Pine).....	30	3 00
Laricio (Corsican Pine).....	30	3 00
monticola (Mountain White Pine)...	70	7 00
muricata (Bishop's Pine).....	60	6 00
parviflora.....	60	6 00
pentaphylla. From Japan.....	70	7 00
Pinea (Stone Pine).....	25	2 50
ponderosa (Heavy Pine).....	30	3 00

	Oz.	Lb.
<b>Pinus</b> , continued		
pumila. A dwarf or bush form.....	\$0 50	\$5 00
rigida (Northern Pitch Pine).....	60	6 00
Sabiniana (Sabine's Nut Pine)....	40	4 00
Strobus (White Pine).....	40	4 00
Thunbergii (Japanese Black Pine)...	25	2 50
<b>Schinus molle</b> (California Pepper Tree).....	25	2 50
<b>Sciadopitys verticillatus</b> (Umbrella Pine of Japan).....	40	4 00
<b>Sequoia gigantea</b> .....	I 25	12 00
sempervirens (California Redwood)...	75	7 50
<b>Spruce Tree.</b> See <i>Abies</i> and <i>Picea</i> .		
<b>Taxus cuspidata.</b> From Japan.....	40	4 00
<b>Thuja gigantea</b> (Giant Oregon Arborvitae).....	70	7 00
occidentalis (American Arborvitae)...	60	6 00
orientalis (Chinese Arborvitae)....	80	8 00
<b>Torreya nucifera.</b> From Japan. Usually 30 ft.....	20	2 00
<b>Tsuga canadensis</b> ..... pkt. 25 cts...	I 25	12 00
diversifolia. From Japan.....	75	7 50
Sieboldii.....	80	8 00
<b>Viburnum odoratissimum.</b> Shrub; 10 ft.....	40	4 00
Sandankwa. Shrub; 6 ft. Flowers white tinged pink.....	40	4 00
(For other Viburnums see Deciduous Trees.)		
<b>Yucca filamentosa</b> (Adam's Needle)...	30	3 00

## DECIDUOUS TREE AND SHRUB SEEDS

We do not sell Tree or Shrub Seeds in quantities of less than an ounce of any one variety, except those quoted at 25 cents per packet

	Oz.	Lb.
<b>Acer japonicum</b> (palmatum). From Japan.....	\$0 30	\$3 00
macrophyllum (Large-leaved Maple)...	40	4 00
saccharum (Sugar Maple).....	20	2 00
<b>Aesculus turbinata</b> (Japanese Horse-Chestnut).....	20	I 50
<b>Ailanthus glandulosa.</b> Hardy, ornamental foliage having tropical appearance.....	15	I 00
<b>Akebia lobata.</b> From Japan.....	40	4 00
quinata. Climbing vine from Japan..	30	3 00
<b>Alnus japonica.</b> A large, cone-shaped Alder.....	25	2 50
<b>Amorpha fruticosa</b> (False Indigo)....	15	I 00
<b>Ampelopsis Veitchii</b> (Boston Ivy)....	25	2 50
<b>Aralia sinensis.</b> .....	40	4 00
spinosa (Virginia Angelica Tree)....	60	6 00
<b>Ardisia crispa.</b> .....	50	5 00
japonica.....	50	5 00
<b>Aristolochia Siphon</b> (Dutchman's Pipe)...	65	6 50
<b>Asimina triloba</b> (Pawpaw).....	15	I 25
<b>Azalea Vaseyi.</b> From North Carolina..	50	5 00
<b>Berberis Thunbergii.</b> Fine for hedges..	20	2 00
<b>Callicarpa americana</b> (French Mulberry).....	15	I 00
<b>Calycanthus floridus</b> (Common Carolina Allspice).....	15	75
<b>Camellia japonica.</b> From Japan.....	20	2 00
theafera (Tea Plant).....	45	4 50
<b>Carya alba</b> (Shellbark Hickory).....	20	20
amara (Bitternut).....	20	20
porcina.....	20	20
sulcata (Big Shellbark Hickory)....	20	20
tomentosa.....	20	20
<b>Castanea</b> (Mammoth Chestnut).....	I 00	

	Oz.	Lb.
<b>Catalpa speciosa.</b> True Hardy, Ca-talpa.....	\$0 25	\$2 50
<b>Ceanothus americanus</b> (New Jersey Tea).....	20	I 50
<b>Celastrus scandens</b> (Climbing Bittersweet).....	25	2 50
paniculatus.....	20	2 00
<b>Cephalanthus occidentalis</b> (Button-bush).....	15	I 25
<b>Celtis sinensis</b> (Nettle Tree). Native of China.....	40	4 00
<b>Cercidiphyllum japonicum.</b> Ornamental, bushy tree. 20 to 30 ft. high..	90	9 00
pkt. 25 cts...		
<b>Cercis canadensis</b> (American Judas Tree).....	25	2 50
<b>Chionanthus virginica</b> (Virginia Fringe Tree).....	25	2 50
<b>Cinnamomum Camphora</b> (Camphor)..	20	2 00
<b>Cladrastis lutea</b> (Yellow-wood Tree)...	50	5 00
<b>Clematis paniculata</b> (Panicked Virgin's Bower).....	35	3 50
virginica (American Virgin's Bower)...	20	2 00
<b>Cornus florida</b> (Flowering Dogwood)...	15	I 50
stolonifera (Osier Dogwood).....	15	I 50
<b>Corylus rostrata</b> (Beaked Hazel).....	50	5 00
<b>Crataegus coccinea</b> (Scarlet-fruited Thorn).....	15	I 50
Crus-galli (Cockspur Thorn).....	15	I 00
<b>Desmodium japonicum.</b> Of bushy habit.	25	2 25
<b>Deutzia gracilis.</b> Shrub; 3 ft. high....	40	4 00
scabra (White Deutzia).....	40	4 00
<b>Diospyros Kaki.</b> Tree about 40 ft. high.	15	I 50
virginiana (American Persimmon)....	15	I 50
<b>Dogwood.</b> See <i>Cornus</i> .		



DECIDUOUS TREE AND SHRUB SEEDS, continued

	Oz.	Lb.		Oz.	Lb.
<b>Edgeworthia</b> papyrifera. Shrub with fragrant yellow flowers.....	\$0 40	\$4 00	<b>Myrica</b> carolinensis.....	\$0 15	\$1 50
<b>Elæagnus</b> macrophylla. Shrub, 6 ft. ....	40	4 00	<b>Nyssa</b> multiflora (Sour Gum or Black Gum).....	15	1 50
<b>pungens.</b> Shrub, 6 ft. ....	40	4 00	<b>Osage Orange.</b> See <i>Maclura</i> .		
<b>umbellata.</b> Shrub, 12 ft. ....	40	4 00	<b>Prunus</b> Pseudo-cerasus (Japanese Flowering Cherry). White flowers. Tree 25 ft. Not hardy in northern states.....	40	4 00
<b>Enkianthus</b> japonicus. Ornamental shrub.....	80	8 00	<b>serotina</b> (Wild Black Cherry).....	15	1 00
<b>Eucalyptus</b> amygdalina (Peppermint Gum Tree).....	1 00	11 00	<b>virginiana</b> .....	15	1 50
<b>globulus</b> (Tasmania Blue Gum).....	80	8 00	<b>Quercus</b> coccinea (Scarlet Oak).....		25
<b>leucoxylo</b> n (Australian Iron Bush).....	90	9 00	<b>rubra</b> (Black Oak). Turns dark red in fall.....		25
<b>obliqua</b> (Stringy-bark Tree).....	80	8 00	<b>Rhamnus</b> carolina (Indian Cherry)....	15	75
<b>pauciflora</b> (White Gum).....	80	8 00	<b>Rhus</b> copalliana (Black Sumac; Mountain or Shining Sumac).....	15	50
<b>robusta</b> (Brown Gum). Pkt. 25c....	1 00	10 00	<b>glabra</b> (Smooth Sumac).....	15	50
<b>rostrata</b> (Red Gum).....	75	7 50	<b>Rosa</b> canina (Brier Rose).....	15	1 25
<b>Stuartiana</b> (Apple-scented Gum Tree). Pkt. 25 cts....	1 00	10 00	<b>carolina</b> (Swamp Rose).....	15	1 00
<b>viminalis</b> (Blue Gum). Pkt. 25c....	1 00	10 00	<b>multiflora</b> nana.....	60	6 00
<b>Euonymus</b> americanus (Strawberry Bush).....	15	1 50	<b>rugosa</b> (Regeliana rubra).....	30	3 00
<b>japonicus</b> (Japanese Spindle Tree)....	30	3 00	<b>Salisburia</b> adiantifolia ( <i>Ginkgo biloba</i> ) (Maidenhair Tree; Kew Tree). Especially valuable for solitary planting.....	15	1 50
<b>radicans.</b> Trailing or climbing, sometimes 20 ft. ....	30	3 00	<b>Sambucus</b> canadensis (American Elder). ..	20	2 00
<b>Exochorda</b> grandiflora.....	50	5 00	<b>Sassafras</b> officinale (Sassafras Tree)....	15	1 50
<b>Fagus</b> americana (American Beech)....	15	1 50	<b>Sophora</b> japonica (Japan Pagoda Tree). ..	30	3 00
<b>Fraxinus</b> americana alba (White Ash)....	15	1 00	<b>Sorbus</b> americana (Mountain Ash)....	30	3 00
<b>Fremontia</b> californica (Slippery Elm of California).....	1 25		<b>Staphylea</b> Bumalda (Bladder Nut). Shrub, 6 ft.....	60	6 00
<b>Gardenia</b> florida (Cape Jasmine).....	1 25		<b>Stuartia</b> Pseudo-Camellia. From Japan. ..	60	6 00
<b>Genista</b> scoparia (Scotch Broom).....	25	2 25	<b>Styrax</b> americana. Shrub.....	20	2 00
<b>tinctoria</b> (Dyers' Broom).....	30	3 00	<b>japonica.</b> Small tree.....	30	3 00
<b>Halesia</b> tetraptera (Silver Bell).....	15	1 50	<b>Obassia.</b> Shrub or small tree.....	50	5 00
<b>Hamamelis</b> virginica (Witch Hazel)....	30	3 00	<b>Syringa</b> japonica (Lilac). Pyramid tree 30 ft.; yellowish-white flowers....	1 25	
<b>Hedera</b> Helix (English Ivy).....	20	2 00	<b>Taxodium</b> distichum (Deciduous Cypress).....	15	1 50
<b>Hibiscus</b> syriacus (Rose of Sharon)....	20	2 00	<b>Ulex</b> europæus (Furze, Gorse or Whin)..	15	1 50
<b>Holly.</b> See <i>Ilex</i> .			<b>Viburnum</b> acerifolium (Dockmackie)..	15	1 50
<b>Hydrangea</b> scandens. A Japanese climber.....	90	9 00	<b>dilatatum.</b> Shrub, 10 ft. Flowers white.....	30	3 00
<b>Ilex</b> opaca (American Holly).....	15	1 00	<b>Lentago</b> (Nanny-Berry).....	15	1 50
<b>Sieboldii.</b> From Japan.....	40	4 00	(For other Viburnums, see Evergreen Section.)		
<b>verticillata</b> (Deciduous Holly).....	15	1 00	<b>Walnut.</b> See <i>Juglans</i> .		
<b>Juglans</b> cinerea (Butternut).....	25		<b>Wisteria</b> floribunda multijuga (Japanese Wisteria).....	50	5 00
<b>cordiformis.</b> From Japan.....	15	75	<b>sinensis</b> (Chinese Wisteria).....	40	4 00
<b>nigra</b> (Black Walnut).....		25	<b>sinensis</b> alba (White Chinese Wisteria). ..	60	6 00
<b>Sieboldii.</b> From Japan.....	15	75	<b>Zanthoxylum piperitum.</b> Shrub or small tree from Japan.....	30	3 00
<b>Kalmia</b> latifolia.....	40	4 00	<b>Schinifolium.</b> Shrub or small tree from Japan. 20 ft.; handsome foliage....	30	3 00
<b>Larix</b> leptolepis (Japanese Larch).....	80	8 00			
<b>americana</b> (Tamarack).....	60	6 00			
<b>Ligustrum</b> japonicum.....	15	1 00			
<b>Liriodendron</b> Tulipifera.....	15	1 00			
<b>Maclura</b> aurantiaca (Osage Orange)....	15	1 00			
<b>Magnolia</b> acuminata (Cucumber Tree). ..	20	2 00			
<b>grandiflora</b> (Large-flowered Magnolia). ..	20	2 00			
<b>hypoleuca</b> .....	30	3 00			
<b>Kobus.</b> Very hardy.....	30	3 00			
<b>tripetala</b> (Umbrella Tree).....	25	2 50			

FRUIT SEEDS

	Oz.	Lb.		Oz.	Lb.
<b>Apricot Pits</b> .....	\$0 25		<b>Plum Pits,</b> Myrobolan.....	\$0 15	\$1 50
<b>Currant,</b> Red Dutch.....	\$0 20	2 00	<b>Green</b> Gage.....		30
<b>White</b> Dutch.....	25	2 50	<b>Mirabelle.</b> Yellow garden.....		30
<b>Gooseberry</b>			<b>Quince Seed</b> .....	30	3 00
<b>Green</b> and Yellow.....	50	2 00	<b>Raspberry,</b> Red.....	25	2 50
<b>Red</b> .....	50	2 00	<b>Strawberry,</b> Mixed.....	25	2 50
<b>Peach Pits,</b> Natural.....		25	<b>Red</b> Alpine.....	50	5 00
<b>Pear Seed</b> .....	40	4 00	<b>Vitis</b> æstivalis (Summer Grape).....	25	2 25
<b>Pear Seed.</b> From Japan.....	35	3 50	<b>cordifolia</b> (Frost Grape).....	25	2 25
			<b>Labrusca</b> (Northern Fox Grape).....	25	2 25

## SPECIAL COLLECTIONS OF FLOWER SEEDS

in addition to those offered in catalogue

Collection of		Collection of	
Balsam, Double-flowering . . . . .	4 varieties . . . \$0 30	Portulaca, Single, Brilliant . . . . .	6 varieties . . \$0 50
Camellia-flowered . . . . .	4 varieties . . . 30	Double, Dazzling . . . . .	6 varieties . . 1 00
Godetia, Favorite . . . . .	6 varieties . . . 50	Phlox Drummondii grandiflora . . . . .	6 varieties . . 50
Gomphrena . . . . .	4 varieties . . . 30	Stocks, Early-flowering Winter, Nice Variety . . . . .	6 varieties . . 1 25
Gourds, Ornamental . . . . .	6 varieties . . . 25	Verbenas, Mam. Rainbow . . . . .	6 varieties . . 75
Hollyhocks, Superb Double . . . . .	6 varieties . . . 50	Zinnias, Tall Double . . . . .	6 varieties . . 50
Nasturtium, Dwarf . . . . .	8 varieties . . . 70	Dwarf Large-flowering . . . . .	6 varieties . . 50
Tall . . . . .	8 varieties . . . 70		
Lobb's . . . . .	6 varieties . . . 25		

### Children's Delight Collection of Vegetable and Flower Seeds

Consisting of six beautiful lithograph packets of Vegetable Seeds and six lithograph packets of Flower Seeds, with cultural directions on back of each packet. Price, 50 cts.

### Aid in selecting Flower Seeds for different purposes and situations

**ANNUALS** attain full growth from seed, flower and die in one year.

**BIENNIALS** grow from seed one year, bloom and die the next, though some varieties bloom the first season when sown early.

**PERENNIALS** last for several years, blooming annually after the first season, though some varieties will bloom the first year if sown early.

### Flowering Hardy Perennials

For permanent beds, borders and masses, flowering the second year and thereafter

Acanthus	Bocconia cordata	Gaillardia	Lychnis	Rhododendron
Aconitum	Candytuft, Hardy	Galega	Myosotis	Rosa polyanthus
Adonis, Hardy	Campanula	Gentiana	Pæonia	Rudbeckia, Hardy
Alstrœmeria	Canterbury Bells	Gypsophila	Pansies	Scabiosa, Hardy
Alyssum, Hardy	Carnation, Hardy	Helenium	Pentstemon	Stachys lanata
Anchusa	Centaura, Hardy	Heuchera	Phlox, Hardy	Stalice, Hardy
Anemone	Chrysanthemum, Hardy	Hibiscus, Hardy Var.	Physostegia	Stokesia
Anthemis	Coreopsis	Hollyhocks	Pinks, Hardy	Sweet William
Aquilegia	Cowslip	Heliopsis	Platycodon	Tritoma
Asclepias	Dianthus, Hardy	Helleborus	Polemonium	Trollius
Asperula	Delphinium	Iris	Poppy, Hardy	Valeriana
Asters, Hardy	Digitalis	Incarvillea	Primula, Hardy	Violet, Single
Baptisia	Eryngium	Lobelia, Hardy Sorts	Pyrethrum, Hardy	Yucca
Bellis	Eupatorium	Lupinus, Hardy Sorts		

### Flowering Garden Annuals

That attain perfection and flower the first season from seed

Varieties marked \* suitable for massing in beds

*Asters	Centranthus	*Gaillardia, Annual	Leptosyne	*Portulaca
Ageratum	*Chrysanthemum, Annual	Gerbera	Linaria	Ricinus
*Alyssum, Sweet	nual	Globe Amaranth	*Lobelia	Rudbeckia
*Antirrhinum	Clarkia	Godetia	Lupinus	Salpiglossis
Agrostemma	Clintonia	Gypsophila	Lychnis Haageana	*Salvia
Alonsoa	Collinsia	Helichrysum	*Marigold	Scabiosa
Balsams	Collomia	Heliotrope	Malope	Schizanthus
Begonia	Convolvulus minor	Hibiscus africanus	Mignonette	*Stocks
Brachycome	Cosmos	*Hollyhock, Annual	*Nasturtium, Tom	Sunflower
Browallia	Dahlia	Honesty	Nicotiana [Thumb	Sweet Peas
*Calendula	*Dianthus	Impatiens	Oenothera	Sweet Sultan
*Calliopsis	Eryngium	Kochia	Perilla	*Verbena
*Candytuft	*Eschscholtzia	Lantana	*Petunia	Vinca rosea
Carnation, Margaret	Euphorbia	Larkspur	*Phlox Drummondii	Virginian Stocks
*Celosia	Feverfew	Lavatera	Pinks	Wallflowers, Annual
Centaurea, Annual	Four o'Clocks	Leptosiphon	*Poppy	*Zinnia

### Long Stemmed Flowers from Seed Suitable for Cutting

Aquilegia	Chrysanthemum	Dianthus	Matricaria	Stevia
Asters	Coreopsis	Gaillardias	Mignonette	Sunflower
Calliopsis	Cosmos	Larkspur, Branching	Poppies	Sweet Peas
Carnations	Dahlia	Lavatera	Salpiglossis	Sweet Sultan
Centaurea cyanus	Delphinium	Marigold	Scabiosa	Zinnias
" Sweet Sultan				

### Annual Climbing Vines from Seed

Balloon Vine	Cypress Vine	Japan Hop	Mina lobata	Nasturtiums, Tall
Canary Bird	Dolichos	Ipomœa	Momordica	Solanum, Seaforthia-
Cobœa	Echinocystis	Lophospermum	Moonflower Vine	Sweet Peas [num
Convolvulus major	Gourds	Maurandya	Morning-Glories	Thunbergia
Cucumis				

### Hardy Perennial Vines Grown from Seed

Adlumia	Celastrus	Galega	Lathyrus latifolius	Wistaria
Aristolochia	Clematis	Kudzu Vine		

### Everlastings for Winter Bouquets

Acroclinium | Globe Amaranth | Helichrysum | Honesty | Ornamental Grasses | Rhodanthe | Xeranthemum



# FLOWER SEEDS

## PRACTICAL DIRECTIONS FOR CULTURE, TREATMENT, ETC.

**Hardy Annuals (hA).**—Sow in April or May, according to the latitude, in shallow boxes or pots placed in a warm window, a hotbed, or, if possible, in a greenhouse. A second sowing ought to be made from two to four weeks after for succession, as well as to provide against failure the first time. For sowing seeds in there is nothing better than shallow boxes from 2 to 3 inches deep, and of any convenient size. The most suitable soil for all the smaller kinds is a very fine, rich, sandy loam. That from old hotbeds is excellent, or sods from an old pasture piled up and allowed to rot for two or three years and then mixed with a little old stable manure and sand. After the seeds are up care must be taken to give them plenty of air and moisture, yet not too much water, or they will "damp off." When the young plants are well out of the seed-leaf they must be transplanted to new boxes. If pots 2 inches or more in diameter can be had, set out from three to a dozen or more of the young seedlings along the edges of the pot, so that as soon as the ground is warm enough they may be easily turned out and planted singly, as by that time they will have made good roots. When pots cannot be had, boxes, tin cans, etc., may be substituted.

A common mistake in sowing flower, as well as other seeds, is covering too deeply. The exception to this is the Sweet Pea which is seldom planted deep enough. As a general rule, cover only to the depth of the thickness of the seeds; or, with medium-sized seeds, like Balsams, Zinnias, etc., half an inch or so is none too much. Such fine seeds as Portulacas need only to be pressed into the soil with a piece of board or the palm of the hand. Always press the earth down firmly after sowing all flower seeds, else there is danger of their drying up before the roots can get firm hold of the soil. Seeds of the hardier Annuals may be sown where they are to grow; but, as a rule, it is preferable to transplant, as the plants are generally stronger and stand the drought better. During very dry weather, and when the seedlings are first set out, they should be watered frequently. Provide some support for all such Annuals as require it.

The weeds should be kept down and the ground loosened often, so that the plants will receive the full benefit of the rains and dews, which they will not if the ground is allowed to become hard and baked.

Seeds of Biennials and some Hardy Annuals may be sown in July and August in the open, and in September in boxes and placed in coldframes. They will make strong plants by spring, and flower early. Do not put on the sashes until heavy rains and frosts begin, and then always remove during the day whenever the temperature is above freezing in winter.

Owing to the presence in most soils of weed seeds, it is well to mark where seeds are sown in the open, so that the weeds (which are apt to germinate first) can be destroyed before they crowd out and smother the Flower Seeds as they spring up.

**Hardy Biennials (hB) and Hardy Perennials (hP).**—These require the same treatment as the Hardy Annuals. In addition to the above, both Hardy Biennials and Perennials may be sown in the open border from July to September. The seeds of many Perennials require several months, some even as long as two years, before they germinate. It is a good plan, at the commencement of frost, to cover the plants lightly with straw, leaves or any dry litter, in order to afford some protection from the extreme severity of the winter. As soon as the frost is out of the ground in the spring, remove the covering and loosen the surface around the plants, which, when large enough, may be transplanted to the flower-garden where they are to remain.

**Half-Hardy Annuals (hhA).**—These may be sown in shallow boxes, pots or a hotbed, as directed for Hardy Annuals. They may be sown thus at any time after the middle of April, as the hotbed will be sufficient protection; but it is best to cover the glass with a mat or straw at night until danger of frost is past. In the day give all the air possible. After the end of May sow in the border, like Hardy Annuals.

**Half-Hardy Biennials (hhB) and Half-Hardy Perennials (hhP)** require the same treatment. Though plants and their blooms are greatly forwarded by sowing the seeds early in boxes under cover, it may be stated that nearly all kinds of Hardy and Half-hardy Flower Seeds may be sown in the open border in a warm and sunny spot as soon as the soil has become dry and warm; so that those who have no glass frames or greenhouses need not be without flowers. They can have them, but it will be later.

**Tender Annuals, Biennials and Perennials.**—The best method to obtain an early bloom of the Tender Annuals (**tA**) and to insure strength to the plants, is to sow the seeds in boxes or pots in March, placing them in a warm greenhouse or plunging in a moderate hotbed, carefully protecting them from the cold, shading from the midday sun, and watering with a fine rose. The seed should be sown in a very light, sandy compost, and the pots well drained by placing broken pots or bits of sod in the bottom. The finer seeds must not be covered more than an *eighth of an inch deep*, and the soil pressed down closely over them. Water frequently, particularly if the house or hotbed is very warm. As soon as the plants are out of the seed-leaf, transplant them into shallow boxes or small pots, and when they have acquired sufficient strength transplant into the flower-beds; not, however, before the middle of May.

**Greenhouse Seeds (g)** should be sown as directed for Tender Annuals, in pans, pots or shallow boxes, and be kept in the house, carefully watched, slightly watered occasionally and sheltered from the hot sun till strong enough to transplant. Most varieties may be sown at any season of the year.

The smaller seeds of Greenhouse Plants are sometimes difficult to make germinate unless great care be taken in the mode of sowing. Hence the supposition arises that the seed itself is not good, whereas the fault is not in the seed, but in the treatment. Fine seeds of this description should be sown in leaf-mold or peat, with some fine sand added to it; press firmly down in the seed-pan or pot, and make perfectly level at the top so that the mold may not afterward sink materially with watering. Sow the seed very thinly and cover **very lightly** with a little compost or with silver sand. Success is more certain if a pane of glass is placed over the pan or box till the plants have appeared, when it should be removed. As soon as the young plants have two leaves they should be transplanted into similar composts in another pan or box. After transplanting they should be kept in a shady part of the greenhouse for a few days and watered very sparingly.



King Asters (see page 65)

## ASTER

One of the very best  
Annuals for cut-flowers

The Aster will thrive in any soil, from a light sand to a heavy clay. It produces a profusion of bloom, and as a cut-flower it rivals the chrysanthemum in lasting properties and lovely coloring.

Cover seed with  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch of soil. If the soil is too poor, add some well-rotted stable-manure or pulverized sheep-manure, mixing thoroughly. Do not apply too liberally, or they may cause Aster diseases.

Seed sown in the open ground in May will produce plants that will bloom finely in September and October. When the plants have three or four leaves, transplant, 12 to 18 inches apart each way, into well-prepared beds. Never allow a crust to form, as it prevents the air from entering the soil and allows the moisture to escape rapidly. If watering is necessary, give the plants a good soaking—do not merely sprinkle them.

For July and August flowers, sow in March or April in the coldframe, spent hotbed, or in pots and boxes indoors. Water thoroughly when necessary, and allow surface to become dry before watering again. Transplant as directed above. Aster Seeds run from 3,000 to 3,500 in  $\frac{1}{4}$  ounce.

**AMERICAN BEAUTY.** The Giant Branching type with large full flowers and incurved petals, borne on stout stems. Most desirable for cutting.

Lavender.....	50110	15
Purple.....	50120	15
September.....	50130	15
Rose.....	50140	15

**BRANCHING.** Forms broad bushes, with large, long-petaled flowers, graceful and feathery in effect; excellent for cut-flowers. 2  $\frac{1}{2}$  ft.

Crimson.....	50145	10
Flesh-pink (Mary Semple).....	50147	10
Lavender.....	50150	10
Pink.....	50155	10
Purple.....	50158	10
Rose.....	50160	10
White.....	50165	10
Mixed.....	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c., oz. \$1.75	50170 10
Collection of six colors.....		50180 40

**COMET, Giant Branching.**

Crimson.....	50185	15
Dark Blue.....	50187	15
Light Blue.....	50189	15
Lavender.....	50191	15
Purple.....	50193	15
Rose.....	50195	15
Shell-Pink.....	50197	15
White.....	50199	15
Mixed.....	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c., oz. \$1.75	50201 10
Collection of eight colors.....		50202 90

**COMET, Giant.** Petals wavyly reflexed, curled and twisted; flowers of extraordinary size and beauty. 2 ft.

Lavender.....	50272	15
Light Blue.....	50275	15
Crimson.....	50280	15
Purple.....	50282	15
Rose.....	50285	15
White.....	50295	15
Mixed.....	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60c., oz. \$2.	50300 10
Collection of six colors.....		50310 60

**CREGO, Giant.** Superb class with very large flowers and long petals. Comet-flowered; branching habit. 2 ft.

Crimson.....	50415	15
Dark Blue.....	50420	15
Lavender.....	50425	15
Rose.....	50430	15
Shell-Pink.....	50435	15
White.....	50440	15
Mixed.....	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 70c., oz. \$2.25	50445 10
Collection of six colors.....		50450 60

**INVINCIBLE.**

Lavender.....	50520	10
Pink.....	50525	10
Purple.....	50530	10
Red.....	50535	10
White.....	50540	10
Mixed.....	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60c., oz. \$1.75	50545 10
Collection of five colors.....		50548 40



**ASTERS**, continued

**KING.** Produces showy flowers on long stems. The blooms are very large, with long, narrow petals; strong grower.

	Pkt.
<b>Crimson</b> .....	50640 15
<b>Lavender</b> .....	50642 15
<b>Pink</b> .....	50644 15
<b>Rose</b> .....	50646 15
<b>Violet</b> .....	50648 15
<b>White</b> .....	50650 15
<b>Mixed</b> .....	1/4oz. 75c., oz. \$2.50..50652 10
<b>Collection of six colors</b> .....	50660 60

**OSTRICH-PLUME.** Splendid class; fine for cutting; rivals the Chrysanthemum in effect.

	Pkt.
<b>Crimson</b> .....	50665 15
<b>Dark Blue</b> .....	50670 15
<b>Light Blue</b> .....	50673 15
<b>Rose</b> .....	50675 15
<b>White</b> .....	50680 15
<b>Mixed</b> .....	1/4oz. \$1, oz. \$3.50..50685 10
<b>Collection of five colors</b> .....	50695 50

**QUEEN OF THE MARKET.** The best very early Aster, growing not over 1 foot high; excellent for bouquets.

	Pkt.
<b>Dark Blue</b> .....	50725 15
<b>Light Blue</b> .....	50730 15
<b>Crimson</b> .....	50735 15
<b>Rose</b> .....	50740 15
<b>Scarlet</b> .....	50745 15
<b>White</b> .....	50755 15
<b>Mixed</b> .....	1/4oz. 50c., oz. \$1.75..50760 10
<b>Collection of six colors</b> .....	50770 60

**TRUFFAUT'S PÆONY PERFECTION.** Grows stiffly erect and about 18 inches tall. Remarkable for the brilliant colors of its great incurved flowers.

	Pkt.
<b>Light Blue</b> .....	50845 15
<b>Dark Blue</b> .....	50847 15
<b>Crimson</b> .....	50850 15
<b>Rose</b> .....	50855 15
<b>Scarlet</b> .....	50860 15
<b>Snow-White</b> .....	50865 15
<b>Mixed</b> .....	1/4oz. 75c., oz. \$2.50..50870 10
<b>Collection of five colors</b> .....	50875 50



Branching Asters (see page 64)



Giant Crego Aster (see page 64)

**VICTORIA, Tall.** Large flowers, recurved petals; a superb class. 2 ft.

	Pkt.
<b>Dark Blue</b> .....	50980 15
<b>Light Blue</b> .....	50985 15
<b>Rose</b> .....	50995 15
<b>Dark Scarlet</b> .....	51000 15
<b>White</b> .....	51005 15
<b>Mixed</b> .....	1/4oz. 75c., oz. \$2.50..51010 10
<b>Collection of four colors</b> .....	51020 50

**IMPROVED AMERICAN VICTORIA** (Daybreak Type).

	Pkt.
<b>Azurea</b> .....	1/4oz. 80c..51030 15
<b>Daybreak</b> Shell-pink.....	1/4oz. 80c..51060 15
<b>Pale Lavender</b> .....	1/4oz. 80c..51070 15
<b>Purity</b> Snow-white.....	1/4oz. 80c..51110 15
<b>Rose-Pink</b> .....	1/4oz. 80c..51120 15

**MIXED, QUILLED.** oz. 35c., lb. \$3.50..51130 05

**SINGLE FLOWERING VARIETIES.**

<b>Dark Blue</b> .....	51132 10
<b>Lavender</b> .....	51134 10
<b>Marshal Joffre.</b> New scarlet.....	51136 10
<b>White</b> .....	51138 10
<b>Mixed</b> .....	51140 10

**PERENNIAL ASTERS.** Hardy Perennials of much beauty in the autumn days. Less showy than the Chrysanthemum, they are more refined in color and form. Easy to cultivate and fine for cutting.

<b>Alpinus</b> (Michaelmas Daisy). Light blue.	Pkt. 51142 10
<b>Novæ-Angliæ</b> (New England Aster). Mixed.	51144 10
<b>Umbellatus.</b> White.....	51146 10

**All Sorts Mixed.** Extra-fine, from a splendid collection; sown early in spring, they will flower the same year.....51150 10



# SWEET PEAS

*Lathyrus odoratus*

*N. B.—Intending purchasers are strongly advised to order as soon as possible after receipt of catalogue*



Thorburn's Spencer Sweet Peas, King White

Through the skill of specialists the Sweet Pea has become much larger and lovelier than before it became so popular. There are flowers of quite distinct shapes, some of which are a great improvement upon the Sweet Pea of the old type. For garden decoration it is now grown in clumps and in separate colors. The plants are more robust, dwarf and branching, and bloom more freely, some varieties showing three or four blooms on a stem.

A deep, rich, moist soil is best suited to Sweet Peas, hence a trench should be dug 1 1/2 feet deep and filled with very best loam mixed with bone meal or well-rotted manure. The vines are usually grown in double rows, with a wire trellis or a row of brush between. For each double row make the drills about 12 inches deep, and 9 to 10 inches apart. Sow plentifully, covering about 2 inches deep, and, by degrees, as the vines grow up, fill the trenches with soil, and thin out to about 2 or 3 inches apart. Spring sowings should be made just as early as the ground can be prepared, white-seeded varieties should not be sown until the ground is fairly warm. The earliest flowers are from seed sown in fall, preferably in a dry situation, and 6 to 8 inches deep, giving them level culture. Sweet Peas should not be grown on the same soil year after year. If the location cannot be changed, the soil to a depth and width of a foot or so should be removed and replaced by soil from another part of the garden or grounds. If the soil is in good, rich condition, bone meal is the best fertilizer.

We do not sell less than 1 oz., 1/4lb. or 1/2lb. at the prices quoted per oz., 1/4lb., 1/2lb. and lb. respectively. This applies to all types and to the mixtures.

In order to assist our customers in making their selections, we group the different varieties according to color.

## Thorburn's Selected Sweet Peas

**Assortment** containing 1 pkt. each of 10 named grandiflora varieties, **Our Selection**.....52020 \$0 45  
**Assortment** containing 1 pkt. each of 12 finest **Named Exhibition Varieties of Spencer Sweet Peas, Our Selection**.....52030 1 00

## Named Large-Flowered (Grandiflora) Sweet Peas

All 5 cents per packet

	Oz.	1/4lb.		Oz.	1/4lb.
<b>Countess of Radnor.</b> Lovely, delicate mauve.....52200	\$0 15	\$0 40	<b>Captain of the Blues.</b> Standard purple; wings bright blue.....52350	\$0 15	\$0 40
<b>Flora Norton.</b> A pure, bright blue... 52220	15	40	<b>Lord Nelson.</b> A fine, rich bright blue.....52410	15	40
<b>Lady Grisel Hamilton.</b> Beautiful, pale lavender.....52260	15	40	<b>Navy-Blue.</b> The color is deep violet-blue.....52430	15	40



NAMED LARGE-FLOWERED (GRANDIFLORA) SWEET PEAS, continued

<b>Black Knight.</b> Fine, self-colored, deep maroon.....	Oz. 1/4lb.	
52480	\$0 15	\$0 40
<b>Lovely.</b> Shell-pink, shaded light rose toward edges.....	15	40
52910		
<b>Katherine Tracy.</b> A fine, brilliant pink.....	15	40
53020		
<b>America.</b> White, striped orange-scarlet.....	15	40
53330		
<b>Aurora.</b> White, flaked and striped orange-salmon.....	15	40
53350		
<b>Emily Henderson.</b> Early white.....	15	40
53580		
<b>White Wonder.</b> Double-stemmed; large, white flowers.....	15	40
53680		
<b>Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon.</b> Deep primrose-yellow; grand flower.....	15	40
53770		

**SPENCER SWEET PEAS**

These are noted for their unusually large-sized flowers, and for the waved or fluted appearance of the petals. They are also frequently referred to as "Orchid-flowering" Sweet Peas.

1 ounce will plant a row of 20 to 30 feet, and 1 packet a row of 6 to 8 feet

All 10 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise

**BLUE (LIGHT AND DARK SHADES)**

<b>Asta Ohn.</b> Lavender, tinted mauve; delicate coloring; very large.....	Oz.	
53900	\$0 50	
<b>Captain of the Blues Spencer.</b> A fine purple.....	50	
53910		
<b>Flora Norton Spencer.</b> Bright blue, slightly tinged with purple.....	50	
53920		
<b>Masterpiece.</b> Lavender.....	50	
53935		
<b>Royal Purple.</b> Rich, warm, rosy purple; immense flowers.....	50	
53952		
<b>Tennant Spencer.</b> Beautiful purplish mauve, self-colored.....	50	
53960		
<b>Wedgwood.</b> Lovely, light Wedgwood-blue.....	50	
53962		

**CRIMSON AND MAROON**

<b>Nubian.</b> Very dark crimson-maroon; large and waved.....	50	
54030		
<b>Othello Spencer.</b> An elegant rich, deep maroon.....	50	
54040		

**PINK (LIGHT SHADES)**

<b>Countess Spencer.</b> Beautiful, soft rose-pink. One of the best.....	50	
54110		
<b>Mrs. C. W. Breadmore.</b> Cream, pink edged; very large flower.....	50	
54172		

**PINK (ROSE-PINK)**

<b>Apple Blossom Spencer.</b> Rose standards; blush-rose wings; large flowers.....	50	
54220		
<b>Blanche Ferry Spencer.</b> Carmine-rose, with white wings.....	50	
54225		
<b>Constance Oliver.</b> Buff-pink; large flower.....	50	
54228		
<b>George Herbert.</b> Rich salmon-rose color; splendid.....	50	
54240		
<b>John Ingman.</b> Rose-carmine; large; fluted flowers.....	50	
54260		
<b>Mrs. Cuthbertson.</b> Rose-pink, flushed white.....	50	
54275		
<b>Rosabelle.</b> Fine, deep rose, with white blotch at base.....	50	
54290		



Mixed Grandiflora Sweet Peas

**SALMON AND ORANGE**

<b>Barbara.</b> Fine salmon.....	Oz.	
54310	\$0 50	
<b>Fiery Cross.</b> Red-orange-cerise; very brilliant.....	50	
54326		
<b>Helen Lewis.</b> A very fine orange-pink; most showy.....	50	
54330		
<b>Mrs. Hardcastle Sykes.</b> Beautiful light salmon-pink; large flower.....	50	
54350		

**SCARLET**

**Cardinal.** Brilliant intense poppy-scarlet; large waved flowers, borne four to a stem. The best sunproof scarlet. Pkt. 1gc. 54363

**WHITE**

<b>America Spencer.</b> White, striped with crimson-red.....	50	
54390		
<b>Etta Dyke.</b> A white Spencer; of fine form and substance.....	50	
54400		
<b>King White.</b> Pure white; flowers of enormous size and fine form.....	50	
54404		
<b>White Spencer.</b> Pure white; large, beautifully waved flower.....	50	
54420		

**YELLOW SHADES**

<b>Dobbie's Cream.</b> Fine; large; primrose... 54480	50	
<b>Primrose Spencer.</b> Light primrose-yellow; finest-formed flowers.....	50	
54490		

# New Giant Early-Flowering Spencer Sweet Peas

This new race of Sweet Peas is expected eventually to take the place of all other early and late varieties, as they bloom from four to six weeks earlier than the late-blooming Spencers sown at the same time and continue blooming for four months. They are vigorous growers with immense waved flowers borne on long, strong stems in threes and fours, adaptable to our warm summers, and free-flowering. We strongly recommend a trial of these new creations.

All at \$1.25 per ounce

**Early Melody.** This is a deeper shade of pink than Early Songbird, on white ground. It might be described as rose-pink on white ground; very pleasing; mostly four well-waved blossoms to each stem; free-flowering. .54544 25

**Early Morning Star.** Deep orange-scarlet or flame-color in standard, with rich orange-pink wings. Keeps its color well and does not burn badly. Flowers are large and waved, borne in

**Early Morning Star,** continued Pkt. of 50 seeds  
 threes and fours abundantly. Under artificial light its coloring is exquisite. . . . .54555 25

**Early Snowflake.** The blossoms are very large and of the best waved form, resembling the noted White Spencer; a free bloomer, with good, long stems. . . . .54566 25

**Early Song-Bird.** Soft blush pink shade; large, fine flowers, borne on long stems in threes and fours. When in full growth it appears as though every stem has four blossoms, and of great quality. . . . .54576 25

**Early Spring Maid.** The color is light pink on a cream ground. A most lovely variety, with very large, waved flowers. For an early cream-pink, Early Spring Maid is unexcelled. . . . .54587 25

**Early Heather Bell.** Beautiful shade of rich mauve; flowers borne on long stems and are of true Spencer form. . . . .54588 25

**Yarrawa.** Rose-color on first opening, changing as it develops to a charming combination of light pink standards and blush wings; of vigorous habit. The flowers are produced on long stiff stems. . . . .54590 25



Giant Spencer Sweet Peas

## Early-Flowering Sweet Peas

### SPENCER VARIETIES

These varieties, if sown early in fall indoors, will bloom by Christmas and continue all winter. They may also be sown outdoors in the same way as other sorts for summer flowering.

- Blanche Ferry Spencer.** Pink and white.54640 25
- Lavender-Pink Spencer.** . . . . .54710 25
- Mrs. Sim. Spencer.** Apricot-pink . . . .54730 25
- Red Orchid Spencer.** . . . . .54735 25
- Choice Mixed Spencer.** . . . . .oz. \$1. .54760 25

### GRANDIFLORA VARIETIES

All 10 cents per packet

- Blanche Ferry.** Pink and white. . . . .53220 \$0 35 \$1 25
- Christmas Pink.** . . . . .54660 35 I 25
- Christmas White.** . . . . .54670 35 I 25

## Sweet Peas in Mixture

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼lb.	½lb.	Lb.
<b>Trial-Grounds Mixture</b> (Grandiflora) . . . . .	54790	\$0 05	\$0 15	\$0 50	\$0 80 \$1 50
<b>THORBURN'S SPECIAL MIXED.</b> Comprising the finest Eckford and newest and best large-flowering (Grandiflora) varieties. . . . .	54800	05	15	40	70 I 25
<b>Spencer Varieties, Mixed.</b> A very fine assortment of all the best varieties. . . . .	54820	10	30	I 00	I 75 3 00
<b>Silver Gilt Medal Mixture.</b> A blend of the most beautiful varieties of Spencers, to which was awarded the Silver Gilt Medal of the National Sweet Pea Society of Great Britain. . . . .	54870	10	40	I 25	2 25 4 00
<b>Perennial Peas.</b> See Lathyrus.					



## SELECTED LIST OF FLOWER SEEDS

We have unquestionably the largest assortment of Flower Seeds in America, and our strains are far superior to those commonly sold, often under fancy names and at fictitious prices. We avoid extravagant descriptions, meant only to effect sales.

There are many minute plants from the finer seeds killed by drenching with water while very young. In the first stage of their existence plants require moisture in a minute quantity, often repeated, and not in such large quantities as to saturate the soil in which they are growing.

### FLOWER SEEDS DELIVERED FREE BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF THE STATED PRICE

Not less than 1/4oz. or 1 oz. sold at the prices quoted per 1/4oz. or 1 oz. respectively. Price, on application, per ounce or pound for those not quoted.

### Explanation of Signs Employed in This List

The Asterisk (\*) designates *ornamental-leaved* plants. This mark (‡) prefixed indicates the *climbers*.

A represents Annual—lasting but one year.

S represents Shrubs—plants of bushy habit.

B “ Biennial—lasting two years.

g “ greenhouse plants.

P “ Perennial—lasting three or more years.

Bu “ bulbous plants.

E “ Evergreen—retains foliage the entire year.

As a large number of Biennials and Perennials, if sown early, flower the first season from seed, this distinguishing mark (†) is affixed to such.

The hardiness is denoted by the following abbreviations, but it should be understood that this is intended to apply to the climate of the Middle Atlantic States. Farther north or south, these designations apply only in a comparative way.

The letter *h* represents hardy—plants for open border; *hh* represents half-hardy—plants that require to be forwarded in pots or frames; *t* represents tender—requiring protection.

Customers will find it more convenient to order by number. If ordered from any catalogue other than this (1921) kindly state from which year's catalogue the numbers are taken. This will facilitate the filling of orders and will insure prompt shipment.

Many of our Flower Seeds are grown in Europe, and some sorts may not be received until later in the season than usual. At the time of going to press we expect to receive all the varieties we quote.

If permission is given us to substitute, we shall use our best judgment in sending equally good sorts for those originally ordered, or a memorandum will be kept of any items not sent and the seeds will be forwarded as soon as they arrive.

**ABRONIA umbellata grandiflora** (Sand Verbena). Handsome, trailing plants, these hardy annuals with lilac-rose-colored flowers, are especially adapted for vases and rock-gardens, doing best in light, sandy soil. Sow in the open ground in May. . . . 55020 10 Pkt.

**ABRUS precatorius** (Prayer Bean). This attractive; climbing, greenhouse perennial needs a strong heat for best results. Blossoms light purple. . . . . 55030 05 Pkt.

**ABUTILON, Mixed Hybrids** (Chinese Bell-flower; Flowering Maple). Greenhouse shrub of easy culture; continuous bloomer; bell-shaped flowers; desirable for house or garden. Grows 3 to 4 feet high. . . . 55050 25 Pkt.

**ACACIA** (Tassel Tree). Beautiful greenhouse shrubs; elegant foliage, graceful branches, and fine racemes of richly scented, yellow flowers. Soak the seeds in hot water before sowing, then plant in sandy peat at 55 to 60 degrees . . . . . Pkt.

**Baileyana**. 6 to 10 ft. . . . . 55090 10 Pkt.

**cultriformis**. 6 ft. . . . . 55110 10 Pkt.

**dealbata**. 4 ft. . . . . 55130 10 Pkt.

**decurrens**. 6 ft. . . . . 55150 10 Pkt.

**melanoxyton**. 8 ft. . . . . 55210 10 Pkt.

**floribunda**. 6 ft. . . . . 55230 10 Pkt.

**Fine Mixed**. . . . . 55290 05 Pkt.

**ACANTHUS** (Bear's Breech). Hardy perennial plants, flourishing in almost any soil or situation. Much prized for decorative purposes. . . . . Pkt.

**mollis**. White. 3 ft. . . . . 55320 10 Pkt.

**ACHILLEA Ptarmica, Double, "The Pearl."** Free-blooming, hardy perennial. The pure white flowers are borne in clusters on long stems. Fine for florists for cut-flowers. Succeeds well in any common garden soil; blooms all summer and fall. 1 1/2 ft. 55340 25 Pkt.

**ACONITUM**. Hardy perennial plant, with showy panicles of helmet-shaped flowers; does well in shady places or under trees. 4 ft. . . . . Pkt.

**Fischeri**. Bright blue. . . . . 55370 10 Pkt.

**Sycotonomum**. Soft pink. . . . . 55375 10 Pkt.

**Napellus** (Monkshood). Blue. . . . . 55380 10 Pkt.

**ACROCLINIUM**. Showy, half-hardy annuals for the summer garden, with Everlasting flowers, which are much used for winter decorations. Flower-heads, to be preserved, should be gathered when young. 1 ft. . . . . Pkt.

**roseum**. Rose. . . . . 55430 5 Pkt.

“ **album**. White. . . . . 55450 5 Pkt.

“ **Mixed**. . . . . 55470 5 Pkt.

“ **Double Rose**. . . . . 55490 5 Pkt.

“ **Double White**. . . . . 55510 5 Pkt.

“ **Double Mixed**. . . . . 55530 5 Pkt.

‡**ADLUMIA cirrhosa** (Mountain Fringe; Allegheny Vine). An interesting hardy perennial climbing vine, with beautiful dark rose flowers and delicate foliage. 15 ft. . . . . 55580 10 Pkt.

**ADONIS**. Both annuals and perennials, with their bright flowers are great favorites in the flower-garden. All succeed well in any common soil.

**autumnalis** (Flos Adonis). hA. Crimson; Pkt. fall-blooming. 1 ft. . . . . 55600 10 Pkt.

**æstivalis**. hA. Scarlet. 1 1/2 ft. . . . . 55620 5 Pkt.

**vernalis** (Ox-Eye). hP. Bright yellow; spring blooming. 1 ft. . . . . 55640 5 Pkt.

**AGAPANTHUS umbellatus** (African Lily). Showy greenhouse plants, producing large clusters of bright blue flowers. Nearly hardy, and will thrive anywhere, in pots or tubs on the lawn, piazza, or in the greenhouse. In bloom during summer and autumn. 3 ft. . . . . 55660 10 Pkt.



Ageratum

**AGATHÆA cœlestis** (Blue Daisy). A tender Pkt. perennial, with beautiful blue flowers; fine pot-plant for winter-blooming in conservatory. 1 ft.....55680 25

**AGERATUM.** For strengthening the garden's color-forces in blue, no annual is so good as the Ageratum. Though ordinarily used in bedding and borders, in contrast with such plants as geraniums, perillas, etc., the rose, white and blue sorts are exceedingly attractive when mingled with alyssum, candytuft, etc. They grow well almost anywhere and bloom the whole season. The dwarf blue sorts make fine borders. Sow under glass early in the season or, later, outdoors in a mellow seed-bed. Seeds sown in August will produce good plants for winter flowering.

- Lasseauxii.** Clusters of handsome rose-colored flowers. 1 ft.....55720 10
- mexicanum.** hA. Blue. Parent of the annuals below. 1½ ft.....55730 5
- album.** White. 1½ ft.....55735 5
- Blue Perfection.** Fine dwarf variety, with large flowers. Splendid. 9 in.....55740 10
- Imperial Dwarf Blue.** Excellent for edgings. 9 in.....55770 10
- Imperial Dwarf White.** Excellent for edgings. 9 in.....55780 10
- Little Dorrit.** Azure-blue. Plants 6 in. high, 1 ft. wide.....55790 10
- Little Blue Star.** Bright blue flowers, fine for carpet bedding. 5 in.....55810 25
- Swanley Blue.** A fine, large-flowered sort. 1 ft.....55820 10
- Fine Mixed**.....55840 5

**AGROSTEMMA.** All of easiest cultivation, blooming during summer and autumn. "The Rose of Heaven" is very free-flowering and fine for cut-flowers. The "Rose Champion" is excellent for naturalizing in dry situations.

- Cœli-rosa** (Rose of Heaven). hA. Rose. Pkt. 1½ ft.....55860 5
- Cœli-rosa alba**.....55870 5

**AGROSTEMMA, continued**

- †**coronaria** (Rose Champion). hP. Pkt. Rose. 2 ft.....55880 5
- † " **Dark Blood-Red.** hP. 2 ft.55890 10
- † " **White.** hP. 2 ft.....55900 5
- † " **Mixed.** hP. 2 ft.....55910 5
- †**Flos-Jovis** (Flower of Jove). hP. Rose. 1 ft.....55920 5

**ALONSOA** (Mask Flower). Bright, little, free-flowering annuals of fine habit; require some protection in cold weather. Bloom continuously all through the season. 1½ to 2 ft. Pkt.

- linifolia.** Scarlet.....55970 5
- Warszewiczii.** Scarlet.....55980 5

**ALSTROEMERIA** (Peruvian Lily). Lily-like, hardy perennial. Blooms all summer. 3 ft. Pkt.

- pulchella.** Brilliant yellow, with red streaks. 56020 10

**ALTHÆA rosea.** See Hollyhock.

**ALYSSUM.** Most popular, free-blooming annuals; suitable for borders, baskets, pots, rockwork, and for cutting. In the garden sow thickly so as to form masses, early in spring or even the previous autumn. For winter bloom sow late in August, and thin the seedlings to about a dozen for a good-sized basket. Cut back after the first flowers fade and others will come. Pkt.

- maritimum** (Sweet Alyssum). hA. Fragrant white flowers, in clusters, all summer. 1 ft. oz. 50c..56050 5

- compactum lilacinum** (Lilac Queen).56055 10
- " **Little Gem.** Grows erect. 6 in. ¼oz. 20c., oz. 75c..56060 10

- procumbens, White Carpet.** Of trailing habit, forming a dense mass.....56070 10
- ¼oz. 30c., oz. \$1..56070 10

- Thorburn's Bouquet.** Very dwarf and compact; for pots and borders. 3 in.....56080 15
- ¼oz. 30c..56080 15

- saxatile compactum** (Gold Dust). hP. Single plants cover a square foot in a year and produce hundreds of yellow flower-heads; grayish foliage. 1 ft.....56090 5



Alyssum maritimum



**\*AMARANTHUS.** Strong-growing, highly ornamental tender annuals. The Tricolor varieties are very valuable for bedding, having elegant, ornamental foliage, variegated crimson, yellow and green; also well adapted for growing in pots. Of easy culture, doing best in rich loam soil. For best results sow in hotbed in April and plant out the end of May. *Please note that seed saved from the finest sorts frequently produces inferior plants.*

- \***bicolor ruber.** Red. 2 ft.....56150 5 Pkt.
- \***cruentus** (Prince's Feather). Dark red. 3 ft.....56160 5
- \***caudatus** (Love-Lies-Bleeding). Dark red. 3 ft.....56170 5
- \***coleifolius superbus.** Dark red. 3 ft. 56180 5
- \***melancholicus ruber.** Red. 2½ ft. 56200 5
- \***salicifolius** (Fountain Plant). Purple. 2½ ft. 56210 10
- \***tricolor** (Joseph's Coat). Variegated. 2½ ft. oz. \$1...56220 5
- \***Fine Mixed**..... oz. 6oc.. 56250 5

**AMETHYST.** See Browallia.

**AMMOBIUM alatum grandiflorum.** White. Half-hardy perennial Everlastings of easiest culture; bloom all summer. 2 ft 56280 5

**ANAGALLIS grandiflora, Mixed** (Pimpernelle). Half-hardy annuals of easy culture; fine for borders or rockwork; continuously in bloom. 6 in.....56300 5

**ANCHUSA.** Both the annuals and perennials of this attractive plant succeed well in the garden border. Fine for cut-flowers and bouquets. Pkt.

- capensis** (Cape Forget - Me - Not). hHA. Azure-blue. 1½ ft.....56330 10
- italica, Dropmore variety.** hP. Blue. 3 ft. 56340 10

**ANEMONE** (Windflower). Free-flowering, hardy perennials, producing large cup-shaped flowers. Invaluable for cutting; require rich, deep soil. 1 to 2 ft. Pkt.

- coronaria** (St. Brigid Poppy - flowered). **Mixed**..... 56360 10
- “ **Caen, Mixed**..... 56370 10
- japonica rosea.** Rose..... 56380 25
- “ **alba.** White..... 56390 25
- sylvestris.** White..... 56395 15

**ANTHEMIS.** Produces daisy-like, golden yellow flowers all summer; fine for cutting. Pkt.

**Kelwayi tinctoria.** hP. Fine, large flowers on good stems. 2 ft..... 56460 10

**ANTIGONON leptopus.** Greenhouse perennial climber with pink flowers..... 56470 5

**ANTIRRHINUM.** See Snapdragon.

**AQUILEGIA** (Columbine). Few hardy perennials are so easily grown from seed, and will give such unalloyed satisfaction. A most desirable border plant. It forms large clumps, blooms early, long and abundantly, is useful for cutting and elegant in habit. Sow seed in the open ground in spring, preferably where the plants are to grow, and thin to about a foot apart. Sow in the fall for flowering the following season. They thrive well under ordinary garden culture, but such rare sorts as *A. caerulea* and *A. chrysantha* do best in partially shaded, well-drained nooks.

- californica hybrida.** Orange-red and yellow; splendid. 2 ft. .... 56500 25 Pkt.
- canadensis.** Scarlet and yellow; for shade. 1½ ft..... 56510 10

**AQUILEGIA, continued**

**chrysantha.** Golden yellow; flowers large, long spurred. 3 ft..... 56520 25 Pkt.

**caerulea** (Rocky Mountain Blue Columbine). One of the most beautiful of our native flowers. Sepals blue, petals white. 3 ft... 56530 15

**glandulosa vera.** One of the handsomest hardy perennials; stems 2 feet high, with sometimes 50 to 80 blossoms 3 inches in diameter, of the deepest blue, with white corolla; a splendid flower..... 56560 50

**Long-spurred Hybrids, Mrs. Scott Elliot's Strain.** Magnificent hybrids in the greatest variety of colors and shades. One of the finest strains. 2 ft..... 56580 25

**Long-spurred Hybrids, Extra Choice Mixed**..... 56585 25

**Skinneri** (Mexican Columbine). Very handsome and distinct; spurs and sepals long; crimson and green. 3 ft..... 56590 25

**vulgaris, Double Mixed.** Best colors. 56620 5  
“ **Single Mixed.** Many good sorts... 56630 5

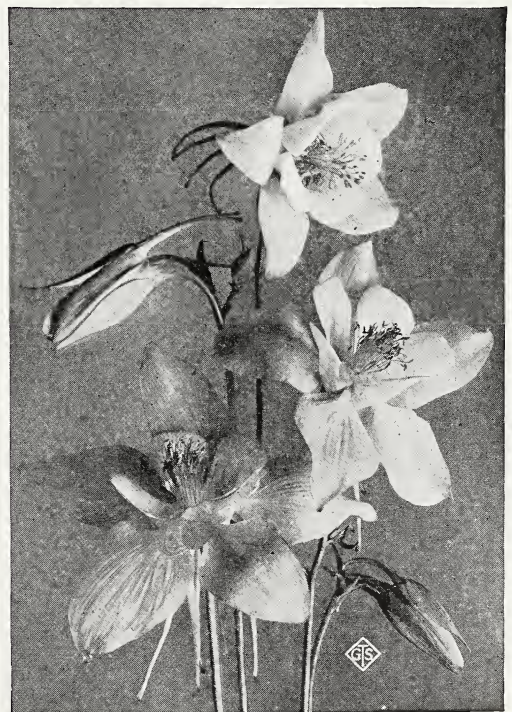
**ARABIS.** An early-flowering, hardy perennial especially suited for edgings and rockwork, becoming a sheet of white bloom in early spring. Grows about 6 inches in height and adapts itself to almost any situation; of easiest culture. Pkt.

**alpina** (Rock Cress). White. 9 in.... 56660 10

**ARCTOTIS grandis.** White and lilac. The large, daisy-like blooms of this fine hardy annual are excellent for cutting. 2 ft.... 56680 10

**ARGEMONE.** Easily grown, showy, hardy annuals, with poppy-like flowers; blooms through the summer and autumn. 2 to 3 ft. Pkt.

**grandiflora.** White..... 56720 5  
“ **lutea.** Yellow..... 56730 5



Aquilegia, Long-spurred



Camellia-flowered Balsam

- †**ARISTOLOCHIA elegans.** gP. Purple and white. Beautiful, strong-growing climbers for both greenhouse and open ground; grow finely all summer. 20 ft.....56750 25
- Sipho** (hP). The "Dutchman's Pipe" Vine. 30 ft.....56760 25
- ASCLEPIAS.** Showy plants, including both greenhouse and hardy perennials, growing 2 to 3 feet in height and blooming throughout the summer.
- Curassavica** (Swallow-wort). gP. Orange; free bloomer.....56810 10
- tuberosa.** hP. Orange.....56840 10
- ASPARAGUS.** Beautiful, fern-like foliage; fine for bouquets; an excellent house plant; white flowers. 4 to 6 ft. Pkt.
- plumosus nanus.** gP. The dwarf variety so largely used by florists.....56860 25
- Sprengeri.** gP. Fine for basketwork and for use with cut-flowers.....56890 10
- ASPERULA.** Sweet-scented, pretty plants for borders or rockwork; succeed finely in shady places; continuously in bloom. 1 ft. Pkt.
- azurea setosa.** hhA. Light blue....56920 5
- odorata** (Sweet Woodruff; Waldmeister). hP. White.....56930 10
- ASTERS.** See pages 64 and 65.
- AUBRIETIA.** hP. Trailers for beds, rockwork, or herbaceous borders; resemble alyssum. Pkt.
- deltoides.** Lilac; very pretty.....56960 25
- Leichtlinii.** Rosy carmine; fine.....56990 25
- AURICULA** (*Primula auricula*). hP. **Finest Mixed.** Beautiful shades of color. These early spring-blooming garden Primroses are great favorites. 6 in.....57020 25
- BACHELOR'S BUTTON.** See *Centaurea and Gomprena*.
- BALLOON VINE** (*Cardiospermum*). A pretty and fast-growing, half-hardy annual climber, with white blossoms. 10 ft. oz. 6oc.....57080 5

**BALSAM** (Lady's-Slipper). These favorite half-hardy annuals are of the easiest culture, but love hot sun, rich soil, and plenty of water. The young plants are quick, sure growers, and, from seed sown in the open ground in May, soon form handsome bushes thickly massed with large, rose-like flowers. Transplanting two or three times has a tendency to dwarf the plants into better shape and to make the flowers more double. Balsams are not often given room for perfect development; they will easily cover 12 to 18 inches of space each way. For the finest flowers choice seed is more than usually essential. We offer only the finest *double* sorts. 1½ ft. Pkt.

- Double Bright Scarlet**.....57100 10
- " **Rose**.....57150 10
- " **Yellow**.....57155 10
- " **White**.....57160 10
- Finest Double, Mixed.** A splendid assortment.....oz. 6oc...57165 10
- Camellia-flowered.** Flowers of extra size, double, and full centered, with reflexed petals. The plant grows rapidly to a good height and is extremely floriferous.
- Camellia-flowered, Crimson**.....57167 10
- " " **White**.....57170 10
- " " **Lilac**.....57172 10
- " " **Light Pink**....57174 10
- " " **Mixed.** Best colors. Oz. 75c...57190 10

**BALSAM APPLE and PEAR.** See *Momordica*.

- BAPTISIA australis** (False Indigo). Light blue. Very beautiful, strong-growing and ornamental, hardy, perennial border plant for summer blooming. 3 ft.....57280 5
- BARTONIA aurea.** Golden yellow. Beautiful hardy annuals that bloom all season; very fragrant in the evening. 3 ft.....57300 5
- BEGONIA.** gP. Begonias are invaluable for growing in beds and borders; also for pot culture, being perfect in habit, with very handsome foliage. Average height about 1 foot. The tuberous-rooted varieties produce gorgeous effects in the garden and are one of our best summer-blooming plants. The seeds of all varieties should be started early. Pkt.
- Single, Tuberous-Rooted, Mixed**...57420 25
- Double Tuberous-Rooted, Mixed**...57430 50
- gracilis luminosa.** Dark scarlet; reddish brown foliage; winter-flowering; fine for pots.....57460 25
- \***Rex.** Ornamental-leaved varieties in mixture.....57480 25
- semperflorens rosea, Fibrous-Rooted.** Rose-colored flowers; fine for edging.....57500 25
- " **alba.** White flowers, borne in profusion.....57510 25
- " **Vernon.** Red; for borders... 57540 25
- " **Mixed**.....57570 25
- BELLIS perennis.** See *Daisy*.
- BENINCASA cerifera.** tA. A black, wax-like gourd with yellow flowers. 6 ft.....57610 10
- BIDENS atrosanguinea.** hA. Showy, like the calliopsis; easily grown; flowers dark red. 2 ft.....57630 10
- BLUE BOTTLE.** See *Centaurea Cyanus*.
- \***BOCCONIA japonica.** A very ornamental, hardy perennial; fine in large beds; flowers white. 6 ft.....57650 10





Calendula officinalis

**BRACHYCOME.** The well-known "Swan-River Daisy" is a beautiful, little, half-hardy annual; blooms all summer; fine for edgings and borders. Should be started in hotbed. 1 ft. Pkt.

- iberidifolia.** Blue.....57710 10
- " **alba.** White.....57720 10
- " **rosea.** Rose.....57730 10
- " **Mixed.**.....57740 10

**BROWALLIA** (Amethyst). Half-hardy, profuse-blooming annual, highly prized for summer bedding or as greenhouse plants. Fine for cutting. 2 ft. Pkt.

- elata Mixed.**.....57800 10
- speciosa major.** Very large blue flowers...  
57820 25
- grandiflora.** Large-flowered, white...57825 25

**CACALIA** (Tassel Flower). Very pretty and most easily grown hardy annual, with tassel-shaped flowers. 1 1/2 ft. Pkt.

- coccinea.** Scarlet.....57880 5
- " **lutea.** Orange.....57890 5

**CACTUS.** hhP. **Mixed Varieties.** Seeds of these interesting plants should be started in the greenhouse in moist sand.....57900 25

‡**CALAMPELIS scabra** (‡hP). Fine climber for trellises; flowers orange-scarlet. 10 ft...  
57920 10

**CALANDRINIA.** Brightly colored, little hardy annuals, fine for edgings; continuously in bloom, and do well in sunny situations. 6 in. Pkt.

- speciosa.** Purple.....57950 5
- umbellata.** Violet.....57960 10

**CALCEOLARIA.** The seeds are very small, and should be sown in the greenhouse on the surface of shallow boxes filled with a light, sandy soil, which has been sifted. Sow moderately thick in rows on the surface and cover very lightly with sifted sphagnum moss, cocoanut waste, or very light soil. Press the soil firmly on the

**CALCEOLARIA, continued**

seed. The watering should be done carefully; an atomizer or brush is best. To retain the moisture the box may be covered with a pane of glass, which must be removed as soon as plants appear. Soil should be light and rich. Pkt.

- hybrida.** Large-flowered; self-colored. 2 ft.  
57990 25
- " Large-flowered; tigered or spotted.  
2 ft.....58000 25
- " Large-flowered; dwarf; tigered.  
1 ft.....58010 25

**rugosa, Mixed.** Finest shrubby varieties for bedding; bear a profusion of beautiful flowers of various colors. 1 ft.....58060 25

**scabiosæfolia (californica).** hA. Yellow; for bedding. 1 ft.....58100 10

**CALENDULA.** Hardy annuals about 1 foot high. Sow in the open early in spring and the plants will bloom early in summer. The striking orange, red, and yellow blooms are very effective and attractive, growing on stout, long stems. Excellent for cutting, and produced in great profusion until late in autumn. Pkt.

- Officialis fl. - pl. grandiflora (Orange King).** Double; large-flowered; deep orange.....58160 5
- " **fl.-pl. grandiflora sulphurea.** Double; light yellow; large-flowered.....58170 5
- " **Sulphur Crown**.....58175 5
- " **Nankeen.** A rich, soft shade of nankeen-yellow; large...58180 5
- " **Meteor.** Creamy center, edged with orange; fine for cutting...  
oz. 40c...58190 5
- " **Prince of Orange.** Glittering orange and yellow. One of the best.....oz. 50c...58200 5
- " **ranunculoides** (Garden Marigold). Orange; double flowers.  
58210 5

**pluvialis** (Cape Marigold). White or ivory.  
58220 5

**Pongei fl.-pl.** Handsome, double, white flowers.....58230 5

**Mixed**.....oz. 40c...58240 5

See, also, Marigold.

**CALLIOPSIS.** This hardy annual is another of the

garden's great forces in yellow, strengthened with rich red-marrons and browns. Sow in open ground in spring, and, in thinning or transplanting, give the plants plenty of room to spread. Their tall, slender habit makes neat staking and tying necessary. Fine for cutting. Pkt.



Calliopsis

**bicolor (tinctoria).** Yellow-brown. 2 ft. ....58290 5

**CALLIOPSIS**, continued

<b>bicolor Crimson King</b> .....	58295	Pkt. 5
" <b>marmorata</b> . Maroon and gold. 1 1/2 ft.....	58310	5
" <b>nana radiata</b> (Ray of Gold). Golden yellow flowers. 6 to 8 in.....	58320	10
<b>coronata</b> . Yellow; very fine. 1 1/2 ft.....	58340	5
<b>Drummondii</b> (Golden Wave). Golden brown. 1 ft.....oz. 50c...	58350	5
<b>Mixed Annual Sorts</b> .....oz. 40c...	58370	5

**COREOPSIS** (Perennial Calliopsis). One of our finest hardy perennials; bloom practically all summer; fine for borders and groups. Pkt.

**grandiflora**. Large flowers of rich yellow. 2 ft.....

**lanceolata grandiflora**. Large, golden yellow flowers; fine for cutting.....

**CAMELLIA japonica**. See Tree Seeds.



Campanula Medium

**CAMPANULA (Canterbury Bells)**. Popular and beautiful are Campanulas. Although the Canterbury Bells are biennials, they may also be treated as annuals, and will flower the first year from seed, if sown early in the spring. For effect in the border, plant them in clumps of separate colors, and they are beautiful when massed. The perennial varieties, treated as perennials, will flower most profusely by mid-summer. The tall and stately growing kinds will be found of great value for the border, while the dwarf sorts make charming rock and edging plants. All the varieties like a rich, sandy soil with good drainage. Pkt.

<b>carpatica</b> . hP. Deep blue; for rockeries, beds and edgings. 6 in.....	58530	10
" <b>alba</b> . Flowers white. 6 in.....	58540	10
<b>Medium, Single Blue</b> (Canterbury Bells). hB. Blooms first year if sown early. 2 ft.....	58560	5
" <b>Single White</b> . Pretty for contrasts.....	58570	5
" <b>Single Rose</b> .....	58580	10

**CAMPANULA**, continued

<b>Medium, Single Mixed</b> .....	58600	Pkt. 5
" <b>Double Blue</b> . Rich, heavy, curious flowers through summer and fall.....	58610	10
" <b>Double White</b> . Waxy appearance.....	58620	10
" <b>Double Rose</b> .....	58630	15
" <b>Double Mixed</b> .....	58640	10
" <b>calycanthea</b> (Cup- and - Saucer). hB. Blue; symmetrical; often has 35 to 40 flowers open at same time on a single plant; for pots or borders. 2 ft.....	58650	10
" <b>calycanthea alba</b> . A white-flowered variety of the above...	58660	15
" <b>calycanthea rosea</b> . Rose. A very fine sort.....	58670	15
" <b>calycanthea, Mixed</b> . Shades of blue and white.....	58680	10
" <b>Prize Mixture</b> of all colors, Single and Double and Calycantheas; an unequaled strain.....	58700	15
<b>persicifolia grandiflora, Blue</b> . hP. Superb large flowers and long, narrow, peach-like foliage. For finest effect plant the blue and white varieties together. 2 to 4 ft. June and July.....	58770	25
" <b>grandiflora alba</b> . A white-flowered variety of the above, growing to the same height..	58780	25
" <b>grandiflora, Fine Mixed</b> .....	58790	25
<b>pyramidalis</b> (Chimney Bellflower). hHP. Spikes 3 to 4 feet tall, erect, pyramidal; large blue flowers; blooms in late summer and autumn.....	58800	10
" <b>alba</b> . White.....	58810	10
" <b>Mixed</b> .....	58815	10

See, also, Platycodon, page 97.

**CANARY-BIRD FLOWER** (*Tropeolum canariense*). Also known as Canary Creeper. Fine, half-hardy annual; yellow flowers. 10 ft.....

**CANDYTUFT (Iberis)**. The Candytufts are among our best hardy annuals for edgings, bedding, massing or rockeries, and for cutting. Several of the varieties are fragrant, and all are profuse in bloom. Sow outdoors in April, and thin well when the plants grow about an inch. Sow again in a month, and late in July for fall flowers. Give rich soil and water freely. Pkt.

<b>affinis</b> . Neat and pretty bedder. 6 in.....	58870	5
<b>amara</b> . White. 1 ft.....oz. 30c...	58875	5
<b>coronaria</b> (Rocket Candytuft). Of candelabra form; flowers in upright spikes.....oz. 50c...	58880	5
" <b>Empress</b> . White. 1 ft.....	58885	5
" <b>Giant Hyacinth - flowered</b> . White flowers borne in large trusses.....	58890	5
" <b>Little Prince</b> . Very large heads of pure white flowers; fine for borders and pots. 6 in.....	58895	5
<b>odorata</b> . Small, white, fragrant.....	58900	5
<b>umbellata</b> . Purple. 1 ft.....	58905	5
" <b>carminea</b> . Carmine. 1 ft.....	58910	10
" <b>carnea</b> . Flesh colored. 1 ft....	58915	5



**CANDYTUFT**, continued

<b>umbellata</b>	<b>Dunnettii.</b>	Dark crimson.	Pkt.
	1 ft.....	58920	5
"	<b>lilacina.</b>	Lilac. 1 ft....	5
		58925	5
"	<b>Tom Thumb.</b>	White..	5
		58932	
"	<b>Dwarf Hybrids.</b>	Mixed colors.	
	6 in.....	58935	10
"	<b>Mixed.</b>	.....	5
		58938	
<b>Mixed Annual Sorts.</b>	.....oz.	60c...	5
		58940	

**PERENNIAL CANDYTUFT.** Hardy evergreen plants, making a magnificent showing the second year from seed. They bloom very early, cushioning rock ledges, borders, etc., with banks of bloom. Sow outdoors in spring or fall in any sunny place. Pkt.

**sempervirens.** White flowers remain fresh nearly a month. 1 ft..... 58990 15

\***CANNA** (Indian Shot). hhP. Beautiful, ornamental foliage and large, brilliant flowers. Much employed in subtropical gardening, groups on lawns and mixed flower-beds. Soak the seed before planting. 4 ft. Pkt.

**indica, Fine Mixed.**..... 59035 5

\***Finest Mixed, Crozy's Hybrids.**.... 59050 5

**CANNABIS gigantea** (Giant Hemp). hhA. A fine foliage plant for borders. 8 ft.... 59070 5

**CANTERBURY BELLS.** See Campanula.

**CARNATION** (*Dianthus Caryophyllus*). The splendid Carnation of the florist is a very interesting plant to grow from seed, and it is not over-exacting. Sown under glass in early spring, or later in the open ground, the plants will flower finely the second summer. For largest, richest flowers we recommend culture in pots of rich soil. With many they are also garden favorites, and, grown in this way, flowers of good quality may be enjoyed all summer if given plenty of water, good soil, and a mulch about their roots. With the tall varieties, staking and tying are necessary. Young plants are perfectly hardy outdoors, but when two or three years old they are injured by winter cold, so that sowings should be made every year. *The more expensive sorts produce the finest flowers. The prices we quote, although seemingly high, are most reasonable for strains such as we offer.*

**MARGARET CARNATIONS** are an extra-vigorous race, especially adapted for outdoor culture. They are very neat in habit, and remarkable for their rich profusion of flowers, produced five months from sowing. Satisfactorily grown as annuals from seed every spring. Pkt.

**Double White.** Large, perfect flowers. 1 1/2 ft..... 59120 10

**Double Yellow.** A clear, soft shade. 1 1/2 ft..... 59130 25

**Double Mixed.** 1 1/2 to 2 ft..... 59140 10

**Giant Margaret.** Malmaison Strain. Extra large and perfect, flowering in a rich variety of colors; 80 per cent of the flowers generally come double. A splendid sort for cutting. 1 ft..... 59145 25

**PERPETUAL CARNATIONS.** This race has large, elegantly formed flowers, continually abloom, upon closely branched symmetrical plants, often called, from their neat habit, Tree Carnations.

**Chaubaud Perpetual Double.** Mixed— Pkt. Yellow, Red, White, etc. Blooms in six months. 1 1/2 ft..... 59160 25

**CARNATION**, continued

**Marie Chaubaud.** Pure canary-yellow; the most beautiful and most fragrant yellow. 59170 50

**Jeanne Dionis.** Enormous flowers of the purest white and most perfect form. 59190 75

**Chaubaud Yellow.**..... 59230 25

**Giant Perpetual, Fine Mixed.** Enormous flowers; perfectly double; splendid colors. 59240 50

**BORDER CARNATIONS, etc.** We invite attention to the splendid varieties below. Pkt.

**Red Grenadine, Double.** Brilliant scarlet. 2 ft..... 59270 25

**Early Dwarf Vienna, Double Mixed.** Fine for garden culture and for cutting. 1 ft..... 59290 15

**Double Mixed.**..... 59370 10

**CASSIA artemisioides** (Senna). gP. A very pretty shrub, with finely cut, silvery foliage and yellow flowers; sweet-scented; will stand drought very well. 4 ft..... 59450 15

**CASTOR-OIL PLANT.** See Ricinus.

**CATCHFLY.** See Silene.

**CELOSIA** (Cockscomb).

**CRISTATA.** An annual of easy culture. They are most effective in the border. Transplanting into a rich soil about the time the combs begin to form makes the flower-heads much larger, and they last from midsummer until frost. Pkt.

**Glasgow Prize.** Dark leaves and crimson combs; fine for solid beds and for edgings. 1 ft..... 59520 10

**Dwarf Bright Red.** A miniature plant, with enormous combs of intense bright red..... 59530 10

" **Crimson.**..... 59540 10

" **Dark Yellow.** Yellow combs... 59550 10

" **Mixed.** Extra-large combs in all the preceding colors .... 59570 10

**Tall Crimson.**..... 59572 10

" **Mixed.** Very fine..... 59575 10



Margaret Carnations



Celosia plumosa

**CELOSIA, continued**

- PLUMOSA** (Plumed or Ostrich-feather). Beautiful annual foliage plants, blooming in late summer and autumn, and producing large, showy plumes, curled and curved, much resembling ostrich feathers. For beds and borders. 2 to 3 ft. Pkt.
- Ostrich-Feather, Crimson**.....59590 10
- “ **Finest Mixed** ..59605 10
- “ **Orange**.....59600 10
- Pride of Castle Gould**. Compact, feathery plumes. In shades of blood-reds, carmines, yellow and orange. 59620 25
- Thompsonii magnifica**. Feathered; red; superb..59635 15
- “ **magnifica, Yellow**.59638 15
- “ **magnifica, Mixed**. Superb assortment of the plumed varieties.....59640 15
- Pompon** (Chinese Woolflower). Brilliant scarlet; quite distinct.....59680 10
- Yellow**. Golden yellow.....59685 10

**CENTAUREA.** The popular Cornflower, *Centaurea Cyanus*, is also known as Blue Bottle, Ragged Sailor, and sometimes as Bachelor's Button. Bright-flowered plants of the hardiest nature and simplest culture, among the most attractive and graceful of all the old-fashioned flowers. The perennial sorts increase rapidly and bloom profusely.

**PERENNIAL FLOWERING.** A dry, sandy soil of moderate fertility seems to suit them best, keeping up a profusion of bloom all summer.

- montana, Blue.** Large-flowered perennial Pkt. Cornflower.....59725 10
- “ **alba.** White.....59730 20

**PERENNIAL, SILVER-LEAVED.** These are used for borders or edgings, and thrive anywhere. Flowers white, leaves grayish; half hardy. 1 ft. Pkt.

- candidissima.** Silvery white leaves. 59740 10
- gymnocarpa.** Silvery white, small leaves. 59760 10

**HARDY ANNUALS.** Flower finest in full sun and thin soil. Sow in open ground in spring. 1½ to 2 ft.

**CENTAUREA, continued**

- americana.** Large, lilac-purple flowers; Pkt. bushy plants; very fine; constant and profuse bloomer.....59780 10
- “ **alba.** Pure white....59785 15
- imperialis** (Giant). A hardy annual of great beauty. The fluffy flowers, borne on long, stiff stems—yellow, purple, lilac, rose and white in color—are very beautiful. They are splendid for cutting, and the cut blooms, if placed in water, are very lasting.
- “ **White.** Very large-flowered, hardy, and floriferous. 59790 10
- “ **Purple.** Beautiful, velvety purple.....59798 10
- “ **Lilac.** Very large-flowered; hardy; the same as the white, except in color.....59810 10
- “ **Rose.** Charming, glowing rose. 59818 10
- “ **Yellow.** Bright yellow flowers; very fine for use as cut-flowers.....59830 10
- “ **Mixed.** Very large-flowered; hardy.....59840 10
- odorata Margaritæ.** Pure white; 2½ inches across; lacinated and scented; forms stocky, well-budded little bushes. 1½ ft.....59880 10
- moschata atropurpurea** (Purple Sweet Sultan). Large flowers on long stems....59900 10
- “ **atropurpurea alba** (White Sweet Sultan).....59910 10
- “ **atropurpurea, Mixed.** (Mixed Sweet Sultan).59930 10
- suaveolens** (Yellow Sweet Sultan). Fine.....59950 10



Centaurea imperialis



**CENTAUREA**, continued

<b>Cyanus</b> (Cornflower). Blue; delightful, old-fashioned flowers, blooming profusely all summer; borne on long, stiff stems, and fine for cutting. 1 to 2 ft. ....	Pkt.	5
“ <b>Emperor William</b> . Blue; one of the finest of all Cornflowers, and much used for cutting. ....		5
“ <b>Double Blue</b> . ....	1/4 oz. 30c. . . . .	5
“ <b>Rose</b> . Distinct shade; flowers borne on long stems; good for cutting. . . . .	60010	5
“ <b>Victoria, Dwarf Compact</b> . For pots and edgings; azure blue; 9 in. ....	60020	10
“ <b>Pure White</b> . Very fine. ....	60030	5
“ <b>Mixed</b> . . . . .	1/4 oz. 75c. . . . .	5
“ <b>Double Mixed</b> . ....		5
“ <b>Mixed Dwarf Hybrids</b> . ....	1/4 oz. 25c., oz. 80c. . . . .	5
“ <b>Mixed Dwarf Hybrids</b> . ....	1/4 oz. 30c., oz. \$1. . . . .	10
<b>Collection of five varieties <i>Centaurea imperialis</i></b> . . . . .	60065	40

<b>CENTRANTHUS</b> . Very pretty, free-flowering annuals, suitable for rockeries, vases, and the garden border. 1 ft. ....	Pkt.	
<b>macrosiphon</b> . Red. ....	60120	5
“ <b>Mixed</b> . ....	60150	5

<b>CERASTIUM</b> (Snow-in-Summer). Pretty, silver-leaved, trailing, hardy perennials; fine edging plants, also for rockeries. 6 in. ....	Pkt.	
<b>tomentosum</b> . White. ....	60190	25

<b>CHELONE</b> . Beautiful, decorative, hardy perennials. Should be in every garden. 2 to 3 ft. ....	Pkt.	
<b>barbata</b> . Red. ....	60290	10
“ <b>coccinea</b> . Scarlet. ....	60300	10
“ <b>hybrida, Mixed</b> . ....	60310	10

**CHRISTMAS ROSE**. See Helleborus.

**CHRYSANTHEMUM**. Do not confound these annuals with the winter-flowering sorts of the florists. They bloom profusely from early summer until frost, and, when grown in large beds or masses, their bright colors make a splendid show. The plants can be brought into bloom early by sowing the seeds in frames or window-boxes, and afterwards transplanting to the garden; or seed may be sown where the plants are to flower, if the seedlings are thinned to 8 to 10 inches apart. Pinching back in early growth makes the plants bushy and shapely. Average height, 1 to 1 1/2 ft. ....

<b>coronarum, Double sulphureum</b> . Pale yellow. ....	60370	5
“ <b>Double Yellow</b> . Golden yellow; splendid. ....	60390	5
“ <b>Double White</b> . ....	60410	5
“ <b>Double Mixed</b> . Yellow, white, etc. ....	1/4 oz. 50c. . . . .	5
<b>tricolor</b> . The tricolor sorts have beautiful rings and eyes of various colors, and are distinctively handsome, with long stems. ....	Pkt.	
“ <b>Burridgeanum</b> . Crimson-maroon, with white edge and inner circle; brilliant and showy. ....	60450	5
“ <b>Eclipse</b> . Yellow, with velvety brown band. ....	60460	10
“ <b>Golden Feather</b> . Foliage rich yellow; flowers bright red and white on long stems. ....	60470	10



Centaurea Cyanus

**CHRYSANTHEMUM**, continued

<b>tricolor, Scarlet</b> . Dark and rich. ....	60490	10
“ <b>Yellow</b> . ....	60500	5
“ <b>White</b> . ....	60510	5
“ <b>Single Mixed</b> . All colors. ....		5
“ <b>Double Golden (Dunnettii)</b> . ....	1/4 oz. 20c., oz. 60c. . . . .	5
“ <b>Double White (Dunnettii)</b> . ....	60530	10
“ <b>Double hybridum, Mixed (Dunnettii)</b> . ....	60540	10
“ <b>Double Mixed</b> . ....	1/4 oz. 40c., oz. \$1.25. . . . .	10
“ <b>Double Mixed</b> . ....	1/4 oz. 40c., oz. \$1.25. . . . .	10
<b>frutescens</b> (Paris Daisy; Marguerite). gP. Beautiful for cutting and pot culture; long-stemmed, single, white flowers, with golden centers. A florist's favorite. ....	60610	10
<b>inodorum, Double</b> . Pretty, white flowers, carried on long, stiff stems; fine for cutting. 1 ft. ....	60620	10
<b>Leucanthemum</b> (Shasta Daisy). hP. Extra-large; pure white petals and brilliant, golden yellow center. 2 to 2 1/2 ft. . . . .	60630	10
<b>Leucanthemum secundum</b> (June Marguerite). Flowering in succession to the Shasta Daisy. ....	60635	15
<b>segetum, Morning Star</b> . Large, yellow flowers; for cutting. ....	60650	5
“ <b>Helios, Evening Star</b> . Fine for cutting; pure golden yellow flowers of gigantic size, borne on long stems. ....	60660	5
<b>Collection of five varieties <i>Chrysanthemum tricolor</i></b> . ....	60690	40

**PERENNIAL VARIETIES**. This section includes the large-flowered sorts, and the pretty, hardy Pompons that make bright masses of color in our gardens long after heavy frosts have cut down other flowers. We wish to make quite clear the distinction between this class and the Annual *Chrysanthemums* described above, so that, as has sometimes happened heretofore, customers may not order seed of the summer-blooming garden



Annual Chrysanthemum

**CHRYSANTHEMUM, PERENNIAL, continued** varieties, expecting them to yield the grand show flowers of late fall. For ordinary culture and room decoration, plants pinched back to form a number of branches, and holding from five to ten flowers, are satisfactory. Average height of show kinds, 3 ft. Pkt.

- indicum, Single.** Will produce superb flowers of different types and colors; fine for forcing and cut-flowers. . . . . 60720 25
- “ **Double** . . . . . 60730 25
- “ **Pompon.** The pretty, hardy dwarfs, with bright, clustered flowers, which brighten up the garden late in autumn. 1½ ft. . . . . 60740 25
- japonicum fl.-pl. From finest flowers.** An extra-choice mixture, including many of the finest large-flowering double sorts . . . 60750 50

**CINERARIA.** One of the most useful and ornamental of greenhouse plants, with flowers of the richest and most brilliant colors and shades, and of the finest texture. It is rather a difficult plant to grow if its requirements are not understood. The mistake generally made is in growing it in a warm house instead of a cool one. The seed should be started in the greenhouse. For winter blooming sow in April and May in shallow boxes, in fine soil; drop the seed in shallow drills, cover, and press the earth rather firmly with a piece of board or the bottom of a pot. Set the box where it will get the morning sun, water moderately and carefully. Average height, 2 ft. Pkt.

- Large-flowered Crimson.** Very brilliant and showy . . . . . 60800 50
- “ “ **Flesh-colored, Mixed** . . . . . 60810 50
- “ “ **Stella, Mixed.** Twisted and fluted petals; large flowers of very rich and bright colors. . . . . 60820 50
- “ “ **White.** Handsome . . . 60830 25
- “ “ **Prize Mixed** . . . . . 60840 60

**CINERARIA, continued** Pkt.

- Large-flowered Half Dwarf, Prize Mixed.** Exquisite. 1 ft. . . . . 60850 60
- “ “ **Self Colors, Mixed** . . . 60855 50
- Splendid Mixed.** All fine sorts . . . . . 60860 25
- “ “ **Double** . . . . . 60870 60
- stellata (Polyantha).** Mixed . . . . . 60880 25
- hybrida, Extra-choice Mixed** . . . . . 60890 50
- HALF-HARDY PERENNIALS.** Require some protection. Pkt.
- maritima (Dusty Miller).** Silvery leaves. 60910 5
- “ **candidissima.** Beautiful white foliage; the best. . . . . 60920 10
- “ **Diamond.** Pure white foliage; very fine. . . . . 60930 10

**CLARKIA.** One of the prettiest and showiest of hardy annuals that bloom freely and have flowers of such various bright colors that a bed of them in full bloom is a beautiful sight; useful for hanging-baskets, vases and as edgings to beds of larger growing plants. Sow outdoors in early spring and grow in partial shade. The plants keep up a continuous bloom through midsummer to late autumn. Average height, 1½ ft. Pkt.

- elegans alba, Double.** White . . . . . 60960 10
- “ **rosea, Single.** Rose . . . . . 60970 5
- “ **rosea, Double.** Rose . . . . . 60980 10
- “ **Salmon Queen, Double.** Salmon-pink . . . . . 60983 10
- “ **Scarlet Queen, Double.** Orange-scarlet . . . . . 60985 10
- “ **Single Mixed** . . . . . 60990 5
- “ **Double Mixed** . . . . . 61000 5
- “ **Double and Single Mixed** . . . 61010 5
- pulchella alba.** White . . . . . 61030 5
- “ **Red** . . . . . 61050 5
- “ **White Tom Thumb, Double** . . . 61060 5
- “ **Single Mixed** . . . . . 61070 5

**CLARY (Salvia Horminum).** Pretty, hardy annuals for beds and borders. 1½ ft.

- Purple-Top.** Purple . . . . . 61110 5
- Red-Top.** Red . . . . . 61120 5
- White Top.** White . . . . . 61130 5

‡**CLEMATIS (Virgin's Bower).** Excellent, hardy climbing perennials for trellises, arbors, verandas, etc. Do well in most locations. Pkt.

- coccinea.** . . . . . 61150 25
  - crispa.** Pale purple; floriferous. 10 ft. . 61160 25
  - flammula.** White; sweet-scented. 25 ft. 61170 10
  - paniculata.** White; fragrant; very free blooming. 10 to 20 ft. . . . . 61180 10
  - Jackmanii Hybrids, Mixed.** Collection of the best colors. 10 to 15 ft. . . . . 61190 25
- See, also, Tree Seeds.

**CLEOME.** Curious, ornamental, hardy annual, on castor-oil plant style. Blooms freely in sandy soil. Pkt.

- pungens (Giant Spider Flower).** Pink. 3 ft. . . . . 61210 10

**CLIANTHUS puniceus.** Greenhouse plants, with pea-shaped, scarlet, white-spotted flowers. Soak the seeds in hot water before planting. . . . . 61250 25

“ **puniceus alba.** White . . . 61260 25

**CLINTONIA (Downingia) pulchella.** Very pretty border annual; flowers freely in purple, white, and yellow (tricolor); fine for edging. 6 in. . . . . 61270 25



- ‡**COBÆA.** Tender climbing perennials of rapid growth. 20 ft. Pkt.  
 ‡**scandens.** Purple, bell-shaped flowers. . . . . oz. 6oc. . . . . 61330 10  
 ‡ “ **alba.** White. . . . . 61340 15

- COCKSCOMB.** See *Celosia*.  
 \***COLEUS.** gP. Splendid bedding plants with beautifully colored foliage; very useful for decorative purposes. 2 ft. Pkt.  
**Fine Hybrids, Mixed.** . . . . . 61410 25  
**Large-leaved, Finest Mixed.** . . . . . 61420 50

- COLLINSIA.** Free-flowering annuals. If sown in autumn, will stand the winter and flower early in spring. All are brightly colored and are excellent for growing in patches or clumps; grows in any garden soil. 1 to 1½ ft. Pkt.  
**bicolor.** Lilac and white. . . . . 61490 5  
 “ **alba.** White. . . . . 61500 5  
**grandiflora.** Blue. . . . . 61520 5  
**multicolor.** White, violet, and lilac. . . . . 61530 5  
**verna.** Light blue and white. . . . . 61550 5  
**Mixed.** . . . . . 61560 5

- COLLOMIA.** Hardy annuals suitable for massing; fine for bees. Pkt.  
**coccinea.** Scarlet and yellow. 1 ft. . . . . 61590 5  
**COLUMBINE.** See *Aquilegia*.

- COMMELINA.** Showy, half-hardy perennials; favorite plants for pots and gardens. 1½ ft. Pkt.  
**cœlestis.** Blue. . . . . 61630 5

**CONVOLVULUS**

- TALL.** Beautiful and easily grown annual; rapid in covering screens, trellises, etc.  
**aureus superbus.** hhA. Golden yellow. Pkt. 5 to 10 ft. . . . . 61680 10  
**major** (Tall Morning-Glory). **Mixed.** Finest colors. 10 ft. up. . . . . oz. 25c. . . . . 61690 5  
**Snow Fairy** (Double Morning-Glory) . . . . . 61695 10  
**mauritanicus.** hP. Blue; trailing habit; fine for baskets and rockeries. . . . . 61700 10  
 For **Japanese Morning-Glory**, see *Ipomœa*.

- DWARF.** Dwarf Morning-Glories are elegant annuals for growing in clumps or beds; also for edgings and hanging-baskets; bushy, of easiest culture; bloom all season. 12 in. Pkt.  
**tricolor (minor).** Blue. . . . . 61730 5  
 “ **Rose.** . . . . . 61750 5  
 “ **unicaulis.** Purple. . . . . 61760 5  
 “ **White.** . . . . . 61770 5  
 “ **Mixed.** . . . . . oz. 25c. . . . . 61780 5

- CORDYLINE.** See *Dracœna*.  
**COREOPSIS.** See *Calliopsis*.  
**CORNFLOWER.** See *Centaurea Cyanus*.

**COSMOS.** One of the notable fall flowers. A strong, tall-growing annual, with bold flowers of exquisite daintiness and airiness heightened in effect by their foliage setting of feathery green. It is most effective when planted in broad masses, or long background borders against evergreens or fences. We offer only the choice, large-flowering strains. *To make sure of flowering early, Cosmos should be started indoors and transplanted into dry, sandy, or poor soil, in a sunny situation.*

- EARLY FLOWERING.** Seed started early in the house or frame, will produce flowers a month earlier than Mammoth Perfection. Pkt.  
**Crimson.** . . . . . 61880 10  
**Pink.** . . . . . 61890 10  
**White.** . . . . . 61900 10  
**Mixed.** . . . . . ¼oz. 3oc., oz. \$1. . . . . 61910 10



Mammoth Cosmos

- COSMOS, continued** Pkt.  
**Lady Lenox.** Lovely, large, shell-pink flowers of great substance. One of the finest of Cosmos. . . . . 61920 10  
**Lady Lenox, White.** Counterpart of above, except as to color. . . . . 61925 15  
**Hybrida, Crimson.** . . . . . 61927 10

- MAMMOTH PERFECTION.** Large flowers on long stems, lasting until frost.  
**Conchita.** Crimson. . . . . ¼oz. 2oc., oz. 6oc. . . . . 61930 10  
**Erlinda.** White. ¼oz. 2oc., oz. 6oc. . . . . 61940 10  
**Rosita.** Pink. ¼oz. 2oc., oz. 6oc. . . . . 61950 10  
**Mixed.** . . . . . ¼oz. 2oc., oz. 5oc. . . . . 61960 10  
**Klondyke.** Orange-colored; distinct foliage. . . . . 61990 25

- Marguerite.** Petals deeply and irregularly fringed; in various bright colors. An attractive flower. . . . . 62010 10  
**Striped.** Charming and distinct; large, white centers; petals striped white. . . . . 62030 10

- NEW DOUBLE VARIETIES.**  
**Pink Beauty.** Crested. Soft pink. . . . . 62074 15  
**White Queen.** Crested. Pure white. . . . . 62076 15  
 These called double crested, are not fully double, but are double crested, having double centers and a row of petals around the base of the flower; very effective. See *Novelties*, also. Pkt.

- COWSLIP** (*Primula officinalis hybrida*). hP. Favorite spring flower; fragrant; mixed colors. 6 in. . . . . 62080 10  
**Yellow.** . . . . . 62085 10

- †**CUCUMIS.** Very luxuriant, half-hardy, climbing annuals of extremely rapid growth; bearing curious fruits; flowers yellow. 10 to 15 ft. Pkt.  
**flexuosus** (Snake Cucumber). . . . . 62140 5  
**grossulariæformis** (Gooseberry Gourd). . . . . 62150 10

- CUCURBITA.** See *Gourds*.  
 †**CUPHEA.** Pretty half-hardy perennials; fine border and pot-plants. 1 to 1½ ft. Pkt.  
**miniata.** Rich scarlet. . . . . 62200 10  
**platycentra** (Cigar Plant). Long-shaped, scarlet flowers all summer. . . . . 62210 10  
**Roetzlii.** Red. . . . . 62230 25  
**Mineata.** New mixed hybrids. . . . . 62250 10



Cyclamen Papilio

**CYCLAMEN.** These bulbous greenhouse plants are all very beautiful and are unapproached among winter-flowering plants for duration of bloom, variety of shades, and wealth of coloring. They are among the best plants recommended for house culture, as they thrive well and bloom profusely in the average temperature of the living-room. Sow the seed in small boxes or seed-pans in a compost of well-rotted manure, leaf-mold and sand, in the early winter months. Cover lightly with moss, which should be kept moist and should be removed after the seed germinates. Prick out into small pots when the young plants have two leaves. If grown steadily without any check, they will flower in from ten to twelve months. Average height 9 in.

<b>PERSICUM GIGANTEUM</b> —	Pkt.
<b>album, Mont Blanc.</b> White.....	62300 25
<b>albo-rubrum.</b> White with red eye.....	62310 25
<b>atropurpureum.</b> Dark red.....	62320 25
<b>Brilliant Red.</b> Wine-color.....	62322 50
<b>Christmas Cheer.</b> Blood-red.....	62324 50
<b>Daybreak.</b> Light pink.....	62325 50
<b>Glory of Wandsbek.</b> Dark salmon.....	62326 50
<b>Lavender.</b> Dark and light shades.....	62328 50
<b>roseum.</b> Rose.....	62350 25
<b>Rosy Morn.</b> Rich rose, shading to purplish tinge.....	62355 25
<b>Victoria.</b> White, pink edge, fringed.....	62362 50
<b>Pure White.</b> .....	62365 50
<b>White, Pink Eye.</b> .....	62368 50
<b>Mixed.</b> Finest sorts.....	62380 25
<b>Covent Garden Strain, Mixed.</b> ...	62370 25
<b>Papilio, Mixed</b> (Butterfly Cyclamen).....	62400 25
<b>Persicum, Mixed</b> .....	62410 10

**CYCLANTHERA explodens.** A beautiful half-hardy annual climber; yellow flowers. 8 ft..... 62430 10

**CYPERUS alternifolius** (Umbrella Plant). A perennial grass-like plant of fine habit; grows well in water and damp places. 2 ft..... 62450 15

**CYPRESS VINE.** See *Ipomœa Quamoclit.*

†**DAHLIA.** This favorite, half-hardy perennial is most easily grown from seed sown early in the house or greenhouse. Will bloom freely outdoors until frost the first season. 3 to 6 ft. Pkt.

<b>Double Mixed.</b> .....	62480 10
<b>Single Mixed.</b> .....	62490 10
<b>Single Cactus, Mixed.</b> .....	62500 10
<b>Double Cactus, Mixed.</b> .....	62505 25

**DAISY** (*Bellis perennis*, etc.). hP. May be sown in February or March in shallow boxes of light, rich soil, covering the seeds to about three times their own thickness, and pressing soil firmly over them. Keep in a warm window, hotbed, or greenhouse. When well out of the seed-leaf, transplant to new boxes, and set out in the open ground when danger from frost is past. Or, sow in beds outside in August or September; protect with straw or litter over winter, and transplant to their permanent position in the spring. They make delightful borders to beds of taller-growing annuals and can be used very effectively in beds of spring-blooming bulbs. 4 in. Pkt.

<b>Double Red.</b> .....	62590 10
" <b>delicata rosea.</b> .....	62595 10
" <b>Rose (Longfellow).</b> .....	62600 10
" <b>White (Snowball).</b> .....	62610 10
" <b>Mixed.</b> Very fine.....	62620 10
" <b>maxima alba.</b> Extra large; white...	62630 15
" <b>maxima rosea.</b> Extra large.....	62640 15
" <b>maxima, Mixed.</b> Extra large.....	62650 15
" <b>monstrosa alba.</b> Snowy white flowers.....	62652 25
" <b>monstrosa rosea.</b> Deep rose.....	62654 25
" <b>monstrosa red.</b> .....	62656 25
" <b>monstrosa, Mixed.</b> .....	62660 25

**SHASTA DAISY.** See *Chrysanthemum Leucanthemum.*

**DAISY, Paris.** See *Chrysanthemum frutescens.*

**DAISY, Swan River.** See *Brachycome.*

**DATURA.** Showy, half-hardy annuals of rapid growth, with large, trumpet-shaped, fragrant flowers. 3 ft. Pkt.

<b>cornucopia</b> (Horn of Plenty). Immense violet flowers.....	62740 5
<b>fastuosa, Double White.</b> .....	62750 5
" <b>Double Purple.</b> .....	62760 5
<b>humilis flava fl.-pl.</b> Double; yellow.....	62780 10
<b>meteloides (Wrightii).</b> White and lilac....	62790 5

**DELPHINIUM (Larkspur).** In variety and beauty of its blue tints, which are as numerous as they are charming, no other plant can equal the Delphinium. The brilliant flowers are strongly effective in beds or masses, in borders, shrubberies, or in combination with white lilies. Improvements are continually being made in the size of the flowers, as well as in the length and fullness of the spikes. Some of the species flower both early and late; the season for all can be prolonged by cutting away withered flower-stems. All varieties are easily cultivated and adaptable to many conditions, but in a soil deeply dug and well enriched with fine old manure, their blooms are the finest. Setting them 1½ to 2 feet each way is not too much for the taller sorts.





Emperor Branching Delphinium

**DELPHINIUM, continued**

**ANNUAL VARIETIES.** These include the Rocket or Hyacinth-flowered, so called from their long, narrow flower-spikes. They bloom best in a rather cool, moist soil. Sow seed in the open border, either in spring or fall, preferably the latter, so that germination may take place very early in the spring. As the seedlings grow, thin them to stand 6 to 18 inches apart, according to variety. The varieties are seldom kept separate, as they are quite as pretty and convenient for cutting when sown in mixture. Some of these are really hardy biennials, but, because they bloom the first season, we treat them as hardy annuals. The shades of color cover a very wide range. Pkt.

**Ajasis, Dwarf Rocket.**

Finest colors; beautiful for bedding. 1 ft. oz. 60c. .62810

- DELPHINIUM, continued**
- Ajasis, Tall Rocket, Carmine.** . . . . . 5
- “ “ “ **Purple.** . . . . . 5
- “ “ “ **White.** 2 ft. . . . . 5
- “ “ “ **Mixed Colors.** 2 ft. . . . . 5
- “ **Tall Branching, Flesh-color.** 2 ft. . . . . 5
- “ **Tall Branching, White.** Fine for cutting . . . . . 10
- “ **Tall Branching, Choice Mixed.** 2 ft. ¼oz. 25c., oz. 75c. . . . . 5
- “ **Double, Mixed.** . . . . . 5
- cardiopetalum.** Blue flowers. 1 ft. . . . . 5
- Emperor, Branching, Rose.** This and the next are bright and showy, often giving ten to twenty erect spikes. 2 ft. . . . . 10
- “ **Branching, Dark Blue.** . . . . . 10
- “ **Branching, Light Blue.** . . . . . 10
- “ **Branching, White.** Beautiful for cutting. . . . . 10
- “ **Branching, Mixed.** . . . . . 10
- “ ¼oz. 40c. . . . . 10
- Blue Butterfly.** . . . . . 25
- “ **Lavender.** . . . . . 25
- Newport Rose.** A rose-colored and very beautiful, free-flowering sort. If sown outdoors in spring, it will bloom by the first of August, and make a lovely display. 2 ft. . . . . 10
- Newport Scarlet.** . . . . . 25

**DELPHINIUM, continued**

**PERENNIAL VARIETIES.** These are usually taller than the annuals, requiring more space between the plants. If sown in the fall or very early spring, nearly all will bloom the first season. Foliage clean and pretty; habit strong and neat; flower-spikes long and dazzling. Pkt.

- Barlowii.** Large, dark blue flowers; extra fine. 3 ft. . . . . 25
- Belladonna.** Lovely pale blue; handsome plant; comes very true from seed. One of the best. 4 ft. . . . . 15
- cardinale.** Orange-scarlet. A California native that makes a very showy plant when in bloom. 2 ft. . . . . 25
- chinense, Mixed (D. grandiflorum).** Large flowers, ranging from pure white to indigo-blue. Young seedlings will bloom from midsummer until frost. 2 ft. . . . . 10
- chinense azureum.** Beautiful distinct shade of blue. Very attractive in the border. 2 ft. . . . . 10
- elatum, Blue (Bee Larkspur).** Soft, clear blue; tall spikes. 3 ft. . . . . 10
- “ **hybridum, Finest Mixed.** Very showy. . . . . 10
- formosum.** Brilliant blue, white center; especially fine. 3 ft. . . . . 25
- formosum caelestinum.** Clear blue; handsome . . . . . 25
- hybridum fl.-pl., Double Mixed.** . . . . . 25
- nudicaule.** Brilliant scarlet. . . . . 25
- Zalil (sulphureum).** hP. Long spikes of yellow flowers. 2 ft. . . . . 30

**DENDROMECON rigidum (California Yellow Tree Poppy).** An easily grown greenhouse shrub with yellow flowers. Very showy. 2 ft. . . . . 25

**DIANTHUS.** See Pinks, Carnations, and Picotees.

**DICTAMNUS (Gas Plant).** Ornamental hardy perennials; can remain for years undisturbed; the leaves, when rubbed, have a lemon odor. 3 ft. Pkt.

- Fraxinella.** Red. . . . . 10
- “ **albus.** White. . . . . 10

**DIGITALIS.** See Foxglove.

**DIMORPHOTHECA (African Orange Daisy).** Easily grown, hardy annuals of great beauty. 12 to 15 inches in height, and bushy. Pkt.

- aurantiaca.** Orange; very fine. . . . . 10
- “ **hybrida.** New fine varieties, mixed. . . . . 10

**†DOLICHOS.** Very rapid-growing hardy annual climber, bearing pea-shaped blossoms and ornamental seed-pods. Fine for covering screens, etc. 10 ft. Pkt.

- Lablab (Hyacinth Bean).** Purple. . . . . 5
- “ **albus.** White. . . . . 5
- “ **Mixed.** . . . . . 5
- “ **giganteus.** White. . . . . 5

**Purple Soudan.** Purple flowers in racemes; good foliage. . . . . 5

**\*DRACÆNA.** Ornamental greenhouse plants; fine for pots, vases, or beds. Pkt.

- \*indivisa.** Narrow green leaves. 4 ft. . . . . 25

**DRACOCEPHALUM Moldavica (Balm).** An easily grown hardy annual; blue flowers; fine for bees. 2 ft. . . . . 5



Dimorphotheca  
aurantiaca  
hybrida

- ECHEVERIA.** Interesting greenhouse succulent plants extensively used for "carpet" bedding; bluish green leaves. 3 to 6 in. Pkt.
- metallica.** Yellow..... 63590 25
- †**ECHINOCYSTIS lobata** (Wild Cucumber). A rapid-growing annual climber.... 63620 5
- ECHINOPS Ritro.** A hardy perennial of stiff growth; flowers blue; fine for bees. 2 ft. 63630 10
- EMMENANTHE penduliflora** (California Golden Bells). A bushy-growing, hardy annual, with long-lasting yellow flowers. 1 ft..... 63670 25
- ERICA** (Heath). Charming greenhouse shrubs..... 63730 25
- ERODIUM moschatum.** Pretty, little hardy annual; good for borders; purple flowers. 3 in..... 63790 5
- ERYNGIUM.** Extremely ornamental, hardy perennials, well adapted for the garden border. Pkt.
- giganteum** (Silver Thistle). Blue. 4 ft. 63820 10
- ERYSIMUM.** Free-flowering, hardy annuals of neat habit and bright colors; style of wall-flowers. 1 to 1½ ft. Pkt.
- arkansanum.** Yellow..... 63840 5
  - Perofskianum.** Orange..... 63850 5
- ESCHSCHOLTZIA.** Commonly called California Poppy. The state flower of California. This much-esteemed hardy annual is very bright and rich in its pure tints of yellow, orange, etc. The plants average about a foot in height, with silvery foliage, and produce their large, poppy-like flowers from early spring until frost. They are most effective when grown in beds of considerable size, over which the seed may be sown broadcast thinly, and lightly raked in. These sowings may be made early in spring or late in autumn for earlier germination, blooming the next spring. Useful as a pot-plant and for cut-flowers. Pkt.
- THORBURNII.** Coppery orange; the effect of a plant in bloom is simply gorgeous; the flowers are larger than those of other Eschscholtzias, and are borne with equal profusion; finest of all..... 63900 10
- californica.** Rich yellow...oz. 50c... 63910 5
  - " **alba.** Creamy white... 63920 5
  - " **alba fl.-pl.** Fine sort, with double, creamy white flowers..... 63930 10

**ESCHSCHOLTZIA, continued**

- californica, Carmine King.** Carmine - Pkt. rose; beautiful..... 63950 10
  - " **Rose - Cardinal.** Carmine - rose..... 63960 10
  - crocea.** Pure, deep orange..... 63990 5
  - " **Double Orange.**..... 64000 5
  - Mandarin.** Red-gold flowers, orange within and scarlet without..... 64020 5
  - maritima, Golden West.** A superb variety with very large flowers of deep yellow; bloom all summer. 2 ft..... 64040 5
  - Vesuvius.** Wallflower-red..... 64055 10
  - See Novelties, also.
  - Mixed.** Many sorts. ¼oz. 20c., oz. 50c. 64060 5
- EUCHARIDIUM grandiflorum.** Graceful and showy; little hardy annuals, nearly allied to clarkia; fine for edgings and pots; rosy red flowers. 1 ft..... 64080 5
- †**EUPATORIUM Fraseri.** Splendid hardy perennials; clusters of white flowers; fine for cutting. 1½ ft..... 64100 5
- EUPHORBIA.** Very ornamental-leaved, strong-growing hardy annuals; fine for beds and borders. 2 to 3 ft. Pkt.
- variegata** (Snow-on-the-Mountain). Green-and-white foliage..... 64110 5
  - heterophylla** (Mexican Fire Plant). Glossy green-and-carmine leaves..... 64120 10
- EUTOCA viscida.** Dark blue..... 64160 5
- FENZLIA.** Pretty, hardy annuals for edgings, ribbon-gardening or pots. About 3 in. Pkt.
- dianthiflora.** Rosy lilac..... 64190 25
  - " **alba.** White..... 64200 25
- FERNS.** gP. Assorted varieties for the greenhouse. Sow in sandy, peaty loam, covering the pots with pieces of glass..... 64220 25
- FEVERFEW.** See Matricaria.
- FLAX.** See Linum.
- FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis).** These dainty little flowers love cool, moist soils, and, like pansies, bloom most freely in fall and early spring. They make beautiful close borders, or edgings, and will bloom nicely in winter in a cool room or coldframe. They establish themselves by self-seeding. Sow in spring in a warm, sunny border. Most varieties bloom freely the first season and profusely the second. Average height, 6 to 8 in. Pkt.
- alpestris** (hB). A pretty plant of erect habit, with blue flowers..... 64260 10
  - " **alba.** White flowers, very dainty in effect..... 64270 10
  - " **elegantissima.** Blue; leaves white edged; very attractive. 64280 10
  - " " **rosea.**..... 64282 10
  - " **Indigo-Blue.** Very fine... 64300 10
  - " **Indigo-Blue.** New. Compact. Fine for pots or border... 64305 25
  - " **robusta grandiflora (Eliza Fonorobert).** Grown extensively for cutting. Large, sky-blue florets with yellow eye, in large clusters..... 64320 15
  - " **rosea.** Rosy flowers; pretty contrast with blues and whites. 64330 10
  - " **Victoria.** Strong-growing; dwarf; flowers large, globular, sky-blue, abundant; fine for borders, pots or cutting..... 64340 15
  - " **Mixed.**..... 64350 10



**FORGET-ME-NOT**, continued

**hybrida, Ruth Fischer.** hB. Pure Forget-me-not blue. Fine for cutting and for hanging-baskets. Can be forced successfully and, owing to its extreme hardiness, it is valuable for spring bedding in open ground.....**64400** 25

**palustris** (True Forget-me-not). hP. Dark blue; stems creeping at the base; blooms the second year abundantly all season; the best known of all.....**64410** 15

“ **semperflorens.** hP. Bright blue; a dwarf form of *M. palustris*, blooming from spring until autumn; foliage a good shade of green.....**64420** 15

**FOUR O'CLOCK** (*Mirabilis*). Favorite half-hardy annual of the easiest culture and very suitable for large beds and borders. Called Four O'Clock because it opens its blossoms at that hour in the afternoon. Also known as Marvel of Peru. Handsome, free-flowering, sweet-scented; blossoms variegated, striped and of various colors. Pkt.

**Hybrids, Mixed.** Fine assortment. 2 ft.... oz. 25c...**64460** 5

**longiflora alba.** White. 2 ft.....**64480** 5

**Variegated-leaved.** Many colors. 2 ft.**64490** 5

**Tom Thumb, Mixed.** Very fine. 1 ft.**64510** 5

**FOXGLOVE** (*Digitalis*). The tall flower-spikes of the Foxglove, often 2 to 3 feet in height, are particularly handsome when grown among shrubbery or in bold masses, and as a background for lower-growing plants they are very attractive. Hardy perennials, they are most satisfactory when treated as biennials. Sow the seed out-of-doors in spring and transplant the seedlings into their permanent places. They will bloom magnificently the following spring; give them a deep soil in partial shade. Pkt.

**purpurea, Purple.** The well-known variety.....**64580** 10

“ **Rose.** Very showy; long spikes...**64590** 10

“ **White.** Fine and attractive.**64600** 5

“ **Mixed**.....**64610** 5

**gloxinioides, Purple**.....**64620** 10

“ **Rose.** Bright, showy flowers borne profusely on fine spikes.....**64630** 10

“ **White.** Very handsome, gloxinia-like flowers; robust; beautiful for cutting..**64640** 10

“ **Mixed.** All the choice colors..**64650** 10

**grandiflora lutea, Yellow.** Large-flowered; long racemes of bell-shaped blossoms; dwarf.....**64660** 10

**monstrosa, Splendid Mixed.** Very large, bell-shaped flowers of exquisite beauty, borne on long spikes. 4 ft.....**64680** 10

**FUCHSIA** (*Ladies' Eardrops*). The well-known spring-blooming greenhouse plants; also fine for the window-garden. As bedding plants they do splendidly in the summer if given partial shade and rich soil. Pkt.

**hybrida, Finest Single, Mixed**.....**64790** 50

“ **Finest Double, Mixed**.....**64800** 50

**GAILLARDIA** (*Blanket Flower*). Both the annual and perennial varieties of Gaillardia are very showy and free bloomers all summer long until frost; good in any situation and easily grown. The individual flowers are of large size, very durable, and most brilliant in color; fine for bouquets. 2 to 3 ft. Pkt.

**Amblyodon.** hP. Fiery red.....**64870** 10

**grandiflora maxima.** hP. Golden yellow. 2½ ft.....**64890** 10

“ **Extra-fine Mixed** (hP)..**64910** 10

All the following *Picta* sorts are most elegant annuals and well deserve very generous plantings.

**picta.** hA. Red and yellow; very brilliant,.. Pkt.**64930** 5

“ **Lorenziana.** Double; mixed colors; flowers large.....**64940** 5

“ **salmonea.** Salmon-red; fine..**64950** 10

“ **Mixed.** Finest colors.....**64960** 5

**GALEGA.** Ornamental, tall-growing, hardy perennials, well suited for borders or cutting; blooms all summer. 3 to 4 ft. Pkt.

**officialis.** Blue.....**65000** 5

“ **alba.** White.....**65010** 10

**GAURA Lindheimeri.** Free-flowering, hardy annual, very effective in clumps; red-tinted white flowers. 2 to 3 ft.....**65070** 10



Foxgloves





Gaillardia grandiflora. (See page 83)

- GENISTA canariensis.** Ornamental and free-flowering tender perennial; yellow flowers. 2 ft. Pkt. 65090 10
- GENTIANA.** Showy hardy perennials, valued for their beautiful, intense blue flowers early in the season. Pkt.
- acaulis** (Blue Gentian). Dark blue. 3 in. 65100 10
- GERANIUM.** Most valuable greenhouse plants, blooming continuously. For bedding in the outdoor garden nothing equals them. 1½ ft. Pkt.
- zonale.** Scarlet. 65130 10
- Apple-scented.** Pink; fragrant foliage. 65150 25
- Choice Mixed.** 65152 25  
See, also, Pelargonium.
- GERBERA** (Transvaal Daisy). Very pretty half-hardy perennials, fine for garden border and also winter forcing; grows about 2 feet in height and blooms all through the season. Pkt.
- Jamesonii.** Deep scarlet. (25 seeds in a packet.) 65180 25
- “ **hybrida, New Hybrids.** Great diversity of colors, from pure white to dark red; fine for cutting. (25 seeds in a packet) 65190 30
- GEUM.** Handsome hardy perennials; bloom freely all season; fine for bouquets. 1½ ft. Pkt.
- coccineum.** Scarlet. 65240 10
- atrosanguineum fl.-pl.** Double; crimson. 65250 10
- Mrs. J. Bradshaw.** Large; brilliant scarlet. 65256 25
- GILIA.** Pretty hardy annuals that bloom most freely and continually the whole season. Do finely in any situation; look well on lawn and in beds; are good for rockeries, and can be planted at any time. 1 ft. Pkt.
- achilleafolia.** Blue. 65280 5
- “ **alba.** White. 65290 5
- capitata.** Light blue. 65310 5
- tricolor.** Violet, yellow, and white. 65360 5
- Mixed.** 65380 5
- † **GLAUCIUM** (Horned Poppy). Showy, hardy perennial, with large, poppy-like flowers and glaucous-blue foliage; of easiest culture. 2 ft. Pkt.
- tricolor.** 65410 10
- GLOBE AMARANTH.** See Gomphrena.

- GODETIA.** Favorite, free-blooming, hardy annuals, with widely opened flowers of satiny texture, and of the most delicate and lovely colors. They are beautiful for solid beds, border lines, pots, and for growing in shaded places, where so few really fine flowers will flourish. Sow seed in the open border in spring, or in a cold-frame, and transplant seedlings to stand a foot apart in rather thin soil. *Fine for cut-flowers.* Average height, 1 ft. Pkt.
- Bijou.** Of dwarf, bushy habit; lovely blush-white flowers borne in great profusion. 65450 5
- Crimson Glow.** Intense, dazzling crimson; fine, compact grower; very floriferous. 65460 15
- Duchess of Albany.** Satiny white. 65470 10
- gloriosa (Lord Roberts).** Darkest red; dwarf. 65490 10
- Lady Albemarle.** Dark crimson. 65510 10
- Lady Satin Rose (G. Whitneyi compacta, Brilliant).** Bright carmine. 65530 10
- Rosamund.** Large; glossy pink. 65560 10
- The Bride.** White and crimson. 65580 10
- Whitney, Brilliant.** Carmine; very showy. 65610 5
- Mixed, Tall Varieties.** ¼oz. 20c. 65620 5
- “ **Dwarf Varieties.** ¼oz. 25c. 65630 5
- Compacta, Dwarf Hybrids Mixed.** Extra select. ¼oz. 30c., oz. \$1. 65645 5
- GOLDEN FEATHER.** See Pyrethrum.
- GLOXINIA.** Greenhouse plants with magnificent flowers of great brilliancy; very decorative. If the seed is started early in the season, the plants bloom the same summer; do best in light, rich soil; fine pot plants for the window garden. 1 to 1½ ft. Pkt.
- hybrida grandiflora—**
- Mixed.** 65670 50
- robusta.** 65675 50
- crassifolia erecta, Mixed.** 65680 50
- Defiance.** Glowing scarlet; superb; fine foliage. 65700 50
- French Tigered and Spotted.** Very rich colors; splendid. 65710 50
- GOMPHRENA** (Globe Amaranth). These well-known, hardy annuals are among the most popular of the Everlastings for dried winter bouquets; also well adapted for beds and edgings in the garden. Their round heads of flowers are also called Bachelor's Buttons. 1 ft. Pkt.
- globosa rubra.** Purplish red. 65750 10
- “ **alba.** White. 65760 10
- “ **carnea.** Flesh-pink. 65770 10
- “ **variegata.** Striped. 65780 10
- “ **Mixed.** 65810 5
- GOURDS, Ornamental.** hA. These rapid-growing, annual climbers have most luxuriant foliage and are excellent for covering verandas or trelliswork, and for training over arbors, fences, etc.; bear most curious fruit; the vines are immune from insect pests. 10 to 25 ft. Pkt.
- Apple-shaped.** A good sort. 65860 5
- Bottle Gourd.** 65870 5
- Calabash** (The Pipe Gourd) 65880 10
- Dipper-shaped.** 65890 5
- Dish-cloth** (Chinese Luffa). Interior useful as a sponge. 65900 5



**GOURDS**, continued Pkt.

**Egg-shaped.** White, egg-like fruits. . . . . 65910 5

**Hercules' Club.** Long, green fruits. . . . . 65920 5

**Knob-Kerrie Gourd.** Green-and-yellow fruits; ball-shaped, with long handles. 65930 10

**Mock Orange.** Orange-shaped fruits. One of the best known. . . . . 65940 5

**Pear-shaped.** Very showy. . . . . 65950 5

**Sugar Trough.** . . . . . 65960 5

**Mixed.** A fine assortment. . . . . 65980 5

**GREVILLEA robusta** (Silk Oak). Graceful evergreen, greenhouse plant, easily raised from seed; fern-like foliage; fine for table decoration. . . . . 66040 10

**GUNNERA** (Chilian Rhubarb). Hardy perennial decorative lawn plants; leaves gigantic, often 3 feet in diameter; flowers reddish purple. Need rich soil and plenty of water. 4 to 6 ft. Pkt.

**manicata.** . . . . . 66060 25

**scabra.** . . . . . 66070 25

**GYPSOPHILA** (Baby's Breath). Both the annual and perennial varieties are most easily grown; very graceful and delicate flowers and foliage; fine for rockwork or shrubbery and bouquets. 2 ft. Pkt.

**elegans grandiflora alba.** hA. Large-flowering; white . . . . . oz. 40c. . . . . 66100 10

" **carminea.** hA. Rose-carmine; elegant. . . . . 66110 10

" **rosea.** hA. Rose. . . . . 66120 5

**muralis.** hA. Pink; dwarf; very fine. 6 in. . . . . 66130 10

**paniculata.** hP. White; fine for bouquets. . . . . 66150 10

" **fl.-pl.** hP. Fine clusters of double white flowers; rare; foliage very dainty and filmy; very fine for cutting. . . . . 66160 50

†**HEDYSARUM.** Hardy biennials, with racemes of beautiful, pea-shaped flowers; adapted for borders and rockwork. Of the easiest culture. So-called "French Honeysuckle," but not related to that vine. Not a climber. 3 ft. Pkt.

**coronarium.** Scarlet. . . . . 66240 5

" **album.** White. . . . . 66250 5

" **Mixed** . . . . . 66260 5

**HELENIUM autumnale superbum** (Sneeze-wort). Late-flowering, hardy perennials; broad heads of elegant, golden yellow flowers; fine for cutting. 5 to 6 ft. . . . . 66270 10

**HELICHRYSUM** (Eternal Flowers). A most popular, hardy annual; the flowers are large and the color bright; highly prized for winter bouquets. Flowers intended for drying should be gathered when partially unfolded and suspended with heads downward in cool and airy place. 1 to 2 ft. Pkt.

**bracteatum.** Single-flowering; yellow. 66290 5

" **album.** White. . . . . 66300 5

" **Mixed.** . . . . ¼oz. 25c. . . . . 66330 5

**monstrosum, Double Large-flowered—**

" **Double Mixed** . . . . . 66340 10

" **Dwarf Double Mixed.** 66350 10

**HELIOPSIS Pitcheriana.** This hardy perennial is esteemed highly for the border and for cutting; bears beautiful golden yellow flowers all summer. 3 ft. . . . . 66400 10

**HELIOTROPIUM** (Heliotrope). These favorite greenhouse and bedding plants are highly valued for their scented flowers; succeed best in light but rich soil; bloom first season from seed. 1½ ft. Pkt.

**peruvianum.** Light blue. . . . . 66430 10

**White Lady.** White; large flower. . . . . 66450 10

**Dark-flowered Sorts, Mixed** . . . . . 66470 10

**Fine Mixed** . . . . . 66480 10

**HELLEBORUS** (Christmas Rose). These well-known, spring-flowering, hardy perennials thrive finely in any common soil, in a sheltered, semi-shady situation. 1 ft. Pkt.

**niger.** White. . . . . 66560 10

**Mixed Hybrids.** Very fine. . . . . 66570 25

**HESPERIS.** See Rocket.

**HEUCHERA.** Compact-growing, hardy perennials, with erect spikes of brilliant flowers; fine for the border, blooming all summer; nothing more desirable for cut-flowers. 1 ft. Pkt.

**sanguinea.** Crimson; fine for pots and cutting. . . . . 66600 15

" **splendens.** Dark red. . . . . 66610 25

" **hybrida, Mixed.** Many effective varieties. . . . . 66620 15

**HIBISCUS** (Mallow). All the species bear very showy flowers and are easily grown. Pkt.

**africanus.** hA. Free-flowering, fine annual; flowers yellow and purple. 2 ft. . . . . 66640 5

**coccineus (speciosus).** gS. Large rose-red flowers. . . . . 66645 10

**Crimson Eye.** †hP. White and crimson; splendid in borders. 4 ft. . . . . 66650 10

**Golden Bowl.** hP. Very large flowers of a deep rich cream-color, with velvety maroon center. . . . . 66655 10

**moscheutos roseus.** hP. Large rose-colored flowers. 4 ft. . . . . 66670 10



Helichrysum

**HOLLYHOCKS** (*Althæa rosea*). Although Hollyhocks are very permanent and hardy for the first winter, it is advisable to sow seed every year of these splendid, hardy perennials, as the flowers on young, vigorous plants are much finer than on old ones. Sowings should be made in April or May, and not later than June, to flower the next year. In final transplanting give each seedling a foot or more space each way for development. They succeed best in an ordinary deep, rich soil. They make a glorious show in the garden with their splendid spires of flowers and are fine for the back of the border and for hiding unsightly fences. Water well in dry weather. Average height, 6 ft. Pkt.



Double Hollyhock

- Bright Pink**..... ¼oz. 6oc... 66710 10
- Bright Rose**..... ¼oz. 6oc... 66720 10
- Bright Scarlet**..... ¼oz. 6oc... 66730 10
- Crimson**..... ¼oz. 6oc... 66755 10
- Maroon**..... ¼oz. 6oc... 66780 10
- Salmon**..... ¼oz. 6oc... 66790 10
- Snow-White**..... ¼oz. 6oc... 66800 10
- Yellow**..... ¼oz. 6oc... 66810 10
- Mixed Double**..... ¼oz. 6oc... 66820 10
- “ **Allegheny, Fringed**..... ¼oz. 75c... 66830 15
- Single Lemon White**..... 66832 15
- “ **Red Cherry**..... 66834 15
- “ **Rose, Dark Center**..... 66836 15
- “ **Mixed**..... ¼oz. 50c... 66840 10
- Double, Red**..... 66855 10
- Double Prize Mixture**..... 66875 15

†**HONESTY** (*Lunaria biennis*). Hardy biennial, with silvery seed-vessels; prized for winter decorations. 2 ft. Pkt.

**Purple**..... 66920 10

**HORNED POPPY**. See Glaucium.

**HUMEA**. Half-hardy biennial; white, sweet-scented flowers; keep in pots the first season, then plant out in garden border. 5 ft. Pkt.

**elegans**..... 66940 15

‡**HUMULUS** (Climbing Hop). Well-known, fast-growing, hardy annual. 15 to 20 ft. Pkt.

- japonicus** (Japanese Hop). Beautifully cut green foliage; makes fine shade. oz. 6oc... 66960 5
- “ **variegatus**. With white-variegated leaves; fine..... ¼oz. 25c., oz. 75c... 66970 10

**HUNNEMANNIA fumariæfolia**. Very showy, hardy annual, with large golden yellow flowers and feathery, glaucous foliage. 1½ ft..... 66980 10

**IBERIS**. See Candytuft.

**ICE PLANT** (*Mesembryanthemum crystallinum*). Half-hardy annual; its succulent leaves are covered with watery vesicles resembling pieces of ice; white flowers. 6 in..... 67040 5

**IMPATIENS** (Touch-Me-Not). Charming greenhouse and window-garden plants that bloom profusely and almost continuously. Good also for bedding. 1 to 1½ ft. Pkt.

- Holstii**. Large vermilion flowers; quick grower; splendid..... 67060 25
- “ **hybrida, Mixed**. Finest colors... 67070 25
- Sultani**. Bright, rosy carmine; fine for pots..... 67080 25
- “ **hybrida, Mixed**. Splendid mixture..... 67100 25
- glanduligera**. tA. Purple flowers; bright foliage..... 67110 10

\***INCARVILLEA**. Ornamental, hardy perennials, with brilliant, gloxinia-like flowers; continuous bloomers; succeed well in any situation, and make a fine show in the garden. 2 to 3 ft. Pkt.

- Delavayi**. Rosy carmine; splendid border plant..... 67130 25
- variabilis**. Large, rose-colored flowers; fine sort for cutting..... 67150 25

†**IONOPSISIDIUM** (Diamond Flower). hhP.

**acaule, White**..... 67180 25

“ **Lilac**..... 67185 25

‡**IPOMCEA** (Moonflower; Morning-Glory;

**Cypress Vine**). Of all climbers for garden and greenhouse these are the quickest and most luxuriant in growth. Ipomœas grow so easily from annual sowings that it is no longer thought necessary to winter over roots or young cutting plants under glass. The large, thorny seeds of some varieties should be soaked in hot water before planting. For early flowers sow in hotbeds, or pots and boxes under glass, and transplant to rich, deep soil in summer quarters as soon as danger of frost is over, when sowings may also be made in the open ground. Nothing finer for porches, trellises, etc.

**ANNUAL VARIETIES**. From early sowings these begin to bloom about midsummer, and are full of beautiful flowers all the season, often blooming freely until cut down by frost.

- \***bona nox**. (Good Night; Evening-Glory). Pkt. Large, blue flowers open in the evening. 15 ft..... 67200 5
- coccinea**. Scarlet flowers. 10 ft.... 67210 5
- hederacea grandiflora superba**. Rich sky-blue flowers with white margins. 15 ft..... 67230 5

**IMPERIAL JAPANESE MORNING-GLORY**.

The leaves are mostly plain green, but some are oddly blotched with white or yellow. Flowers vary from pure white to carmine, through blues and purples of every shade. 30 to 40 ft. Pkt.

- Finest Single Mixed**. Large flowered; all colors..... 67260 5
- Fringed Single Mixed**. All beautifully fringed..... 67270 5
- Double-flowered, Mixed**. Superb mixture of double sorts..... 67280 15
- Giant Mikado**. Largest flowered . 67290 10
- limbata**. Violet and white. 5 ft.... 67320 5
- \***mexicana grandiflora alba**. Great white Moonflower; 15 ft..... 67330 10
- “ **grandiflora hybrida alba**. Flowers very large and numerous. 15 ft..... 67340 10
- “ **grandiflora hybrida** (Giant Pink Moonflower). Pink. 67345 10



**IPOMOEA**, continued

**rubro-cærulea, Heavenly Blue.** The very large, clustered flowers of beautiful sky-blue open early in the morning. Distinct and handsome. Sow early. 10 ft. . . . . 67370 Pkt. 10

**rubro-cærulea grandiflora.** Early flowering. Produces gorgeous sky-blue flowers with rose-colored markings, from 4 to 5 inches across, in great abundance. Rapid grower. If sown in boxes or hotbeds the young plants may be set out in April or May in a sunny situation, where they will flower from about midsummer until frost. Flowers remain open all day. 15 to 18 ft. . . . . 67390 15

**Quamoclit** (Cypress Vine; Star Flower). A tender annual, with finely cut leaves and small, star-shaped flowers. This, the type, is scarlet-flowered. 10 ft. . . . . 67430 5

**QUAMOCLIT HYBRIDA—CARDINAL CLIMBER.** One of the best annual climbers introduced for many years. Rapid grower, with branching habit; flowers all summer in fiery cardinal-red clusters. 25 ft. . . . . 67440 25

**White.** . . . . . 67460 5

**Mixed Cypress Vine.** . . . . . 67470 5

**setosa** (Brazilian Morning-Glory). A greenhouse climber. This vine makes an immense, thick growth of great, lobed leaves lighted by a profusion of large, rosy flowers, with a satiny pink star in the center. The red pubescent stems and seed-pods add to its attractiveness. 10 to 20 ft. . . . . 67530 10

**IPOMOPSIS.** Showy and beautiful, tender biennials; the seeds should be started in the house; flowers very bright in color. 2 ft. . . . . Pkt. 10

**elegans, Mixed.** . . . . . 67590 10

**IRIS Kaempferi.** These most desirable, hardy, herbaceous perennials begin to bloom the second year from seed. Our assortment is saved from a fine collection. 2 ft. . . . . 67620 10

**JACOB'S LADDER** (Polemonium). Beautiful, old-fashioned, hardy perennial border plants; flowers in clusters. 2 ft. . . . . Pkt. 10

**Blue.** . . . . . 67650 5

**White.** . . . . . 67660 5

**JACOBÆA** (Senecio). Very free-flowering, hardy annuals of easy culture; good for both pots and bedding. 1 to 1½ ft. . . . . Pkt. 10

**elegans fl.-pl., Tall Double, White.** . . . . . 67680 5

“ “ “ “ **Purple.** . . . . . 67690 5

“ “ “ “ **Mixed.** . . . . . 67700 5

**JOB'S TEARS.** See *Coix Lacrymae*, page 108.

**JOSEPH'S COAT.** See *Amarantus*.

**KAULFUSSIA.** Hardy annual, succeeding well in any good soil; fine for edgings and pots; good habit and bright colors. 1 ft. . . . . Pkt. 10

**amelloides.** Blue. . . . . 67770 10

“ **Kermesina.** Violet-red. . . . . 67790 10

“ **Mixed.** . . . . . 67800 10

**KENILWORTH IVY.** See *Linaria*.

**KOCHIA trichophylla** (Improved Summer Cypress). A rapid-growing, hardy annual; foliage green, turning to fiery red in autumn; very ornamental on the lawn. 2 to 3 ft. . . . . 5

½oz. 25c., oz. 40c. . . . . 67860

†**KUDZU VINE** (*Pueraria Thunbergiana*). A perennial climber from Japan; fine when once established, often growing 40 feet in a season. Purplish violet, fragrant, wisteria-like flowers; good foliage. . . . . 67880 10

†**LANTANA, Fine Mixed.** Rapid-growing, tender perennial, forming small bushy shrubs; fine for bedding and pot culture. 2 ft. . . . . 67930 5 Pkt.

**LARKSPUR.** See *Delphinium*.

**LATHYRUS latifolius** (Perennial Pea). hP. These have not the fragrance of sweet peas, but bloom through a long season; are hardy and will live for years; they make a beautiful screen for rocks, stumps, fences, etc. 4 to 8 ft. . . . . Pkt. 10

**Crimson.** Beautiful shade. . . . . 68000 10

**Pink Beauty.** Blossoms white, veined, edged and shaded pink. . . . . 68010 10

**White.** Valuable for cut-flowers . . . . . 68020 10

**Mixed.** . . . . . oz. \$1. . . . . 68025 10

**LAVATERA.** Very showy and free-flowering; splendid for large beds in the garden, where they bloom all summer; fine for cut-flowers. . . . . Pkt. 10

**trimestris.** hA. Red; makes a brilliant show in the garden. 2½ ft. . . . . 68080 5

“ **alba.** hA. White. . . . . 68090 5

**arborea** (Tree Mallow). hB. Purple. 6 ft. . . . . 68100 5

**LAYIA elegans.** Pretty, dwarf-growing, hardy annual, with yellow-and-white flowers; of easiest culture. 1 ft. . . . . 68140 10

**LEONTOPODIUM alpinum** (Edelweiss). Hardy perennial from the Alps, with white leaves; used in rockwork. 6 in. . . . . 68180 15

**LEMON VERBENA.** See *Verbena*.

**LEPTOSIPHON.** Elegant, hardy annuals, and should be in every garden; fine for edgings or rockeries; blooms in masses. 1 ft. . . . . Pkt. 10

**androsaceus.** Lilac. . . . . 68200 10

“ **albus.** White. . . . . 68210 10

**densiflorus.** Blue. . . . . 68240 10

“ **albus.** White. . . . . 68250 10

**Mixed Hybrids.** . . . . . 68260 10

**LEPTOSYNE.** Fragrant, half-hardy annuals; large marguerite-like flowers on long stems, good for cutting. 1 to 2 ft. . . . . Pkt. 10

**maritima.** Yellow. . . . . 68290 10

**Stillmanii.** Golden yellow; blooms six weeks after sowing. . . . . 68300 10

**LIMNANTHES Douglasii.** A vigorous, dwarf-growing, hardy annual, with yellow and white, fragrant flowers. 1 ft. . . . . 68350 10



Ipomoea Quamoclit



Lobelia erinus

**LINARIA** (Toad Flax). Snapdragon-shaped flowers, fine for cutting. The dwarf-growing varieties are desirable for edgings and rockwork; all of the easiest culture. Pkt.

- bipartita.** Purple. 1 ft.....68390 5
- “ **Fine Mixed.** .....68405 5
- maroccana.** hA. Purple. 9 in.....68410 5
- “ **Mixed Hybrids.** hA. Very fine. 9 in.....68420 10

**Cymbalaria** (Kenilworth Ivy). hP. Charming, hardy perennial, trailing plants for baskets, rockwork, etc.....68430 10

**LINUM** (Flax). Pretty, free-flowering garden plants of easy cultivation. Pkt.

- grandiflorum rubrum.** hA. The favorite Scarlet Flax. Large-flowered. 1 ft.....68480 5
- “ **Blue.** Pretty.....68485 5
- perenne.** A graceful hardy perennial; color blue. 2 ft.....68495 5

**LOBELIA.** The Erinus varieties bloom very quickly from seed and flower all through the season. For beds, edgings, baskets and pots there is nothing prettier. Sow outdoors in early spring where the plants are to grow, and thin moderately; or transplant several inches apart in rich, open soil. Some stimulant given when they are in bloom greatly improves the flowers. Almost all are also good winter conservatory plants of trailing habit. The perennial or tall varieties are handsome, showy plants and will be found quite effective for backgrounds and grouping.

**ERINUS VARIETIES.** tA. Pkt.

- gracilis.** Blue; trailing; beautiful for baskets.....68570 5
- speciosa, Crystal Palace.** A favorite blue-flowered edging plant. 6 in.....68580 10
- alba.** White flowers.....68610 10
- Kermesina.** Crimson.....68620 10
- Lindleyana.** Rose, white eye.....68630 10

**LOBELIA ERINUS, continued** Pkt.

- Barnard's Perpetual.** Deep blue, with white eye; very fine.....68650 10
- Royal Purple.** Deep blue, with a distinct white eye.....68660 10
- Mixed**.....68670 10
- erecta, Crystal Palace compacta.** Dark blue; for bedding. 6 in...68690 20
- “ **Emperor William.** Light blue; very fine.....68700 20
- “ **Golden Queen.** Dwarf; blue flowers, yellow leaves; very fine sort.....68710 25
- “ **White Lady.** Splendid, large-flowered white.....68720 10
- ramosa.** Blue; flowers profusely in fall. 1½ ft.....68760 10

**PERENNIAL VARIETIES—**

- cardinalis** (Cardinal Flower). Standing bold and erect with its crimson-scarlet flowers, this handsome, native perennial Lobelia is invaluable for the border or grouping among evergreens. 2½ ft. 68780 10
- Tupa.** Flowers crimson; strong-growing perennial suitable for border. 8 to 10 ft.....68815 15

‡**LOPHOSPERMUM scandens.** A splendid, tender annual climber, with trumpet-shaped, dark rose flowers. 10 ft... 68840 10

**LOVE-LIES-BLEEDING.** See *Amarantus caudatus*.

**LOVE-IN-A-MIST** (Nigella). Pretty and ornamental, hardy annuals, with feathery fennel-like foliage and curious flowers; of easiest culture. Also called “Devil-in-a-Bush.” 1 to 1½ ft. Pkt.

- Double Blue**.....68890 5
- Double White**.....68900 5
- Miss Jekyll.** Beautiful; double; cornflower-blue.....68910 10
- Miss Jekyll, Double White**.....68920 10
- Blue Spanish**.....68930 5
- White Spanish**.....68940 5
- Mixed Spanish**.....68950 5
- Mixed, All Sorts**.....oz. 30c...68970 5

**LUPINUS** (Lupine)

**ANNUAL VARIETIES.** These garden favorites are among the most beautiful of our hardy annuals; extremely varied in color, of the easiest culture, and bloom all summer. Splendid for beds, borders, and backgrounds. 2 to 3 ft. Pkt.

- Cruikshanksii.** Blue, white, and yellow.....69000 5
- Hartwegii.** Blue.....69010 5
- “ **albus.** White.....69020 5
- “ **roseus.** Rose.....69030 5
- hirsutus.** Blue; large flower....69050 5
- “ **albus.** White.....69060 5
- “ **ruber.** Red.....69070 5
- mutabilis.** White, yellow, and violet; sweet scented .....69100 5
- nanus.** Dwarf; blue; fine for growing in front of tall sorts .....69110 5
- Mixed**.....oz. 50c...69130 5

**PERENNIAL VARIETIES.** The hardy perennial varieties of the Lupines are extremely handsome and stately, bearing their beautiful flowers of rose, white, blue, and yellow on erect, graceful spikes that are more than a foot in length. They are certainly among the most striking of hardy perennials; grow very



**LUPINUS, PERENNIAL, continued**

compactly about 3 to 5 feet in height, and bloom continuously and profusely during the summer. They are excellent for grouping or massing in separate colors, and they suit themselves to almost any position in the border, making a good cut-flower, and of easy culture, requiring ordinary moist soil, deep as possible, but well drained, with plenty of old stable manure, in any open, sunny position. Sow seeds in April in their permanent places, transplanting or thinning as may be required.

	Pkt.
<b>arboreus.</b> Yellow Tree Lupine.....	69160 10
“ <b>albus (Snow Queen).</b> Pure white; very fine.....	69170 25
<b>polyphyllus.</b> Blue.....	69200 5
“ <b>albus.</b> White.....	69210 5
“ <b>Mærheimii.</b> Rose and white; of rather dwarf habit; very beautiful.....	69230 25
“ <b>roseus.</b> Rose; magnificent... ..	69240 25
“ <b>Mixed</b> .....	69260 5
<b>tricolor elegans.</b> Orange, rose and white... ..	69280 5

†**LYCHNIS.** Free-flowering, hardy perennials, with brilliantly colored flowers; excellent for massing in beds and borders. Pkt.

<b>chalcidonica.</b> Scarlet. 2 ft.....	69330 5
“ <b>alba.</b> White.....	69340 5
<b>Haageana hybrida, Mixed.</b> Fine colors. 1 ft.....	69360 10
<b>Arkwrightii.</b> A cross between <i>L. chalcidonica</i> and <i>L. Haageana</i> ; many new and lovely colors. If sown early will flower in autumn. 1 to 2 ft.....	69370 30

**MALLOW.** See Hibiscus.

**MALOPE.** Very pretty, free-blooming, hardy annuals with mallow-like flowers. Sow the seed early; good for beds and borders. 2 to 3 ft. Pkt.

<b>grandiflora alba.</b> White.....	69440 5
“ <b>rosea.</b> Rose.....	69450 5
“ <b>rubra.</b> Red.....	69460 5
“ <b>Mixed</b> .....	69470 5

**MALVA.** Handsome garden plants that bloom all summer; fine for cut-flowers. Pkt.

<b>moschata alba</b> (Musk Mallow). †hP. White; fragrant. 2 ft.....	69500 10
“ <b>rosea.</b> †hP. Rose-flowered variety; fine.....	69510 10

**MANDEVILLEA suaveolens.** gP. This fine greenhouse climber has sweet, snowy white flowers. 10 ft.....

**MARIGOLD (Tagetes).** These, like the calendulas, are valuable because they light the garden with such a grand glitter of yellow far into the frosts of autumn. The dwarf varieties make a fine border for taller sorts, and both are effective when planted in groups or in garden borders. Hardy annuals. Average height, 1 to 2 ft. All our own special strains, vastly different from the ordinary sorts commonly sold.

**AFRICAN VARIETIES—** Pkt.

<b>Delight of the Garden.</b> Dwarf; large-flowered; lemon-yellow; double; fine for edging large beds.....	69560 10
<b>Eldorado.</b> Large, quilled, perfectly double; brilliant shades of yellow.....	69570 5
<b>Lemon Queen.</b> Very rich lemon-yellow.....	69580 5



African Marigold

**MARIGOLD, AFRICAN, continued** Pkt.

<b>Orange.</b> Rich.....	69590 5
<b>Pride of the Garden.</b> Extra-large, double flowers of richest yellow; dwarf and neat.....	69600 10
<b>Prince of Orange.</b> Beautiful orange-color.....	69610 5
<b>Mixed Double.</b> ¼oz. 25c., oz. 75c.....	69620 5

**FRENCH VARIETIES—**

<b>Tall Dark Brown.</b> Reddish brown; extremely floriferous.....	69640 5
<b>Dwarf Striped.</b> Flowers handsomely marked.....	69650 10
“ <b>Dark Brown.</b> Beautiful reddish brown.....	69660 10
“ <b>Legion of Honor (Little Brownie).</b> Single; golden yellow marked velvety red.....	69670 10
<b>Tall Mixed, Double.</b> .....	69680 5
¼oz. 25c., oz. 75c.....	69690 5
<b>Dwarf Mixed, Double.</b> .....	69690 5
¼oz. 25c., oz. 75c.....	69690 5

See, also, Calendula.

**MARTYNIA.** Curious and handsome, half-hardy annuals for the border, with bright flowers, borne in profusion and followed by quaint pods which are used for pickling. 1½ ft. Pkt.

<b>Craniolaria.</b> White, spotted.....	69760 5
<b>proboscidea.</b> Reddish white.....	69790 5

**MARVEL OF PERU.** See Four o’Clock.

**MATHIOLA bicornis.** A charming little annual of no particular beauty, but it has a most delicious odor perceptible at a considerable distance and in the evening permeating the whole of the atmosphere with its delightful fragrance.....

**MATRICARIA.** Free-flowering, hardy annuals, with a profusion of dainty flowers; bloom all summer; good for bedding or pots. 1½ ft. Pkt.

<b>capensis fl.-pl.</b> (Feverfew). Small, double, white flowers; pretty and neat.....	69830 5
<b>eximia, Golden Ball.</b> Golden yellow; fine for pots.....	69840 15
“ <b>fl.-pl.</b> Double; white.....	69850 5

‡**MAURANDYA.** Rapid-growing, half-hardy perennial climbers that can be treated as annuals. Fine for garden or greenhouse; bloom all summer in hanging-baskets and vases or on trellises. 10 ft. Pkt.

**Barclayana.** Blue.....69880 10  
 “ **alba.** White.....69890 10  
**purpurea grandiflora.** Purple.....69910 10  
**Mixed**.....69920 10

**MELILOTUS cærulea.** Ornamental, hardy annual like the lotus; sweet-scented, blue flowers; good for bees. 2 ft.....69970 5

‡**MELOTHRIA scabra.** An interesting, half-hardy annual tropical vine with light blue flowers. 10 ft.....69990 10

**MESEMBRYANTHEMUM.** These beautiful, half-hardy annuals flower profusely in dry and sunny situations; fine as edging plants. 6 in. Pkt.

**cordifolium variegatum.** Rose; cream foliage; very dwarf; a fine variety for carpet bedding or for edging and for rockwork.....70020 15  
**crystallinum.** See Ice Plant.  
**tricolor.** Crimson, pink, and white; fine in dry situations.....70030 5

**MIGNONETTE** (*Reseda odorata*). Seed of this popular, hardy annual can be sown at any time, and if successive sowings are made its fragrant, modest-colored flowers may be gathered outdoors until November. Sow in pots or boxes under glass in February or March, and thin or pot off the seedlings to make good plants for bedding out in April. Sow outdoors in rows about April 1, and again regularly at intervals of about three weeks till August, a row or two at a time for succession. The July sowing will make good winter-flowering plants. 1 ft.



Mignonette

**MIGNONETTE, continued** Pkt.

**Reseda odorata grandiflora** (Sweet Mignonette).....oz. 25c...70060 5  
**Allen's Defiance.** Spikes of great length; very fragrant and fine for cutting. 1½ ft. ¼oz. 25c., oz. 75c...70070 10  
**Crimson Giant (ameliorata).** Red-flowered.....70080 5  
**Golden Queen.** Golden yellow.....70120 10  
**Goliath.** Red; enormous spikes; striking; very sweet-scented.....70130 15  
**Machet, Dwarf.** Deep red.....70140 10  
 “ “ **Golden**.....70160 10  
 “ “ **Ruby** (Rubin). Very fine strain of Machet, with coppery scarlet flowers.....70170 10  
 “ “ **White Pearl.** The best white variety....70180 15  
**Miles' Spiral.** 1 ft.....70190 5

**MIMOSA pudica** (Sensitive Plant). A curious and interesting half-hardy annual, with pinkish flowers; leaves close when touched. 1½ ft.....70280 10

‡**MIMULUS** (Monkey Flower). Showy, half-hardy perennial; do best in a moist situation in the garden; easily grown. 1 ft. Pkt.

**cardinalis.** Scarlet.....70300 10  
**cupreus, Mixed**.....70310 10  
**moschatus** (Musk Plant). Yellow; fragrant foliage.....70320 10  
 “ **compactus.** Yellow; dwarf....70330 15  
**tigrinus.** Tigered and spotted varieties....70350 10  
 “ **grandiflorus (Queen's Prize).** Large-flowered variety of above.....70360 25

‡**MINA lobata.** A beautiful and free-flowering, half-hardy annual climber, with scarlet-and-yellow flowers. 15 ft.....70380 10

**MIRABILIS.** See Four o'Clock.

‡**MOMORDICA.** Handsome and ornamental, climbing, half-hardy annuals with yellow flowers; fine for covering rockwork, trellises, etc. 10 ft. Pkt.

**Balsamina** (Balsam Apple). Apple-shaped fruit; glossy, green foliage, often used for its medicinal qualities.....70420 5  
**Charantia** (Balsam Pear). Pear-shaped fruit; heavy green foliage.....70430 5

**MONARDA didyma** (Oswego Tea). Very ornamental and beautiful hardy perennial with bright scarlet flowers. 3 to 4 ft.....70460 25

**MONKSHOOD.** See Aconitum.

**MONKEY FLOWER.** See Mimulus.

**MOONFLOWER.** See Ipomœa mexicana.

**MORNING-GLORY.** See Convolvulus and Ipomœa.

**MOURNING BRIDE.** See Scabiosa.

**MUSA Ensete** (Abyssinian Banana). tP. An elegant, ornamental-leaved plant for groups or singly in the summer garden; grows very fast in rich and moist soil. 10 ft..70500 25

**MUSK PLANT.** See *Mimulus moschatus*.

**MYOSOTIS.** See Forget-me-not.



# NASTURTIUM

We do not sell less than 1 ounce of any one kind by weight

A marvelous range of new colors has been developed in this favorite flower which, for three or four months of the season, makes a better display than almost any other plant. No other hardy annual will produce such a lavish profusion of flowers for so long a time with the same small outlay of time and labor. The maximum of bloom is produced on thin soils, and never flags through the hottest weather. In soils too rich, leaves predominate, and the plants are apt to rot off in wet weather, especially if standing too close. The tall varieties make a very effective display when trained on fences or trellises and the low sorts are fine for edging and massing.

All 30 cts. per oz., except where quoted otherwise

**DWARF or TOM THUMB** (*Tropaeolum nanum*).

These have a neat, compact habit and attractive foliage; they bloom in two months from sowing, and most profusely the whole season. 1 ft. Pkt.

- Beauty.** Yellow and scarlet.....70600 10
- Bronze-color.** Distinct.....70610 10
- Chameleon.** Mottled crimson, bronze, and yellow; very fine.....70620 10
- Crystal Palace Gem.** Yellow and carmine.....70640 10
- Deep Scarlet**.....70645 10
- Empress of India.** Deep crimson; fine dark foliage.....70650 10
- Golden Cloth.** Golden yellow leaves; scarlet flowers.....70660 10
- Golden King.** Golden yellow.....70670 10
- King of Tom Thumbs.** Scarlet; fine color.....70680 10
- King Theodore.** Black, velvety; darkest of all.....70690 10
- Queen of Tom Thumbs.** (Original Queen.) Brilliant crimson with white-veined variegated-leaved foliage.....70725 10
- Queen of Tom Thumbs, Mixed.** Splendid range of colors of variegated-leaved sorts.. 70760 10
- Ruby King.** Ruby-red; large flowers; dark-leaved; fine and very profuse.....70780 10
- Vesuvius.** Salmon-rose; extra-large flowers in profusion; fine.....70790 10
- White, or Pearl (Moonlight)**.....70800 10
- Mixed, Golden-leaved Sorts**.....70820 10
- “ **Ivy-leaved**.....70822 10
- “ **Dark-leaved Sorts**.....70825 10
- “ **All Sorts.** Oz. 20c., ¼lb. 60c., ½lb. \$1.10, lb. \$2.....70840 10

**Variegated-leaved, Mixed.** Beautifully variegated foliage; distinct and charming.....71110 20 10

**Ivy-leaved, Tall Mixed**.....71115 20 10

**Fine Mixed.** 71120. Pkt.

10c., oz. 15c., ¼lb. 50c., ½lb. 80c., lb. \$1.50.



Thorburn's Nasturtiums

**TALL or CLIMBING** (*Tropaeolum majus*).

Besides their ordinary garden use for trailing over fences, trellises, stone walls, etc., these can also be grown as pot plants for winter flowering, as screens, or as trailers for hanging-baskets and vases. 8 to 12 ft. Oz. Pkt.

- Chameleon.** Various colors.....70910 20 10
- Dark Crimson**.....70920 20 10
- Edward Otto.** Brownish lilac.....70940 20 10
- hemisphaericum.** Orange.....70970 20 10
- King Theodore.** Black.....70990 20 10
- Pearl (Moonlight).** Whitish.....71010 20 10
- Scarlet**.....71020 20 10
- Sunlight (Dunnett's Orange).** Rich golden yellow; flowers nearly 3 inches across.....71070 20 10
- Vesuvius.** Large flowers; salmon; dark-leaved.....71080 20 10
- Yellow (luteum)**.....71090 20 10

**NASTURTIUM, continued**

**LOBB'S CLIMBING (*Tropæolum Lobbianum*).**

This class is remarkable for the intensely brilliant colors of its flowers. In moderately rich soil they climb high and bloom brilliantly. Average height, 6 ft.

- Blood-Red**.....71190 15 5 Oz. Pkt.
- Firefly.** Dark orange-yellow, spotted bright scarlet; dark-leaved.....71210 15 5
- Geant des Batailles.** Light yellow, with bright red spots.....71230 15 5
- Ivy-leaved, Mixed**.....71260 15 5
- Lilliput, Baby Rose.** White and soft pink. A splendid variety.....71270 15 5
- Lilliput, Snow Queen.** Cream-white, very delicate tint.....71290 15 5
- Lily Schmidt (Victoria).** Scarlet...71280 15 5
- Lucifer.** Dark scarlet; dark leaves...71300 15 5
- Spitfire.** Brilliant scarlet. Very fine...71310 15 5
- Queen Wilhelmina.** Queen of the Lobb varieties. The foliage is veined and marbled white, setting off the rich rosy scarlet flowers to great advantage. One of the most effective of the list.....71320 15 5
- Madame Gunther Hybrids.** A French strain noted for wide range of colors...71330 15 5
- fimbriatum, Mixed.** Fringed sorts, mixed. ¼lb. 55c...71340 15 5
- Finest Mixture**..... ¼lb. 35c., ½lb. 65c., lb. \$1.25...71350 10 5

**NEMESIA.** Very pretty and neat-flowering hardy annual for edgings; attractive, bright-colored flowers. 1 ft.



*Peonia chinensis*

**NEMESIA, continued**

- compacta alba (White Gem).** White; Pkt. attractive fresh green foliage.....71460 10
- “ **cærulea (Blue Gem).** Blue flowers borne in the greatest profusion.....71470 10
- strumosa Suttonii grandiflora.** Many rich and rare colors; flowers large; foliage beautiful.....71480 25
- NEMOPHILA.** Very pretty, dwarf-growing, hardy annuals of easy culture; continuous bloomers; cup-shaped flowers of brightest colors. Good in pots, edgings, rockeries or beds; moist soil and partial shade is favorable for them. 1 ft. Pkt.
- atomaria.** White and purple.....71500 5
- crambeoides.** Pale blue.....71510 5
- discoidalis.** Black-brown, white-margined... 71520 5
- insignis.** Sky-blue.....71530 5
- “ **alba.** White.....71540 5
- “ **marginata.** Blue, mottled white. 71550 5
- maculata.** Lilac-white, brown-spotted.71560 5
- Mixed**.....oz. 30c...71580 5
- NICOTIANA.** Species of tobacco. Showy and free-blooming half-hardy annuals; great garden favorites; in flower all summer; tubular-shaped flowers. 3 ft. Pkt.
- affinis.** White; very fragrant.....71650 5
- “ **hybrida.** Beautiful shades, mixed. 71660 10
- Sanderæ Hybrids.** Many brilliant colors... 71680 10
- “ **Purple-Carmine**.....71685 10
- sylvestris.** Large clusters of white flowers; sweet-scented. 4 ft.....71690 10
- NIEREMBERGIA.** Pretty half-hardy perennials of slender growth that bloom freely the first year from seed; cup-shaped flowers. Fine for edgings or hanging-baskets. 1 ft. Pkt.
- gracilis.** Lilac and white.....71710 10
- frutescens.** White, tinted with lilac...71720 10
- NIGELLA.** See Love-in-a-Mist.
- NOLANA.** When in flower these hardy annuals are very showy, and are fine for the garden border; of trailing habit. 1 ft. Pkt.
- atriplicifolia.** Blue.....71750 5
- “ **grandiflora alba.** White; large-flowered.....71760 5
- Mixed**.....71780 5
- NYCTERINIA.** Pretty half-hardy annuals, forming dwarf, compact plants; excellent for beds and borders. 9 in. Pkt.
- capensis.** White; fragrant in evening...71810 10
- selaginoides.** White, flushed lilac...71820 10
- GENOTHERA.** See Evening Primrose.
- PÆONIA.** Among hardy perennial plants none are more prized than the Peonies with their large and handsome blooms. 2 to 3 ft. Pkt.
- officinalis.** Red; single-flowered.....71960 5
- chinensis, Mixed.** Fine double varieties... 71970 10
- arborea (Tree Peony).** Many varieties...71980 10
- Best Mixed**.....71990 10





Thorburn's Superb Pansies

## PANSY (*Viola tricolor*; Heartsease)

OUR STRAINS HAVE NEVER BEEN EXCELLED

The Pansy is a plant that we all delight to grow in plentiful supply for flowers all the year. For very early outdoor bedding the seed is sown from August to October, in a coldframe, or in rich, moist garden beds, from which the plants can be transferred to a coldframe, setting them 2 to 3 inches apart each way before severe winter weather begins. In spring three-fourths of them can be lifted out for bedding and the rest left to bloom in the frame. For winter blooming in a frame set the plants about twice as far apart, and thin out half of them in the spring. Cover the blooming plants with sashes, adding a covering of matting or straw in very cold weather. In mild weather remove the mats and tilt the sashes to admit light, heat, and fresh air. In outdoor beds, raised a few inches above the ground, with a mulch of dry leaves and some brush to hold them in place, Pansies will often winter nicely and bloom until midsummer, when a relay of young, vigorous plants should be ready to replace them. Spring sowings should be made early so as to secure good flowers during the early rains. Seed sown in a cool, moist place in June and July, and well tended, will give good flowering plants for fall. If they come into bloom in the heat of the summer, the flowers may be small at first, but, as the weather becomes cooler they will increase in size and beauty, and make a glorious show in the garden. Through summer heat the flowers are finer in a somewhat shaded place, but in almost any situation good Pansy seed will give fine flowers in spring and fall. Early fall sowings give the finest flowers in spring, and a bed of Pansies is one of the most beautiful sights a garden can show. *The higher-priced sorts produce the largest flowers and the most brilliant colors. This should be borne in mind when ordering.*

We do not sell less than ¼ ounce of a kind by weight

	¼oz.	Oz.	Pkt.
<b>Thorburn Superb.</b> The richest and most choicely varied mixture possible. It produces only the finest colors, largest flowers and most beautiful forms.....	.72030	\$2 25	\$8 00 \$0 25
<b>Bugnot Superb Blotched.</b> An exceedingly large, three-blotched strain, with upper petals finely lined; great diversity of finest colors.....	.72040	1 50	5 00 25
<b>Cassier, Finest Mixed.</b> Flowers of grand size, beautifully spotted.....	.72050	1 50	5 00 25
<b>Masterpiece.</b> Curled, wavy petals; splendid colors; distinct.....	.72060	1 75	6 00 25
“ <b>Exhibition Strain.</b> .....	.72070	3 00	35
<b>Madam Perret.</b> A splendid giant-flowered strain comprising all shades of red from light rose to dark purple, some of them finely striped.....	.72080	1 25	4 00 25
<b>Parisienne, Mixed.</b> Handsome, large-flowering strain.....	.72120	1 50	5 00 25
<b>Red Shades, Mixed.</b> .....	.72125	1 00	3 50 25

## PANSY, continued

	72130	72135	72140	72160	72170	72180	72190	72200	72210	72215	72240	72250	72270	72290	72310	72315	72320	72330	72360	72390	72410	72420	72435
<b>Fine Large English.</b> All colors mixed.																							
<b>French.</b> Large flowers; fine mixed.																							
<b>Mixed.</b> Ordinary strain.																							
<b>Azure-Blue.</b> Very fine color.																							
<b>Black-Blue.</b> Dark velvety blue.																							
<b>Black (Faust; King of the Blacks).</b> Almost coal-black.																							
<b>Bronze.</b> Golden bronze.																							
<b>Cardinal.</b> Brilliant red; very fine.																							
<b>Coquette de Poissy.</b> Distinct mauve, shading to white on petals.																							
<b>Dark Blue.</b>																							
<b>Pale Bright Blue.</b> Splendid; very showy.																							
<b>Fairy Queen.</b> Light blue, with white border.																							
<b>Fire King.</b> Golden with purple.																							
<b>Golden Queen (Yellow Gem).</b> Pure yellow.																							
<b>Lord Beaconsfield.</b> Deep purple-violet, shading to light blue.																							
<b>Mahogany-colored.</b>																							
<b>Meteor.</b> Bright yellow and brown, attractively blotched and margined.																							
<b>Odier, Five-blotched, Improved.</b> Extra-choice strain.																							
<b>President Carnot.</b> Pure white petals, each with a deep blotch.																							
<b>Snow Queen (candidissima).</b> Pure satiny white.																							
<b>White, with Black Center.</b> Very showy.																							
<b>Yellow, with Black Center.</b> Splendid.																							
<b>Yellow, Golden, without Eye.</b> Pure yellow.																							
<b>TRIMARDEAU GIANT.</b> This strain has remarkably large flowers, carried well above their leaves, and generally marked with large blotches; plants are extra vigorous and compact.																							
<b>Giant Adonis.</b> Light blue; white margin; splendid.																							
“ <b>Azure-Blue.</b> Light-blue; pure color.																							
“ <b>Indigo-Blue.</b> Very rich color.																							
“ <b>Lord Beaconsfield.</b> Lavender and purple.																							
“ <b>White.</b>																							
“ <b>White, with Dark Eye.</b>																							
“ <b>Yellow.</b> Dark center.																							
“ <b>Pure Yellow (Golden Crest).</b>																							
“ <b>Mixed.</b>																							
“ <b>“ Extra Choice</b>																							

## NEW EARLY-BLOOMING HARDY PANSIES

This new type of Pansy is valuable on account of its hardiness and earliness. If given slight protection they will be found perfectly hardy in this latitude and even farther north, beginning to bloom about the end of March. Flowers are very large and have a sweet perfume.

	72670	72675	72680	72685	72690
<b>Celestial Queen.</b> Beautiful light blue with yellow eye.					
<b>Ice King.</b> Silvery white with dark blue blotches.					
<b>March Beauty.</b> Fine dark velvety blue with yellow eye.					
<b>Winter Sun.</b> Rich golden yellow with maroon blotches.					
<b>Hymalis, Mixed.</b>					
<b>Choice Collections of Specially Selected Giant Pansies, or Heartsease—</b>					
8 varieties.					
6 varieties.					

**PARIS DAISY.** See *Chrysanthemum frutescens*.

‡PASSIFLORA (Passion Flower).	Pkt.
<b>cærulea.</b> hhP. Blue.	72780 10
<b>incarnata.</b> hhP. Pink.	72810 10

**PEAS, Sweet.** See pages 66 to 68.

**PELARGONIUM.** gP. Beautiful and well-known plants for greenhouse and house culture. Popularly called “Lady Washington Geraniums.” 2 ft.

Show Varieties, Large-flowered, Mixed.	Pkt.
	72840 50
<b>Odier (Blotched), Superb Mixed</b>	72850 50

**PENTSTEMON.** Beautiful herbaceous perennials; very hardy and free flowering; fine for beds and borders or rock gardens; excellent cut-flowers.

**PENTSTEMON, continued**

<b>antirrhinoides.</b> Lemon-yellow. 1½ ft.	Pkt.
	72870 25
<b>centranthifolius.</b> Bright scarlet. 2 ft.	72880 25
‡ <b>Hartwegii grandiflorus, Mixed.</b> Large-flowered varieties; most brilliant colors. 2½ ft.	72910 10
<b>Hybridum grandiflorum.</b> Flowers very large and of many colors; very fine.	72915 10
<b>Large-flowered Varieties, Mixed.</b> 3 ft.	72930 10
* <b>PERILLA.</b> An ornamental-leaved, half-hardy annual; for ribbon-gardening and beds; resembles the coleus. 1½ to 2 ft.	Pkt.
* <b>nankinensis.</b> Dark, bronzy purple foliage.	72950 5
* <b>“ laciniata.</b> Foliage extra dark purple; beautiful.	72960 5



**PETUNIA HYBRIDA.** hhA. Once fairly started, Petunias grow almost as easily as weeds and furnish a glorious succession of bloom from early summer until frost. The large-flowered strains are very beautiful and of almost endless variety. Seed of the double and Giant-flowered Petunias is made expensive by the great amount of labor involved in hand-fertilization, and it is well to handle seed and tiny seedlings with some care. Sow in hotbed, coldframes, or in boxes of fine soil in the sunny windows of a warm room in April or May, and transplant about 1 foot apart in garden beds. Seed of the double varieties has not so much vitality as that of single sorts and needs a little more care in watering to be sure of germination. We have no better plants than the Petunias for beds and masses, borders, window-boxes, baskets and vases. They will grow in almost any soil and bloom profusely through long droughts. The newer varieties are of brilliant colors. *The highest priced sorts produce the finest and handsomest flowers, and those we offer are from the most carefully selected strains, saved at great expense. Apparently similar sorts offered at lower prices are not to be compared with those we offer.* Average height, 1½ ft.

**SINGLE LARGE-FLOWERING.** These have flowers 4 or more inches across. Our strains are superb and the collections offered contain only the finest varieties.

- |   |          |
|---|----------|
|   | Pkt.     |
| <b>Purple King.</b> Royal in color and size.  | 73000 25 |
| <b>Rose.</b> Brilliant rose; a charming shade.  | 73010 50 |
| <b>superbissima, Mixed.</b> Large, yellow-throated varieties; they make a brilliant show in the garden. | 73030 50 |
| <b>Single Mixed.</b>  | 73040 50 |
| <b>Giants of California, Single Mixed.</b>  | 73050 50 |
| Special choice strain.  | 73050 50 |
| <b>White.</b> Clear, paper-white flowers of unusual size.   | 73350 25 |

**FRINGED, LARGE-FLOWERING.** These have deeply cut and fluted margins.

- |   |          |
|---|----------|
|   | Pkt.     |
| <b>Ruffled Giants.</b> Extra-large flowers, ruffled, fluted and fringed.  | 73400 40 |
| <b>Thorburn's Century Prize.</b> An unrivaled strain of fringed, ruffled, giant-flowered sorts in most beautiful colors. Very valuable. | 73410 50 |
| <b>Perfection Mixed.</b> Fringed sorts.   | 73440 25 |

**DOUBLE LARGE-FLOWERING.** Our seed will produce flowers large, fragrant, elegantly formed and beautiful either for house, garden or conservatory. *Only a small proportion of the double strains bear double flowers. The reason of this is the fact that the seed must be selected from single flowers, the double ones not producing seed. The single flowers must be pollinated with pollen from the double ones.* Cuttings may be made from double-flowered plants and inserted in light, sandy loam for rooting, thus increasing the percentage of double-flowering plants

- |  |          |
|--|----------|
|  | Pkt.     |
| <b>Mixed.</b>  | 73470 50 |
| <b>Fringed Crimson.</b> Gorgeous colors; extra-large flowers.                      | 73480 75 |
| <b>Fringed Heliotrope.</b> Mauve and heliotrope colorings.                         | 73490 75 |
| <b>Fringed Rose.</b>   | 73503 75 |
| <b>Fringed New Fancy Large-Flowered, Mixed.</b> Flowers large and much be-ruffled. | 73510 75 |



Thorburn's Century Prize Petunias

**PETUNIA, continued**

**SINGLE BEDDING VARIETIES.** Smaller-flowered sorts, found most valuable for beds and masses. 1 ft. Pkt.

- |  |                        |
|--|------------------------|
| <b>Countess of Ellesmere.</b> Dark rose, with fine white throat.   | 73540 10               |
| <b>Howard's Star.</b> Rich crimson; distinct white star in center; very showy and attractive.                    | 73550 10               |
| <b>Rosy Morn.</b> Bright, rosy pink, with white throat; very charming, compact, and free flowering; for bedding. | 73560 15               |
| <b>White.</b> Pure white; compact grower. A very good white sort   | 73580 10               |
| <b>Inimitable, Mixed.</b> Striped and spotted.   | 73590 10               |
| <b>Mixed Single.</b> Fine colors.  | 73600 10               |
|  | ¼oz. 50c., oz. \$1.50. |

**PHACELIA.** Showy, hardy annuals of easy culture, doing best in a sunny situation; bell-shaped flowers; excellent for bees. Pkt.

- |   |          |
|---|----------|
| <b>campanularia.</b> Rich, deep blue. 9 in. | 73690 5  |
| <b>PHASEOLUS multiflorus, Papilio.</b>      | 73740 10 |
| “ <b>Caracalla.</b>                         | 73750 10 |

**PHLOX DRUMMONDII (Flame Flower).** The hardy annual Phloxes are dazzling in effect, particularly so when sown in masses or ribbon beds of contrasting colors. Few flowers are so easy to grow from seed, so pretty and compact in habit, so quick to bloom, or give such a brilliant display of color for so little cost and care. There are few desirable colors beyond their range, and if given good soil and plenty of water, they will furnish a long supply of delicate flowers. For pot culture dwarf varieties are valuable and as an undergrowth for tall, bare-stemmed plants they are also valuable. The first sowings should be made as soon as the frost is out of the ground in spring, later ones in May, either where the plants are to bloom, or in a





Phlox Drummondii

**PHLOX DRUMMONDII**, continued  
seed-bed, as the Phlox transplants readily. In transplanting set the taller kinds about a foot apart; if planted too thickly they suffer from mildew. Cutting away the flowers and seed-pods makes the plants more bushy and compact, and lengthens their blooming time. Average height, 1 ft.

**GRANDIFLORA**. This section has beautiful, round-petaled flowers, larger than in the older sorts; showy and constant, blooming in the greatest profusion from early summer to frost. Our strain is far superior to that ordinarily sold. Pkt.

- alba**. Pure white flowers borne in profusion all summer.....73770 10
- “ **oculata**. White, with violet eye.....73780 10
- atropurpurea**. Dark purple.....73790 10
- Chamois-Rose**. A soft shade.....73800 10
- coccinea**. Large; brilliant scarlet; very free-flowering.....73810 10
- Crimson**. Bright color.....73820 10
- Isabellina**. Yellow.....73830 10
- Kermesina splendens**. Vivid crimson; extra-large flowers.....73840 10
- rosea**. Rose.....73850 10
- stellata splendens**. Star-like; crimson... 73860 10
- Violacea**.....73865 10
- Mixed**. Splendid, large-flowering sorts... 1/4oz. 60c., oz. \$2. 73870 10

**DWARF VARIETIES**. Plants of this charming section grow only 6 to 8 inches high and form dense masses of bloom all summer. They are especially useful for beds, edgings, pots, etc. Pkt.

- Chamois-Rose**. Very fine.....73950 15
- Brilliant Crimson**.....73955 15
- Fireball**. Flame-red; fine for pots and for edging.....73960 15
- Purple**. Rich dark color.....73965 15
- Snowball**. Pure white; fine for pots. 73980 15
- Vermilion, White Center**.....73995 15
- Yellow**.....74000 15
- grandiflora nana compacta**. Mixed.... 1/4oz. \$1. 74010 10
- Fancy Mixed**.....74030 10

**STAR PHLOX, cuspidata**. Star-shaped; Pkt. many colors.....74050 10

**PERENNIAL PHLOX**. This hardy sort makes bushes about 3 feet high bearing large heads of finely colored flowers. Pkt.

**decussata, Mixed**.....74090 10

“ **Large-flowered Hybrids, Mixed**.....74110 15

†**PHYSALIS Francheti** (Chinese Lantern Pkt. Plant). A very ornamental, hardy perennial; has large orange fruits which, dried, are beautiful in winter bouquets. 2 ft. 74180 10

**PHYSOSTEGIA** (Obedient Plant). A valuable, summer-flowering, hardy perennial border plant; delicate, white flowers on long stems; good for cutting. 3 ft. Pkt.

**grandiflora virginica**. Rosy pink...74190 25

“ **alba**.....74200 25

**PINKS (Dianthus)**. In this large and greatly varied genus are some of our most beautiful and best-loved flowers, unsurpassed for color and fragrance. They are hardy biennials that bloom finely the first season, remaining green all winter and blooming the next year also, if lightly protected. Old plants flower the earliest, but as young ones give the largest, finest flowers, sowings are made every year. Seed can be sown under glass in the spring, or in an open, sheltered bed. The seedlings are easily transplanted and should stand 8 to 12 inches apart; dwarf ones about 6 inches. If especially large, brilliant flowers are desired, a bed of well-mixed turfy loam, leaf-mold and well-decayed manure should be prepared for them. Average height, 1 ft.

**CHINENSIS** (China or Indian Pinks). The flowers of all are double and showy. Pkt.

**Double White China Pink**.....74280 5

“ **Mixed China Pinks**. All best colors, 1/4oz. 30c., oz. \$1. 74290 5

**Single Mixed**.....74310 5



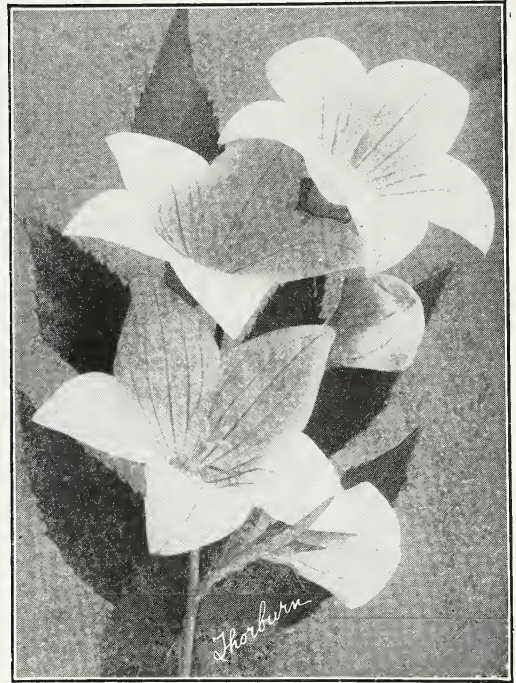
Types of Pinks (Dianthus)



PINKS, continued

- HEDEWIGII** (Japan Pinks). Unusually large and brilliant; often oddly edged, striped and ringed.
- Single, The Bride (Little Gem).** White, with purple center . . . . . 74320 10
- " **Crimson Belle.** Flowers large and handsome, dark red, on long, stiff stems. . . . . 74330 10
- " **Eastern Queen.** Rose-colored flowers, 2 to 4 inches across; finely striped and stained. . . . . 74340 10
- " **Queen of Holland.** Splendid; white. . . . . 74350 10
- " **Mixed.** ¼ oz. 30c., oz. \$1. . . . . 74360 5
- " **Mixed, Giant-flowered.** . . . . . 74370 10
- " **Mixed nobilis** (Royal Pink). Large, frilled and fringed flowers of glowing blood-red, shading to carmine and pink and even white; vigorous and tall-growing; abundant, continuous bloomer; fine flower for cutting. . . . . 74380 15
- Double, Mixed.** A splendid assortment . . . . . 10
- ¼ oz. 40c., oz. \$1.25. 74385 10
- " **diadematus fl.-pl.** (Diadem Pink). Double; magnificent in color and variety. . . . . 74390 10
- " **Fireball.** Brilliant scarlet; very compact and floriferous vines; for massing. . . . . 74400 10
- " **Mourning Pink.** Very large, double flowers of blackish crimson, fringed white; very effective, and a handsome cut-flower. . . . . 74410 10
- LACINIATUS—**
- Fireball, fl.-pl.** . . . . . 74435 10
- Oriental Beauty.** Petals wide, crinkled, richly marked with pink, white, etc. 74440 10
- punctatus.** Dark-shaded Princess Pink. Quite peculiar colors, such as purplish violet, blood-red, dark salmon, etc. . . . . 74450 15
- Salmon Queen.** Beautiful rosy salmon; handsome single flowers. . . . . 74460 10
- Snowball.** Large, double, white. . . . . 74470 10
- Single, Mixed.** Fringed flowers of all colors. . . . . ¼ oz. 50c., oz. \$1.50. 74500 10
- Double, Mixed.** . . . . . ¼ oz. 60c. 74510 10
- Fringed Double, Mixed.** . . . . . 74515 10
- IMPERIALIS FL.-PL.** (Double Imperial Pink). Robust, bushy grower; large, double. Pkt. 74530 10
- Double, Mixed.** . . . . . 74530 10
- PLUMARIUS** (Sweet May Pinks). These are fine, fragrant, hardy perennials of the old-time gardens, still reckoned among the most beautiful for massing and cutting. Pkt.
- Pheasant's Eye.** Fringed flowers. . . . . 74600 5
- scoticus** (Double Scotch Pink). A series of exquisite colors; *ours is the finest strain.* . . . . . 74620 50
- semperflorens** (Perpetual Pink). Double, semi-double, and single; of various colors. . . . . 74630 15
- Single Pinks, Mixed.** . . . . . 74650 10
- ¼ oz. 25c., oz. 60c. 74650 10
- Double Dwarf, Mixed.** . . . . . 74670 10
- Double and Semi-double Grass Pinks.** Pretty flowers of delicate colors. . . . . 74680 15
- Double Mixed.** Extra fine. . . . . 74690 10

Pkt.



Platycodon grandiflorum

- PLATYCODON** (Wahlenbergia; Large Chinese Bellflower). Handsome, hardy perennials that do best in light, dry situations; bushy growth; bear large, bell-shaped flowers in great profusion. Pkt.
- grandiflorum.** Deep blue. 2 ft. . . . . 74800 10
- " **album.** White. 2 ft. 74810 10
- See, also, Campanula.
- POLEMONIUM.** See Jacob's Ladder.
- † **POLYANTHUS** (*Primula elatior*). Fine spring-blooming and free-flowering, hardy perennials, alike suitable to pot or garden culture. 9 in. Pkt.
- Mixed.** . . . . . 74900 10
- Large-flowered, Finest Mixed.** Fine collection. . . . . 74910 25
- Gold-laced.** Very attractive and showy. . . . . 74920 25
- POPPY (Papaver).** Before tulips are fairly gone our gardens begin to be gay with Poppies. Few flowers have the same grace of stem, airiness of poise, and delicacy of tissue. For beds and borders, with a background of green, there is nothing finer. Some sorts are admirable for naturalizing in open wooded grounds; others, like the Shirley, are beautiful for cutting. A sandy loam suits Poppies best, and, as their strong tap-roots are difficult to transplant, it is well to sow the seed where the plants are to bloom. Sowings made in fall and at intervals in spring will provide a long succession of flowers. Sow thinly, covering very lightly, and thin the plants to stand about a foot apart. The best plants are those grown from early sowings while the soil is cool and moist.

## POPPIES, continued

**PERENNIAL VARIETIES.** Tall, large-flowered, and showy. Average height, 2 to 4 ft. Pkt.

**bracteatum.** Glowing scarlet; on long stems. 3 ft. .... 74950 5

**orientale.** Enormous flowers of deep, flashing scarlet, with black spots in center; entirely hardy anywhere; fine for cutting. 3 ft. .... 74960 10

" **Brilliant.** Vivid scarlet; beautiful. .... 74970 10

" **Mixed Hybrids.** Finest shades. .... 75010 10

**nudicaule** (Iceland Poppy). These dwarf, bright yellow Poppies form one of the chief attractions of the garden through several months. They are most beautiful when grown in masses from seed sown every year; if sown very early they bloom same season. 1 ft. .... 75030 10

" **aurantiacum coccineum.** Orange-red. All of this class have crimped petals and peculiar grace. .... 75040 10

" **album.** Pure white. .... 75050 10

" **Mixed** .... 75060 10

**ANNUAL VARIETIES.** This section includes fine double and single flowers of greatly varying sizes, self-colored, and daintily edged. All are easily cultivated and greatly admired. Average height, 3 ft. Pkt.

**Thorburn Giant White.** White flowers of grand form and size, with silky petals. 3 to 4 ft. .... 75090 5

**Danebrog.** Large; single; scarlet, with white cross at base of petals. .... 75100 5

**English Scarlet Field Poppy.** .... oz. 50c. .... 75110 5

## POPPIES, continued

Pkt.

**Flag of Truce.** Pure white; large and showy flowers. .... 75120 5

**Maid of the Mist.** Pure white; single; very large; deeply fringed. 3 to 4 ft. 75130 5

**Mephisto rosea.** Fine single. .... 75145 5

**Miss Sherwood.** Large; single; satiny white, with upper half of petals chamomise-rose. .... 75150 5

**Shirley Best Mixed.** Indescribably bright, dainty and gauzy; a favorite for cutting. .... ¼ oz. 20c., oz. 50c. .... 75160 5

**glaucum** (Tulip Poppy). Striking, tulip-shaped flowers of intensely brilliant scarlet; dwarf. .... 75180 10

**Single Mixed.** .... oz. 25c. .... 75215 5

**Double American Flag.** White, bordered with scarlet; exceedingly brilliant flowers. .... 75220 5

" **Cardinal.** The immense scarlet flowers last unusually well. 75230 5

" **Carnation-flowered Hybrid, White Swan.** Pure white. 75250 5

" **Carnation-flowered, Mixed.** Very double; fringed. .... oz. 30c. .... 75260 5

" **Mikado.** Large, white flowers, fringed with rose. .... 75270 5

" **Pæony-flowered, Dwarf, Fireball.** Deep scarlet; very large-flowering. .... 75280 5

" **Pæony-flowered, Snowball.** White; large-flowering. .... 75290 5

" **Pæony-flowered, Dwarf, Mixed Hybrids.** Splendid. .... 75300 5

" **Pæony-flowered, Mixed.** Large, handsome flowers of many colors. .... 75310 5

" **Queen.** Double flowers of the Shirley type. Very delicate and brilliant colors, from palest pink to rosy scarlet. .... 75315 25

" **Ranunculus-flowered, Mixed.** Flowers small, finely formed, double. .... oz. 40c. .... 75320 5

" **somniferum** (Opium Poppy). .... oz. 15c. .... 75322 5

" **Mixed, All Sorts.** oz. 25c. .... 75340 5

**PORTULACA.**

This charming little hardy annual is unrivaled for brilliancy among plants of low growth, and, although it flourishes under almost all conditions, hot sun and a light, sandy soil suit it best. Nothing is prettier for beds, edgings, rockwork, etc. As an undergrowth for taller plants it is also valuable. Through the driest, hottest seasons it flourishes amazingly, carpeting the ground with a mat of succulent foliage that, in the forenoon, is hidden by gayest of flowers. The seed does not germinate until hot weather, and should be sown late. This plant requires little care and can be transplanted in full flower. Average height, 6 in.

**SINGLE VARIETIES.** Each strong plant will cover a space of about 1 foot or more in diameter. Pkt.

**albiflora.** Pure white. .... 75420 10

**Pink.** .... 75425 10

**aurea.** Deep, golden yellow. .... 75430 10

**rosea.** Rich rose. .... 75450 10

**splendens.** Crimson. .... 75460 10

**Thellussonii.** Scarlet. .... 75470 10

**Thorburnii.** Bright yellow. .... 75480 10

**Striped.** .... 75485 10

**Mixed.** .... ¼ oz. 25c., oz. 75c. .... 75490 10



Shirley Poppies



**PORTULACA**, continued

**DOUBLE VARIETIES.** These flowers are so full and perfect as to resemble tiny roses. Toward the close of the season they will increase in size and beauty. As the full, double flowers do not produce seed, it must be saved from the semi-double flowers growing with the full-doubles. The product of that seed will produce many single flowers. As these bloom earlier they can be pulled out like weeds. When the full-doubles appear cuttings can be made from them and the bed extended indefinitely with only full-double flowers. *Our strains must not be confused with the ordinary, cheap seed usually sold.* Pkt.

<b>Double Bright Red</b> .....	75510	20
" <b>Kermesina</b> . Crimson.....	75515	20
" <b>purpurea</b> . Purple.....	75518	20
" <b>Pink</b> .....	75525	20
" <b>Rose</b> .....	75530	20
" <b>Salmon</b> .....	75550	20
" <b>Scarlet</b> .....	75560	20
" <b>Sulphur-Yellow</b> .....	75570	20
" <b>White</b> .....	75580	20
" <b>Yellow</b> .....	75590	20
" <b>Mixed</b> . Grown from cuttings; a splendid assortment of colors..		
	75600	20

**POTENTILLA.** Handsome and brilliant in flower are these desirable, hardy perennials. Foliage ornamental; bloom all summer; of the easiest cultivation. 2 ft. Pkt.

<b>Mixed</b> . Brilliant colors.....	75690	10
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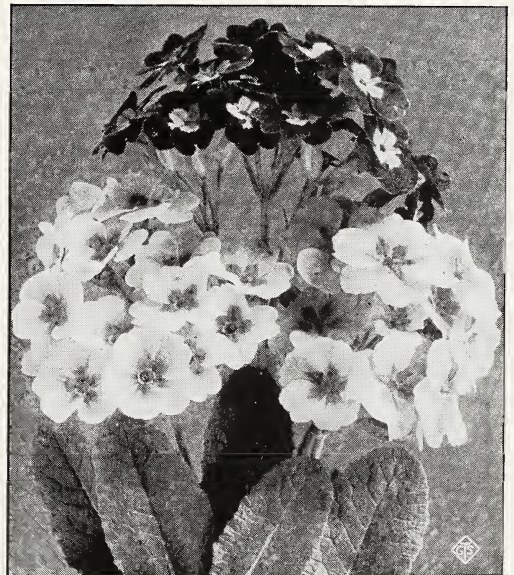
**PRIMULA**

**CHINESE PRIMROSE.** gP. Primula, or Chinese Primrose, stands in the first rank among greenhouse plants, and is fine for winter and spring blooming. It is free-flowering and is especially valuable for cut-flowers and for house-and window-culture. A cool place suits it best. Sow the seeds in drills in a light, rich soil, in shallow boxes, at any time from the middle of March to the end of May; the earliest sown seed will naturally produce the earliest bloom. Cover the seed about 1/8 inch and press the soil on them with a board or the bottom of a pot. Water moderately; avoid forcing the seed. The plants must be well ventilated, well watered, and slightly shaded. Average height, 9 in. Pkt.

<b>sinensis fimbriata alba</b> . White; fringed.	75720	25
" <b>fimbriata alba magnifica</b> . Pure white; fringed; extra-choice.	75730	35
" <b>fimbriata, Bright Rose</b> . Dainty fringed flowers.....	75740	35
" <b>fimbriata coccinea</b> . Bright red; fringed.....	75750	35
" <b>fimbriata cærulea</b> . Blue; fringed.	75760	35
" <b>fimbriata Kermesina splendens</b> . Crimson; fine shade; fringed..	75770	35
" <b>fimbriata rubra</b> . Red; gracefully fringed flowers.....	75780	25
" <b>fimbriata Covent Garden White Improved</b> . The finest market-garden Primula. Large blooms, beautifully fringed. Solid petals, erect: free-flowering.....	75782	60
" <b>fimbriata delicata</b> . A beautiful, soft pink color. The blooms are very large, solid, and erect; extra free flowering and extremely attractive.....	75784	60

**PRIMULA**, continued

<b>sinensis fimbriata, King George V.</b> A Pkt. dense crimson, almost giant size, beautifully fringed and very free-flowering. The darkest Primula yet offered and a splendid variety.....	75786	60
" <b>fimbriata, Orange King</b> . Said to be an entirely new pleasing color. Extra free-flowering and of splendid habit.....	75788	60
" <b>fimbriata, True Blue, or Giant magnifica Blue</b> . Best blue; beautiful fimbriated blooms; very free-flowering.....	75789	60
" <b>fimbriata, Extra-Fine Mixed</b> . Fringed.....	75790	25
" <b>fimbriata filicifolia alba</b> . White. All these are fringed and have fern-like foliage.....	75810	50
" <b>fimbriata filicifolia Mixed</b> .	75830	50
" <b>fimbriata plena rubra</b> . Red. Beautifully fringed, double flowers.....	75870	50
" <b>fimbriata plena alba</b> . White... 75880	75880	50
" <b>fimbriata plena Mixed</b> ..	75890	50
<b>stellata, Blue Star Improved</b> . This is a strain of really Giant Blue Star Primulas. The dark blue flower harmonizes with the pale green foliage. Very desirable..	75895	50
" <b>Crimson</b> . The grandest colored of all Star Primulas. The rich crimson blooms are very brilliant.....	75897	50
" <b>Giant White Star</b> . Pure white massive blooms, produced in great abundance, admirably relieved by dark foliage..	75899	50
" <b>Salmon-Pink</b> . Greatly improved strain. Fine for table decoration, as a companion to the White Star.....	75900	50
" <b>Mixed</b> (Star Primulas). Very floriferous.....	75910	50



Primula sinensis

## PRIMULA, continued

**OBCONICA.** gP. For open border; also do well in the house window-garden. Continuous and free bloomers during the winter months. Pkt.

<b>grandiflora alba.</b> White.....	76000	35
“ <b>carminea.</b> Carmine.....	76010	35
“ <b>hybrida, Mixed</b> .....	76030	25
“ <b>gigantea Kermesina, Carmine.</b> Red.....	76080	50
“ <b>gigantea, Crimson</b> .....	76090	50
“ <b>gigantea, Rose</b> .....	76110	50
“ <b>gigantea, Mixed.</b> Giant flowering.....	76120	50
<b>malacoides.</b> gP. Dainty, soft lilac-pink; fine for pot culture. 18 in.....	76150	25
<b>malacoides, alba.</b> Fine white.....	76160	25

**HARDY VARIETIES.** The hardy Primroses are among the most prized of our spring-blooming plants. A slight protection, will be found beneficial. 1 to 1½ ft. Pkt.

<b>japonica</b> (Japanese Primrose). hP. Purple; called the “Queen of Primroses.” 1½ to 2 ft.....	76220	10
“ <b>hybrida, Mixed.</b> hP. From a fine collection.....	76230	25
<b>vulgaris</b> (English Primrose). hP. Yellow; fragrant. 6 in.....	76250	10

See, also, Auricula, Cowslip, and Polyanthus.

**PRIMROSE, Evening (Cenothera).** The Cenothera, or Evening Primrose, blooms all summer very freely. The bright, poppy-like flowers open early every evening and last well into the next day; of the easiest culture in sunny situations.

<b>Cenothera Drummondii.</b> hA. Light yellow. Pkt. low. 1½ ft.....	76310	5
“ <b>Lamarckiana.</b> †hB. Large yellow flowers. 3 ft.....	76320	10
“ <b>rosea (mexicana).</b> hA. Bright rose. 6 in.....	76330	10
“ <b>Mixed Annual Varieties.</b> 76370	5	

**PUERARIA Thunbergiana.** See Kudzu Vine.

**PYRETHRUM.** Showy, hardy perennials growing 2 feet in height, with most brilliant and lasting flowers. The dwarf Golden Feather is the well-known variety used for carpet bedding, edgings, and borders. Pkt.

<b>atrosanguineum.</b> Red and dark red shades.....	76390	10
<b>roseum hybridum, Single, Mixed.</b>	76400	10
“ <b>hybridum, Double, Mixed.</b>	76410	25
† <b>parthenifolium aureum</b> (Golden Feather). Yellow, fern-like leaves; fine for edgings. 6 to 8 in.....	76460	5



Pyrethrum hybridum

**REHMANNIA angulata.** Splendid, half-Pkt. hardy, herbaceous perennials, with beautiful, large, rosy purple flowers, similar to those of *Incarvillea Delavayi*. For pot-culture or outdoors in sheltered situations. 3 ft.....
 76530 | 25 |

**RHODANTHE.** Beautiful, delicate-looking Everlasting flowers, much prized for winter bouquets. These half-hardy annuals are also valuable garden plants. Glaucous gray foliage. 1½ ft. Pkt.

<b>maculata.</b> Rose, with dark center.....	76570	10
“ <b>alba.</b> Pure white.....	76580	10
“ <b>Mixed</b> .....	76590	10
<b>Manglesii.</b> Rose; very fine.....	76600	10

**RHODODENDRON arboreum hybridum.**

The well-known, hardy evergreen shrub. Mixed varieties. 10 ft.....
 76640 | 25 |

**RICINUS** (Castor-Oil Plant). Picturesquely showy and imposing, the Ricinus gives to the garden magnificent semi-tropical effects. Grown as a specimen it makes a perfect pyramid of gigantic leaves; a dozen plants in a large bed show a glorious mound of glistening colors and may be admired from a long distance; planted thickly it soon forms a handsome screen or hedge; the lower-growing dark-leaved sorts are beautiful for dotting here and there among cannas, scarlet pelargoniums, etc. Tall varieties grow from 8 to 10 feet high, with leaves several feet across and beautifully lobed. Half-hardy annuals. Pkt.

<b>borboniensis arboreus.</b> Green foliage. 15 ft.....	76680	5
<b>campogensis.</b> Glistening dark maroon; stems black. 5 ft.....	76690	5
<b>Gibsonii.</b> Dark red. 5 ft.....	76700	5
<b>hybridus panormitans.</b> Cross between Cambogensis and Zanzibarensis. Huge, dark brown leaves; blue-powdered stems; upright habit.....	76710	10
<b>sanguineus.</b> Red stems and seeds. 6 ft.....	76760	5
<b>zanzibarensis, Red.</b> Distinct and handsome.....	76770	5
“ <b>Finest Mixed.</b> 8 to 10 ft... oz. 35c.....	76780	5
<b>Mixed.</b> Fine sorts..... oz. 30c.....	76790	5
<b>Collection of Ricinus,</b> including 6 varieties, choicest sorts.....	76820	25

**ROCKET** (Sweet Rocket; Hesperis). Spring-flowering, hardy herbaceous perennials; fragrant; easily grown in light soil; transplant frequently; very free blooming. Pkt.

<b>matronalis.</b> Purple. 3 ft.....	76880	5
“ <b>alba.</b> White; fine cut-flower. 3 ft.....	76890	5
“ <b>Mixed</b> .....	76910	5

**ROMNEYA Coulteri** (California Tree, or Matilija Poppy). This beautiful, half-hardy perennial Poppy should have a sheltered position in the garden. Fine, fragrant, white flowers. 4 ft.....
 76930 | 25 |

**ROSA polyantha nana multiflora.** †hP. Dwarf, compact bushes covered with small, single and double blossoms in various colors. These Roses flower the first season from seed. 2 ft.....
 76960 | 10 |

**ROSE CAMPION.** See *Agrostemma coronaria*.

**ROSE OF HEAVEN.** See *Agrostemma Cæli-rosa*.



**RUDBECKIA** (Coneflower). Attractive and compact-growing plants, most suitable for beds and borders or clumps among shrubs; showy, large, yellow flowers with dark central cones; easily grown. Pkt.

**amplexicaulis.** hA. Pure golden yellow. 2½ ft. .... 76990 5

**bicolor superba.** hA. Golden yellow; long stems. 2 ft. .... 77010 5

**fulgida variabilis.** hP. Various yellow shades. 2½ ft. .... 77020 10

**Newmannii.** hP. Vivid orange-yellow. 3 ft. .... 77030 10

**RUMEX hymenosepalus.** An ornamental hardy perennial from California, with long gray-green leaves; also known as Pie-Plant there, as the leaf-stalks are used the same as rhubarb. Of economic value as well, as its roots produce tannin. It is of easy cultivation; fine erect grower. 3 ft. .... 77060 10

**SAINTPAULIA ionantha** (The Usambara Violet). A lovely greenhouse perennial, violet-like in appearance; large, deep blue flowers. 6 in. .... 77090 25

**SALPIGLOSSIS** (Painted Tongue). These showy, half-hardy annuals bear beautiful, funnel-shaped flowers having dark veins on a ground which varies from white to crimson, yellow, orange, etc., and intermediate shades. They are easily grown, require a light, rich, sandy loam and will respond to liberal treatment. Bloom from late summer until frost. 2 ft. Pkt.

**grandiflora, Extra-Choice, Mixed.** A fine assortment of colors. . . 77160 10

“ **superbissima (Emperor), Mixed.** Finest strain of very large flowers. . . . . 77210 15

**Tall Mixed.** . . . . . ¼oz. 35c. . 77230 10

**Dwarf Mixed.** . . . . . 77240 10

**SALVIA** (Flowering Sage). The *Salvia splendens* is a standard bedding plant that keeps the garden bright with color until late in autumn. For pot culture, for cutting and for borders, etc., it is very valuable. In this climate sow seed in window-boxes or frames in March or April, and set the plants outdoors the latter part of May, or sow outdoors not before June 1, and protect from heavy rains and strong winds. The plants grow and bloom profusely in any light, rich soil. Both the tender and hardy perennial sorts bloom the first year, and all are treated as annuals.

**argentea.** hP. Silver-leaved; flowers white; Pkt. blooms in spring. 3 ft. .... 77300 5

**farinacea.** hA. Light blue flowers in great abundance; good for cutting; forms a neat bush. 3 ft. .... 77320 10

**patens.** A handsome, tender, perennial, with erect spikes of rich, blue flowers; fine for borders or the greenhouse. 2 ft. . . . 77330 25

**SPLENDENS** (Scarlet Sage). hhP. These are the well-known bedders, single plants of which carry many long, flaming flower-spikes open at one time, keeping up the display until frost. Pkt.

**grandiflora, Scarlet.** A rich-flowered bedder; long spikes. 3 ft. ¼oz. 85c., oz. \$3. . . 77360 15

**Ball of Fire.** Very dwarf and compact, ball-shaped variety, especially suitable for pot culture. The plants are about 2 feet high to the top of the flower-spikes, and about the same in diameter. Color dull red; large spikes, similar to No. 77410. .... 77390 25



Salpiglossis grandiflora

**SALVIA SPLENDENS, continued** Pkt.

**Bonfire.** Our well-known, compact *Salvia* —the freest blooming of all, seemingly on fire all the time, with dense, flaming scarlet spikes. 2½ ft. ¼oz. \$1.50, oz. \$5. . . 77400 15

**Early Dwarf Zurich.** Grows only 12 to 15 inches high, with many fine, erect, slender spikes to each plant, borne well above its handsome foliage. Color brilliant scarlet; splendid bedding variety, earliest of all. . . 77410 25

**Lord Fauntleroy.** Only 18 inches high; very compact, with the brilliant scarlet flower-spikes standing clear above the foliage. Fine for bedding in masses or for borders around beds of taller sorts; also fine for pots. Very early flowering. 77420 25

**Scarlet Dragon.** A superb bedding plant for summer and autumn; flowers are nearly twice the size of the old Scarlet Sage; when full grown the plants form bushes about 3 feet in height, and the same in diameter, and are a mass of bloom. 77430 25

**Silverspot.** Rich, green leaves elegantly spotted with yellow. The intense, bright scarlet flowers are large and lavishly borne; neat and compact. 2½ ft. . . 77440 25

**SANVITALIA procumbens fl.-pl.** Beautiful dwarf-growing, hardy annual for beds or borders; bright yellow, double flowers; blooms all summer. 6 in. .... 77490 10

**SAPONARIA.** Pretty, dwarf bedding plants, especially adapted for edgings and borders; long and profuse bloomers. 1 ft. Pkt.

**calabrica.** hA. Red. .... 77510 5

“ **alba.** hA. White. .... 77520 5

“ **Scarlet Queen.** hA. Very brilliant. .... 77530 5

“ **Mixed.** .... 77535 5

**ocymoides.** hP. Rose-colored flowers; trailing; blooms early; fine for rockwork. 6 in. . 77540 10

**SAXIFRAGA, Perennial Mixed.** Interesting Pkt. little plants, especially prized for all kinds of rockwork; also for hardy borders. 9 in. . . . 77560 10

**SCABIOSA** (Mourning Bride; Scabious, etc.). Well-established garden favorites. They grow about 2 feet high and flower through the summer until frost. The flowers are borne on long stems and last a long time when cut. Fine for beds or borders. Sow seed outdoors in spring when danger from frost is past. Pkt.

**caucasica** (Blue Bonnet). hP. This hardy perennial should be in every garden. The flowers are large and semi-double, of pale lavender color, growing on long stems; splendid for cutting. . . . . 77590 10

**Hardy Annuals—**

**candissima fl.-pl. (Snowball).** Double; white. . . . . 77600 10

**minor aurea fl.-pl.** Double; golden yellow. . . . . 77610 10

**Tall Black-Purple.** . . . . 77620 10

“ **Flesh-Color.** . . . . 77630 10

“ **Tall Lavender.** . . . . 77635 10

“ **Scarlet.** . . . . 77640 10

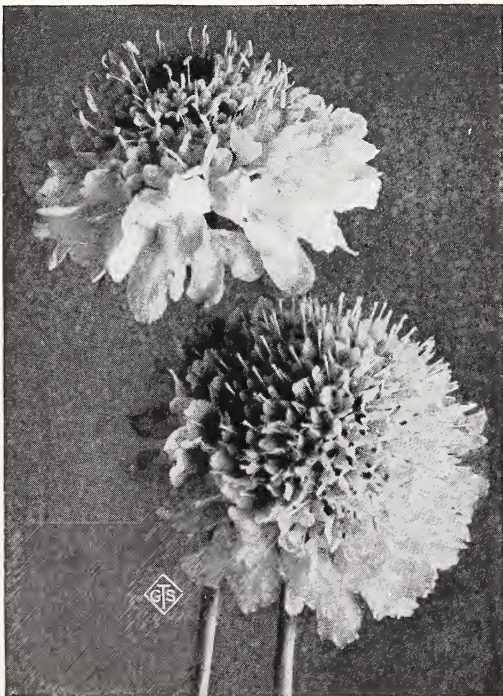
**atropurpurea maxima.** Very double; mixed. . . . . 77650 15

**Mixed, Tall.** Large flowers of bright colors. . . . . ¼oz. 30c. . 77660 5

**Mixed, Dwarf.** . . . . 77670 5

**Dwarf Japonica.** . . . . 77675 5

**SCHIZANTHUS.** Very beautiful and showy, hardy annuals, fine for beds and borders in the summer garden. Grown in pots in early spring in the greenhouse they become elegant foliage plants, with masses of flowers. ½ to 2 ft.



Scabiosa

**SCHIZANTHUS, continued**

**papilionaceus.** Purple, yellow, and crimson. . . . . 77750 5

**pinnatus, Mixed.** Floriferous . . . . . 77760 5

**retusus.** Red; splendid. . . . . 77770 5

“ **albus.** White, inside yellow; very fine. . . . . 77780 5

**wisetonensis.** Light shades; long and profuse blooming; fine pot-plant. . . . . 77810 25

“ **May Blossom.** Pale rose-pink and white. Free from any markings or darker tints. Dwarf, compact, pyramidal habit. . . . 77830 25

**Mixed.** . . . . 77840 5

**SEDUM** (Stoncrop). Showy and useful little plants for carpet bedding, edgings, rockwork, stone walls, etc. Will do well in any soil and dry situations. Pkt.

**acre.** Yellow. . . . . 77900 10

**cæruleum.** hA. Blue. 4 in. . . . . 77910 10

**SENECIO.** See Jacobæa.

**SENSITIVE PLANT.** See *Mimosa pudica*.

**SILENE** (Catchfly). Bright-colored and free-flowering hardy annuals, suitable for rockwork or garden beds and borders, blooming all summer; succeed finely in any light, loamy soil. 1 ft. Pkt.

**Armeria.** Red. . . . . 77960 5

“ **alba.** White. . . . . 77970 5

“ **Mixed.** . . . . 77975 5

**pendula.** Red. . . . . 77980 5

“ **alba.** White. . . . . 77985 5

“ **Double Rose.** . . . . 77990 5

“ **Bonnettii.** Dark purple; dark stems. . . . . 78010 5

“ **Mixed.** . . . . 78020 5

‡**SMILAX** (*Myrsiphyllum asparagoides*). A well-known greenhouse climber, with small, dark green foliage; of great value in floral work. 8 ft. . . . . 78050 10

**SNAPDRAGON** (*Antirrhinum*). The Snapdragon is one of our finest perennials, flowering the first year from seed. Its bright-colored, curiously formed flowers always excite interest. The rich spikes are beautiful for cutting, and keep fresh a long time. Flower profusely through summer until frost. For early flowers, sow under glass in February or March, and transplant into beds of warm, dry soil moderately enriched. The Snapdragon is treated as an annual and the seed sown every year. Average height, 2 ft.

**TALL, LARGE-FLOWERING VARIETIES—**

**Blood-Red.** Fine color. . . . . 78170 10

**Delilah.** White and carmine. . . . . 78180 10

**Feltham Beauty.** Long spikes of enormous deep rose-pink blooms with white center. . . . . 78185 25

**Firefly.** Scarlet and white. . . . . 78190 10

**Galathee.** Crimson and white. . . . 78200 10

**Garnet.** . . . . 78204 10

**Nelrose.** Silvery pink; very long stems; fine for greenhouse. . . . . 78205 30

**Orange Beauty.** Very large-flowering, lovely orange-scarlet with gold tip. 78208 25

**Queen Victoria.** Pure white. . . . . 78210 10



**SNAPDRAGON, TALL, LARGE-FLOWERING, continued**

<b>Rose</b> .....	78215	Pkt. 10
<b>Scarlet</b> .....	78217	10
<b>Venus</b> . Delicate pink, with white throat.	78225	15
<b>White</b> . Beautiful for cutting.....	78230	10
<b>Yellow</b> . A pure, soft color.....	78240	10
<b>Large-flowered, Mixed</b> . Fine.....		
¼oz. 30c., oz. \$1.	78270	10

**SEMI-DWARF VARIETIES.** Plants of this section make excellent bedders, as they bloom extra profusely and are only about 15 inches high.

<b>Black Prince</b> . Nearly black.....	78310	Pkt. 10
<b>Bonfire</b> . Lovely orange-pink.....	78320	15
<b>Cottage Maid</b> . Pale coral - pink, white throat.....	78330	15
<b>Crimson King</b> . Bright crimson; a deeper color than Scarlet King.....	78340	15
<b>Fawn</b> . Terra-cotta-pink and pale yellow; extra fine.....	78343	25
<b>Golden Beauty</b> . Large, sturdy spikes; rich golden yellow.....	78345	25
<b>Mauve Beauty</b> . Lovely rose-mauve.....	78355	25
<b>Queen of the North</b> . Pure white; small-leaved.....	78360	10
<b>Rose Dore</b> . Pretty, self-colored salmon-rose.....	78370	25
<b>Rose Queen</b> . Rich rose.....	78375	25
<b>Scarlet King</b> . Brilliant scarlet; tall spikes of flowers.....	78380	15
<b>Fine Semi-Dwarf Mixed</b> .....	78400	10

**Collection of Snapdragons, including—**  
six varieties Finest Tall..... 78450 30

**SOLANUM.** gP. The Solanums are very ornamental, fruit-bearing plants, and thrive best in light, rich soil. Fine for winter decoration in the house or conservatory, and especially desirable for the Christmas season. If used in summer garden, give very warm situation. 1 to 3 ft. Pkt.

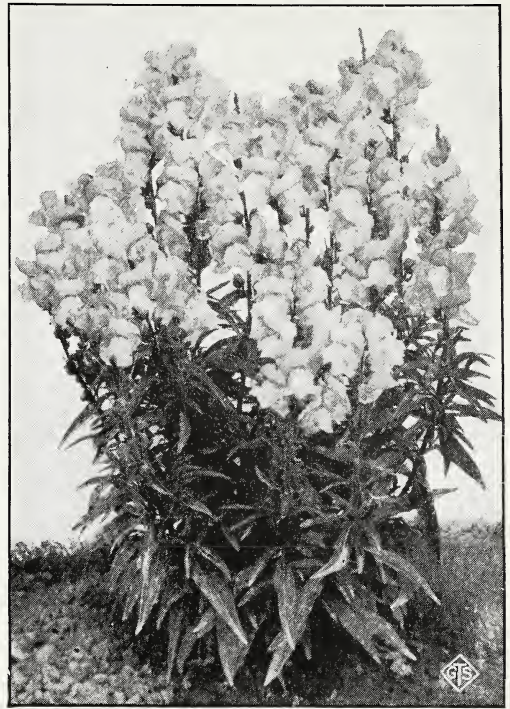
<b>Capsicastrum</b> (Jerusalem Cherry). Scarlet, globular berries; fine for pots. 1 to 1½ ft.....	78480	10
<b>giganteum</b> . Small, round, red berries; large, handsome variety.....	78490	10
<b>Seafortianum</b> . Beautiful climber; egg-shaped, yellowish red fruit. Very attractive and showy. 8 ft.....	78510	10
<b>Warszewiczii</b> . Pale yellow fruit; smooth and shining; handsome sort.....	78520	10

**STACHYS lanata** (Lamb's Ears). Ornamental hardy perennial, with silvery white, woolly leaves; used for edgings and borders; easily grown. 1½ ft..... 78600 5

**STATICE** (Sea Lavender). Pretty plants for the summer garden in beds or borders; good for rockwork also; much valued when dried as Everlastings for winter bouquets. 1 to 2 ft. Pkt.

<b>Bonduellii</b> . hA. Golden yellow.....	78630	5
<b>sinuata</b> . hA. Blue; very fine.....	78640	5
" <b>candidissima</b> . hA. White; fine for edging.....	78650	5
" <b>candidissima Mixed</b> .....	78655	5
<b>incana hybrida nana</b> . hP. Dwarf; mixed colors.....	78670	5
<b>pseudo armeria</b> . hP. Mixed.....	78685	5

**STEVIA serrata.** †gP. Greenhouse perennial; bears very elegant sprays of tiny white, fragrant flowers which are splendid for cutting. 2 ft..... 78740 10



Snapdragon

**STOCKS (Matthiola).** Stocks have good habit, fine leaves, beautiful and fragrant flowers, a long season of bloom and adaptability to many conditions of culture. They are unsurpassed for bedding, edging, pot-culture and for cutting. For fine early flowers sow under glass in March or April, transplanting the seedlings when an inch high into other pots or boxes, or into fine soil spread over some discarded hotbed. In May transfer to garden beds of deep, rich soil, setting the plants a foot apart. Transplanting several times in the early stages of growth tends to make them more dwarf and compact. For later flowers sowings may be made in the open ground in May. If plants that begin to bloom late are carefully potted in fall they will flower finely all winter in a house that is tolerably cool and moist. Average height, 1 to 1½ ft.

**TEN WEEKS.** Half-hardy annuals. Pkt.

<b>LARGE-FLOWERING DWARF PYRAMIDAL, Finest Mixture</b> .....	78840	25
<b>DWARF LARGE-FLOWERING.</b> Long, splendid spikes; large, double flowers.		
<b>Bright Red</b> .....	78870	10
<b>Blood-Red.</b> Very rich.....	78880	10
<b>Carminé</b> .....	78890	10
<b>Crimson</b> .....	78900	10
<b>Dark Blue.</b> Beautiful.....	78910	10
<b>Light Blue.</b> Exquisite.....	78930	10
<b>Rose.</b> Very dainty, light color ..	78940	10
<b>Snow-White</b> .....	78950	10
<b>Violet</b> .....	78960	10
<b>Mixed</b> .....	78980	10

**DRESDEN PERPETUAL OR BRANCHING—**  
**Cut-and-Come-Again, Princess Alice, White.** Large spikes; popular variety for cutting..... 79000 25  
**Snow White**..... 79005 25





Potted Stock for winter flowering

- STOCKS, DRESDEN PERPETUAL, continued** Pkt.
- Cut - and - Come - Again, Empress Augusta Victoria.** Delicate silvery lilac flowers in magnificent trusses; of true pyramidal growth. 2 feet.. 79010 25
  - Brilliant.** Blood-red..... 79015 25
  - Creole.** Canary-yellow..... 79017 25
  - May Queen.** Pale blue..... 79018 25
  - Mixed**..... 79020 25

**AUTUMN AND LATE-FLOWERING—**

**WINTER, OR BROMPTON LARGE-FLOWERING—**

- Empress Elizabeth.** Bright rose. 79275 25
- White Lady**..... 79290 25

**WINTER "NICE" VARIETIES, LARGE-FLOW'G—**

- Abundance.** Carmine-rose..... 79310 25
- Almond Blossom.** White shaded carmine..... 79315 25
- Beauty of Nice.** Flesh-color; extra-large flowers..... 79320 25
- Cote d'Azure.** Violet-blue..... 79325 25
- Monte Carlo.** Pure yellow..... 79330 25
- Crimson**..... 79335 25
- Pure White**..... 79340 25
- Summer Night.** Rich deep blue. 79345 25
- Queen Alexandra.** Rosy lilac... 79350 25
- Mixed**..... 79370 25

**STOKESIA** (Cornflower Aster). This popular hardy perennial bears, all summer, large, attractive flowers resembling semi-double asters; fine for cut-flowers. 2 ft. Pkt.

- cyanea.** Lavender-blue; handsome... 79610 10
- Mixed**..... 79630 10

**STONECROP.** See Sedum.

**SUMMER CYPRESS.** See *Kochia trichophylla*.

**SUNFLOWER** (*Helianthus*). Very stately and decorative hardy annuals, with great masses of yellow flowers. Among shrubbery, and for backgrounds and screens, nothing could be finer. Their long stems and wonderful lasting qualities make them valuable as cut-flowers, and the seed is used for feeding birds. They are said to be good for absorbing the miasma of low grounds. Plant the seed in the open garden in spring, and thin the plants to stand 3 to 4 feet apart.

- argyrophyllus** (Texas Silver Queen). Has Pkt. handsome silvery foliage and a profusion of small, elegant, single flowers. 4 ft.. 79670 5
- cucumerifolius.** Of pyramidal growth; small, bright orange, single flowers. 3 ft..... 79680 5
- " **Stella.** Handsome; large-flowered; primrose-yellow..... 79700 10
- " **hybridus, Finest Mixed.** All shades and colors 79715 10
- " **Single, Fine Mixed**..... 79730 10
- Double California.** Dark yellow. 5 ft. 79740 5
- " **Dwarf.** Beautiful, dahlia-like flowers, 3 inches across..... 79750 5
- " **Dwarf Variegated-leaved.** Foliage spotted with yellow; flowers bright yellow. Very fine..... 79760 5
- " **Globe - flowered.** Ball - shaped; blooms late. 3 ft..... 79770 5
- " **Chrysanthemum-flowered.** 79785 5
- macrophyllus giganteus.** Huge leaves and yellow flowers..... 79800 5
- Primrose-colored.** Graceful flowers of a lovely color; beautiful for cutting. 5 ft..... 79810 5
- Sutton's New Red.** Of freely branching habit, producing numerous well-shaped, dark-centered, brilliant flowers, banded with bright chestnut-red, merging to yellow at tips of the petals..... 79815 10

**SWEET PEAS** (*Lathyrus odoratus*). See pages 66 to 68.

**SWEET SULTAN.** See *Centaurea moschata*.



Sweet William (see page 105)



**SWEET WILLIAM** (*Dianthus barbatus*). The splendid old-fashioned hardy perennial, producing large heads of beautifully colored, sweet-scented flowers in abundance; easily grown, flowering the second year from seed. 1½ ft. Pkt.

- Single Auricula-flowered oculus marginatus** (Hunt's Perfection). Various shades, with white eye and white bordered.....79920 5
- " **Pink Beauty (roseus)**. Rosy chamois.....79940 15
- " **Scarlet Beauty**. Brilliant scarlet; very fine.....79950 15
- " **White**.....79960 5
- " **Mixed**...¼oz. 20c., oz. 50c.....79970 5
- Double Crimson**.....79990 10
- " **White**.....80000 10
- " **Mixed**.....80010 10
- Giant Double and Single Mixed**..... ¼oz. 30c., oz. \$1.....80020 10
- Annual, Finest Mixed**.....80030 15

**TAGETES**. hA. Pretty, dwarf-growing, single-flowering Marigolds; fine for beds and especially so for edgings. Pkt.

- lucida**. Yellow; fragrant; good for cutting. 1 ft.....80090 10
  - signata pumila**. Bright golden yellow; bushy habit; fine for edgings. 8 in.....80100 10
- See, also, Marigolds.

**TASSEL FLOWER**. See *Cacalia*.

**TECOMA Smithii**. gP. Splendid greenhouse shrub; winter-blooming; fine for pots; large heads of innumerable flowers, lemon with orange. 6 ft.....80130 25

†**THUNBERGIA alata, Mixed**. A very pretty rapidly growing, tender perennial climber that is usually grown as an annual. Prized for window-boxes, vases, hanging-baskets, trellises, etc. 6 ft.....80160 10

**TOAD FLAX**. See *Linaria*.

**TORENIA**. Beautiful tender annuals that, started early in the spring in heat, will bloom continuously all summer until frost; fine for vases, baskets, and the summer garden. 10 in. Pkt.

- Fournieri**. Sky-blue, with purple spots and yellow throat.....80190 25
- " **alba, "White Wings"**. Pure white with yellow throat.....80200 25
- " **Fine Mixed**. Very choice.....80210 25

†**TRACHELIUM cæruleum**. hhP. An attractive late-flowering perennial suited to culture as an annual; pale blue flowers; good in garden or greenhouse. 1 ft.....80240 10

**TRITOMA** (Red-Hot-Poker Plant). This splendid half-hardy perennial is also well known as Torch Lily; has gorgeous spikes of bloom; easily grown; should be largely planted. Fine in late summer and fall. Pkt.

**Uvaria grandiflora**. Fiery orange flower-spikes; large and showy. 3 to 4 ft.....80330 10

**TROLLIUS, Mixed Hybrids** (Globe Flower). Desirable hardy perennial with large, buttercup-like blossoms; free-flowering through the early summer; do well in any soil. Flowers vary from pale yellow to deep gold, bordering on vermilion. 1½ to 2 ft.....80360 10

**TROPÆOLUM**. See *Nasturtium*.



Mammoth Verbena (see page 106)

**TROPÆOLUM canariense**. See Canary-Bird Flower.

†**VALERIANA** (Valerian). Very handsome hardy perennials that have been too much neglected; bloom all summer. Fine for borders, wild gardens and rockwork; of easiest culture. 2 ft. Pkt.

- alba**. White.....80460 5
- rubra**. Red.....80470 5
- Mixed**.....80480 5

**VENUS' LOOKING GLASS** (*Specularia*). A pretty little hardy annual, blooming profusely in spring and summer, and desirable for edging flower-beds and borders; of easy culture. 9 in. Pkt.

- Blue**.....80530 5
- White**.....80550 5
- Mixed**.....80560 5

**VENUS' NAVELWORT** (*Cynoglossum linifolium*). An elegant hardy annual for beds or edgings; of easiest culture; glaucous green leaves and white flowers; blooms all summer. 10 in.....80590 15

**VERBASCUM pannosum**. A stately and decorative hardy perennial, with large, white, woolly leaves and splendid spikes of sulphur-yellow flowers; fine for backgrounds. 4 to 5 ft.....80610 10

**VERBENA**. hhA. In rich soil, single plants of this pretty annual creeper will carpet a space 3 to 4 feet in diameter. For beds, borders, mounds, windowboxes, etc., it is particularly fine, and is frequently used as an undergrowth to tall plants like lilies. Plants raised from seed are cheaper, more vigorous and produce more flowers than those grown from cuttings. For early spring bloom, sow under glass in February; for later flowers sow in March or April.

**VERBENA** continued

Soak the seed a few hours in tepid water and sow in boxes filled with light, rich soil; cover  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch deep, press down firmly and water sparingly. When the seedlings are about an inch high, transplant into other boxes. Use a liberal amount of manure in the beds, and set out 10 to 15 inches apart each way in May in a sunny situation. The plants bloom from early summer until frost.

**hybrida Mammoth Varieties.** Plants and flowers are unusually large; extremely floriferous, and borne in large heads. Pkt.

- " **Blue**.....80752 15
- " **Pink**.....80754 15
- " **Scarlet Defiance**.....80756 15
- " **Striped**.....80757 15
- " **White**.....80758 15
- " **Yellow (lutea)**.....80759 15
- " **Mixed**.....80760 10
- " **gigantea, Mixed.** Florets very large. See, also, Novelties. 80762 25
- " **Improved Mammoth, Mixed Auricula-flowered.** Best of all. 80770 25

**citriodora** (Lemon-scented Verbena). An attractive greenhouse shrub, grown for the delightful citron scent of its light green leaves.....80840 10

**VERONICA** (Speedwell), **Mixed Perennial Species.** Splendid, hardy border plants of the easiest culture; bear bright-colored flowers all summer. 1 to 2 ft.....80890 10

†**VINCA** (Madagascar Periwinkle). tP. Hand-some, bushy bedding plants that flower luxuriantly and most profusely all summer from seed sown in February or March in heat; fine also for pot-culture. 1 to 1½ ft. Pkt.

- rosea.** Red.....80940 10
- " **alba.** White, with rose center; dainty flowers.....80950 10
- " **alba pura.** Pure white; makes brilliant contrast with the dark green, shining foliage.....80960 10
- " **Choice Mixed**.....80970 10

**delicata.** Soft delicate shade of pink; very desirable for rockery and shrubby borders; the plants are quite hardy..80980 15

**VIOLET, Sweet-scented** (*Viola odorata*). hP. Much prized for spring blooming. All the varieties have great beauty, are very fragrant and quite hardy. 6 in. Violet seed takes a long time to germinate. Pkt.

- Blue**.....81000 10
- The Czar.** Very large; dark blue....81010 10
- White**.....81020 10

†**VIOLA cornuta** (Tufted Pansies). hhP. Splendid free-blooming plants for partially shaded situations; with a little winter protection will be permanent for years; bloom continually all the season until frost. 6 in. Pkt.

- cornuta, Purple Queen**.....81040 10
- " **Mauve Queen**.....81050 10
- " **White Perfection**.....81060 10
- " **Mixed**.....81065 10

**pedunculata** (California Yellow Violet)....81070 25

**VIRGINIAN STOCK** (*Malcomia maritima*). Early and very free-flowering, dwarf, hardy annuals of easy culture; bright blossoms; most effective for edgings or beds. 1 ft. Pkt.

- Crimson King.** Very fine.....81100 5
- Red**.....81110 5
- White**.....81120 5
- Mixed**.....81130 5

**VISCARIA.** Abundant-blooming, hardy annuals, flowering all summer until frost; very effective for massing in beds and borders; easily grown. 1 ft. Pkt.

- elegans picta.** Rose and scarlet.....81150 5
- oculata.** Rose.....81160 5
- " **alba.** White.....81170 5
- " **candida.** Pure white; fine. 81180 10
- " **cærulea.** Sky-blue, dark center. . 81190 5
- " **Mixed.** Bright colors.....81200 5

**WALLFLOWER** (*Cheiranthus Cheiri*). Well-known, half-hardy perennials of delightful fragrance, bearing in spring and early summer long spikes of bright flowers. Start the seed early in the season in heat, protect by coldframes during the following winter and plant out for bedding in spring. Fine also for blooming in greenhouse. 2 ft.

**Single-Flowering Varieties—** Pkt.

- Dark Blood-Red**.....81230 10
- Eastern Queen.** Very distinct shade—bright chamois, changing to salmon-red.....81240 10
- Feltham Early.** Large; brown-red; fine. . 81250 10
- Golden King.** Very large, golden yellow flower.....81260 10
- Rose Queen.** A lovely terra-cotta pink. . 81270 10
- Ruby Gem.** Very rich ruby color. . 81280 10
- Vesuvius.** New. Orange, scarlet and bronze.....81285 25
- White Dame.** Large, creamy white flowers of dwarf, compact habit. . 81290 10
- Fine Mixed.** Very showy mixture. 81320 5

**Annual, Mixed.** This annual or extra-early flowering strain, if started early in heat, will bloom the same season. 1 to 1½ ft. 81340 15

**Early Paris Market.** Golden yellow.81350 15

**Double-Flowering Varieties—**

**Double, Tall Branching, Mixed.** 2 ft... 81370 25

**WHITLAVIA.** Easily grown, hardy annuals of compact habit; excellent for beds or borders; bears in profusion all the season pretty, bell-shaped flowers. 1 ft. Pkt.

- gloxinioides.** Blue, with white throat.81480 10
- grandiflora.** Blue.....81490 5
- " **alba.** White.....81500 5

\***WIGANDIA.** hhP. Imposing decorative plants with very large and beautifully veined leaves; prized for subtropical gardening and groups on lawns. Start the seeds very early in the season in heat to produce good plants for summer beds. 6 ft. Pkt.

- caracasana.** Grand foliage.....81530 10
- Vigieri.** Very large-leaved.....81540 10



**XERANTHEMUM.** This well-known, hardy annual is one of the oldest and prettiest of the Everlasting flowers, and in winter bouquets retain their color and form for years. Fine for beds and borders; in bloom all the season until frost. 1½ to 2 ft. Pkt.

- Double Purple**..... 81570 10
- “ **Rose**..... 81580 10
- “ **White**..... 81590 10
- “ **Mixed**..... 81600 10

**YUCCA filamentosa** (Adam’s Needle). One of the best summer ornamental, hardy perennial plants, when both foliage and bloom are considered; elegant spikes of creamy white, fragrant flowers; broad, sword-like leaves. 5 to 6 ft..... 81650 10

**gloriosa**..... 81660 10

**ZINNIA (Youth and Old Age).** Few flowers are so easily grown from seed or bloom so abundantly and continuously as this hardy annual. Sow the seed in the open ground early in spring. From July until the first hard frost Zinnias are incomparably bright; the plants grow a foot or more in height and are covered with large, double flowers. Fine for beds and borders; in fact, in any location.

- NEW VARIETIES OF ZINNIAS—** Pkt.
- Double Giant Buttercup.** Deep buttercup color..... 81662 25
  - Dahlia-flowered.** New. Very fine mixture. See Novelties..... 81665 25
  - Victory** (Quilled type), **Choice Mixed Colors**..... 81667 25
  - Double Giant Picotee, Golden Pheasant.** Deep gold ground, with tips maroon..... 81668 25
  - Double Giant Picotee, Choice Mixed Colors**..... 81669 25

- TALL MAMMOTH FLOWERING DOUBLE.**  
A distinct and splendid class, producing extra-large double blooms. 2½ ft. Pkt.
- Crimson**..... 81680 15
  - Flesh-Color**..... 81690 15
  - Orange**..... 81693 15
  - Salmon-Pink.** New..... 81694 15
  - Scarlet**..... 81695 15
  - Sulphur-Yellow**..... 81700 15
  - Flesh Shades**..... 81705 15
  - Violet**..... 81710 15
  - Purple**..... 81715 15
  - White**..... 81720 15
  - Mixed**..... 81730 15
  - Special Mixture from Trial-grounds**..... 81735 15
  - Collection of six varieties**..... 81740 60

- TALL DOUBLE.** For borders and groups; 2 ft. Pkt.
- Crimson**..... 81770 10
  - Flesh-Color**..... 81780 10
  - Lilac**..... 81790 10
  - Pink**..... 81795 10
  - Purple**..... 81800 10
  - Rose**..... 81810 10
  - Scarlet**..... 81820 10
  - Striped**..... 81830 10
  - Violet**..... 81835 10
  - White**..... 81840 10
  - Sulphur-Yellow**..... 81850 10
  - Golden Yellow**..... 81860 10
  - Mixed**..... 81890 10
  - Curled and Crested, Mixed**..... 81900 10
  - Mixed, Extra-selected**..... 81910 10



Mammoth Flowered Zinnia

- DWARF DOUBLE.** More compact and of neater habit than the tall varieties. 15 in. Pkt.
- Bright Scarlet**..... 81940 10
  - Canary**..... 81945 10
  - Crimson**..... 81950 10
  - gracillima (Red Riding-Hood)**... 81958 10
  - Dark Scarlet**..... 81965 10
  - Salmon**..... 81970 10
  - Flesh-Pink**..... 81975 10
  - White “Snowball”**..... 81980 10
  - Golden Yellow**..... 81990 10
  - Mixed**..... 82020 5
  - Lilliput, Mixed**..... 82070 10
  - Mixed Pompon**..... 82090 10
  - Haageana, Double Mixed.** 1½ ft... 82110 10
  - Curled and Crested, Mixed.** 2 ft... 82130 10

**MIXED ANNUAL FLOWER SEEDS**

Bright colored, summer-flowering, easily-grown hardy annuals in great variety; sow broadcast. Oz.

- Mixed Tall**..... 82300 25
- Mixed Annual Japanese, or Paradise Mixture.** A fine mixture of over 50 intermediate annuals in splendid diversity of colors, especially suited for small gardens; composed of early flowering and late varieties; flowers all summer..... 82345 25

**MIXED PERENNIAL FLOWER SEEDS**

**Beautiful Mixture of Hardy Perennials,** containing many choice varieties..... 82350 30

For Choice Collections of Flower Seeds, see page 62

## PALM SEEDS

	100 seeds	100 seeds	100 seeds
<b>Areca lutescens</b> .....	10 seeds, \$0 20	\$1 50	
<b>rubra</b> .....	10 " "	20 1 50	
<b>Brahea robusta</b> (Washing- tonia).....	20 " "	20 50	
<b>filamentosa</b> .....	20 " "	20 50	
<b>Chamærops elegans</b>			
<b>argentea</b> .....	20 " "	25 60	
<b>excelsa</b> .....	25 " "	25 50	
<b>Cocos australis</b> .....	20 " "	30 1 00	
<b>Bonnettii</b> .....	20 " "	30 1 00	
<b>campestris</b> .....	15 " "	25 1 00	
<b>Weddelliana</b> .....	10 " "	40 3 00	
<b>Corypha</b> (Livistonia) aus- tralis (Cabbage Palm).....	20 " "	50 1 50	
<b>Dracæna indivisa</b> .....	\$0 15 Pkt.	\$0 75 Oz.	
<b>Erythea armata</b> (Blue Palm). The tall, slender Palm from Lower Cali- fornia. 40 ft. high.....	15 " "	\$0 60 \$3 00	
<b>Kentia Belmoreana</b> .....	15 seeds, \$0 50	\$3 00	
<b>Canterburyana</b> (Umbrella Palm).....	15 " "	80 5 00	
<b>Forsteriana</b> .....	15 " "	50 3 00	
<b>Latania borbonica</b> .....			
oz. 15c., lb. \$1..			
<b>Musa Ensete</b> (Abyssinian Banana).....	15 " "	35 2 00	
<b>Oreodoxa regia</b> .....	15 " "	25 1 00	
<b>Pandanus utilis</b> (Screw Pine).....	10 " "	25 1 50	
<b>Phoenix canariensis</b> .....	50 " "	35 50	
<b>dactylifera</b> (Date Palm).....	50 " "	35 50	
<b>reclinata</b> .....	25 " "	20 50	
<b>rupicola</b> .....	15 " "	30 1 50	
<b>tenuis</b> .....	50 " "	35 50	
<b>Seaforthia elegans</b> .....	10 " "	25 1 50	

## ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

The Ornamental Grasses are very attractive to use in mixed flower-beds or borders, and for grouping by themselves give fine effects. Many of them, if cut before they are entirely ripe, will be found very useful, when dried, in the formation of winter bouquets, in connection with the "Everlastings."

Put up in packets and ounces only

* <b>AGROSTIS</b> (Cloud Grass). hA. Very fine for vases and bouquets.			
<b>nebulosa</b> . Very delicate and graceful. Pkt.			
18 in.....	82600	10	
<b>pulchella</b> . Good for bouquets. 1 ft..	82610	10	
* <b>ARUNDO Donax</b> (Great Reed). hP. Well adapted for large clumps; stately and ornamental. 10 ft. ....	82650	10	
<b>foliis variegatis</b> . Green leaves, striped with white.....	82660	10	
<b>AVENA sterilis</b> (Animated Oats). hA. Drooping, curious and very graceful. 2 ft..	82680	10	
<b>BRIZA</b> (Quaking Grass). hA. Well-known, graceful species; fine for bouquets. 1 to 1½ ft.			
<b>gracilis</b> .....	82720	10	
<b>maxima</b> .....	82730	10	
<b>BRIZOPYRUM siculum</b> . hA. Dwarf Spike Grass. Fine for edgings. 10 in. ....	82750	10	
<b>BROMUS</b> . hA. Fine varieties for large winter bouquets. 2 to 2½ ft.			
<b>brizæformis</b> .....	82770	10	
<b>madritensis</b> . Very fine for dyeing....	82790	10	
<b>CHRYSURUS cynosuroides</b> . hA. Pretty for edgings; silky plumes that become golden as they mature. 10 in.....	82840	10	
<b>COIX Lacrymæ</b> (Job's Tears). hA. Seed resembles a tear-drop; fine for massing. 2 to 3 ft. ....oz. 15c., lb. \$1.50.	82860	10	
<b>ERAGROSTIS</b> . hA. Pretty Grasses growing a foot or more high, and characterized by their beautiful dancing spikelets; all are handsome for bouquets			
<b>elegans</b> (Love Grass). 1 ft.....	82980	10	
<b>maxima</b> . 2 ft.....	82990	10	
†* <b>ERIANTHUS Ravennæ</b> (Plume Grass). hP. Very stately and ornamental, fine, silvery plumes, splendid in lawn groups. Resembles closely the Pampas Grass. 6 to 8 ft.....	83010	10	
* <b>EULALIA</b> . hP. Among the most beautiful of the tall-growing Grasses. 4 to 6 ft.			
<b>japonica</b> . Long, dark green leaves; fine for groups.....	83030	10	
* <b>Eulalia japonica zerbina</b> (Zebra Grass). The Pkt. dark green leaves are barred with creamy white; variegations run across foliage.	83040	10	
<b>GYMNOTHRIX</b> . Curious and ornamental, single specimens are of striking effect. 3 ft.			
<b>japonica</b> . hA. Long narrow leaves; bears cylindrical spikes.....	83130	10	
<b>latifolia</b> . hP. Very ornamental; bears nodding spikes.....	83140	10	
* <b>GYNERIUM</b> (Pampas Grass). hhP. Noblest of the tall-growing, ornamental Grasses. Bears magnificent plumes; needs protection in winter. 4 to 6 ft.			
<b>argenteum</b> . Long, silvery white plumes; splendid.....	83160	10	
" <b>roseum</b> . Rose-colored plumes.....	83170	10	
<b>HORDEUM jubatum</b> (Squirrel-tail Grass) hA. Bushy panicles; very effective for bouquets. 1½ to 2 ft.....	83210	10	
<b>JOB'S TEARS</b> . See <i>Coix Lacrymæ</i> .			
<b>LAGURUS ovatus</b> (Hare's-tail Grass). hA. Small, silvery gray plumes; good in dried bouquets. 1 ft.....	83270	10	
<b>PENNISSETUM</b> . hA. Very ornamental; fine for groups and bouquets.			
<b>longistylum (villosum)</b> . Graceful, greenish white plumes; good in beds. 2 ft.	83370	10	
<b>Ruppelianum</b> . Violet-purple plumes; fine for edging beds of tall plants like cannas. 2 to 3 ft.....	83380	10	
* <b>STIPA</b> . hP. Popular and graceful species; splendid for bouquets. 2 ft.			
<b>elegantissima</b> . Very pretty plumes. .	83460	10	
<b>pennata</b> (Feather Grass). Delicate, silvery white feathery plumes; a favorite sort. .	83470	10	
<b>ZEA japonica, striped, Improved</b> . . .	83560	10	
" <b>japonica gigantea quadricolor</b> . . .	83570	10	
<b>Collection of 12 varieties of Ornamental Grasses</b> .....	83590	60	



# GLADIOLI

All extra-selected, large corms, no second size

If to be sent by mail, add postage at zone rates. Weight per 10, 1 lb.; 100, 8 lbs.

Gladioli are very easily grown. Any good soil suits them. Plant the corms as soon as all danger from frost is past, about 3 inches deep and 7 or 8 inches apart. By planting at intervals up to July 1, these fine flowers can be had in bloom all through the summer and fall, the later flowers being the best. About the end of October, when the leaves begin to wither, the corms should be taken up, dried in the open air, and then stored in a dry place, free from frost, for planting next spring. It is a mistake to plant Gladioli without some suitable subject to hide the surrounding soil; to do this we suggest planting lower-growing plants, such as *Saponaria calabrica*, *Nigella Miss Jekyll*, *Violas*, and *Dwarf Godetias*. Those marked with an asterisk (\*) are used extensively for forcing.

## Thorburn's Extra-Fine Mixed Hybrids

Containing only finest named sorts in a wide range of colors and markings. 50 cts. for 10, \$4.50 per 100, \$40 per 1,000.

**SUPERB SPECIAL MIXTURE.** (From our trial-grounds.) We offer a superb mixture of Hybrid Gladioli, including, among others, *America*, *Mrs. King*, *Norma de Childs*, *Niagara*, *Peace*, *Mrs. Watt*, *Haley*, *Sulphur King*, *Independence*, *Blue Jay*, *Panama*, etc. 60 cts. for 10, \$5 per 100, \$45 per 1,000.



Thorburn's Extra-Fine Mixed Hybrid Gladioli

## Primulinus Hybrids

Hybrids of a South African species, with many related species and choice garden varieties. Extremely vigorous and healthy growers, blooming in July and August. Grow 3 to 5 feet high, with long spikes of richly colored blooms, varying in color from clear yellow to crimson, the latter with large, soft orange or golden throats. Selected grade, 50 cts. for 10, \$4 per 100, \$35 per 1,000.

## NOVELTIES—NEW NAMED GLADIOLI

**WHITE AMERICA.** White. The unopened buds are flesh-white in color, opening clear white, with slight marks of blue in throat. 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10, \$18 per 100.

**EVELYN KIRKLAND.** Rosy pink. The flowers are of strong substance and a beautiful shade of rosy pink, darker at the edges, fading to shell-pink at the center, with brilliant scarlet blotches on the lower petals, the entire flower showing a glistening sparkling lustre. Very tall spike; extra fine form and color. 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10, \$18 per 100.

**SULPHUR KING.** Yellow. This is by all odds the most valuable yellow variety ever introduced. It produces a very long spike of the clearest sulphur-yellow flowers yet seen in Gladioli. 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10, \$18 per 100.

**CONTRAST.** Scarlet. Flowers of great substance and a beautiful compact spike of perfect form, color intense scarlet, with large, distinct pure white center, which is neither tinted nor mottled. One of the most striking and beautiful Gladioli ever introduced. 40 cts. each, \$3.50 for 10, \$30 per 100.

## FINE SELECTED NAMED SORTS

\***America.** A beautiful flesh-pink, tinged with lavender. Vigorous, with large, spreading blossoms on spikes 2 to 3 feet long. Extra-large corms. \$40 per 1,000. \$0 50 \$4 50

**Attraction.** A deep, rich crimson, with a center that shows very prominently. 70 6 00

\***Augusta.** Pure white, with a lavender-tinted throat. A splendid sort. Extra large-sized corms. \$45 per 1,000. 60 5 00

**Baron Hulot.** (Lemoine.) Without a doubt the finest blue Gladiolus. It is a rich, deep shade of indigo-blue. \$0 75 \$7 00

\***Brenchleyensis.** A fine old vermilion-scarlet variety. Extra large-sized corms. 40 3 50

**Chicago White.** Earliest white, showing eight flowers open at one time. Blooms are of purest white with slight violet pencil-mark on lower petal. 70 6 00



**FINE SELECTED NAMED GLADIOLI, continued**

<b>Dawn.</b> Rose-pink; large flowers; tall spikes.....	10	100	\$1 75	\$16 00
<b>Empress of India.</b> Deep, velvety maroon.....	80	7 50		
<b>Europa.</b> Real pure snow-white. A magnificent spike.....	I 50	14 00		
<b>F. L. Oakley.</b> Bright scarlet-tinted salmon, with pure white center. A very fine show variety.....	50	4 50		
<b>Glory of Brightwood.</b> Scarlet, with lemon throat.....	75	7 00		
<b>Glory of Holland.</b> Very fine white, tinted rose.....	80	7 50		
<b>Golden West.</b> Orange-red, overlaid with gold; yellow blotch with red spots on lower petals; fine.....	I 10	10 00		
<b>Goliath.</b> Dark purple; very large flowers.....	I 60	15 00		
<b>Gretchen Zang.</b> Large flowers of beautiful salmon-pink.....	I 60	15 00		

<b>Halley.</b> Large flowers of a lovely salmon-pink, lower segments blotched yellow, with carmine markings. An excellent variety; early.....	10	100	\$0 50	\$4 50
<b>Independence.</b> Rich coral-pink, bright throat; heavy wax-like flowers.....	60	5 00		
<b>*Isaac Buchanan.</b> Very fine yellow; large flowers.....	90	8 50		
<b>Jessie.</b> (Lemoine.) Fine velvety red; long spike of flowers.....	75	7 00		
<b>Klondyke.</b> Light yellow, maroon blotches in throat.....	50	4 50		
<b>Kunderdi Glory.</b> Cream-buff with tint of pink, crimson stripe in center of each petal.....	I 10	10 00		
<b>Lamarck.</b> (Lemoine.) Salmon, with crimson and yellow spots.....	65	6 00		
<b>Lily Lehman.</b> Very fine pure white, frilled edge, slightly tinted rose; large flower.....	I 00	9 00		
<b>L'Immaculee.</b> Best commercial white variety; large substantial flowers.....	I 60	15 00		
<b>*May.</b> A lovely pure white, finely flaked rosy crimson.....	60	5 00		
<b>Mrs. Francis King.</b> Tall spike; large flowers; brilliant flame-pink.....	50	4 50		
<b>Mrs. Frank Pendleton.</b> (Kunderdi.) Very large, graceful blossoms of lovely, bright pink, with rich carmine blotches on the lower petals; very beautiful.....	90	8 50		
<b>Nezinscott.</b> Bright blood-scarlet, with deep velvety crimson blotches and white mottlings.....	75	7 00		
<b>Niagara.</b> Soft primrose-yellow, slightly tinged with rose-pink in throat.....	90	8 50		
<b>Panama.</b> Beautiful, deep rose self; large flowers; fine spike.....	90	8 50		
<b>Peace.</b> Large flower; white, with lilac blotch on lower petal.....	85	8 00		
<b>Pink Beauty.</b> Bright carmine-rose, with darker blotch on lower petals; early; fine cut-flower.....	I 00	9 00		
<b>*Pink Perfection.</b> Soft rosy pink, with white stripe in center of each petal; very beautiful.....	I 10	10 00		
<b>Portland.</b> Rosy red, penciled darker; mottled throat.....	90	8 50		
<b>Princes.</b> Glowing crimson, with white flakes on lower petals. Extra-large corms.....	I 10	10 00		
<b>Rosy Spray.</b> White, beautifully sprayed rose; large and fine.....	60	5 00		
<b>Schwaben.</b> Light yellow, deep red blotch.....	I 10	10 00		
<b>Scribe.</b> An enormous spike; flower tinted white, freely striped carmine.....	60	5 50		
<b>Spot.</b> White; freely spotted and mottled rose.....	75	7 00		
<b>Taconic.</b> Bright, lively pink, flecked and striped with shades of the same color.....	80	7 50		
<b>Victory.</b> Clear primrose-yellow; large, open flower.....	75	7 00		
<b>War.</b> Blood-red, shaded crimson-black.....	I 10	10 00		
<b>Willy Wigman.</b> Delicate rose-tinted cream, with large carmine-red blotch.....	50	4 50		



Augusta Gladioli



**VARIOUS MIXED GLADIOLI**

25 at 100 rate, 250 at 1,000 rate

<b>Mixed Red and Scarlet. A</b>	10	100	1,000
splendid assortment of fine quality, large flowers.....	\$0 45	\$4 00	\$35 00
<b>Mixed Extra White and Light Colors.</b> All extra-large blooms.	40	3 50	30 00
<b>Mixed Extra-Fine Striped and Variegated.</b> Pleasing to the eye in the broadest sense.....	45	4 00	35 00
<b>Mixed Pink and Rose.</b> Colors vary from the most delicate pink to gaudy rose. Every one a vigorous grower.....	40	3 50	32 00
<b>Mixed Yellow and Orange.</b> No color shows up more charmingly singly or in contrast with the more vivid shades. . .	55	5 00	45 00

<b>Mixed Groff's Hybrids.</b> This mixture is the well-known and distinct race resembling the Lemoine Hybrids, but showing greater diversity of colors in flowers.....	\$0 45	\$4 00	\$35 00
<b>Mixed Lemoine's.</b> Their remarkably bright, rich colors and odd orchid-like markings account, in a way, for their being popularly known as the Butterfly Gladioli. A desirable sort. Large-sized corms.....	45	4 00	35 00
<b>Mixed Childsii.</b> Grand flowers of large size and beautifully colored. Large-sized corms. . . .	50	4 50	40 00

**CANNAS, Dwarf, Large-Flowering French**

Not less than 5 of a kind at 10 rate, 25 at 100 rate. If wanted by mail, add 15 cts. per 10 for postage

Cannas do well in almost any kind of soil, but they well repay liberal treatment. For the best results they should be planted in good loam that has been well mixed with an abundant supply of well-rotted stable or other manure. The beds should be spaded 2 feet deep or more, and the soil well pulverized. Water should be applied abundantly at all times, but good drainage is essential.

Cannas are most effective when planted in masses, either alone or in combination with salvia (scarlet sage) and bordered with coleus or other dwarf-growing bedding plants. They are also frequently used with some of the tall-growing ornamental grasses, with which striking combinations can often be secured. They do best in sunny situations, and should be set out about 2 feet apart each way.

ALL OF THE FOLLOWING ARE DORMANT ROOTS

**GREEN-FOLIAGED CANNAS**

**PINK FLOWERING**

<b>City of Portland.</b> 3 to 4 ft. Each	10	100
Light salmon-pink.....	\$0 15	\$1 30 \$12 00
<b>Rosemawr.</b> Rosy pink with a throat of gold.....	15	1 10 10 00
<b>Uhlberg.</b> Soft rosy-carmine . . .	15	1 30 12 00
<b>Venus.</b> 4 ft. One of the prettiest Cannas in existence. Flowers gay rosy pink, with a well-defined border of creamy yellow. Blooms all the time.....	15	1 10 10 00

**RED FLOWERING**

<b>Louisiana.</b> A bright crimson-scarlet of the orchid-flowered type; grows 5 to 6 feet high, with immense spikes of bloom. Individual flower 5 inches across with correspondingly broad petals. Very showy in beds or as a center for dwarfier varieties. . .	15	1 10 10 00
<b>Meteor.</b> 4 ft. Large deep crimson flowers; blooms all summer.	15	1 20 11 00
<b>Pennsylvania.</b> 6 ft. Large orchid-flowering, scarlet, overlaid with orange.....	15	1 10 10 00
<b>Wintzer's Colossal.</b> 5 ft. Largest flowered; vivid scarlet . . .	15	1 30 12 00

**YELLOW FLOWERING**

<b>Austria.</b> 4 ft. Bright yellow, with crimson in the throat; orchid flowered.....	15	1 10 10 00
<b>Golden Gate.</b> Pure golden yellow, later richly rayed with orange-crimson.....	15	1 30 12 00
<b>Queen Helen.</b> 4 ft. Golden yellow flowers, blotched with red. .	15	1 30 12 00

**YELLOW-FLOWERING, continued**

<b>Richard Wallace.</b> 4 ft. Flow- ers large; color pure yellow. Fine for bedding.....	Each 10	100
	\$0 15	\$1 10 \$10 00

**VARIEGATED FLOWERING**

<b>Allemannia.</b> 5 ft. Orchid-flow- ering; bright scarlet, with broad yellow border, beautifully mottled and variegated.....	Each 10	100
	\$0 15	\$1 10 \$10 00
<b>Gladioflora.</b> 3½ ft. Gladiolus-like, crimson flower, edged with gold.....	15	1 20 11 00
<b>Mme. Crozy.</b> 3½ ft. Vermilion, with gold border; very pretty. .	15	1 10 10 00
<b>Panama.</b> 3 to 4 ft. Mottled orange-gold.....	15	1 10 10 00

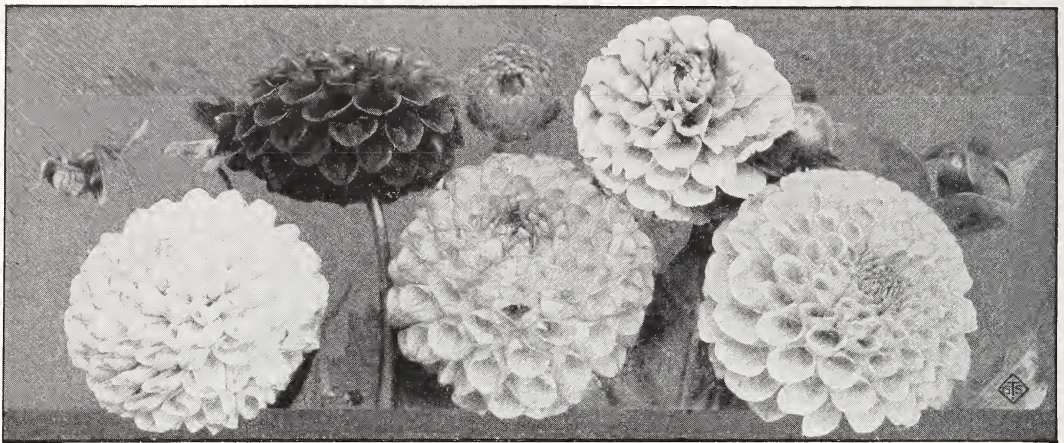
**WHITE FLOWERING**

<b>Eureka.</b> 4 to 5 ft. Finest white.	Each 10	100
	\$0 15	\$1 30 \$12 00

**BRONZE-FOLIAGED CANNAS**

**RED AND YELLOW FLOWERING**

<b>Brandywine.</b> 4 to 5 ft. Flowers red. Splendid for massing. .	Each 10	100
	\$0 15	\$1 10 \$10 00
<b>King Humbert.</b> 4 ft. Bears gigantic trusses of immense, brilliant orange-scarlet flowers, streaked with crimson. A massive grower of stately habit. .	15	1 30 12 00
<b>Shenandoah.</b> 4 ft. Flowers beautiful, rosy pink, borne in large clusters. Foliage is beautiful, being veined and tinted, having a tropical appearance.....	15	1 10 10 00
<b>Wyoming.</b> 7 ft. Immense umbels of massive orange flowers. Splendid bedder.....	15	1 10 10 00



## DAHLIAS

5 of a kind at 10 rate

If ordered to be sent by parcel post, add postage at zone rates. Weight per 10, 6 lbs. (including packing), for largest-size roots as offered below. Postage on single roots 5 cents each.

### NEW AND RARE VARIETIES

#### CACTUS TYPE

- CRYSTAL.** Clear soft pink of enormous size, with long, narrow, incurved petals and full center. Fine exhibition variety.....\$0 65 \$6 00
- FRANCIS WHITE.** A splendid new white Cactus of exquisite form and large size, on long stems. Color pure white, shading to sulphur-white at the center..... 50 4 50
- MME. ESCHENAUER.** An ideal Dahlia of exceptional merit. Color, yellow at base of petal, passing to creamy white, suffused and tipped pale lilac; delicate and chaste..... 65 6 00



Cactus Dahlia

#### DECORATIVE TYPE

- AYESHA.** A wonderfully handsome clear light yellow Dahlia that has attracted great attention. The flowers which are borne on long, stiff stems are of immense size and regular form, with large shell-like petals. Fine for show.....\$0 45 \$4 00
- MRS. C. H. BRECK.** A beautiful variety of the hybrid class. Soft yellow, suffused carmine. Very distinct and pleasing, making a very attractive display when in bloom. Should be in every Dahlia collection..... 50 4 50
- QUEEN MARY.** An improved variety with full rounded center; silvery shade of pink. Vigorous, upright branching grower, freely producing giant flowers on long stiff stems; retaining its true form until killed by frost..... 50 4 50

#### PEONY-FLOWERED TYPE

- MRS. WM. KERR.** One of the very handsomest flowers. Very large, of beautiful twisted irregular formation, and a most exquisite coloring. Rich cream, suffused pink and overlaid bright carmine; the blending of shades and twists is most attractive and pleasing. Vigorous; early and free bloomer.....\$0 75 \$7 00
- QUEEN ELIZABETH.** A new Peony Dahlia that has been heretofore grown exclusively for cut-flowers. The color is a most vivid lavender-cerise. The flowers are very large—7 to 9 inches across—and are produced freely on long, erect stems. A strong, vigorous grower ..... 75 7 00



GENERAL LIST OF DAHLIAS

CACTUS TYPE

- Bridal Robe.** One of the best white Cactus Dahlias. Large, full flowers, of great substance and good keeping qualities. Flowers 6 to 8 inches across, with great depth; borne on long, rigid stems. A strong grower and continuous bloomer. . . . . \$0 45 \$4 00
- Excelsior.** Splendid for garden and exhibition; rich velvety maroon. . . . . 45 4 00
- Electric.** The color is rich, clear canary-yellow, each petal heavily tipped white. A strong and vigorous grower. . . . . 45 4 00
- General Buller.** Rich velvety maroon, tipped white. . . . . 20 1 75
- Kriemhilde.** Deep rosy pink with lighter center. A distinct and valuable variety as the flowers keep a long time after cutting. . . . . 20 1 75
- Marjorie Castleton.** The color is soft rosy pink, tinting lighter toward the center. It is a very rapid grower and keeps well after cutting. . . . . 20 1 75
- Queen of Hearts.** A beautiful pure white, with yellow at the base of petals. . . . . 25 2 00
- Reine Cayeux.** Rich, glowing red; early. A grand garden or cut-flower variety. . . . . 25 2 00
- T. G. Baker.** Very large, finely formed flowers on long, stiff stems; clear bright yellow. . . . . 25 2 00

DECORATIVE TYPE

- Dr. Tyrrell.** Color is a rich golden bronze, with bronzy red at base of petals, giving the flower that rich bronzy effect. The plant is a very sturdy, healthy grower, with dark, luxuriant foliage. . . . . \$0 45 \$4 00
- Jack Rose.** The best crimson for garden or cutting. . . . . 20 1 75
- John Wanamaker.** One of the most beautiful of all pink Dahlias, having a formation entirely its own, in its charming irregularity. Strong, vigorous, branching grower and the earliest, most constant, and profuse bloomer. . . . . 45 4 00
- Melody.** Color, clear canary-yellow tinting to creamy white at the tip. . . . . 20 1 75
- Minnie Burple.** The best red Dahlia in the world. Flowers are of large size, perfect form, and are produced on long, stiff stems. Color is a vivid vermilion-red. Should be in every collection. . . . . 25 2 00
- Mont Blanc.** A splendid large white with long, stiff stems. . . . . 45 4 00
- Progress.** Fancy; rosy lake, penciled crimson. . . . . 25 2 00

SHOW AND FANCY TYPE

- A. D. Livoni.** Clear bright pink; quilled petals. The best pink Show Dahlia. . . \$0 20 \$1 75
- Emily May.** Large; pure white; reliable. . . . . 20 1 75
- Penelope.** White, flaked rosy lake. . . . . 20 1 75
- Queen Victoria.** The finest pure yellow Show Dahlia in existence. Clear, pure canary-yellow, without shade or blemish from bud to old age. Free flowering. . . . . 20 1 75
- Red Hussar.** Dazzling cardinal-red; strong grower; free bloomer; long stems. . . . . 20 1 75
- White Swan.** Large; pure white; reliable. . . . . 20 1 75

POMPON TYPE

- Clarissa.** Pale primrose. . . . . Each 10 \$0 25 \$2 00
- Klein Domitea.** Bright golden terracotta. . . . . 25 2 00
- Madeline.** Primrose, edged rosy carmine. . . . . 25 2 00

PEONY-FLOWERED TYPE

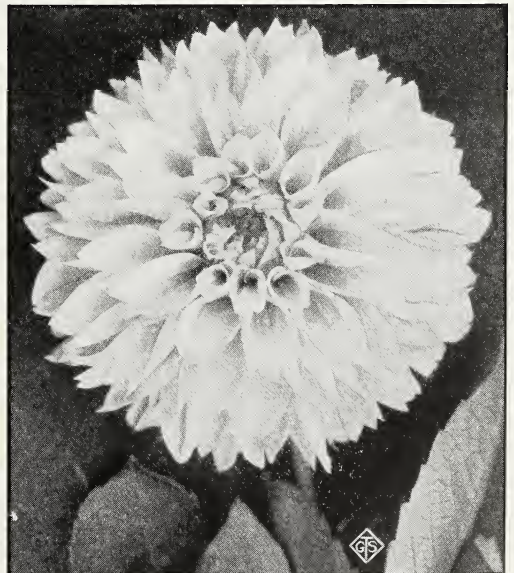
- F. R. Austin.** Outer petals very long, creamy yellow, suffused, banded, and shaded rich crimson; inner, yellow at base, tinting lighter, suffused pink and crimson. Vigorous grower; early and free bloomer. . . . . \$0 50 \$4 50
- Canary, Duplex Form.** Pure yellow, of very large size. An early, free, and continuous bloomer. . . . . 25 2 00
- Variegated Liszt.** Dark, oriental red, with yellow tips and markings. A fine variety where a bronzy effect is wanted. . . . . 20 1 75

CENTURY TYPE

- Cream.** Flowers a rich cream, of large size. The plants are 5 feet high and bloom early, profusely, and continuously until frost. . . . . 20 1 75
- Geisha.** The inner half of the petal is a rich yellow, the outer half is an intensely rich scarlet—the Geisha colors—hence the name. The giant flowers are of perfect form and borne on long, stiff stems. . . . . 20 1 75
- Rose-Pink.** Largest and best deep pink. Enormous flowers on long stems; sure and continuous bloomer. . . . . 20 1 75
- Wildfire.** Century size, with the brilliant scarlet of the old Wildfire. . . . . 20 1 75

MIXED DAHLIAS

- All Varieties and Colors** Each 10 100  
**Mixed.** . . . . . \$0 15 \$1 25 \$10 00



Decorative Dahlia

# PEONIES

*If to be sent by mail, add postage at zone rates*

Double Peonies are too well known to require description. Their present popularity is due to the great improvement in them in recent years, their easy culture, the handsome appearance of the plant, and the brilliant and striking effect of their massive, finely formed and richly colored flowers. The attention given to them in Europe and in America has resulted in the production of many notably fine new varieties. Among hardy, herbaceous perennials, the Chinese Peonies rank about first for lawn or flower-border, or shrubbery decoration.

Our assortment includes some of the best and most distinct sorts, new and old. *There are many kinds, including varieties showing but trifling variations, which we omit.*



Herbaceous Peony

## HERBACEOUS CHINESE PEONIES

Mailing rate, 1 lb. each

<b>Couronne d'Or.</b> White, center petals tipped with carmine.....	Each	10	
<b>Dorchester.</b> Delicate pink, late.....	\$0 80	\$7 50	
<b>Duchesse de Nemours.</b> (Calot.) Sulphury white.....	40	3 50	
<b>Edulis superba.</b> Color a beautiful bright, clear pink, with silvery reflex.....	50	4 50	
<b>Eugene Verdier.</b> Pink and salmon.....	50	4 50	
<b>Festiva maxima.</b> White.....	80	7 50	
<b>Mme. Crousse.</b> White, with faint crimson markings.....	45	4 00	
<b>Mme. Lemoine.</b> Full, double, white, creamy center; splendid flower.....	80	7 50	
<b>Mlle. Leonie Calot.</b> Delicate shell-pink, center dark.....	80	7 50	
<b>Rubra superba.</b> Deep carmine-crimson. Rose type.....	80	7 50	
<b>Umbellata rosea.</b> Violet-rose collar with amber-white center.....	80	7 50	
<b>Double, All Colors Mixed</b> .....	40	3 50	

## PAEONIA OFFICINALIS

<b>Rosea plena.</b> Pink.....	50	4 50
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# LILIES

*If to be sent by mail, add postage at zone rates*

Lilies are easily grown and require little care. They do best in a light, well-drained soil. Some peat or leaf-mold may be used to advantage. They also prefer partial shade, and the taller sorts must have protection from high winds.

## LILIUM LONGIFLORUM

### White Trumpet Lily

This is among the most beautiful and valuable of garden Lilies. It grows from 1 to 4 feet high, and bears many trumpet-shaped, sweetly scented, waxy white flowers of great substance. A well-drained, light loam, enriched with leaf-mold, suits it best.

<b>Multiflorum giganteum.</b> Each	10	100
7 to 8-in. circum., black stem (10 bulbs weigh 3 lbs.).....	\$0 35	\$3 00 \$27 00

## JAPAN AND OTHER LILIES

<b>Auratum</b> (Gold-banded Lily). The grandest of all hardy Lilies, 3 to 6 feet high. Flowers white, spotted maroon, having a bright yellow band through the center of each petal. 8- to 9-in. circum. (10 bulbs weigh 3 lbs.).....	Each	10
	\$27 per 100..	\$0 35 \$3 00
9 to 11 in. in circum. (10 bulbs weigh 5 lbs.).....	\$37 per 100..	45 4 00
11 to 13 in. in circum. (10 bulbs weigh 7 lbs.).....	\$45 per 100..	55 5 00

<b>Brownii.</b> Most beautiful flowers of immense size; inside creamy white, outside white with purple midribs. A splendid pot plant. 2½ to 3½ ft. (10 bulbs weigh 2 lbs.).....	Each	10
	\$0 70	\$6 00
<b>Canadense</b> (Meadow Lily). Graceful, drooping, yellow flowers, spotted red. 2 to 5 ft. (10 bulbs weigh 4 ozs.).....	15	1 25
<b>Croceum.</b> Orange with purple spots; upright flowers.....	25	2 00
<b>Elegans Batemannia.</b> Unspotted, bright apricot flowers; beautiful variety. 3 to 4 ft. high (10 bulbs weigh 1 lb.)...	35	3 00
<b>Krameri.</b> White, slightly tinged with red; sweet-scented (10 bulbs weigh 1 lb.).	35	3 00
<b>Henryi.</b> Very tall-growing variety; bright orange-yellow flowers, spotted reddish brown, with green band at the base of each segment; one of the very best of all Lilies for general culture; hardy, robust, long-lived and easily grown in almost any situation. (10 bulbs weigh 3 lbs.)..	40	3 50
<b>Humboldtii type.</b> A grand Lily. Orange-red flowers, with small maroon spots. 5 ft. (10 bulbs weigh 1 lb.).....	60	5 00





Liliium auratum (see page 114)

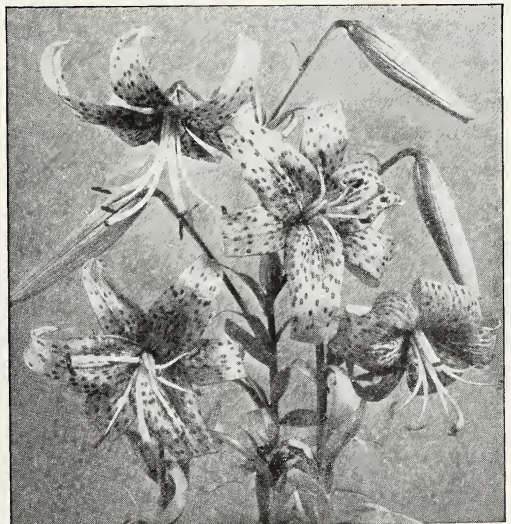
**JAPAN AND OTHER LILIES, continued**

- Kelloggii.** Slender stems bearing from 3 to Each 10  
15 flowers, with pink, revolute petals;  
fragrant. 3 to 4 ft. (10 bulbs weigh  
8 ozs.).....\$0 60 \$5 00
- Pardalinum.** Large, showy flowers, richly  
colored and spotted. One half of each  
flower at the base is bright yellow, spot-  
ted brownish purple, while the remain-  
der at the end is bright orange-scarlet.  
4 ft. (10 bulbs weigh 1 lb.)..... 25 2 00
- Parviflorum.** Large bulbs; flowers of  
same color as Pardalinum, but smaller,  
and are solitary; very charming (10 bulbs  
weigh 8 ozs.)..... 50 4 00
- Philadelphicum.** Bright orange-red,  
with black spots. 2 ft. (10 bulbs weigh  
8 ozs.)..... 15 1 25
- Regale.** Very hardy; also fine for forcing.  
Beautiful white flowers, tinged with  
pink, canary-yellow center. Very frag-  
rant. Blooms outdoors in July.... 1 00 9 00
- Speciosum album.** Beautiful pure white  
flowers of large size; 2 to 4 feet high; one  
of the handsomest and easiest-grown  
Lilies we have. 8 to 9 in. (10 bulbs weigh  
4 lbs.).....\$27 per 100.. 35 3 00  
9 to 11 in. (10 bulbs weigh 5 lbs.) 60 5 50
- Speciosum rubrum magnificum.** Very  
dark crimson-spotted flowers of large  
size and striking appearance. Grows 2  
to 4 feet high and blooms profusely.  
8 to 9 in. (10 bulbs weigh 4 lbs.)....  
\$27 per 100.. 35 3 00  
9 to 11 in. (10 bulbs weigh 5 lbs.)...  
\$50 per 100.. 60 5 50
- Superbum** (Turk's-Cap Lily). Deep  
orange-red, thickly spotted purplish  
brown. 4 ft. (10 bulbs weigh 8 ozs.).... 15 1 25

- Thunbergianum aureum, Kikak.** Apri-Each 10  
cot-yellow, spotted black. 3 ft. (10 bulbs  
weigh 8 ozs.).....\$0 20 \$1 50
- Thunbergianum elegans billigulatum**  
(Feu-Kwam). Deep chestnut-red  
spotted flowers (10 bulbs weigh 8 ozs.). 20 1 50
- Thunbergianum, Prince of Orange.**  
Soft buff flowers, spotted purple-black.  
1 ft. (10 bulbs weigh 8 ozs.)..... 30 2 50
- Tigrinum splendens** (Tiger Lily). Larger  
and stronger than the Common Tiger  
Lily. Rich scarlet, with black spots;  
large roots (10 bulbs weigh 2 lbs.).....  
\$10 per 100.. 15 1 25
- Tigrinum flore-pleno** (Double Tiger  
Lily). Orange-red, black spots. The  
only desirable double-flowered Lily in  
cultivation (10 bulbs weigh 2 lbs.).... 20 1 75
- Umbellatum erectum.** Orange-red,  
slightly spotted with purplish black,  
tinged yellow in center (10 bulbs weigh  
4 lbs.)..... 20 1 75
- Umbellatum grandiflorum.** Orange-  
red. Similar in all respects to Erectum,  
except that flowers are larger (10 bulbs  
weigh 3 lbs.)..... 20 1 75
- Umbellatum incomparabilis.** Deep  
red, spotted black..... 20 1 75
- Umbellatum, Sapho.** Flowers orange-  
yellow, tipped and splashed red and  
purple-black..... 20 1 75
- Umbellatum, Mixed.** (10 bulbs weigh  
3 lbs.)..... 15 1 00
- Washingtonianum.** A lovely native va-  
riety of very stately habit; large, trum-  
pet-shaped flowers; pure white, tinged  
purple or lilac; very fragrant. 4 to 7 ft.  
(10 bulbs weigh 2 lbs.)..... 40 3 50

**LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY**

- If ordered sent by mail, add postage at zone rates*
- Pips for Forcing.** Finest exhibition size, "Lubeck"  
specially large carefully selected Pips. Each bundle  
of 25 weighs 2 lbs. Per bundle of 25 \$2,  
per 100 \$7, per 1,000 \$65.
- Clumps.** 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10, \$40 per 100.



Lilium tigrinum splendens



## JAPAN IRIS (Iris Kaempferi)

If ordered sent by mail, add postage at zone rates (10 bulbs weigh 3 lbs.)

These Irises are most valuable for cut-flowers and table decorations—as handsome as Orchids. Supply water liberally when growing. Cut in the early morning or after sunset.

	Each	10
<b>Apollo.</b> Single; white, pink center...	\$0 35	\$3 00
<b>Blue Wing.</b> Single; blue-white, shaded purple.....	40	3 50
<b>Frate.</b> Double; silvery white, veined and shaded lilac-white, lilac center.....	30	2 50
<b>Gold Bound.</b> Double, pure white. One of the best.....	30	2 50
<b>H. Von Sieboldt.</b> Single, reddish veined, white center.....	30	2 50
<b>Mount Hood.</b> Double, light blue, shaded darker, bright orange center.....	20	1 75
<b>Ondine.</b> Single; white shaded light blue toward center; very large.....	35	3 00
<b>P. C. de Rohan.</b> Double; light purple, shaded violet; center dark purple.....	35	3 00
<b>Pyramid.</b> Double; light blue, veined white center each petal.....	30	2 50
<b>Red Riding Hood.</b> Single; fine amaranth, veined and suffused white.....	30	2 50
<b>Robert Craig.</b> Double; French gray, veined violet.....	30	2 50
<b>Templeton.</b> Double; violet, pink and white; often triple.....	30	2 50
<b>T. S. Ware.</b> Double; reddish violet, veined white.....	30	2 50
<b>Venus.</b> Single; pure white.....	30	2 50
<b>Victor.</b> Double white, veined purple; violet-purple center.....	30	2 50
<b>Double and Single Mixed.</b> \$12 per 100..	15	1 25

### GARDEN IRIS (Iris Germanica)

Will thrive in almost any good garden soil, except one that is wet.

<b>Admiral Togo.</b> White, faintly tinged lavender; falls and standard lightly bordered purple. Extra-fine clear color.....	Each	10
	\$0 15	\$1 00

### Garden Iris, continued

<b>Brooklyn.</b> Standards lavender, yellow at base; falls pale blue; base veined brown on a white ground, edged yellow, splashed with dark blue; beautiful.....	Each	10
	\$0 15	\$1 00
<b>Flavescens.</b> Self-color, canary-yellow... ..	15	1 00
<b>Florentina alba.</b> An excellent variety for cutting and an early bloomer. Flowers ivory-white tinged with lilac. The orris-root variety of commerce.....	15	1 00
<b>Florentina, Blue.</b> Tall and vigorous; deep dark blue.....	15	1 00
<b>Grachus.</b> Standards clear yellow; falls marked red, reticulated white. A very conspicuous variety.....	25	2 00
<b>L'Africain.</b> Standards rosy purple; falls darker veined, white at base, dwarf.....	20	1 75
<b>Lizzie.</b> Standards pure yellow; falls dark, bronzy crimson.....	15	1 00
<b>Mme. Chereau.</b> Pure white, edged with azure-blue; falls deep white with blue penciling.....	15	1 00
<b>Mrs. H. Darwin.</b> Pure white; falls slightly reticulated violet at base; very beautiful and free flowering; early.....	25	2 00
<b>Pauline.</b> Standards bright blue; falls a little darker.....	15	1 00
<b>Pallida dalmatica.</b> New giant type, magnificent blossoms, color pure sky-blue.....	25	2 00
<b>Queen of May.</b> This is a very satisfactory variety and well adapted everywhere. It is soft, rosy lilac, almost pink. A color rare among Irises.....	30	2 50
<b>All Colors Mixed</b> .....	\$6 per 100..	10 75

### BEGONIA, Tuberous-Rooted

<b>Single.</b> Scarlet, White, Yellow, Each	10	100
Rose.....	\$0 40	\$3 50 \$30 00
<b>Double.</b> Crimson, Rose, White..	50	4 50 40 00

### GLOXINIA

<b>Crimson Royal.</b> .....	\$0 40	\$3 75 \$35 00
<b>Meteor.</b> Flesh, deep pink border. ....	40	3 75 35 00
<b>Queen Alexandra.</b> White.....	40	3 75 35 00
<b>Reading Purple.</b> Solid purple..	40	3 75 35 00

### HARDY PHLOX

(Decussata)

A flower of more than usual beauty that will succeed in almost any kind of soil or climate. May be planted in the spring or fall. Mailing rate, 10 bulbs weigh 4 lbs.

<b>Champs Elysees.</b> Rich purplish crimson.....	Each	10
	\$0 30	\$2 50
<b>Eclaircur.</b> Bright carmine with light halo; large flower.....	30	2 50
<b>Europa.</b> White, large crimson center; extra-size truss.....	35	3 00
<b>La Vogue.</b> Clear shell-pink.....	35	3 00
<b>Miss Lingard.</b> Pure white.....	30	2 50
<b>Mrs. Jenkins.</b> Pure white.....	30	2 50
<b>Riverton Jewel.</b> Deep pink; large flowers; strong grower.....	35	3 00
<b>Siebold.</b> Orange-scarlet.....	35	3 00



Iris Kaempferi



MISCELLANEOUS BULBS

<b>CALADIUM esculentum</b> (Elephant's Ear). 12 inches and up in circumference.....	Each 10	\$35 per 100..	\$0 40	\$3 75
<b>CALLA Elliottiana, Yellow, Spotted Leaf.</b> Dark green leaves, spotted silvery white.....	35		3	00
<b>CINNAMON VINE</b> .....	20		1	50
<b>CRINUM ornatum.</b> Produces flowers of immense size, pure white, with band of rich crimson through center of each petal.....	50		4	50
<b>DICENTRA eximia</b> (Bleeding-Heart)..	40		3	50
<b>FUNKIA variegata</b> (Day Lily). Foliage white, striped with green and yellow. Flowers pale lilac-blue.....	15		1	25
<b>HEMEROCALLIS flava.</b> Yellow.....	20		1	50
<b>Florham.</b> Rich golden yellow.....	15		1	25
<b>HYACINTHUS candicans</b> (Galtonia). Pure white.....	15		1	25
<b>MADEIRA VINE.</b> Selected.....	10			75

<b>MERTENSIA virginica</b> (Virginian Cow-slip; Blue Bells). Hardy perennial. Purple-blue tubular flowers about 1 inch long, disposed in gracefully drooping terminal clusters. Of easy culture in ordinary garden soil; excellent for mixed borders, copses and rockwork. Height 1 to 2 ft.....	Each 10	\$0 15	\$1 25
<b>TRILLIUM erectum.</b> Dark purple; erect habit.....	10	\$4.50 per 100..	50
<b>grandiflora</b> (Giant American Wood Lily or "Wake Robin"). Large, white flowers, easily grown in shaded position.....	10	\$4.50 per 100..	50
<b>TRITOMA Pfitzeri.</b> Large spikes of flame-colored flowers.....	25		2 00
<b>TUBEROSES, Dwarf Double Pearl.</b> 10 bulbs weigh 2 lbs.....	1	00	7 50
<b>ZEPHYRANTHES candida.</b> White; greenish base.....	15		1 00
<b>rosea</b> .....	25		2 00
<b>striata.</b> Pink and white.....	15		1 00

Insecticides and Remedies for Plant Diseases

ALL SUBJECT TO CHANGE IN PRICE WITHOUT NOTICE

Postage, express or freight charges to be paid by purchaser

We suggest that our customers be prepared for insect and disease plant troubles by ordering early in the season the spray and dusting materials that will be needed. This will avoid the necessity of later rushing orders by telegram, and it might save a crop which would otherwise be lost.

Insects, such as lice, mealy bug, scale, green, black, and white aphid or fly, that suck the juices of plants can be destroyed only by contact insecticides. In powder form these kill by suffocation or closing the pores in the skin; the liquid ones by being absorbed through the pores. Good powder insecticides are: Bug Death, Hellebore, Slug Shot, and Tobacco Dust. Good liquid insecticides are: Aphine, Black-Leaf 40, Fish-Oil Soap, Lemon Oil, Kerosene Emulsion, and Melrosine.

Pests, such as beetles, worms, slugs and caterpillars, which chew foliage, fruit or flowers are more quickly and effectively killed with stomach poisons such as arsenate of lead, paris green, Pyrox, etc.

<b>ANT-DESTROYER.</b> Will positively destroy ants.	
¼-lb. tins.....	\$0 20
½-lb. tins.....	35
<b>APHINE.</b> Has no equal for the destruction of green, black, or white fly, thrips, red spider, mealy bug, etc. Use one part to 40 of water. Does not injure the most tender plants.	
¼ pt.....	\$0 25
½ pt.....	40
Gal.....	3 00

**APHIS PUNK.** Paper saturated with nicotine for fumigating in greenhouses.  
Per box, 12 sheets.....\$0 75

**ARSENATE OF LEAD, PASTE.** Adheres well to foliage and does not readily wash off. It remains well suspended in solution, insuring even distribution. It is white, and shows just where it has been applied. It does not injure tender foliage.  
Lb.....\$0 45 | 25 lbs.....\$7 25  
5 lbs.....2 00 | 50 lbs.....13 50  
10 lbs.....3 15 | 100 lbs.....25 50

**ARSENATE OF LEAD, POWDER.** One to 1½ pounds to 50 gallons of water. Lb. 65 cts.

**ARSUL SOAP.** For spraying vegetables, fruits, and flowers to kill all pests.  
Lb.....\$0 60 | 5 lbs.....\$2 30

**BORDEAUX MIXTURE, or FUNGIROID.** For all fungous diseases.

**Dry—**  
1-lb. can.....\$0 50 | 5 lbs.....\$2 00  
50 lbs.....16 00

**BORDEAUX PASTE.**  
1 lb.....\$0 40 | 5 lbs.....\$1 50

**BORDEAUX ARSENATE LEAD, PASTE.**  
Lb.....\$0 40 | 10 lbs.....\$3 00  
5 lbs.....1 75 | 25 lbs.....6 50  
50 lbs.....12 00

**BUG DEATH.** This is a fungicide, insecticide, and plant food combined, and contains neither paris green nor arsenic.  
Lb.....\$0 20 | 5 lbs.....\$0 75  
3 lbs.....50 | 12½ lbs.....1 60

**BLACK-LEAF 40.** For spraying vegetables, fruits, and flowers to destroy sucking insects.  
1-oz. bottle....\$0 25 | 2-lb. tin.....\$3 25  
½-lb. tin.....1 00 | 10-lb. can.....13 75

**CATTLE COMFORT.** A protection from flies, etc., for live-stock.  
Gal.....\$2 00 | 5 gals.....\$9 00

**COPPER SOLUTION, Ammoniated.** Prevents black and brown rot, mildew and other grape diseases, pear and apple scab, leaf blight, tomato rot, potato blight, melon blight, etc. Dilute one part to 100 parts of water; spray lightly.  
Qt.....\$1 25 | Gal.....\$3 50

**CUTWORM KILLER.** Kills the worms; simple and easy to use; specially prepared for bringing young plants through the critical period.  
1-lb. pkg.....\$0 35 | 5-lb. pkg.....\$1 50

## INSECTICIDES AND REMEDIES FOR PLANT DISEASES, continued

**CUTWORM PREVENTIVE.** Of inestimable value. Cutworms will not infest soil mixed with this preparation.

5-lb. can. ....\$0 90 | 10-lb. can. ....\$1 75

**"ELECTRIC" WORM ERADICATOR.** For killing all grubs, insects and worms that do their destructive work at the roots of plants and trees, and infest lawns, golf-courses, etc. For most pests, 4 ounces to each 4 gallons of water; for cutworms, 4 ounces to 2 gallons of water.

24-oz. bottle....\$1 00 | 5 gals. ....\$17 50  
Gal. .... 4 00 | 10 gals. ....34 00

**FIR-TREE OIL.** Dilute 1 pint to 20 gallons of water. Apply with vaporizer or syringe.

½ pt. ....\$0 75 | Qt. ....\$2 25  
Pt. .... 1 25 | ½ gal. .... 4 00  
Gal. .... 7 00

**FIR-TREE OIL SOAP.** Mix at the rate of 1 ounce to a gallon of water, and apply with a bellows or syringe.

½-lb. tin. ....\$0 30 | 2-lb. tin. ....\$0 85

**FISH-OIL SOAP.** (Formerly called Whale-Oil-Soap.) For washing trees and destroying all insects on the bark.

Lb. ....\$0 25 | 10 lbs. ....\$2 20  
5 lbs. .... 1 20 | 100 lbs. ....20 00

**FUNGINE.** For mildew, rust, and all other blights; does not stain foliage.

Pt. ....\$0 65 | Qt. ....\$1 00  
Gal. .... 3 00

**GRAPE DUST, Hammond's.** For the prevention of mildew on roses, grapes, gooseberries, etc. Apply with bellows.

5 lbs. ....\$0 90 | 10 lbs. ....\$1 75  
100 lbs. ....15 00

**HELLEBORE.** Apply dry or mix in water—1 ounce to 3 gallons.

Lb. ....\$0 60 | 2 lbs. ....\$1 10

**HERBICIDE.** The weed exterminator. Dilute with from 20 to 40 parts of water.

½ gal. ....\$1 00 | 5 gals. ....\$8 00  
Gal. .... 2 00 | 10 gals. ....15 00

**IMP SOAP SPRAY.** Contains no mineral poisons; used on all kinds trees and plants.

Pt. ....\$0 50 | Qt. ....\$0 75  
Gal. .... 2 25

**KEROSENE EMULSION.** For cabbage worms, scale on trees, caterpillars, melon lice, rose bugs, etc. Dilute 25 to 50 parts.

Qt. ....\$0 60 | Gal. ....\$1 50  
½ gal. .... 1 00 | 5 gals. .... 6 50

**LAWN COMPOUND, Sterlingworth.** A non-poisonous powder to destroy plantain, dandelion, chickweed, and most other weeds having a broad, hairy surface, without killing the grass. Five pounds will dress 500 to 1,000 square feet, according to condition of the lawn.

5-lb. can. ....\$0 75 | 50-lb. keg. ....\$5 00  
10-lb. can. .... 1 40 | 100-lb. keg. .... 9 00

**LEMON OIL.** For destroying scale, caterpillar, mealy bug, etc. Directions on can.

½ pt. ....\$0 30 | Qt. ....\$0 90  
Pt. .... 50 | ½ gal. .... 1 50

**LIME-SULPHUR SOLUTION, California Wash.** For San José scale. One gallon makes 15 by adding water.

Qt. ....\$0 50 | 5 gals. ....\$3 75  
Gal. .... 90 | ½ bbl. (25 gals.).. 9 50  
Bbl. (50 gals.).....17 50

**LIME-SULPHUR.** Dry, B. T. S. Make your own solution. One pound makes 4 gallons of spray.  
Lb. ....\$0 40 | 5 lbs. ....\$1 65  
100 lbs. ....18 00

**MELROSINE.** Death to rose-bugs and all other minor insects and diseases that affect the rose. Used in any spray-pump.

Sample size....\$0 50 | Qt. can. ....\$1 75  
Pt. can. .... 1 00 | ½ gal. can. .... 3 25  
Gal. can. .... 6 00

**NICO-FUME LIQUID.** For fumigating or spraying. Effective against green fly, mealy bug, etc. Does not stain or injure blooms, and leaves no disagreeable odor. For spraying, one to two teaspoonfuls to a gallon of water. Lamps, 60c. each.

¼ lb. ....\$0 65 | 4 lbs. ....\$7 50  
Lb. .... 2 00 | 8 lbs. ....14 50

**NICO-FUME TOBACCO PAPER.** For fumigating. Does not injure blooms. In tins.

24 sheets. ....\$1 25 | 144 sheets. ....\$5 00  
288 sheets. .... 9 50

**PARIS GREEN.** Mix at rate of 1 pound to 200 gallons of water. Effective against all chewing insects.

¼-lb. can. ....\$0 25 | ½-lb. can. ....\$0 40  
1-lb. can (All subject to change)..... 75

**PYROX.** The best and safest all-round spray for all insects, blights and fungus troubles. Kills potato bugs. Sticks like paint.

Lb. ....\$0 45 | 25 lbs. ....\$6 75  
5 lbs. .... 1 90 | 50 lbs. ....11 75  
10 lbs. .... 3 25 | 100 lbs. ....21 50

**RADEANA.** Rose bug exterminator in liquid form.

24-oz. can. ....\$1 00 | ½ gal. ....\$2 25  
Gal. .... 4 00

**SCALECIDE.** For San José scale. Petroleum oil that mixes at once with cold water and stays mixed. No hot water necessary. Add 1 gallon for every 15 to 20 gallons of water.

Qt. ....\$0 70 | 5 gals. ....\$7 00  
Gal. .... 1 75 | 10 gals. ....12 00

**SLUG-SHOT, Hammond's.** Excellent for destroying cabbage, turnip and beet flies, potato bugs, currant worms, etc.

Lb. ....\$0 20 | 10 lbs. ....\$1 25  
5 lbs. .... 65 | 100 lbs. ....11 00

**SULPHO-TOBACCO SOAP.** Dissolve in proportion of 2 ounces to a gallon of water, and apply with a syringe or atomizer. It will destroy rose slugs, aphides, green fly, bark lice, etc.

3-oz. box. ....\$0 10 | 8-oz. box. ....\$0 20

**SULPHUR, POWDERED.** Valuable for protecting against mildew on grapes, roses, etc.

Lb. ....\$0 15 | 10 lbs. ....\$1 00  
100 lbs. .... 8 00

**TOBACCO DUST—**

**Regular Kind.** Highest grade for dusting.

Lb. ....\$0 10 | 10 lbs. ....\$0 60  
5 lbs. .... 35 | 100 lbs. .... 5 00

**Stothoff's "Black Stuff."** For dusting.

25 lbs. ....\$1 75 | 50 lbs. ....\$3 00  
100 lbs. .... 5 50

**Stothoff's "Fumigating Kind."** (Aphicide Powder.) For burning.

25 lbs. ....\$1 75 | 50 lbs. ....\$3 00  
100 lbs. .... 5 50



**INSECTICIDES AND REMEDIES FOR PLANT DISEASES, continued**

**TOBACCO STEMS.** For fumigating. In bales of about 75 lbs., at \$2.75 per 100 lbs.

**TREE TANGLEFOOT.** A sticky substance applied directly to the bark to protect trees against climbing insect pests. One application remains sticky, fully exposed to weather, three months. One pound will make a band 7 to 8 feet long and about 6 inches wide.

1-lb. tin.....\$0 50	10-lb. tin.....\$4 50
5-lb. tin.....2 40	20-lb. tin.....8 75

**VERMINE.** A soil sterilizer and germicide for all soil vermin, such as cut, eel, wire and grub worms, slugs, maggots, ants, etc.

¼pt.....\$0 25	Pt.....\$0 65
½pt.....40	Qt.....1 00
Gal.....3 00	

**WEED-KILLER, Pino-Lyptol.** This fluid absolutely destroys all the weeds and other growth wherever applied. Mix one part Pino-Lyptol with 10 to 15 parts of water.

Gal.....\$1 75	5 gals.....\$8 50
10 gals.....	17 00

**WEED KILLER, Sterlingworth.** A powerful powder for destroying vegetation of all sorts on gravel walks. Also excellent for destroying poison ivy.

Lb.....\$0 50	5 lbs.....\$2 25
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**X-L-ALL LIQUID INSECTICIDE.** An efficient preparation for spraying. Purely nicotine; harmless to very delicate plants; kills mealy bugs, red spider and all insect pests.

Pt.....\$1 50	½gal. can.....\$4 50
Qt.....2 50	1-gal. can.....8 00

**High-Grade Fertilizers**

**ALL NET CASH—PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE**

**Complete Manure**

Guaranteed to contain ammonia, 2 per cent; available phosphoric acid, 8 per cent; actual potash 3 per cent; sulphate of magnesia, soda, lime, sulphuric acid, etc. Adapted for use on all crops, such as corn, tomatoes, peas, etc., and is especially suited for grain crops. Use 1,200 to 1,500 pounds to the acre.

Ton.....\$63 00	Bag of 100 lbs.....\$4 00
Half-ton.....32 50	50 lbs.....2 25
Quarter-ton.....17 25	25 lbs.....1 50
Single bag of 167 lbs.....6 00	10 lbs.....75

**Lawn Fertilizer**

Guaranteed to contain ammonia, 3 per cent; available phosphoric acid, all soluble, 9 per cent; actual potash, 2 per cent; lime, sulphate of magnesia, soda, sulphuric acids, etc. Specially prepared for lawns and meadows as a top-dressing. Apply broadcast at rate of 1,000 to 1,500 lbs. to the acre.

Ton.....\$70 00
Half-ton.....36 00
Quarter-ton.....20 00
Single bag of 167 lbs.....7 00
Bag of 100 lbs.....4 50
50 lbs.....2 50
25 lbs.....1 55
10 lbs.....75

**Golden Potato Manure**

Guaranteed to contain ammonia, 4 per cent; available phosphoric acid, 9 per cent; actual potash, 1 per cent; sulphate of magnesia, soda, lime, sulphuric acid, etc. This manure is for special use on the Potato crop, and is also adapted to Sweet Potatoes, Vines, Fruit Trees, etc. Use broadcast, about 1,500 pounds to the acre.

Ton.....\$75 00
Half-ton.....38 50
Quarter-ton.....20 50
Single bags of 200 lbs.....8 50
Bag of 100 lbs.....4 50
50 lbs.....2 50
25 lbs.....1 50
10 lbs.....80

**Potomac Special Potato Manure**

Guaranteed to contain ammonia, 4 per cent; available phosphoric acid, 8 per cent; actual potash, 3 per cent.

Ton.....\$82 00
Half-ton.....42 00
Quarter-ton.....22 00
Single bags of 167 lbs.....9 75
Bag of 100 lbs.....5 50
50 lbs.....3 00
25 lbs.....1 75
10 lbs.....90

**Agricultural Salt**

*Prices very changeable*

For asparagus beds, etc. In bags of about 200 pounds.

Bag.....\$3 50	Ton, about.....\$30 00
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Not less than one bag sold.

**Bowker's Ammoniated Food for Flowers**

Excellent for use on house plants, being entirely odorless.

Small pkg.....\$0 25	Large pkg.....\$0 50
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**Hardwood Ashes**

Highest grade unleached. For top-dressing lawns, especially if the soil is stiff or sour, 1½ to 2 tons to the acre.

Per 100 lbs.....\$2 00	½ton.....\$16 00
Ton.....	30 00

**HIGH-GRADE FERTILIZERS, continued**

**Clay's Celebrated Fertilizer**

*Prices in bags (subject to change)*

One of the best manures for all horticultural purposes, either in greenhouse or garden. Splendid for mixing with potting soil and as a top-dressing. Notwithstanding its apparently high price, it is quite economical.

¼ cwt. (28 lbs.).....	\$4 50
½ cwt. (56 lbs.).....	8 00
Cwt. (112 lbs.).....	15 00

**Pulverized Sheep Manure**

**Sheepshead Brand**

A rich, pure, natural manure. Excellent as a top-dressing for lawns. Its effect is immediate and lasting. Apply at the rate of 1,500 pounds to the acre. It makes a rich and safe liquid manure—one pound to five gallons of water.

1-lb. pkg.....	\$0 15	100 lbs.....	\$3 75
5-lb. pkg.....	50	¼ ton.....	16 00
25 lbs.....	1 25	½ ton.....	31 00
50 lbs.....	2 00	Ton.....	60 00

**Hydrated Agricultural Lime**

For vegetable- and flower-gardens and lawns. Sow one pound to 20 square feet.

5 lbs.....	\$0 25	25 lbs.....	\$0 75
10 lbs.....	35	50 lbs.....	1 25

**Pulverized Limestone**

A product that has an exceedingly wide sale among intelligent agriculturists, with the best of results. As a crop-producer we hardly believe it has an equal. It is especially needed when sowing alfalfa on sour soil. It is made from the purest crystalline white limestone obtainable, and analyzes about 97 per cent carbonate.

Bag of 100 lbs....	\$1 50	½ ton.....	\$11 00
Ton.....			20 00

**Lawn (Evergreen) Lime**

**The Grass and Garden Tonic**

Will cure the acidity of the soil, renovate old lawns, and is a sanitary and healthful fertilizer.

50-lb. bags.....	\$1 00	25-lb. bags.....	\$0 60
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**Bone Fertilizers, Etc.**

*Prices subject to change*

**Pure Ground Bone Meal No. 1.** Finely pulverized; excellent for rose-culture. It decomposes very rapidly, and is more quickly effective than the coarser grades. It is excellent for mixing with the soil for potting.

5 lbs.....	\$0 50	100 lbs.....	\$5 50
10 lbs.....	90	¼ ton.....	25 00
25 lbs.....	1 70	½ ton.....	47 00
50 lbs.....	3 00	Ton.....	92 00

**Ground Bone No. 2.** Coarser than the above; for top-dressing for lawns, and for garden and field crops.

100 lbs.....	\$5 25	½ ton.....	\$44 50
¼ ton.....	23 00	Ton.....	87 00

**Ground Bone No. 3.** A little coarser than No. 2.

100 lbs.....	\$5 00	½ ton.....	\$43 50
¼ ton.....	22 50	Ton.....	85 00

**Leaf-Mold.** Indispensable for azaleas, rhododendrons, etc. In sacks of about 120 lbs., \$3 per 100 lbs.

**Moss, Sphagnum.** For filling orchid baskets, etc., and for mixing with potting soil to conserve moisture. In bales of about 30 lbs. at 20 cts. per lb.

**Peat, Orchid.** For potting orchids, etc. In sacks of about 30 lbs. at 10 cts. per lb.

**Peat, Rotted.** Fine for mixing with soil for potted plants such as azaleas, palms, etc. In sacks of about 85 lbs. at \$4 per 100 lbs.

**STIM-PLANT**  
**Plant Food in Tablet Form**

The most modern, efficient, and scientific method of fertilizing all kinds and conditions of growing plants in home garden, orchard, and on farms.

**STIM-U-PLANT** Tablets are packed in three sizes: Small Size, 25 cts., containing 30 Tablets; Medium Size, 75 cts., containing 100 Tablets; Large Size, \$3.50, containing 1,000 Tablets.

**Other Fertilizers**

*Prices very variable, all subject to change without notice*

<b>ACID PHOSPHATE.</b> Sixteen per cent available phosphoric acid.....	167-lb. bag \$4.00	} Prices subject to change
<b>TANKAGE (Blood and Bone Fertilizer)</b> .....	167-lb. bag \$9.00	
<b>IMPORTED SCOTCH SOOT</b> .....	(Price on application)	
<b>NITRATE OF SODA</b> .....	Lb. 30 cts., 5 lbs. 75 cts., 100-lb. bag \$8.00	
<b>FARMOGERM.</b> See page 58. Garden size, 50 cts.; 1-acre bottle, \$2; 5-acre bottle, \$8.		
<b>MULFORD CULTURES.</b> See page 58. Garden size, 35 cts.; ¼-acre size, 75 cts.; 1-acre size bottle, \$1.50; 5-acre size bottle, \$5.		

**MULFORD CULTURES AND FARMOGERM** greatly increase the yield of Alfalfa, Clover, Cowpeas, Soy Beans, Vetches, and other Legumes and these crops add humus and nitrogen to the soil, thus increasing the crops of Wheat, Cotton, Corn, and the like. Why waste time and labor in producing half a crop when these Cultures will double the yield? See page 58 for full information.

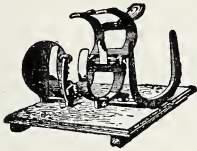


# Horticultural Implements and Garden Requisites

ALL NET CASH

POSTAGE, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT CHARGES TO BE PAID BY PURCHASER

Prices not guaranteed, subject to change



**ASPARAGUS BUNCHER.**  
Acme. The most popular make. \$3.50.

**ASPARAGUS KNIVES.**



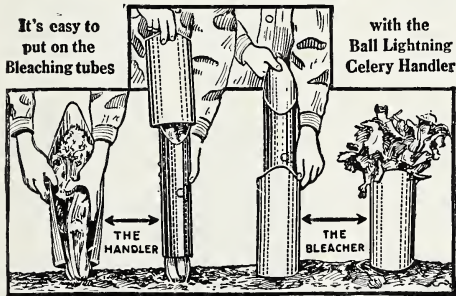
English. (Saw Blade.) \$1.



Granite State. 50 cts.



**ATOMIZER.**  
Large, \$3.50.  
Small, \$3.



**BALL LIGHTNING CELERY BLEACHERS.** Used for bleaching celery without banking up with earth or boards. Great labor-saver.

	100	1,000
6 x 12 in.....	\$3 20	\$28 00
6 1/2 x 13 in....	3 70	32 50
7 x 14 in.....	4 10	37 00
Brass Celery handlers \$4.50 each. Tin, \$1.75 each.		



**BELLOWS.**  
Woodason's Double - Cone, Powder. \$5.25.



Single - Cone, Large. \$4.

Small, \$2.75.

**JUMBO POWDER GUN.** It is 4 inches in diameter, holds 4 ounces of powder, and serves its purpose well. 40c.



**BILL AND BRUSH HOOKS.** For heavy pruning. English. S-handle. \$2.75.



**BORDER SHEARS.** See p. 124.

**CARNATION SUP-PORTS.** Made of fine wire, galvanized.  
Doz. 100  
2-Ring. \$0 75 \$5 00  
3-Ring. 1 00 \$5 50



**DIBBLES, All Iron.** 50 cts.  
Wood Handle, brass point, 75 cts.; iron point, 50 cts.

**EDGING KNIVES.**  
Grass, English.  
8-in.....\$2 50  
9-in.....2 75  
10-in.....3 00  
Without handle.  
Handles, 60c., extra.

**FLOWER-POTS.** See page 126.

**FORKS,**  
**Digging or Spading.** Best quality, spear point, diamond-back tines. Strapped handles Long or D. Each  
4-tine.....\$2 00  
**Hay.** First-quality oval tines. Extra-long strapped handle. 2-tine.... 90  
3-tine..... 1 25  
**Manure, Long.** Strapped handle. 4-tine..... 1 40  
5-tine..... 1 75  
**Manure, D-handle.**  
4-tine..... 1 65  
5-tine..... 2 00



**Ladies' Weeding.** American short-handle.... 60  
**Boy's Spading.** 4-tine.. 75

**FRUIT-PICKERS.**

Perfect. Galvanized steel wire, attaches to pole of any length. Price, without pole, 65 cts. Poles, for above, 60 cts. each.

**FUMIGATING LAMP.**

"Deffiance." For all vaporizing liquids. No glass. Burns kerosene. 60 cts.

**FUMIGATOR, "Eureka."**

For fumigating with tobacco stems. Very best quality, heavy galvanized tin. No. 2 holds 1 pk..\$2 75  
No. 3 holds 1/2 bus. 3 25



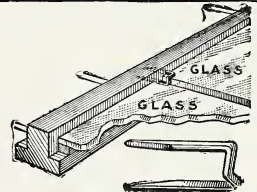
**GARDEN LINES.**

Finest Braided. 96 feet, \$1.

**GARDEN REELS.** For garden lines. Wrought-iron. Holds 100 feet, \$1; larger size, \$1.50.

**GARDEN TOOLS for Ladies.**

Set of 3 pieces (spade, hoe and rake). \$1.75.



**GLAZING POINTS, The Tiger.**  
No. 2, 65 cts. per 1,000.  
No. 2 1/2, 70 cts. per 1,000.  
Pincers, for above. 55 cts.

**GLOVES, Gardeners', Goat-skin.** For men only. \$2.  
Pig-skin. \$1.50.

**GRAFTING WAX.** The best grade. 1/4lb. pkg.....\$0 20  
1/2-lb. pkg..... 25  
1-lb. pkg..... 40

**GRASS HOOKS (Sickle), English Riveted Back.** Thin, sharp blades. 65 cts.  
**Atkinson's Perfection.** 80c.

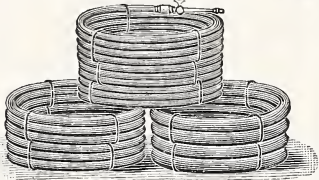
**HOES, Garden. Draw, or Corn.**  
5-in. 80 cts., 6-in. 90 cts.,  
7-in. \$1.10.



**English Scuffle, Finest quality steel.**  
5-in.....\$1 15  
6-in..... 1 30  
7-in..... 1 40  
8 in..... 1 50  
9-in..... 1 65  
Handles 65 cts. each extra.

**HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND GARDEN REQUISITES, continued**

**HOES, Warren.**  
Short handle. \$1.40 each. Long handle. \$1.50. Used in drilling seed.

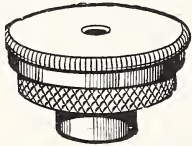


**HOSE, Rubber.** 3/4-in. Electric. In 25- and 50-ft. lengths, 25 cts. per ft. **Thorburn Standard.** X, 6-ply, 23 cts. per ft. XXX, 7-ply, 25 cts. per ft. Our hose is carefully selected, made of first-class material and coupled at both ends. In 25- or 50-ft. lengths.

**HOSE END, No. 1.** For connecting hose with ordinary faucets. 50 cts. each.

**HOSE COUPLINGS—**  
1/2-in. . . . . \$0 30  
3/4-in. . . . . 35  
1-in. . . . . 40

**HOSE NOZZLES, Graduating Lawn Hose Nozzle.** Will throw coarse or fine spray, or solid stream. 3/4-in. 75 cts. ea. **Boston Hose Nozzle.** For 3/4-in. hose. 80 cts. **Fountain Brass Hose Nozzle.** 25 cts. **"Bordeaux" Spraying Nozzle.** For 1/4-in. pipe. \$1.25.



**Shower Spray Nozzle.** A perfect spray nozzle made of brass; non-corrosive—will not clog. Has both fine and coarse sprays. \$1.35 each.



**Stott Spray Nozzle.** Gives an exceptionally fine spray. Impossible for it to get out of order. Single Spray, for 3/4-in. connection. \$1.75 each. Double Spray. \$2.25 each.

**Vermorel Spray Nozzle.** 85c.

**HOSE BANDS, for couplings.** To fit 1/2-in. hose, 75c. per doz. To fit 3/4-in. hose, 85c. per doz. To fit 1-in. hose, \$2 per doz.

**HOSE MENDERS, Cooper's.** Brass; will not rust or wear. No fastening required. For hose with 1/2-in. bore, 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz. For hose with 3/4-in. bore, 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz.

**HOSE REELS, Tubular Iron.** Never break or wear out. No. 10 will hold 100 ft. of 3/4-in. hose, \$6. No. 20 will hold 150 ft. of 3/4-in. hose, \$7.

**HOTBED SASH.** Best quality. Packing at cost. **Unglazed.** 3 x 6 ft. for 10 x 12 glass. **Glazed and Painted.** 3 x 6 ft., 10 x 12 glass. Prices on application

**JUNIOR SASH FRAME—** **Glazed and Painted.** Complete, 34 x 38 1/2 in. \$12.15.



**HOTBED MATS for Covering Sashes.** Padded, stitched and hemmed. Size, 76 in. by 76 in.; one mat covers two sashes. \$4 each.

**KNIVES, Saynor's Celebrated English.** Best make. **No. 196.** Buckhorn handle. **No. 343.** Ivory handle. **No. 400.** Ivory handle. Price on the above 3 on application **No. 401.** Ivory handle. . . \$3 00 **No. 403.** Ivory handle. . . 3 25 **No. 80. Wood Handle Pruner, American.** \$1.

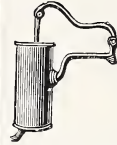
**LABELS, Wooden, Pot and Garden.**

	Plain		Painted	
	100	1,000	100	1,000
4-in. . .	\$0 20	\$1 10	\$0 20	\$1 55
4 1/2-in. . .	20	1 35	20	1 85
5-in. . .	25	1 60	30	2 05
6-in. . .	30	2 00	35	2 50
8-in. . .	65	5 80	80	7 40
12-in. . .	1 20	9 60	1 35	11 40



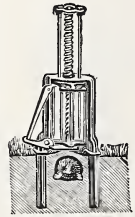
**Simplex Weatherproof Plant Labels. No. 1.** 3 1/2 x 1/2 in. 25 cts. per doz., \$2 per 100. **No. 2.** 4 x 3/4 in. 50 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100.

**LABELS—**  
**Wooden, Notched Tree.**  
3 3/4-in. Plain 1,000 Painted 1,000  
copper wire. \$0 35 \$2 25 \$0 40 \$3 00  
6-in. no wire. 35 3 00 45 3 30



**MASTICA GLAZING MACHINE.** \$2.75.  
**MASTICA.** For use in the above machine. Gal. \$2.75.

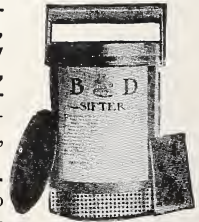
**MOLE TRAPS, Olmsted's Improved.** A short trap, suitable for lawns or coldframes. Made from good quality steel. Practically indestructible. \$1.50 ea.



**The Reddick.** A powerful trap used principally on lawns; easily set. Made of galvanized iron. It will catch moles when they are quite deep in the ground. As the points of the pin are constantly in the ground, they cannot injure domestic animals. \$1.25 each, \$11 per doz.

**PENCILS.** For writing garden labels. Black, 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz. **Wolf's Indelible.** Imported from England. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

**PLANT DUSTERS, Dickey Duster,** for applying dry insecticides, 60 cts. **B-D SIFTER,** also for applying dry powders. 80 cts.



Send for our **CULTURAL LEAFLETS** if you would have a successful vegetable garden. There is a separate leaflet for each vegetable. Free for the asking.



HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND GARDEN REQUISITES, continued

**PLANT STAKES, Round,**

<b>Painted Green.</b>	Doz.	100
2 ft.....	\$0 60	\$4 50
3 ft.....	1 10	8 00
4 ft.....	1 50	12 00
5 ft.....	2 15	15 00
5 ft., ex. heavy.	2 50	19 50
6 ft., ex. heavy.	3 25	24 00

**Heavy Square, Tapering,**

<b>Painted Green.</b>	Doz.	100
2 ft.....	\$0 45	\$3 00
3 ft.....	95	6 50
4 ft.....	1 50	10 00
5 ft., ex. heavy.	3 25	24 00
6 ft., ex. heavy.	3 50	27 00

**Dahlia Poles, Painted Green, White Tops.**

	Doz.	100
2 ft.....	\$0 70	\$4 50
3 ft.....	90	6 50
4 ft.....	1 20	9 00
5 ft.....	1 50	11 00
6 ft.....	1 80	13 00

**Plant Stakes, Galvanized Wire, for Roses, etc.**

	Doz.	100
2 ft.....	\$0 35	\$2 50
3 ft.....	45	3 00
4 ft.....	55	3 75
5 ft.....	65	4 00

**Japanese Bamboo.** Bundles of 100. 6 ft., \$2. 8 ft.,  $\frac{3}{8}$  in. to  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. thick from end to end, \$8 per 100.



**PRUNERS.**

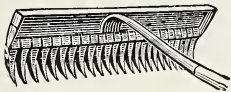
**Waters' Long-handled Tree.**

8 ft.....	\$2 50	10 ft.....	\$2 75
12 ft.....	\$3 00		

**Extra Blades..... 35**



**RAFFIA,** very best brand for tying. Lb. 40 cts., 5 lbs. 35 cts. per lb., 10 lbs. 30 cts. per lb.



**RAKES, English or Daisy.**

16 teeth.....	\$3 00
18-teeth.....	3 25
20 teeth.....	3 50

**Hay Rake, 3-bow. Wood. 1 10**

**The "Lawn" King Rake.**

Wood. Teeth very close. Will not tear sod. 24-tooth size..... 1 25

**RAKE, Steel Garden.**

10-teeth \$1 00	14-teeth \$1 15
12-teeth 1 05	16-teeth 1 25
18-teeth.....	1 45

**Wooden Lawn Rake. 3-bow..... 90**



**SAWS.**

**Little Giant Saw and Pruner, Combined.**

The knife is operated with a cord, and is thrown back automatically with a spring. Without pole, \$3.15.



**SAW, "One-edge" Pruning.**

Narrow blade; gets among close branches; upper edge smooth, does not cut the upper limb.

16-in.....	\$1 25
18-in.....	1 50
20-in.....	2 00



**Adjustable - Blade Pruning.**

Can be adjusted and used at any angle; cuts cleanly and rapidly; light and strong. \$2.25.

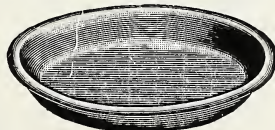


**Lightning Double-Edge Pruning.**

16-in.....	\$1 30
18 in.....	1 60
20-in.....	2 00

**Saynor's Socket Pruning.**

18-in.....	2 25
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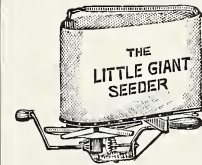
**SAUCERS, Flower-Pot, Indurated Wood-Fiber.**

Light and durable. Not porous; will protect tables on which plants stand.

	Each	Doz.
6-in.....	\$0 50	\$5 50
8-in.....	60	6 50
10-in.....	70	8 00
12-in.....	80	9 00
14-in.....	1 00	11 50



**SEEDERS, Cahoon.** With practically a minimum of labor will sow all kinds of grass and grain seeds. Will throw heavy seeds 20 feet each side of operator. \$5 each.



**Little Giant No. 3.** A smooth-running, well-made, machine. \$2.

**SCYTHES.**

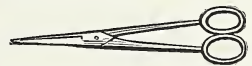
**English Lawn, Riveted Back.**

Light and thin, broad blades.	
30-in.....	\$3 00
32-in.....	3 25
34-in.....	3 50
36-in.....	3 75

**SCYTHE-SNATH, or Handle. Patent Loop Heel. \$1 50**

**SCYTHE STONE.**

**Norton's Emery.** 15 cts. each.  
**English Stone, Talacre Pattern.** 30 cts. each.



**SCISSORS, Grape-Thinning, English. 8-in.....\$2 25**

**Flower-gathering. Will**

cut and hold the flower. 8-in., \$2.50.



**SHEARS, Pruning,**

**Imported Watch-Spring.** Price on application.

**Perfection Pruning.**

Finest imported shear.  
No. 2. 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ -in.....\$4 50  
No. 3. 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ -in..... 5 00  
No. 4. 10-in..... 5 75



**HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND GARDEN REQUISITES, continued**



**SHEARS—**

**Wiss Solid Steel Pruning.** Best American shear. Detachable blades. 9-in..... 4 50  
10-in..... 5 00

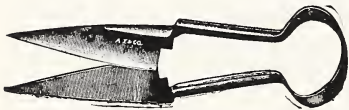
**Swedish Pruning, No. 538.**..... 2 50

**American, Japanned Handle.**..... 1 00

**Ladies'.** Nickel-plated. Pruning..... 1 50

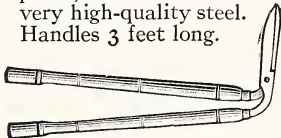


**English Hedge.** Plain Notch  
8-in..... \$3 00 \$3 50  
9-in..... 3 50 4 00  
10-in..... 4 00 4 75



**Grass "Trowel-Shank."** American, full-polished, excellent steel. Trowel-like handles keep your knuckles out of the dirt. \$1.25 each.

**English Border.** For trimming grass around edges of paths, etc. Blades made of very high-quality steel. Handles 3 feet long.



8-in..... \$5 00  
9-in..... 5 50  
10-in..... 6 25



**English Lopping.** For lopping off limbs and branches of trees, not over 1 1/4 inches in diameter.

No. 3..... \$6 75  
No. 4..... 7 50

**Double Cut Tree Trimmer (Swedish).** 23-in. 2 25  
30-in..... 2 75



**SHOVELS, Square Point.**

**No. 2.** Regulation long or D-handle..... \$2 00

**Ames No. 2.** Long or D-handle..... 2 30

**Boy's.** D-handle..... 1 90



**SHOVELS, Round Point.**

**No. 2.** Long or D-handle..... \$2 00

**Ames No. 2.** Long or D-handle..... 2 30



**SPADES, Square Point No. 2.**

Regulation long or D-handle..... \$2 00

**Ames No. 2.** Long or D-handle..... 2 30

**Boy's Spade.** D-handle. 1 90



**SCOOP, Vegetable.** The best shovel for handling potatoes, apples, etc. Will not cut; dirt sifts out. Light weight. \$2.75.

**SPRAY PUMPS.** See pp.126-127.

**SPRINKLERS, Rubber Plant.**

With large opening in neck; fills quickly; made of best white rubber.

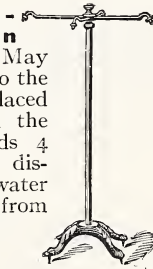


**Straightneck.** 6 ozs..... \$0 80  
10 ozs..... 1 10

**Angleneck.** 6 ozs..... 90  
10 ozs..... 1 25

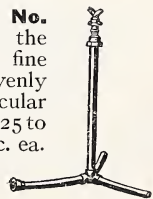
**Peck's Improved Lawn Sprinkler.**

May be attached to the hose and placed anywhere on the lawn. Stands 4 feet high and distributes water over an area from 60 to 100 feet. 4-arm, \$5.65 each; 8-arm, \$6.50 each.



**Water Witch No. 3.**

Scatters the water in fine drops and evenly over a circular area of from 25 to 40 feet. 75c. ea.

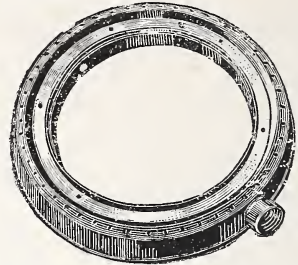


**Water Witch No. 4.**

Similar to No. 3, but having a stand instead of spike for holding it upright. \$1.75.



No. 3



**SPRINKLERS, Ring.** Has no revolving parts. The simplest Lawn Sprinkler. Made of good-quality brass. \$1 each.

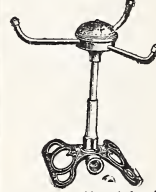
**Hotchkiss Lawn Sprinkler No. 55.**

The most popular 3-arm Sprinkler on the market; made of brass, nickel-plated with malleable iron runners. \$2.25



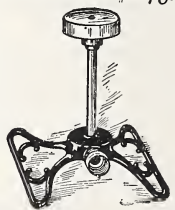
**Hotchkiss Lawn, No. 65.**

This combination Sprinkler and fountain is beautiful as well as useful. Brass and nickel-plated, with malleable iron runners. \$2.75.



**Shower Sprinkler.**

Mounted on holder for sprinkling lawns or can be attached directly to garden hose for washing sidewalks, etc. Cannot clog or get out of order; will not rust. Standard 3/4-inch hose connection. 10 inches high. Holder and nozzle complete. \$3.



**SYRINGES.** See page 126.



**TROWELS, Solid Steel.** Cheapest trowel in the long run; light, strong, durable, and perfect "hang;" handle cannot come off.

5-in. blade..... \$0 60  
6-in. blade..... 65  
7-in. blade..... 70



**Transplanting.**

A perfect trowel for transplanting and putting in bulbs; solid steel.  
6-in..... \$0 25  
7-in..... 30



**HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND GARDEN REQUISITES, continued**



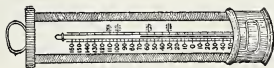
**THERMOMETERS, Oxidized Metal Scale, Polished Back.** A thermometer for house use, durable and well made. Tube magnifies and is easy to read. 12-in. .... \$1 25

**White Enamelled Wood Plate, Nickel Trimings. No. 110, 7½-in. .... 75**  
**No. 111, 9½-in. .... 1 00**

**Self-Registering, Polished Back.** For indoor use; will register extremes of heat and cold; made of hardwood. A magnet is used to draw back the indicating points. 12-in. .... 2 50



**Self-Registering, Japanned Case.** The same as preceding with tin case for outside use. Enamelled case and porcelain scale. 12-in. .... \$6 50



**Japanned Tin Case.** A cheap thermometer for greenhouse use; all metal. 10-in. .... 60

**Mercury Bath or Hotbed.** New. Quick-acting; all of metal. Cannot rust or break. .... 2 25

**Hotbed and Mushroom Bed.** Brass-tipped point incloses the temperature bulb; it is simply thrust into the soil or bed. Best grade (made of boxwood) .... 2 25  
 Made of ordinary wood. . . 1 50



**TOMATO SUPPORTS, Wood.** 36 inches high, 16 inches wide. Solidly made of clear, straight wood. Can be taken apart and stored when not in use. Will last for years. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

**TORCH, Asbestos.** Very useful and simple. The only sure way to get rid of caterpillar nests on trees. Large size, 50 cts. each.

**TREE SCRAPER.** For scraping diseased bark from trees, removing insect eggs, etc. \$1 each.

**TREE-TUBS, New York Style.** Made of cedar timber, painted green.



No.	Diam.	Height	Each
1	12 in.	10½ in.	\$2 15
2	13 in.	12¾ in.	2 80
3	14½ in.	14¾ in.	3 45
3½	16½ in.	15¾ in.	5 00
4	19½ in.	16¾ in.	5 50
5	22½ in.	18½ in.	6 40

**TWINE, Green Smilax.** In balls 18 cts. each; box of 8 balls, \$1.30.

**Florists' Linen (Silkalin), Green or Gray.** 18 cts. per spool; box of 1 doz. spools, \$1.75.



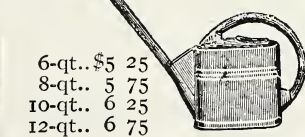
**VASES, Flower.** Indurated wood fiber; for cut flowers.

No.	Diam. In.	Depth In.	Each	Doz.
3	4	6	\$1 50	\$16 00
2	4½	9	1 75	19 00
1	5½	10	2 00	21 00
0	8	13	2 25	25 00

For receptacles for holding above, see Saucers, page 123

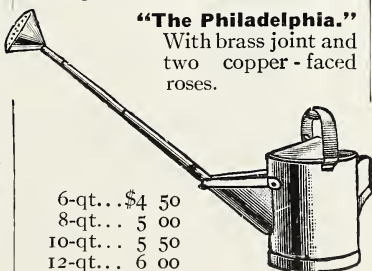
**WATERING-POT.**

**French Model.** Long spout, with brass joints, fitted with coarse and fine nozzles. Made of heavy galvanized iron reinforced with steel rim.

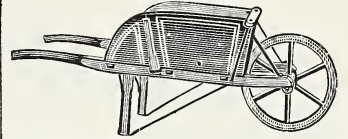


6-qt..	\$5 25
8-qt..	5 75
10-qt..	6 25
12-qt..	6 75

**"The Philadelphia."** With brass joint and two copper-faced roses.



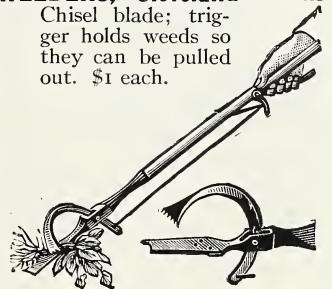
6-qt..	\$4 50
8-qt..	5 00
10-qt..	5 50
12-qt..	6 00



**WHEELBARROW, Thorburn's Garden.** None better made. Iron braced and bolted. Steel or wood wheel. No. 3 made with steel wheel only. No. 3, Small. .... \$11 00  
 No. 4, Medium. .... 12 00

**WEEDERS, Cleveland Lawn.**

Chisel blade; trigger holds weeds so they can be pulled out. \$1 each.



**Excelsior Finger.** Useful for loosening and pulverizing the soil. 15 cts. each.



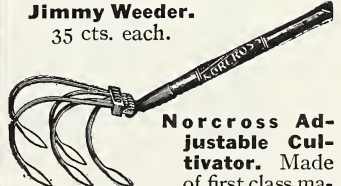
**Lang's Hand.** A strap over the finger keeps the tool in the hand while operator's fingers are left free. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

**Eureka Hand.** The prongs of solid forged steel are thin and long; fine for loosening soil. Short handle. 60 cts each.



**Magic.** Combined Weeder and hoe. Fingers of tempered steel. The hoe is useful in loosening hard ground. 45 cts. each.

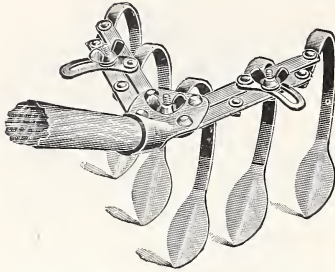
**Jimmy Weeder.** 35 cts. each.



**Norcross Adjustable Cultivator.** Made of first class material, teeth forged from solid steel. Can be entirely taken apart, every piece being detachable. Works between the rows, or center tooth can be removed to straddle row.

3-prong ..... \$1 00  
 5-prong ..... 1 35

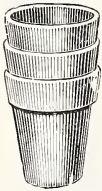
**HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND GARDEN REQUISITES, continued**



**WEEDERS, Pull Easy Cultivator.** A very handy implement. 5-prong, adjustable, \$1.35.

**Flower Pots**

Prices subject to change without notice



Best made. Of sizes 2½ to 8 inches we do not sell less than 100; of larger sizes not less than a dozen. *We pack carefully in the best manner, but will not be responsible for breakage in transit.* Packing and crating extra at cost.

2½-in....	Prices on application	7-in.....	Prices on application
3-in.....		8-in.....	
4-in.....		10-in.....	
5-in.....		12-in.....	
6-in.....			

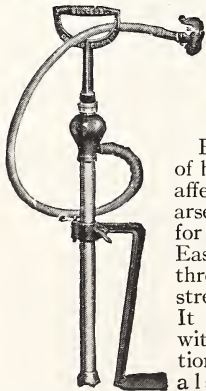
**BULB-PANS.**

8-in.....	Prices on application
10-in.....	
12-in.....	

**NEPONSET WATERPROOF PAPER FLOWER POTS.**



	100	1,000
2½-in....	\$1 25	\$8 00
3-in.....	1 50	11 00
3½-in....	1 75	15 00
4-in.....	2 00	18 60
5-in.....	3 00	29 00
6-in.....	4 00	38 85



**Spray Pump, Bucket**

Being made of brass, it is not affected by the arsenites used for spraying. Easily operated; throws a solid stream 50 feet. It is provided with a combination nozzle, and also with a sprinkler for flowers. For spraying large trees, an 8-foot pipe extension is supplied for 90 cts. extra. This pump is also valuable for washing windows. \$7.

**Syringes**

**No. A.** One spray rose and one jet. Length of barrel, 12 inches; diameter, 1 inch. \$2.75 each.



**No. G.** One spray rose and one stream jet, side attachment and elbow-joint for sprinkling under foliage. Length of barrel 16 inches; diameter, 1½ inches. \$5.25 each.



**No. H.** Sheet brass with fixed spray rose; length of barrel 16 inches, diameter, 1½ inches. \$3.25 each.



**No. 2.** One coarse and one fine spray rose, and one jet, side attachment. \$4.75 each.

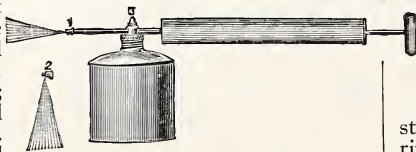


**No. 3.** Large size. Has one stream and two spray roses, with side pieces on barrel. Length of barrel, 18 inches; diameter, 1½ inches. \$7 each.



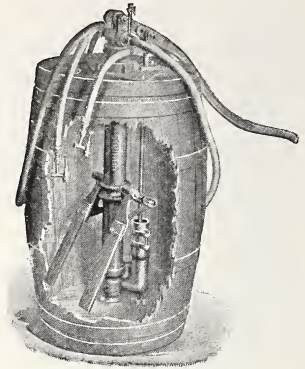
**No. 6.** Large size. Has one spray rose and gooseneck angle joint, turning in all directions for washing the under surface of the leaves of plants and flowers, cleansing them from insects, etc. Length of barrel, 18 inches; diameter, 1½ inches. \$8.50 each.

**TARRED FELT DISCS, STERLINGWORTH.** For protecting cabbage and cauliflower plants, when first set out, against the root maggot; fits around the stems of the plants. 50 cts. per 100, \$2.50 per 1,000.



**The Robertson Compressed-Air Sprayers**

Easily operated, requiring half the labor of ordinary sprayers. Galvanized Tank.....\$1 25 Brass Tank..... 2 25



**"Pomona" Spray Pump**

Exceptionally powerful. Easily operated by one person when necessary, but especially built for spraying with two leads of hose. Air-chamber rather large, and enough air is stored up for a continuous spray for some time. Plunger, valves and all working parts are made of very good quality brass. It can be quickly inserted or removed from the barrel. Its paddle agitator is far superior to the old return-discharge method of stirring. Adjustable to different-sized barrels. Pump only, with agitator, \$29.50. **Outfit C.** Pump, Agitator, 15 feet of Discharge Hose and Spray Nozzle, \$38; fitted with Barrel, \$50.

**Outfit D.** Pump, Agitator, two leads of Discharge Hose and two Spray Nozzles, \$45; fitted to Barrel, \$57.

**Vaporizing Spray Pump, Hand**

A very useful Sprayer for a small garden. Simple and effective; no valves to get out of order. Made of tin. 75 cts. each.

**"Fruitall" Spray Pump**

Same as Pomona, but smaller. Pump with Agitator and one lead of 15 feet of ¾-in. Discharge Hose, with Spray Nozzle, \$27; fitted to Barrel, \$39. Prices subject to change.

**HORSE BOOTS**

Prevent cutting up of the turf

Made to order only of very strong, heavy leather, closely riveted. Present price per set of four, \$15; subject to change.

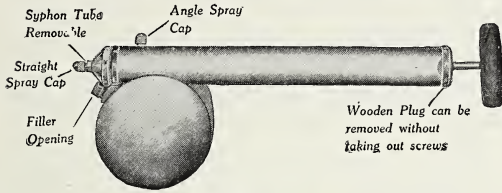
**VERMOREL ECLAIR NO. 1 KNAPSACK SPRAY PUMP**

For Vineyard, Orchard and field service to be carried on back

Said to be the most perfect hand sprayer, simple, efficient, and light. Capacity about 5 gals. Copper \$30.



**HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND GARDEN REQUISITES, continued**



**Auto Sprayer**

Operates continuously on both the up and down stroke, throwing a fine, misty spray.

**No. 25A.** 1 qt. All Tin.....\$1 25  
**No. 25C.** 1 qt. Tin Pump, Brass Tank..... 1 75

**Water-Barrel, Truck and Barrel**

CAN BE MADE INTO SPRINKLER, LEAF-RACK AND HAND-CART

The barrel is easily disconnected from the truck, either while full or empty. The following extra attachments can be furnished if required: (1) Box with trunnions and spring catch, forming a dumping hand-cart. (2) Sprinkler for watering walks and lawns. (3) Leaf-rack.

Prices on application



Used as a Hand-Cart



Used as a Leaf-Rack

**Compressed-Air Spray Pump**

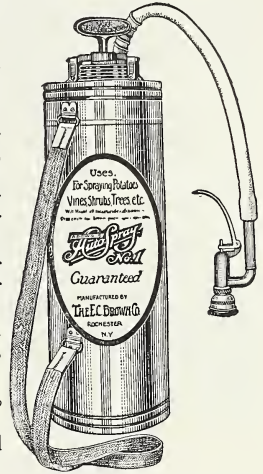
A self-operating Sprayer of simple construction, durable, easy to carry and to work. Made of galvanized iron or solid brass, with 4-ply rubber hose. For spraying trees, cleaning windows, etc. A perfect pump.

With Brass Tank, Auto-Pop Nozzle, Hose and Fittings, \$12.

With Galvanized Iron Tank, Auto-Pop Nozzle, Hose and Fittings, \$9.

Brass Extension Pipes, 2 feet long, 90 cts.

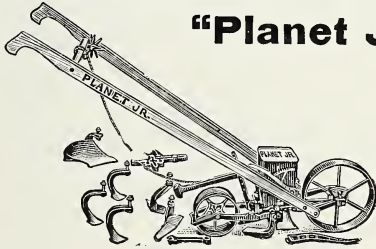
Auto-Pop Nozzle, if sold alone, \$2.



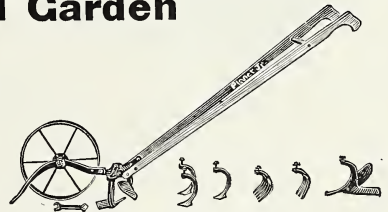
Truck, and Barrel, Wooden Wheels, 3-in. Tires.  
 Truck and Barrel, Steel Wheels, 3-in. Tires.  
 Sprinkler Attachment, extra.  
 Hand-Cart Box, extra.  
 Leaf-Rack, extra.  
 Extra Trunnions, per pair.  
 Truck and Trunnions, Wooden Wheels, without Barrel.  
 Truck and Trunnions, Steel Wheels, without Barrel.

**"Planet Jr." Farm and Garden Tools**

Illustrated catalogue describing fully many other "Planet Jr." tools mailed on application. Prices are quoted net f. o. b. New York.



"Planet Jr." No. 4



"Planet Jr." No. 16

**"Planet Jr." No. 16. Single-Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Rake and Plow**

This Single-Wheel Hoe has a very full set of tools, several of them being of new design, such as have been found to work in the very best manner. It has 11-inch wheel, with broad face; is very light, strong and easy running. It has adjustable handles and quick-change frame.

**Equipment:** Two 6-inch Hoes, 3 Cultivator Teeth, 1 7-inch Rake, 1 4-inch Rake, 1 Large Garden Plow, 1 Leaf-Guard. Weight, 27 lbs. Price \$12.75.

**"Planet Jr." No. 17. Single-Wheel Hoe**

This Wheel-Hoe is equipped with 2 6-inch Hoes, 3 Steel Cultivator Teeth, 1 Leaf-Lifter. Weight, 22 lbs. Price \$10.75.

**"Planet Jr." No. 3. Hill and Drill Seeder.** Efficient hill-dropping outfit. Complete...\$22 00

**"Planet Jr." No. 4. Seeder, Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow.** Complete..... 23 50  
**No. 4D.** As a seeder only..... 18 75

- "Planet Jr." No. 11. Double-Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow.** Invaluable for use on all small crops.....\$19 00
- "Planet Jr." No. 12. Double-Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow.** Identical with No. 11, except fewer attachments..... 15 50
- "Planet Jr." No. 13. Double-Wheel Hoe.** Same as No. 12, but Hoe only..... 11 00
- "Planet Jr." No. 18. Single-Wheel Hoe.** Equipped with Hoes only..... 7 50
- "Planet Jr." No. 25. Combined Hill and Drill Seeder, Double-Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow.** Large enough for field use. 26 50
- "Planet Jr." No. 31. Combined Drill Seeder and Single-Wheel Hoe.** Complete 15 50
- No. 31D.** As a drill seeder only..... 12 50
- "Planet Jr." No. 33. Single-Wheel Hoe (without seeder)..... 8 00**

**Planet Jr. Fire-Fly Plow**

A very useful tool in the small garden and chicken-runs; throws a furrow 4 to 6 inches wide and 1 to 3 inches deep. Price \$5.

**Stevens Hand Fertilizer Sower**  
 Price \$8

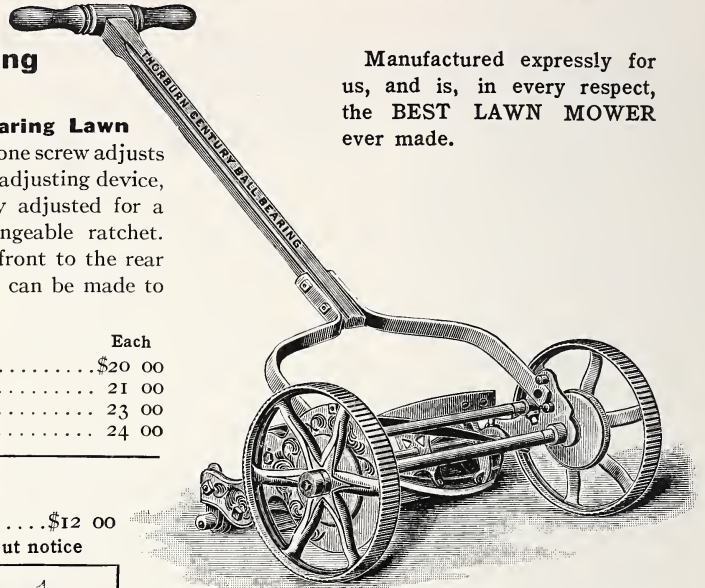
**HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND GARDEN REQUISITES, continued**

**The Thorburn Century Ball-Bearing Lawn Mower**

**Thorburn's Century Ball-Bearing Lawn Mower** is a marvel of simplicity, as one screw adjusts both bearings. It has a simple, self-adjusting device, which keeps the bearings properly adjusted for a long time, and a double interchangeable ratchet. By shifting handle bails from the front to the rear lugs on the side frame, the Mower can be made to cut terraces and steep banks.

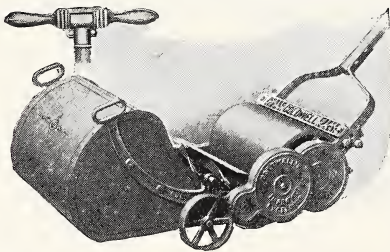
	Net Prices	Each
14-in. cut.....		\$20 00
16-in. cut.....		21 00
18-in. cut.....		23 00
20-in. cut.....		24 00

Manufactured expressly for us, and is, in every respect, the **BEST LAWN MOWER** ever made.



**Lawn Trimmer**

8-in.....\$12 00  
All prices subject to change without notice



**Putting-Green Mower**

This Mower is specially adapted for cutting putting-greens, fine lawns, and borders. For use on putting-greens it is unsurpassed.

It is built to cut particularly close, and is made in the best possible manner. The rollers tend to make a smooth, even soil, as they roll down upheavals caused by dampness, worms, or other causes.

12-in. cut.....	4 blades \$30 00	6 blades \$32 00	4 blades \$33 50	6 blades \$35 50
14-in. cut.....	32 00	34 00	18-in. cut.....	37 00

**The Lakewood Lawn Mower**  
BALL-BEARING

Next to our Century, this is the best ball-bearing Lawn Mower for the price on the market. It has high wheels (9 inches), is equipped with patent adjustable ball-bearings. All material entering into its construction is the same as that used in many high-grade Mowers.

	4 blades
14-in. cut.....	\$12 50
16-in. cut.....	13 00
18-in. cut.....	14 50

**GRASS BOXES.** Adjustable .....\$3 50

**Improved Horse Lawn Mower**

This well-known standard Mower has side-draft attachment, to enable the horse to walk on the cut grass only, and caster-rollers which will not mark the lawn. Evenness of cut is assured by an adjustment which raises or lowers the two sides at the same time by means of a simple lever movement; the same lever serves the purpose of raising the knives from the ground when driving over gravel walks or roads.

Net Prices, free on board, New York

30-in. cut, complete, 4 blades.....	\$140 00
35-in. cut, complete, 4 blades.....	160 00

**The Ideal Power Lawn Mower**

For private estates, city parks, golf-links, public grounds, cemeteries, etc. In a few seconds, it is converted to a perfect power lawn-roller. One man with an Ideal Power Mower can do more and better work than five men mowing with hand mowers. Net price \$395. Detachable Trailer—with seat—for large grounds \$35.

**Easy Lawn Mower**  
SELF-ADJUSTING BALL-BEARINGS

This Mower will cut borders, mounds, terraces, close to walls and fences, and all kinds of uneven surfaces. Front cut, steel open roller.

12-in.....	\$21 00	16-in.....	\$27 00
14-in.....	24 00	18-in.....	30 00

**Water-Ballast Roller**

Roller-Bearing. Can be filled without turning on end, with either water or sand. (Patented) Suitable for Lawns, Tennis-Courts and Putting-Greens; seams are electric welded, not riveted

One- or two-section "Water Weight" Rollers without counter-balancing handle-weights.

No.	Diam. in.	Length in.	Sec-tions	Weight empty lbs.	Weight filled with water, lbs.	Weight filled with sand, 50% heavier	Price
WB3.....	14	20	I	60	175	"	\$20 00
WB5.....	18	24	I	85	300	"	24 00
WB7.....	24	24	I	110	500	"	29 50

If handle-weight is desired, add \$2.50 to above prices





Our Exhibition at Morris County (N. J.) Fair

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# THORBURN'S LIST OF VEGETABLE SEEDS

That may be sown in each month from February to September in the climate of New York

FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER
SOW IN HOTBED Early Beans Broccoli Early Cabbage Forcing Carrot Early Celery Cucumber Eggplant Early Lettuce Parsley Pepper Radish Tomato	SOW IN HOTBED Early Beans Early Beets Brussels Sprouts Early Cabbage Forcing Carrot Cauliflower Celery Eggplant Kohlrabi Lettuce Parsley Pepper Radish Tomato	SOW IN HOTBED Cucumber Eggplant Melon Pepper Tomato	IN OPEN GROUND Artichoke Asparagus Beans, Bush and Running Beets Brussels Sprouts Carrot Cauliflower Celery Sweet Corn Cress Cucumber Kohlrabi Leek Lettuce Melon Onion Parsley Parsnip Peas Potatoes Radish Salsify Spinach Early Turnips All Herbs	IN OPEN GROUND Beans, Lima and all other sorts Beets Broccoli Brussels Sprouts Late Cabbage Carrot Cauliflower Sweet Corn Cress Cucumber Endive Kale Kohlrabi Lettuce Melon Nasturtium Okra Early Peas Pumpkin Radish Spinach Squash Turnip Rutabaga	IN OPEN GROUND Beans Beets Carrot Sweet Corn Corn Salad Cress Cucumber Endive Gherkin Kale Kohlrabi Lettuce Nasturtium Okra Early Peas Pumpkin Radish Spinach Squash Turnip Rutabaga	IN OPEN GROUND Beans, Bush Tuberous Chervil Corn Salad Cucumber Endive Lettuce Welsh Onion Early Peas Radish, Winter Spinach Turnip	IN OPEN GROUND Cabbage for cold-frames Cauliflower for coldframes Tuberous Chervil Corn Salad Cress Siberian Kale Lettuce Mustard Parsley Radish Spinach Turnip Sweet Peas
<b>Thorburn's</b> Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage	IN OPEN GROUND Beans, B. Windsor Beets Carrot Leek Onion Peas Potatoes Radish Spinach Early Turnip Lawn Grass	IN OPEN GROUND Asparagus English Beans Beets Brussels Sprouts Early Cabbage Carrot Cauliflower Celery Cress Kohlrabi Lettuce Parsley Parsnip Peas Potatoes Radish Spinach Early Turnip	IN OPEN GROUND Cress Kohlrabi Lettuce Onion Parsley Parsnip Peas Potatoes Radish Salsify Spinach Early Turnips All Herbs	IN OPEN GROUND Okra Early Peas Pumpkin Radish Spinach Squash Turnip Rutabaga	<b>Thorburn's</b> Gilt Edge Cauliflower	<b>GRASS SEED</b> for Lawns Tennis-Courts Polo-Grounds Golf-Links Meadow and Pasture	

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